## 1 Differenciation

1. (a) Verify whether the function f defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right), & x \neq 0\\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

is continuous at x = 0 or not.

- (b) Check for differentiability of the function f defined by f(x) = |x-5|, at the point x = 5.
- 2. (a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ , if  $(\cos x)^y = (\cos y)^x$ .
  - (b) If  $\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{1-y^2} = a(x-y)$ , prove that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{1-y^2}{1-x^2}}$ .
- 3. If  $x = a \sin^3 \theta$ ,  $y = b \cos^3 \theta$ , then find  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$  at  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .
- 4. (a) Find the particular solution of the differential equation  ${dy\over dx}-2xy=3x^2e^{x^2};\ y(0)=5.$ 
  - (b) Solve the following differential equation :  $x^2 dy + y(x+y)dx = 0$