Task Management System

Introduction to Programming

CMPT 120L

TLMB

Marist College

School of Computer Science and Mathematics



Submitted to:

Dr. Reza Sadeghi

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Project Progress Report 1 of Task Management System

Team Name

Name of the team TLMB

Team Members

1. Lance Perdue Lance.Perdue1@marist.edu (Head)

2. Timothy Ford Timothy.Ford1@Marist.edu (Member)

3. Matthew Brana Matthew.Brana1@Marist.edu(Member)

4.Blaine Chesnut Blaine.Chesnut1@Marist.edu (Member)

Description of Team Members

1. Lance Perdue

My name is Lance Perdue, I have approximately a year of java experience through a dual enrollment program my senior year of high school. I have worked with these team members throughout the entire semester and we have been successful in all of our projects thus far. The more we work together, the more efficient and productive our communication has become. I feel that working with these members will continue to be successful in this final project and our experience working together will give our group an advantage. I was chosen to be our team's leader primarily for my experience using GitHub in the past, while my knowledge is limited, it still is useful in allowing our group to work efficiently using this new tool.

2. Timothy Ford

My name is Tim Ford and I am a freshman at Marist College pursuing a Bachelor of Science Degree in Computer Science. I have prior experience in both Python and more recently Java through AP Computer Science A during my high school education. I chose to stick with my team members that I have been with through the entire semester as I believe we have worked well together in the past and will only continue to grow as a group throughout this project. We chose our group head to be Lance Perdue because of his experience with Github in the past and also his willingness to step up and lead the group.

3. Matthew Brana

My name is Matthew Brana. I am a freshman at Marist and my major is Computer Science. I have an associate's degree from Brookdale Community College in New Jersey in Computer Science. I chose to work with my team members because we have worked together all year and our group assignments have gone smoothly. We decided on Lance Perdue to be our leader because he has the most knowledge of GitHub and set up the repository for our final group assignment.

4. Blaine Chesnut

My name is Blaine Chesnut and I am from Morristown, New Jersey. I am a freshman at Marist College and majoring in Data Science and Analytics although I do not truly have any background in working with computers outside of using them for school assignments. I have always had a love for analytics stemming from my love of sports. I wanted to work with this group since we have completed all of the prior group projects together. We work extremely well together and always succeed in our work. We chose Lance as the team head since he is very intelligent and a great leader.

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Project Objective

TMS organizes personal tasks of different users on a specific day. The users should be able to see their individual list of tasks and update them. Your TMS will store the data of different user types in distinct CSV files. This system should at least support the following items.

1. Admin user is capable of:

- a. Having admin user and password for login (a string of at least 8 characters
- b. Changing the admin user and admin password
- c.Adding a normal user to TMS by creating a new username, password, and corresponding recorded data

2.Each user should be able to:

- a.Add a task to TMS the task contains: title, time, duration, and description
- b.Remove a task
- c.Edit a task's details
- d.Search through TMS based on time, title, or duration and list the results on the screen. For instance, it should be able to list all scheduled works for one day.
- 3.TMS should be a user-friendly software, such that:
 - a. it shows a welcome page and provides a menu of all functions to the user in all pages
 - b. It illustrates the reports in a tabular form.

- c. TMS should provide an exit function and thank the user for using the software.
- 4. Optional: TMS should protect the user information, such that:
 - a. TMS passwords and the recorded information should be ciphered. In the simplest case, you can use the Caesar cipher methodology. The easiest way to understand the Caesar cipher is to think of cycling the position of the letters. in a caesar cipher with a shift of 3, a becomes d, b becomes e, c becomes f, etc. when reaching the end of the alphabet it cycles around, so x becomes a, y becomes b, and z becomes c.

