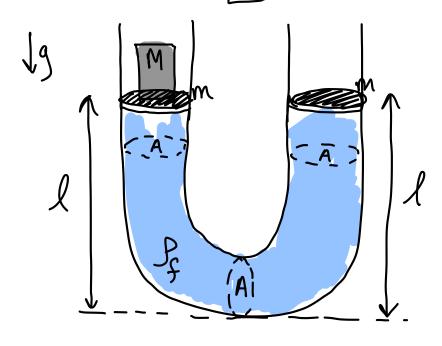
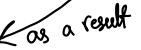
A peuliar way to measure mass: Discovery: Taaroop

We have a constant-cross section U-shaped vessel containing a fluid of known density | If, length of both fluid-filled columns are I and the cross section 9s A.

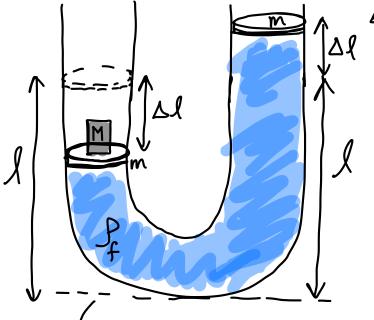


* We have two identical pistorus of timy Hickness and moss

→ We are in an uniform gravitational field (9) mass M on one of The pistons.

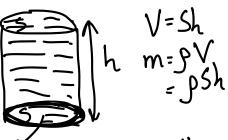


[The other piston rises by the same amount due to conservation of volume of woder].



Now, since the system is in equilibrium, we require a pressure balance at the bottom surface:

Quick derivation:



 $P = \frac{F}{S} = \frac{mq}{S} = \frac{p8hq}{S}$ on bottom surface

From the left hand column:

From the right hand column:

Af equilibrium.

$$\Rightarrow Palm + \frac{Mq}{A} + \frac{Mq}{A} + (l-\Delta l) pg = Palm + \frac{mq}{A} + (l+\Delta l) pg$$

$$\Rightarrow g(M + f_f - \Delta f_g) = g(f_f + \Delta f_g)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{M}{A} = 2 \Delta l_{f}$$

cross sectional compression due to the weight of M.