

# NVIDIA LENS MATCHED SHADING

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# Programming Guide

# **DOCUMENT CHANGE HISTORY**

# PG-08039-001\_v03

Version	Date	Authors	Description of Change
01	2016-05-18	GK, SB	Initial release
02	2016-09-06	GK	Correct typo in scissor rectangles comments
03	2016-11-07	SB	Added documentation for DirectX 12 support

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# 1 INTRODUCTION TO LENS MATCHED **SHADING**

The NVAPI programming interfaces for the Lens Matched Shading feature enable rendering in which the w component in the GPU hardware is modified according to the following equation:

$$w' = w + Ax + By$$

# 1.1 DIRECTX VERSIONS SUPPORTED

The Lens Matched Shading feature is supported on DirectX 11 and DirectX 12.

# 1.2 DRIVER VERSIONS SUPPORTED

The Lens Matched Shading feature for DirectX 11 is available starting with Release 367.

The Lens Matched Shading feature for DirectX 12 is available starting with Release 375.

# 2 DIRECTX 11 RENDERING WITH LENS MATCHED SHADING

Use the NVAPI programming interfaces for the Lens Matched Shading feature as explained in the sections that follow.

# 2.1 QUERYING THE FEATURE CAPABILITY

To query the Lens Matched Shading feature capability, call the NvAPI\_D3D\_QueryModifiedWSupport NVAPI.

```
NV_QUERY_MODIFIED_W_SUPPORT_PARAMS ModifiedW = {0};
ModifiedW.version = NV QUERY MODIFIED W SUPPORT PARAMS VER;
NvAPI_D3D_QueryModifiedWSupport (pDevice, &ModifiedW);
// ModifiedW.bModifiedWSupported will be TRUE if supported
```

# 2.2 SETTING LENS MATCHED SHADING **COEFFICIENTS**

The Lens Matched Shading coefficients are the terms A and B in the equation on page 1. You must specify these coefficients for each viewport separately.

To set the Lens Matched Shading coefficients:

- 1. Create a set of Lens Matched Shading parameters that specifies the coefficients for all viewports.
- 2. Call the NVAPI\_D3D\_SetModifiedWMode NVAPI, passing the set of Lens Matched Shading parameters as a parameter to the API.

The following example sets the Lens Matched Shading coefficients for four viewports.

```
NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS ModifiedWParams = {0};
ModifiedWParams.version = NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS_VER;
ModifiedWParams.numEntries
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[0].fA = -0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[0].fB = 0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[1].fA = 0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[1].fB = 0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[2].fA = -0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[2].fB = -0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[3].fA = 0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[3].fB = -0.2f;
NvAPI_D3D_SetModifiedWMode (pDeviceorContext, &ModifiedWParams);
```

You must specify the viewports and the scissor rectangles for each viewport as shown in the following example.

```
D3D11 VIEWPORT
                           Viewports[4];
ZeroMemory(&Viewports, sizeof(D3D11_VIEWPORT)*_countof(Viewports));
Viewports[0].Height = ...; // Scene height
Viewports[1].Height = ...; // Scene height
Viewports[2].Height = ...; // Scene height
Viewports[3].Height = ...; // Scene height
Viewports[0].Width = ...; // Scene width
Viewports[1].Width = ...; // Scene width
Viewports[2].Width = ...; // Scene width
Viewports[3].Width = ...; // Scene width
pDeviceContext->RSSetViewports(4, Viewports);
D3D11 RECT ScissorRects[4];
ZeroMemory(&ScissorRects, sizeof(D3D11_RECT)*_countof(ScissorRects));
```

```
ScissorRects[0].left = 0;
ScissorRects[0].top = 0;
ScissorRects[0].right = ...; // Scene width / 2
ScissorRects[0].bottom = ...; // Scene height / 2
ScissorRects[1].left = ...; // Scene width / 2
ScissorRects[1].top = 0;
ScissorRects[1].right = ...; // Scene width
ScissorRects[1].bottom = ...; // Scene height / 2
ScissorRects[2].left = 0;
ScissorRects[2].top = ...; // Scene height / 2
ScissorRects[2].right = ...; // Scene width / 2
ScissorRects[2].bottom = ...; // Scene height
ScissorRects[3].left = ...; // Scene width / 2
ScissorRects[3].top = ...; // Scene height / 2
ScissorRects[3].right = ...; // Scene width
ScissorRects[3].bottom = ...; // Scene height
pDeviceContext->RSSetScissorRects(4, &ScissorRects[0]);
```

# 2.3 DISABLING LENS MATCHED SHADING

To disable Lens Matched Shading, call the NvAPI\_D3D\_SetModifiedWMode NVAPI with zero entries.

```
NV_QUERY_MODIFIED_W_SUPPORT_PARAMS ModifiedWParams = {0};
ModifiedWParams.version = NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS_VER;
ModifiedWParams.numEntries = 0;
NvAPI D3D SetModifiedWMode(pDeviceOrContext, &ModifiedWParams);
```

# 2.4 SETTING THE VIEWPORT MASK

The viewport mask specifies the viewports on which the geometry is rendered. To specify that the geometry is rendered on a viewport, set the bit for the viewport in the viewport mask.

For example, if you need the geometry to be rendered on four viewports, set the viewport mask to 0xF. It is recommended to set the bit for a viewport only if you require individual geometry to be rendered on the viewport.

You must specify the viewport mask in the HLSL shader.