GitHub Repository https://github.com/Taco956/CMPT-120-Final-Project

Used Packages: OS, Tkinter, CSV, Pandas, PIL

Used Virtual Environment:

Our group's virtual environment only contains one external package: pandas. This package is meant to make working in data structures more intuitive and flexible. This package allowed us to manipulate the data within our numerous csv files much easier than with the python tools alone.

```
(finalProject) C:\Users\jpper>python -m pip install pandas
  ollecting pandas
Obtaining dependency information for pandas from https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/97/d8/dc2f6bff06a799a5603c414
fc6de39c6351fe34892d50b6a077df3be6ac/pandas-2.1.3-cp311-cp311-win_amd64.whl.metadata
  Downloading pandas-2.1.3-cp311-cp311-win_amd64.whl.metadata (18 kB)
  ollecting numpy<2,>=1.23.2 (from pandas)
 Obtaining dependency information for numpy<2,>=1.23.2 from https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/da/3c/3ff05c2855eee
62588f489a4e607e4a61699a0742aa03ccf641c77f9eb0a/numpy-1.26.2-cp311-cp311-win_amd64.whl.metadata
  Downloading numpy-1.26.2-cp311-cp311-win_amd64.whl.metadata (61 kB)
                                                                                                   eta 0:00:00
Collecting python-dateutil>=2.8.2 (from pandas)
Using cached python_dateutil-2.8.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (247 kB)
 Collecting pytz>=2020.1 (from pandas)
 Obtaining dependency information for pytz>=2020.1 from https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/32/4d/aaf7eff5deb402fd9a24a1449a8119f00d74ae9c2efa79f8ef9994261fc2/pytz-2023.3.post1-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata

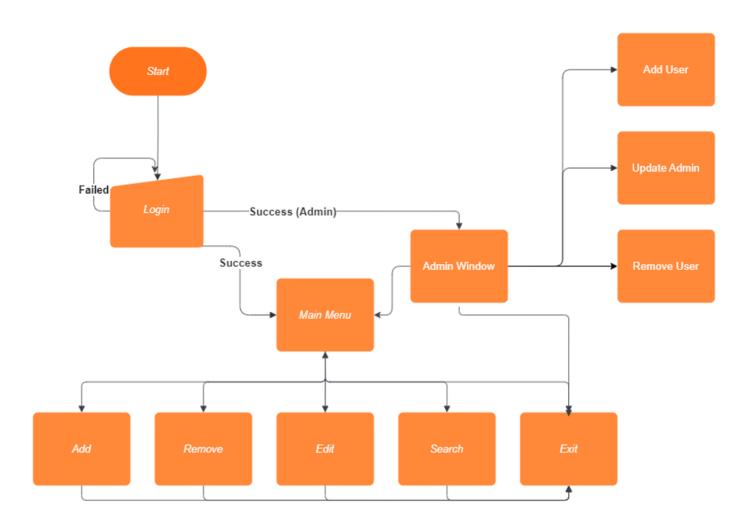
Downloading pytz-2023.3.post1-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (22 kB)

Collecting tzdata>=2022.1 (from pandas)
  Downloading tzdata-2023.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl (341 kB)
Collecting six>=1.5 (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas)
Using cached six-1.16.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
Downloading pandas-2.1.3-cp311-cp311-win_amd64.whl (10.6 MB)
Downloading numpy-1.26.2-cp311-cp311-win_amd64.whl (15.8 MB)
Downloading pytz-2023.3.post1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (502 kB)
                                                                                                 s eta 0:00:00
Installing collected packages: pytz, tzdata, six, numpy, python-dateutil, pandas
```

User Experience (UX) Design

When designing the user experience, we decided to start the user on a Login window. Upon entering their information, the system will determine if they have a valid login and direct them to a success popup, if they have a valid login as an admin and directed to an admin success popup, or are using an invalid login which will just route them back to the login screen. A successful admin login will bring the user to an admin window where users can be added or removed and the admin user can be updated, or the main menu can be accessed. A successful regular login will direct the user to the main menu. From the main menu, they are given the option to exit the system entirely or to access one of the four functions of the TMS. Each of these functions, Add, Remove, Edit, and Search, all allow the user to use their specific function, to return to the main menu, or to exit the system in its entirety.