The following example uses a Geometry shader for setting the viewport mask.

```
struct GSOutput
     float4 Pos : SV_POSITION;
     float4 Color : COLOR;
     float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0;
     uint4 ViewportMask : NV_VIEWPORT_MASK;
[maxvertexcount(3)]
void GSMain(triangle VSOutput Input[3],
            inout TriangleStream<GSOutput> TriStream)
{
     GSOutput OutVtx;
     for (int v = 0; v < 3; ++v)
         OutVtx.Pos = Input[v].Pos;
         OutVtx.Color = Input[v].Color;
         OutVtx.Tex = Input[v].Tex;
         // 4 bits set indicate broadcast rendering to 4 viewports
         // recommended to set only required bits
         OutVtx.ViewportMask = 0xf;
         TriStream.Append(OutVtx);
     }
```

Note: You must declare the custom semantic for Viewport Mask as uint4.

When the shaders are compiled to Direct3D shader bytecode, use the NvAPI\_D3D11\_CreateGeometryShaderEx\_2 NVAPI to create the Geometry shader on the Direct3D 11 device.

```
ID3D11GeometryShader *pGeometryShader = NULL;
// create geometry shader with NVAPI
GSEXArgs.version = NVAPI_D3D11_CREATEGEOMETRYSHADEREX_2_VERSION;
GSExArgs.NumCustomSemantics = 1;
GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics = (NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC*) malloc
```

```
((sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC))*GSExArgs.NumCustomSemantics);
memset(GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics, 0,
  (sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC))*GSEXArgs.NumCustomSemantics);
GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[0].version = NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC_VERSION;
GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticType =
  NV_VIEWPORT_MASK_SEMANTIC;
strcpy_s(&(GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[1].NVCustomSemanticNameString[0]),
  NVAPI_LONG_STRING_MAX, "NV_VIEWPORT_MASK");
GSExArgs.UseViewportMask = false;
NvAPI_D3D11_CreateGeometryShaderEx_2(pDevice, pBytecode, BytecodeSize,
                                 NULL, &GSExArgs, &pGeometryShader)
free(GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics);
```

# 2.5 USING LENS MATCHED SHADING WITH FASTGS

Fast Geometry (FastGS) shader enables you to write Geometry shaders with certain restrictions to make them run more efficiently on the GPU.



Note: FastGS is not supported with the optimization disabled (/Od) HLSL compilation option.

You can use FastGS with the Lens Matched Shading feature.

The following example HLSL code shows how to use Lens Matched Shading with FastGS.

```
struct VSOutput
     float4 Pos : SV POSITION;
    float4 Color : COLOR;
     float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0;
struct GSOutput
   VSOutput Passthrough;
   uint4 ViewportMask : NV_VIEWPORT_MASK;
};
VSOutput VSMain (float4 position: POSITION,
                float4 color : COLOR,
                 float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0)
```

```
VSOutput OutVtx;
     OutVtx.Pos = position;
     return OutVtx;
[maxvertexcount(1)]
void FastGSMain(triangle VSOutput In[3],
              inout TriangleStream<GSOutput>
               TriStream)
{
   GSOutput output;
   output.Passthrough = In[0];
    output.ViewportMask = 0xf;
   TriStream.Append(output);
```

To create the Geometry shader, use the NvAPI\_D3D11\_CreateGeometryShaderEx\_2 NVAPI with the fast GS option as shown in the following example.

```
ID3D11GeometryShader *pGeometryShader = NULL;
// create geometry shader with NVAPI
Nvapi_D3D11_CREATE_GEOMETRY_SHADER_EX GSExArgs = {0};
// specify custom semantics
GSExArgs.ForceFastGS = true;
GSExArgs.UseViewportMask = false;
NvAPI_D3D11_CreateGeometryShaderEx_2(pDevice, pBytecode, BytecodeSize,
                                 NULL, &GSExArgs, &pGeometryShader)
```

# 2.6 USING LENS MATCHED SHADING WITH SINGLE **PASS STEREO**

You can use Single Pass Stereo and Lens Matched Shading together to generate two eye views in which the Lens Matched Shading coefficients are the same for both eyes or are different for each eye.

# Same Lens Matched Shading Coefficients for 2.6.1 **Both Eyes**

If you need two eye views in which the Lens Matched Shading coefficients are the same for both eyes, generate both eye views in single draw call with the Lens Matched Shading coefficients applied to both eye views.

Create the Vertex, Hull, Domain, and Geometry shaders by using the NVAPI calls described in NVIDIA Single Pass Stereo Programming Guide. In these calls, use custom semantic variables for Single Pass Stereo (for example, NV\_X\_RIGHT) and for the viewport mask (for example NV\_VIEWPORT\_MASK).

The following example HLSL code shows how to use Single Pass Stereo and Lens Matched Shading together to generate two eye views in which the Lens Matched Shading coefficients are the same for both eyes.

```
struct VSOutput
    float4 Pos : SV_POSITION;
    float4 Color : COLOR;
    float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0;
    float4 X_Right : NV_X_RIGHT; // Single Pass Stereo
struct GSOutput
    float4 Pos : SV_POSITION;
    float4 Color : COLOR;
    float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0;
    float4 X Right : NV X RIGHT; // Single Pass Stereo
    uint4 ViewportMask : NV_VIEWPORT_MASK; // viewport mask
VSOutput VSMain (float4 position: POSITION,
              float4 color : COLOR,
               float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0)
    VSOutput OutVtx;
    OutVtx.Pos = position;
    OutVtx.X_Right = (...); // right eye X value computation
```

```
return OutVtx;
[maxvertexcount(3)]
void GSMain(triangle VSOutput Input[3],
         inout TriangleStream<GSOutput> TriStream)
{
    GSOutput OutVtx;
    for (int v = 0; v < 3; ++v)
       OutVtx.ViewportMask = 0xf;
        . . .
        TriStream.Append(OutVtx);
```

Note: You must declare the custom semantic for Single Pass Stereo as float4.