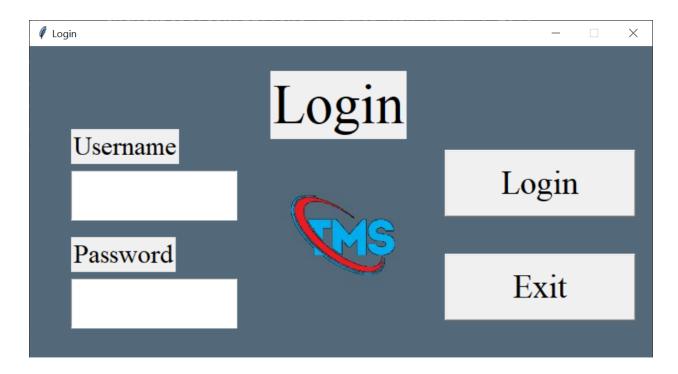
Figure 3.1: Flowchart showing the design of the User's intended experience



User Interface (UI) Design

Figure 4.1: Login Window

Figure 4.1 is the first window that will be shown to the user upon running the program. This login window has two entry boxes, one for the username and one for the password, and two buttons, one to attempt a login and one to exit the program.



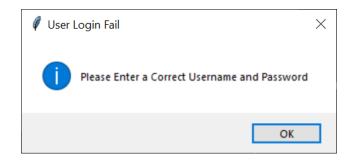
This is the code used to first make the window and body of the login, then two entry boxes with labels above them. Then we made a login button and an exit button and titled the window itself. Finally we mainlooped the window to pack it all together and make sure it displays properly.

```
#Login GUI
loginwindow = tk.Tk()
loginwindow.title("Login")
loginwindow.geometry("750x375")
loginwindow.resizable(width=False,height=False)
Body = tk.Frame(loginwindow,bg='#536878',height=375,width=750)
Body.grid(row=0,column=0)
lblUsername = tk.Label(Body,text="Username")
lblUsername.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
lblUsername.place(x=50,y=100)
entUsername = tk.Entry(Body)
entUsername.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
entUsername.place(x=50,y=150,width=200,height=60)
lblPassword = tk.Label(Body,text="Password")
lblPassword.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
lblPassword.place(x=50,y=230)
entPassword = tk.Entry(Body)
entPassword.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
entPassword.place(x=50,y=280,width=200,height=60)
loginTitle = tk.Label(Body, text = "Login")
loginTitle.config(font=("Times New Roman",50))
loginTitle.place(x=290,y=30)
btnLogin = tk.Button(Body,text="Login",command=login,width=10)
btnLogin.place(x=500,y=125)
btnLogin.config(font=("Times New Roman", 30))
btnExit = tk.Button(Body,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10)
btnExit.place(x=500,y=250)
btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 30))
loginwindow.mainloop()
```

Figure 4.2: Login failed popup

Figure 4.2 is a window that will quickly pop up whenever a user tries to login with unauthorized information, they will then just be directed back to the login window so they can try again.

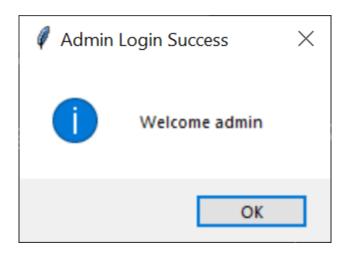
This line of code that runs if the user's login info cannot be validated is what flashes this popup box informing the user to use different information.



messagebox.showinfo("User Login Fail", "Please Enter a Correct Username and Password")

Figure 4.3: Admin success popup

Figure 4.3 is the quick popup that will flash after the correct username and password are used for the admin login. This window will close on its own and then redirect the user to the admin window.

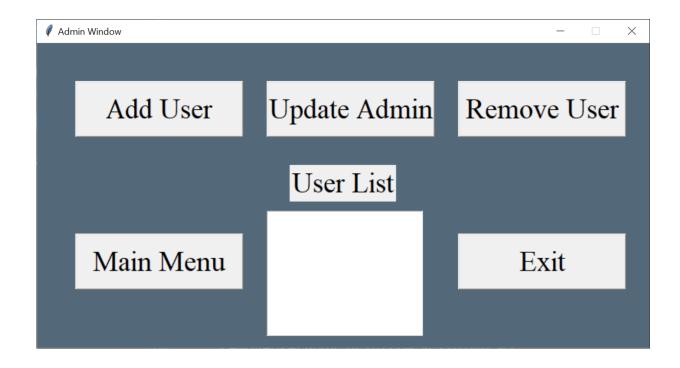


These lines first display figure 4.3 to show the user that they have logged in as an admin and uses their username in a formatted string to personally welcome them. The next line closes the login window since it is no longer needed and would clutter the user's screen. Finally, the admin window is called since it was a successful admin login

```
messagebox.showinfo("Admin Login Success",f" Welcome {enteredUser} ")
loginwindow.destroy()
adminMenu()
```