Note: You must declare the custom semantic for Viewport Mask as uint4.

After the shaders are compiled to Direct3D shader bytecode, create the Vertex, Hull, Domain, and Geometry shaders on the Direct3D 11 device by using the NVAPI calls described in NVIDIA Single Pass Stereo Programming Guide.

The following example creates the Vertex shader and Geometry shader.

```
ID3D11VertexShader *pVertexShader = NULL;
NvAPI_D3D11_CREATE_VERTEX_SHADER_EX VSExArgs = {0};
// Create Vertex Shader with NVAPI
VSExArgs.version = NVAPI_D3D11_CREATEVERTEXSHADEREX_VERSION;
VSExArgs.NumCustomSemantics = 1;
VSExArgs.pCustomSemantics = (NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC*)malloc
    ((sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC)*VSExArgs.NumCustomSemantics);
memset(VSExArgs.pCustomSemantics, 0,
    (sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC))*VSExArgs.NumCustomSemantics);
VSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[0].version = NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC_VERSION;
VSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticType =
   NV_X_RIGHT_SEMANTIC;
```

```
strcpy_s(&(VSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanti
    cNameString[0]), NVAPI_LONG_STRING_MAX, "NV_X_RIGHT");
NvAPI_D3D11_CreateVertexShaderEx(pDevice, pBytecode, BytecodeSize,
                                 NULL, &VSExArgs, &pVertexShader);
free(VSExArgs.pCustomSemantics);
. . .
ID3D11GeometryShader *pGeometryShader = NULL;
NVAPI D3D11 CREATE GEOMETRY SHADER EX GSEXArgs = {0};
// create geometry shader with NVAPI
GSEXArgs.version = NVAPI D3D11 CREATEGEOMETRYSHADEREX 2 VERSION;
GSExArgs.NumCustomSemantics = 2;
GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics = (NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC*) malloc
  ((sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC))*GSExArgs.NumCustomSemantics);
memset(GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics, 0,
  (sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC))*GSExArgs.NumCustomSemantics);
GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[0].version = NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC_VERSION;
GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticType =
   NV_X_RIGHT_SEMANTIC;
strcpy_s(&(GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticNameString[0]),
  NVAPI_LONG_STRING_MAX, "NV_X_RIGHT");
GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[1].version = NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC_VERSION;
GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[1].NVCustomSemanticType =
  NV VIEWPORT MASK SEMANTIC;
strcpy_s(&(GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics[1].NVCustomSemanticNameString[0]),
   NVAPI_LONG_STRING_MAX, "NV_VIEWPORT_MASK");
GSExArgs.UseViewportMask = false;
NvAPI_D3D11_CreateGeometryShaderEx_2(pDevice, pBytecode, BytecodeSize,
                                 NULL, &GSExArgs, &pGeometryShader)
free(GSExArgs.pCustomSemantics);
```

# Different Lens Matched Shading Coefficients for Each Eye

If you need two eye views in which the Lens Matched Shading coefficients are different for each eye, you must define two sets of each of the following items:

- ▶ A and B coefficients
- ▶ Viewports
- Scissor rectangles

One set of these items is for left eye view and the other set of these items is for right eye view.

```
NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS ModifiedWParams = {0};
ModifiedWParams.version = NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS_VER;
ModifiedWParams.numEntries = 8;
// ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[0 .. 3] for left eye
// ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[4 .. 7] for right eye
NvAPI_D3D_SetModifiedWMode(pDeviceOrContext, &ModifiedWParams);
D3D11_VIEWPORT
                      Viewports[8];
// Viewports[0 .. 3] for left eye
// Viewports[4 .. 7] for right eye
pDeviceContext->RSSetViewports(8, Viewports);
. . .
D3D11_RECT ScissorRects[8];
// ScissorRects[0 .. 3] for left eye
// ScissorRects[4 .. 7] for right eye
pDeviceContext ->RSSetScissorRects(8, &ScissorRects[0]);
```

You must specify independent viewport mask mode by calling the NvAPI\_D3D\_SetSinglePassStereoMode NVAPI with the independent viewport mask parameter set to true.

```
NvAPI_D3D_SetSinglePassStereoMode(pDeviceOrContext, 2, 1, true);
```

Additionally, in the custom semantic for the viewport mask of the HLSL shader, the lower 16 bits represent viewports for left eye and the upper 16 bits represent viewports for the right eye.

```
[maxvertexcount(3)]
void GSMain(triangle VSOutput Input[3],
            inout TriangleStream<GSOutput> TriStream)
{
     GSOutput OutVtx;
```

```
for (int v = 0; v < 3; ++v)
   // independent viewport mask for left eye and right eye
   // lower 16 bits for left eye
   // upper 16 bits for right eye
   OutVtx.ViewportMask = 0x00f0000f; // 0x00f0_000f
   . . .
```

# 3 DIRECTX 11 API REFERENCE

# 3.1 STRUCTURES

### 3.1.1 NV\_QUERY\_MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS

```
typedef struct _NV_QUERY_MODIFIED_W_SUPPORT_PARAMS
   NvU32 version;
   NvU32 bModifiedWSupported;
} NV_QUERY_MODIFIED_W_SUPPORT_PARAMS;
```

### 3.1.1.1 Members

version

Type: NvU32

The version of the NV\_QUERY\_ MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS structure

bModifiedWSupported

Type: NvU32

Indicates whether Modified W is supported on the current setup

### 3.1.1.2 Remarks

The NV\_QUERY\_MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS structure provides information about the Modified W capability on the current setup. This structure is used in the NvAPI\_D3D\_QueryModifiedWSupport() function call.

## 3.1.2 NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_COEFFICIENTS

```
typedef struct _NV_MODIFIED_W_COEFFICIENTS
   float fA;
   float fB;
   float fAReserved;
   float fBReserved;
   float fReserved[2];
} NV_MODIFIED_W_COEFFICIENTS;
```

### 3.1.2.1 Members

fA

Type: float

The value of the A coefficient in the following equation:

$$w' = w + Ax + By$$

fB

Type: float

The value of the B coefficient in the following equation:

$$w' = w + Ax + By$$

fAReserved

Type: float

Reserved

fBReserved

Type: float

Reserved

fReserved

Type: float[2]

Reserved

### 3.1.2.2 Remarks

This structure is used to specify Modified W coefficient values. It is used in the function NvAPI\_D3D\_SetModifiedWMode().

### 3.1.3 NV MODIFIED W PARAMS

```
typedef struct _NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS
   NvU32 version;
   NvU32 numEntries;
   NV_MODIFIED_W_COEFFICIENTS
            modifiedWCoefficients[NV_MODIFIED_W_MAX_VIEWPORTS];
   NvU32 id;
   NvU32 reserved[NV_MODIFIED_W_MAX_VIEWPORTS];
} NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS;
```

### 3.1.3.1 Members

version

Type: NvU32

The version of the NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_PARAMS structure

numEntries

Type: NvU32

The number of valid NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_COEFFICIENTS structures in the array

modifiedWCoefficients

Type: NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_COEFFICIENTS

Specifies Modified W coefficient values

id

Type: NvU32

Reserved

reserved

Type: NvU32 [NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_MAX\_VIEWPORTS]

Reserved

### 3.1.3.2 Remarks

This structure is used to configure Modified W mode. It is used in the function NvAPI\_D3D\_SetModifiedWMode().

# 3.2 FUNCTIONS

# NvAPI\_D3D\_QueryModifiedWSupport 3.2.1

```
NVAPI_INTERFACE NvAPI_D3D_QueryModifiedWSupport(
 [in] IUnknown *pDevice,
 [inout] NV_QUERY_MODIFIED_W_SUPPORT_PARAMS
          *pQueryModifiedWSupportedParams
);
```

# 3.2.1.1 Parameters

```
pDevice [in]
```

Type: IUnknown\*

Pointer to the D3D11 device ID3D11Device\*, which inherits IUnknown\*

pQueryModifiedWSupportedParams [inout]

Type: NV\_QUERY\_MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS\*

Pointer to the NV\_QUERY\_MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS structure

### 3.2.1.2 Return Value

Returns NVAPI OK on success.

bModifiedWSupported becomes TRUE if Modified W is supported.

### 3.2.1.3 Remarks

This function determines whether the hardware supports the Modified W feature.

### 3.2.2 NvAPI\_D3D\_SetModifiedWMode

```
NVAPI_INTERFACE NvAPI_D3D_SetModifiedWMode(
     [in] IUnknown
                                   *pDevOrContext,
     [in] NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS
                                    *psModifiedWParams
);
```

### 3.2.2.1 **Parameters**

```
pDevOrContext [in]
   Type: IUnknown *
   Pointer to the D3D11 device ID3D11Device* or ID3D11DeviceContext*, which
   inherits IUnknown*
psModifiedWParams [in]
   Type: NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS*
   Used to specify Modified W parameters
```

### 3.2.2.2 Return Value

Returns NVAPI\_OK on success.

### 3.2.2.3 Remarks

This function sets the mode of Modified W.

Note that this function is an asynchronous function and returns NVAPI\_OK if all arguments are valid. The returned value NVAPI\_OK does not reflect that Modified W is supported or is set in hardware. You must call

NvAPI\_D3D\_QueryModifiedWSupport() to confirm that the current setup supports Modified W before calling this set-function.

# 4 DIRECTX 12 RENDERING WITH LENS MATCHED SHADING

Use the NVAPI programming interfaces for the Lens Matched Shading feature as explained in the sections that follow.

# 4.1 QUERYING THE FEATURE CAPABILITY

To query the Lens Matched Shading feature capability, call the NvAPI D3D12 QueryModifiedWSupport NVAPI.

```
ComPtr<ID3D12Device> pDevice;
NV QUERY MODIFIED W SUPPORT PARAMS ModifiedW = {0};
ModifiedW.version = NV_QUERY_MODIFIED_W_SUPPORT_PARAMS_VER;
NvAPI_D3D12_QueryModifiedWSupport (pDevice.Get(), &ModifiedW);
// ModifiedW.bModifiedWSupported will be TRUE if supported
```

# 4.2 SETTING LENS MATCHED SHADING **COFFFICIENTS**

The Lens Matched Shading coefficients are the terms A and B in the equation on page 1. You must specify these coefficients for each viewport separately.

To set the Lens Matched Shading coefficients:

- 1. Create a set of Lens Matched Shading parameters that specifies the coefficients for all viewports.
- Call the NvAPI\_D3D12\_SetModifiedWMode NVAPI, passing the set of Lens Matched Shading parameters as a parameter to the API.