Figure 4.4: Admin Window that appears upon admin login

Figure 4.4 is the admin window that will appear after the popup redirects the user. It is made up of 5 buttons that allow the user to access the add user function, the update admin function, and the remove user function as well as to move to the main menu or to exit the program completely. There is also a text box that will show a current list of all the users that have access to the TMS.



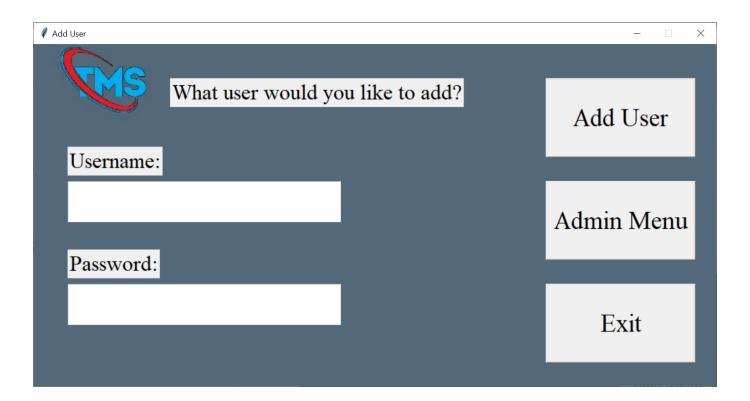
This section of code starts off by creating a window with TKinter and making sure it's restricted in size. After making the body, five buttons and a textbox that will display all of the current users in the system are placed in it to allow the user to navigate the functions of the admin window, enter the main menu, or to close the program. Again, the code ends with a mainloop to ensure every widget is packed and properly displayed on the user's screen.

```
#Admin Window

∨ def adminMenu():
     adminWindow = tk.Tk()
     adminWindow.title("Admin Window")
     adminWindow.geometry("800x400")
     adminWindow.resizable(width=False,height=False)
     adminBody = tk.Frame(adminWindow,bg='#536878',height=400,width=800)
     adminBody.grid(row=0,column=0)
     btnExit = tk.Button(adminBody,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10)
     btnExit.place(x=550,y=250)
     btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
     btnRemoveUser = tk.Button(adminBody,text="Remove User",command=removeUserWin,width=10)
     btnRemoveUser.place(x=550,y=50)
     btnRemoveUser.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
     btnUpdateAdmin = tk.Button(adminBody,text="Update Admin",command=updateAdminWin,width=10)
     btnUpdateAdmin.place(x=300,y=50)
     btnUpdateAdmin.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
     btnAddUser = tk.Button(adminBody,text="Add User",command=addUserWin,width=10)
     btnAddUser.place(x=50,y=50)
     btnAddUser.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
     btnMainMenu = tk.Button(adminBody,text="Main Menu",command=lambda:[mainMenuWindow()],width=10)
     btnMainMenu.place(x=50,y=250)
     btnMainMenu.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
     lblUserList = tk.Label(adminBody, text="User List")
     lblUserList.place(x = 330, y =160)
     lblUserList.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
     txtUserList = tk.Text(adminBody, height=10, width=25)
     txtUserList.place(x=300, y = 220)
     adminWindow.mainloop()
```

Figure 4.5: Add User function from admin window

Figure 4.5 is an extension of the previous admin window, once clicked the user will be directed to this window with two entries and three buttons. The admin can add a user by entering the requested username and password and can be fully completed by then pressing the add user button. Once completed a non-admin user can use this newly created information to successfully login and store their own data through the task management system. This window also includes a main menu function which will close this window and redirect the user to the main menu. Lastly, this window contains an exit app button to allow the user to seamlessly close the application entirely.

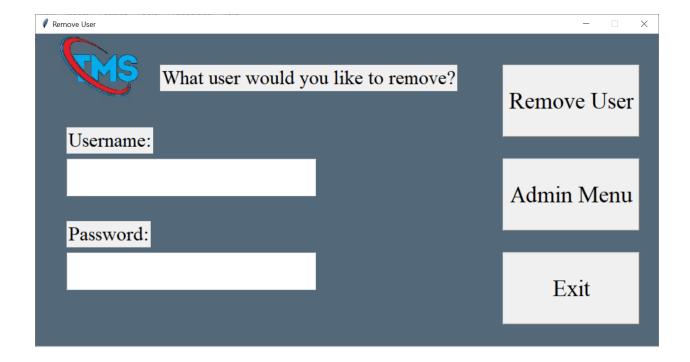


First the window and body are created, and once again the size is restricted. Three buttons are placed, allowing the admin to add a new user, return to the admin menu, or to exit the program. There are also two entry boxes which the admin can use to enter the new username and password of the user that they are adding to the system. The window is then mainlooped in order to pack the widgets and display them properly when it is called.

```
#Add User GUI
def addUserWin():
   addUserWindow = tk.Tk()
   addUserWindow.title("Add User")
   addUserWindow.geometry("1000x500")
   addUserWindow.resizable(width=False,height=False)
   addUserBody = tk.Frame(addUserWindow,bg='#536878',height=500,width=1000)
   addUserBody.grid(row=0,column=0)
   btnMainMenu = tk.Button(addUserBody,text="Admin Menu",command=exit,width=10, height=2)
   btnMainMenu.place(x=750,y=200)
   btnMainMenu.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnExit = tk.Button(addUserBody,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10, height=2)
   btnExit.place(x=750,y=350)
   btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnAddUser = tk.Button(addUserBody,text="Add User",command=addUser,width=10, height=2)
   btnAddUser.place(x=750,y=50)
   btnAddUser.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   lblAddTitle = tk.Label(addUserBody,text="What user would you like to add?")
   lblAddTitle.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
   lblAddTitle.place(x=150,y=50)
   lblUsername = tk.Label(addUserBody,text="Username:")
   lblUsername.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
   lblUsername.place(x=50,y=150)
   global entUsername
   entUsername = tk.Entry(addUserBody)
   entUsername.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
   entUsername.place(x=50,y=200,width=400,height=60)
   lblPassword = tk.Label(addUserBody,text="Password:")
   lblPassword.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
   lblPassword.place(x=50,y=300)
   global entPassword
   entPassword = tk.Entry(addUserBody)
   entPassword.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
   entPassword.place(x=50,y=350,width=400,height=60)
    addUserWindow.mainloop()
```

Figure 4.6: Remove User function from admin window

Figure 4.6 is another extension of the admin window which allows for the admin to remove any user other than the admin itself by entering their associated username in the provided entry. For this action to be completed the user will have to press the remove user button to finish the process, after which, that user will no longer be able to login and store information. This window also includes the same main menu and exit app button as the previous figure, allowing the user to navigate the application with little confusion or frustration.