You must set Lens Matched Shading parameters on a D3D12\_COMMAND\_LIST\_TYPE\_DIRECT Graphics Command List. The state of Lens Matched Shading persists till the Command List is closed. As soon as pCommandList->Close() is called, the Lens Matched Shading state is reset back to disabled and parameters are reset back to zero.

Lens Matched Shading state is restricted only to the Command List on which NvAPI\_D3D12\_SetModifiedWMode is called. Therefore, all render calls made only to this specific Command List are affected. Any other Command List for which Lens Matched Shading parameters are not set will function normally.

The following example sets the Lens Matched Shading coefficients for four viewports.

```
ComPtr<ID3D12GraphicsCommandList> pCommandList;
NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS ModifiedWParams = {0};
ModifiedWParams.version = NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS_VER;
ModifiedWParams.numEntries = 4;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[0].fA = -0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[0].fB = 0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[1].fA = 0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[1].fB = 0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[2].fA = -0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[2].fB = -0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[3].fA = 0.2f;
ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[3].fB = -0.2f;
NvAPI D3D12 SetModifiedWMode(pCommandList.Get(), &ModifiedWParams);
```

You must specify the viewports and the scissor rectangles for each viewport as shown in the following example.

```
D3D12_VIEWPORT viewports[4];
memset(viewports, 0, sizeof(viewports));
viewports[0].TopLeftX = 0;
```

```
viewports[0].TopLeftY = 0;
viewports[0].MinDepth = 0.0f; // Total screen height
viewports[0].MaxDepth = 1.0f;
viewports[0].Height = ...; // Scene height
viewports[1].Height = ...; // Scene height
viewports[2].Height = ...; // Scene height
viewports[3].Height = ...; // Scene height
viewports[0].Width = ...; // Scene width
viewports[1].Width = ...; // Scene width
viewports[2].Width = ...; // Scene width
viewports[3].Width = ...; // Scene width
pCommandList->RSSetViewports(4, &viewports[0]);
D3D12 RECT scissorRects[4];
memset(scissorRect, 0, sizeof(scissorRects));
scissorRects[0].left = 0;
scissorRects[0].top
scissorRects[0].right = ...; // Scene width / 2
scissorRects[0].bottom = ...; // Scene height / 2
scissorRects[1].left = ...; // Scene width / 2
scissorRects[1].top = 0;
scissorRects[1].right = ...; // Scene width
scissorRects[1].bottom = ...; // Scene height / 2
scissorRects[2].left = 0;
scissorRects[2].top = ...; // Scene height / 2
scissorRects[2].right = ...; // Scene width / 2
scissorRects[2].bottom = ...; // Scene height
scissorRects[3].left = ...; // Scene width / 2
scissorRects[3].top = ...; // Scene height / 2
scissorRects[3].right = ...; // Scene width
scissorRects[3].bottom = ...; // Scene height
pCommandList->RSSetScissorRects(4, &scissorRects[0]);
```

# 4.3 DISABI ING LENS MATCHED SHADING

To disable Lens Matched Shading, call the NvAPI\_D3D12\_SetModifiedWMode NVAPI with zero entries.

```
NV QUERY MODIFIED W SUPPORT PARAMS ModifiedWParams = {0};
ModifiedWParams.version = NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS_VER;
ModifiedWParams.numEntries = 0;
NvAPI_D3D12_SetModifiedWMode(pCommandList.Get(), &ModifiedWParams);
```

# 4.4 SETTING THE VIEWPORT MASK

The viewport mask specifies the viewports on which the geometry is rendered. To specify that the geometry is rendered on a viewport, set the bit for the viewport in the viewport mask.

For example, if you need the geometry to be rendered on four viewports, set the viewport mask to 0xF. It is recommended to set the bit for a viewport only if you require individual geometry to be rendered on the viewport.

You must specify the viewport mask in the HLSL shader.

The following example uses a Geometry shader for setting the viewport mask.

```
struct GSOutput
     float4 Pos : SV POSITION;
     float4 Color : COLOR;
     float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0;
     uint4 ViewportMask : NV_VIEWPORT_MASK;
[maxvertexcount(3)]
void GSMain(triangle VSOutput Input[3],
           inout TriangleStream<GSOutput> TriStream)
{
     GSOutput OutVtx;
     for (int v = 0; v < 3; ++v)
        OutVtx.Pos = Input[v].Pos;
         OutVtx.Color = Input[v].Color;
         OutVtx.Tex = Input[v].Tex;
         // 4 bits set indicate broadcast rendering to 4 viewports
         // recommended to set only required bits
         OutVtx.ViewportMask = 0xf;
```

```
TriStream.Append(OutVtx);
}
```



Note: You must declare the custom semantic for Viewport Mask as uint4.

When the shaders are compiled to Direct3D shader bytecode, use the NvAPI\_D3D12\_CreateGraphicsPipelineState NVAPI to create the Graphics Pipeline State Object (PSO) which incorporates this Geometry shader. You need to provide additional information for PSO extension corresponding to the Geometry shader.

```
ComPtr<ID3D12PipelineState> pPSO;
ComPtr<ID3D12Device> pDevice;
UINT numExtensions;
const NVAPI_D3D12_PSO_EXTENSION_DESC* ppPSOExtensionsDesc[1];
NVAPI_D3D12_PSO_GEOMETRY_SHADER_DESC gsExDesc;
. . .
// Describe the graphics pipeline state object (PSO) using regular PSO
descriptor
D3D12_GRAPHICS_PIPELINE_STATE_DESC pPSODesc = ...;
// Custom Semantics for Geometry Shader
memset(&gsExDesc, 0, sizeof(gsExDesc));
gsExDesc.ForceFastGS = false; // True, if using FastGS
gsExDesc.psoExtension = NV_PSO_GEOMETRY_SHADER_EXTENSION;
gsExDesc.version = NV_GEOMETRY_SHADER_PSO_EXTENSION_DESC_VER;
gsExDesc.baseVersion = NV_PSO_EXTENSION_DESC_VER;
gsExDesc.NumCustomSemantics = 1;
gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics = (NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC *)malloc(1 *
sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC));
memset(gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics, 0, (1 * sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC)));
gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[0].version = NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC_VERSION;
gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticType =
NV_VIEWPORT_MASK_SEMANTIC;
strcpy_s(&(gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticNameString[0]),
NVAPI_LONG_STRING_MAX, "NV_VIEWPORT_MASK");
ppPSOExtensionsDesc[0] = &gsExDesc;
numExtensions = 1;
NvAPI_D3D12_CreateGraphicsPipelineState(pDevice.Get(), &psoDesc,
numExtensions, ppPSOExtensionsDesc, &pPSO);
```

```
free(gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics);
```

# 4.5 USING LENS MATCHED SHADING WITH FASTGS

Fast Geometry (FastGS) shader enables you to write Geometry shaders with certain restrictions to make them run more efficiently on the GPU.



Note: FastGS is not supported with the optimization disabled (/od) HLSL compilation option.

You can use FastGS with the Lens Matched Shading feature.

The following example HLSL code shows how to use Lens Matched Shading with FastGS.

```
struct VSOutput
     float4 Pos : SV_POSITION;
     float4 Color : COLOR;
     float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0;
struct GSOutput
   VSOutput Passthrough;
   uint4 ViewportMask : NV_VIEWPORT_MASK;
};
VSOutput VSMain (float4 position : POSITION,
                float4 color : COLOR,
                 float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0)
{
     VSOutput OutVtx;
     OutVtx.Pos = position;
     return OutVtx;
[maxvertexcount(1)]
void FastGSMain(triangle VSOutput In[3],
              inout TriangleStream<GSOutput>
               TriStream)
```

```
GSOutput output;
output.Passthrough = In[0];
output.ViewportMask = 0xf;
TriStream.Append(output);
```

To create the PSO that has the Fast Geometry shader, fill the NVAPI\_D3D12\_PSO\_GEOMETRY\_SHADER\_DESC with ForceFastGS = true as shown in the following example.

```
NVAPI_D3D12_PSO_GEOMETRY_SHADER_DESC gsExDesc;
// Describe the graphics pipeline state object (PSO) using regular PSO
descriptor
// Specify custom semantics for Geometry Shaders in gsExDesc
gsExDesc.ForceFastGS = true;
gsExDesc.UseViewportMask = false;
NvAPI_D3D12_CreateGraphicsPipelineState(pDevice.Get(), &psoDesc,
numExtensions, ppPSOExtensionsDesc, &pPSO);
```

# 4.6 USING LENS MATCHED SHADING WITH SINGLE PASS STEREO

You can use Single Pass Stereo and Lens Matched Shading together to generate two eye views in which the Lens Matched Shading coefficients are the same for both eyes or are different for each eye.

# Same Lens Matched Shading Coefficients for 4.6.1 Both Eyes

If you need two eye views in which the Lens Matched Shading coefficients are the same for both eyes, generate both eye views in single draw call with the Lens Matched Shading coefficients applied to both eye views.

Create the PSO using NVAPI with PSO extensions for the Vertex, Hull, Domain, and Geometry shaders as described in NVIDIA Single Pass Stereo Programming Guide. When creating these shaders, use custom semantic variables for Single Pass Stereo (for example, NV\_X\_RIGHT) and for the viewport mask (for example NV\_VIEWPORT\_MASK).

The following example HLSL code shows how to use Single Pass Stereo and Lens Matched Shading together to generate two eye views in which the Lens Matched Shading coefficients are the same for both eyes.

```
struct VSOutput
     float4 Pos : SV_POSITION;
     float4 Color : COLOR;
     float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0;
     float4 X_Right : NV_X_RIGHT; // Single Pass Stereo
struct GSOutput
     float4 Pos : SV_POSITION;
    float4 Color : COLOR;
     float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0;
     float4 X_Right : NV_X_RIGHT;  // Single Pass Stereo
     uint4 ViewportMask : NV_VIEWPORT_MASK; // viewport mask
     . . .
VSOutput VSMain (float4 position : POSITION,
               float4 color : COLOR,
               float2 Tex : TEXCOORD0)
{
     VSOutput OutVtx;
     OutVtx.Pos = position;
     OutVtx.X_Right = (...); // right eye X value computation
     return OutVtx;
[maxvertexcount(3)]
void GSMain(triangle VSOutput Input[3],
           inout TriangleStream<GSOutput> TriStream)
{
     GSOutput OutVtx;
     for (int v = 0; v < 3; ++v)
```

```
OutVtx.Pos = Input[v].Pos;
OutVtx.Color = Input[v].Color;
OutVtx.Tex = Input[v].Tex;
OutVtx.Tex = Input[v].Tex;
OutVtx.X_Right = Input[v].X_Right;
OutVtx.ViewportMask = 0xf;
TriStream.Append(OutVtx);
```



Note: You must declare the custom semantic for Single Pass Stereo as float4.



Note: You must declare the custom semantic for Viewport Mask as uint4.

After the shaders are compiled to Direct3D shader bytecode, create the PSO using NVAPI with PSO extensions for the Vertex, Hull, Domain, and Geometry shaders as described in NVIDIA Single Pass Stereo Programming Guide.

The following example creates the PSO using NVAPI with PSO extensions for Vertex shader and Geometry shader.

```
ComPtr<ID3D12PipelineState> pPSO;
ComPtr<ID3D12Device> pDevice;
UINT numExtensions;
const NVAPI_D3D12_PSO_EXTENSION_DESC* ppPSOExtensionsDesc[2]; // To
incorporate the two PSO extensions: Vertex Shader and Geometry Shader
NVAPI_D3D12_PSO_GEOMETRY_SHADER_DESC gsExDesc;
// Describe the graphics pipeline state object (PSO) using regular PSO
descriptor
D3D12_GRAPHICS_PIPELINE_STATE_DESC pPSODesc = ...;
// Custom Semantics for Vertex Shader
memset(&vsExDesc, 0, sizeof(vsExDesc));
vsExDesc.psoExtension = NV_PSO_VERTEX_SHADER_EXTENSION;
vsExDesc.version = NV_VERTEX_SHADER_PSO_EXTENSION_DESC_VER;
vsExDesc.baseVersion = NV PSO EXTENSION DESC VER;
vsExDesc.NumCustomSemantics = 2;
vsExDesc.pCustomSemantics = (NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC *)malloc(2 *
sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC));
```

```
memset(vsExDesc.pCustomSemantics, 0, (2 * sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC)));
vsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[0].version = NV CUSTOM SEMANTIC VERSION;
vsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticType =
NV_X_RIGHT_SEMANTIC;
strcpy_s(&(vsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticNameString[0]),
NVAPI_LONG_STRING_MAX, "NV_X_RIGHT");
vsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[1].version = NV CUSTOM SEMANTIC VERSION;
vsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[1].NVCustomSemanticType =
NV_VIEWPORT_MASK_SEMANTIC;
strcpy_s(&(vsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[1].NVCustomSemanticNameString[0]),
NVAPI LONG STRING MAX, "NV VIEWPORT MASK");
ppPSOExtensionsDesc[numExtensions++] = &vsExDesc;
// Custom Semantics for Geometry Shader
memset(&gsExDesc, 0, sizeof(gsExDesc));
gsExDesc.ForceFastGS = false;
                               // True, if using FastGS
gsExDesc.psoExtension = NV_PSO_GEOMETRY_SHADER_EXTENSION;
gsExDesc.version = NV_GEOMETRY_SHADER_PSO_EXTENSION_DESC_VER;
qsExDesc.baseVersion = NV PSO EXTENSION DESC VER;
gsExDesc.NumCustomSemantics = 2;
gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics = (NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC *)malloc(2 *
sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC));
memset(gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics, 0, (2 * sizeof(NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC)));
gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[0].version = NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC_VERSION;
gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticType =
NV_X_RIGHT_SEMANTIC;
strcpy_s(&(gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[0].NVCustomSemanticNameString[0]),
NVAPI_LONG_STRING_MAX, "NV_X_RIGHT");
gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[1].version = NV_CUSTOM_SEMANTIC_VERSION;
gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[1].NVCustomSemanticType =
NV_VIEWPORT_MASK_SEMANTIC;
strcpy_s(&(gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics[1].NVCustomSemanticNameString[0]),
NVAPI_LONG_STRING_MAX, "NV_VIEWPORT_MASK");
ppPSOExtensionsDesc[numExtensions++] = &gsExDesc;
NvAPI_D3D12_CreateGraphicsPipelineState(pDevice.Get(), &psoDesc,
numExtensions, ppPSOExtensionsDesc, &pPSO);
free(vsExDesc.pCustomSemantics);
free(gsExDesc.pCustomSemantics);
```

# Different Lens Matched Shading Coefficients for Each Eye

If you need two eye views in which the Lens Matched Shading coefficients are different for each eye, you must define two sets of each of the following items:

- ▶ A and B coefficients
- Viewports
- ► Scissor rectangles

One set of these items is for left eye view and the other set of these items is for right eye view.

```
NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS ModifiedWParams = {0};
ModifiedWParams.version = NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS_VER;
ModifiedWParams.numEntries
// ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[0 .. 3] for left eye
// ModifiedWParams.modifiedWCoefficients[4 .. 7] for right eye
NvAPI_D3D_SetModifiedWMode(pDeviceOrContext, &ModifiedWParams);
. . .
D3D11_VIEWPORT Viewports[8];
// Viewports[0 .. 3] for left eye
// Viewports[4 .. 7] for right eye
pDeviceContext->RSSetViewports(8, Viewports);
D3D11 RECT ScissorRects[8];
// ScissorRects[0 .. 3] for left eye
// ScissorRects[4 .. 7] for right eye
pDeviceContext ->RSSetScissorRects(8, &ScissorRects[0]);
. . .
```

You must specify independent viewport mask mode by calling the NvAPI\_D3D12\_SetSinglePassStereoMode NVAPI with the independent viewport mask parameter set to true.

```
NvAPI_D3D12_SetSinglePassStereoMode(pDevice.Get(), 2, 1, true);
```

Additionally, in the custom semantic for the viewport mask of the HLSL shader, the lower 16 bits represent viewports for left eye and the upper 16 bits represent viewports for the right eye.

```
[maxvertexcount(3)]
void GSMain(triangle VSOutput Input[3],
            inout TriangleStream<GSOutput> TriStream)
{
     GSOutput OutVtx;
     for (int v = 0; v < 3; ++v)
         // independent viewport mask for left eye and right eye
         // lower 16 bits for left eye
         // upper 16 bits for right eye
         OutVtx.ViewportMask = 0x00f0000f; // 0x00f0_000f
         . . .
     }
```

# 5 DIRECTX 12 RESTRICTIONS

# 5.1 CACHED PSO

A Graphics Pipeline State Object (PSO) created using NVAPI NvAPI\_D3D12\_CreateGraphicsPipelineState does not support the Cached PSO feature of DirectX 12. Do not call GetCachedBlob() with such a PSO.

# 6 DIRECTX 12 API REFERENCE

# 6.1 STRUCTURES

### 6.1.1 NV\_QUERY\_MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS

```
typedef struct _NV_QUERY_MODIFIED_W_SUPPORT_PARAMS
   NvU32 version;
   NvU32 bModifiedWSupported;
} NV_QUERY_MODIFIED_W_SUPPORT_PARAMS;
```

### 6.1.1.1 Members

version

Type: NvU32

The version of the NV\_QUERY\_ MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS structure

bModifiedWSupported

Type: NvU32

Indicates whether Modified W is supported on the current setup

### 6.1.1.2 Remarks

The NV\_QUERY\_MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS structure provides information about the Modified W capability on the current setup. This structure is used in the NvAPI\_D3D12\_QueryModifiedWSupport() function call.

## 6.1.2 NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_COEFFICIENTS

```
typedef struct _NV_MODIFIED_W_COEFFICIENTS
   float fA;
   float fB;
   float fAReserved;
   float fBReserved;
   float fReserved[2];
} NV_MODIFIED_W_COEFFICIENTS;
```

### 6.1.2.1 Members

fA

Type: float

The value of the A coefficient in the following equation:

$$w' = w + Ax + By$$

fB

Type: float

The value of the B coefficient in the following equation:

$$w' = w + Ax + By$$

fAReserved

Type: float

Reserved

**fBReserved** 

Type: float

Reserved

fReserved

Type: float[2]

Reserved

### 6.1.2.2 Remarks

This structure is used to specify Modified W coefficient values. It is used in the function NvAPI\_D3D12\_SetModifiedWMode().

## 6.1.3 NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_PARAMS

```
typedef struct _NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS
   NvU32 version;
   NvU32 numEntries;
   NV_MODIFIED_W_COEFFICIENTS
            modifiedWCoefficients[NV_MODIFIED_W_MAX_VIEWPORTS];
   NvU32 id;
   NvU32 reserved[NV_MODIFIED_W_MAX_VIEWPORTS];
} NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS;
```

### 6.1.3.1 Members

version

Type: NvU32

The version of the NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_PARAMS structure

numEntries

Type: NvU32

The number of valid NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_COEFFICIENTS structures in the array

modifiedWCoefficients

Type: NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_COEFFICIENTS

Specifies Modified W coefficient values

id

Type: NvU32

Reserved

reserved

Type: NvU32 [NV\_MODIFIED\_W\_MAX\_VIEWPORTS]

Reserved

### 6.1.3.2 Remarks

This structure is used to configure Modified W mode. It is used in the function NvAPI\_D3D12\_SetModifiedWMode().

# 6.2 FUNCTIONS

# NvAPI\_D3D12\_QueryModifiedWSupport 6.2.1

```
NVAPI_INTERFACE NvAPI_D3D_QueryModifiedWSupport(
 [in] ID3D12Device *pDevice,
 [inout] NV_QUERY_MODIFIED_W_SUPPORT_PARAMS
          *pQueryModifiedWSupportedParams
);
```

# 6.2.1.1 Parameters

```
pDevice [in]
```

Type: ID3D12Device\*

Pointer to the D3D12 device ID3D12Device\*

pQueryModifiedWSupportedParams [inout]

Type: NV\_QUERY\_MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS\*

Pointer to the NV\_QUERY\_MODIFIED\_W\_SUPPORT\_PARAMS structure

### 6.2.1.2 Return Value

Returns NVAPI OK on success.

bModifiedWSupported becomes TRUE if Modified W is supported.

### 6.2.1.3 Remarks

This function determines whether the hardware supports the Modified W feature.

### 6.2.2 NvAPI\_D3D12\_SetModifiedWMode

```
NVAPI_INTERFACE NvAPI_D3D12_SetModifiedWMode(
     [in] ID3D12GraphicsCommandList *pCommandList,
     [in] NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS *psModifiedWParams
);
```

### 6.2.2.1 **Parameters**

```
pCommandList [in]
```

Type: ID3D12GraphicsCommandList\*

Pointer to the D3D12\_COMMAND\_LIST\_TYPE\_DIRECT Graphics Command List that will be used for setting Single Pass Stereo mode and further rendering.

```
psModifiedWParams [in]
```

```
Type: NV_MODIFIED_W_PARAMS*
```

Used to specify Modified W parameters

### 6.2.2.2 Return Value

Returns NVAPI\_OK on success.

### 6.2.2.3 Remarks

This function sets the mode of Modified W.

Note that Modified W state persists on a particular Command List until it is closed. The state is reset to default (disabled) for every newly created Command List. See "Setting Lens Matched Shading Coefficients" on page 18.

You must call NvAPI\_D3D12\_QueryModifiedWSupport() to confirm that the current setup supports Modified W before calling this set-function.

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