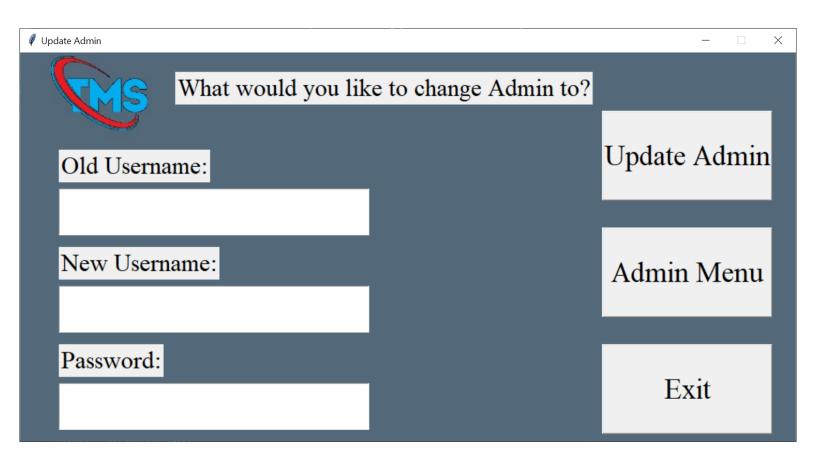


This is extremely similar to the add user design, starting with creating the window and body. Then the same buttons are added, except the add user is replaced with a remove user button. Also, the same entry boxes are created since whether you are adding or removing a user, their username and password are what confirms it is the right user you want to be affecting. Again, the last line mainloops the window to ensure everything is correctly displayed and functional in the body.

```
#Remove User Below
def removeUserWin():
   removeUserWindow = tk.Tk()
   removeUserWindow.title("Remove User")
   removeUserWindow.geometry("1000x500")
    removeUserWindow.resizable(width=False,height=False)
    removeUserBody = tk.Frame(removeUserWindow,bg='#536878',height=500,width=1000)
    removeUserBody.grid(row=0,column=0)
   btnMainMenu = tk.Button(removeUserBody,text="Admin Menu",command=removeUserWindow.destroy,width=10, height=2)
    btnMainMenu.place(x=750,y=200)
    btnMainMenu.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnExit = tk.Button(removeUserBody,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10, height=2)
   btnExit.place(x=750,y=350)
    btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnRemoveUser = tk.Button(removeUserBody,text="Remove User",command=removeUser,width=10, height=2)
    btnRemoveUser.place(x=750,y=50)
    btnRemoveUser.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    lblAddTitle = tk.Label(removeUserBody,text="What user would you like to remove?")
    lblAddTitle.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblAddTitle.place(x=150,y=50)
   lblUsername = tk.Label(removeUserBody,text="Username:")
    lblUsername.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblUsername.place(x=50,y=150)
    global entUsername
    entUsername = tk.Entry(removeUserBody)
    entUsername.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entUsername.place(x=50,y=200,width=400,height=60)
    lblPassword = tk.Label(removeUserBody,text="Password:")
    lblPassword.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblPassword.place(x=50,y=300)
    global entPassword
    entPassword = tk.Entry(removeUserBody)
    entPassword.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entPassword.place(x=50,y=350,width=400,height=60)
    removeUserWindow.mainloop()
```

Figure 4.7: Update Admin function from admin window

Figure 4.7 is the final window exclusive to the admin user and can be found through the main admin window. This window provides the admin the capability to change who has admin access, still maintaining one primary admin user. The admin must first enter their current username and then the new username and password they would like the admin user to be associated with. After which, the admin must click the update admin button to complete the change. Once completed the current user will no longer be able to login as admin with their current information and will instead be a standard user. The new username and password will be able to login as admin and have all admin capabilities. This window also contains the standard main menu and exit app functions that provide the user with options as to how they would like to proceed after completing their desired function.



As the final admin function, the code is once again very similar except it has an extra entry box on top of the three buttons and two entry boxes in the add and remove user functions. This third box is for the old admin's username to ensure the right person is being changed. Other than that, the code remains the same with the window and body creation and the mainloop at the end to pack everything together.

```
def updateAdminWin():
   updateAdminWindow = tk.Tk()
   updateAdminWindow.title("Update Admin")
   updateAdminWindow.geometry("1000x500")
   updateAdminWindow.resizable(width=False,height=False)
   updateAdminBody = tk.Frame(updateAdminWindow,bg='#536878',height=500,width=1000)
   updateAdminBody.grid(row=0,column=0)
   btnMainMenu = tk.Button(updateAdminBody,text="Admin Menu",command=updateAdminWindow.destroy,width=10, height=2)
   btnMainMenu.place(x=750,y=200)
   btnMainMenu.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnExit = tk.Button(updateAdminBody,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10, height=2)
   btnExit.place(x=750,y=350)
   btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnAddUser = tk.Button(updateAdminBody,text="Update Admin",command=updateAdmin,width=10, height=2)
   btnAddUser.place(x=750,y=50)
   btnAddUser.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   lblAddTitle = tk.Label(updateAdminBody,text="What would you like to change Admin to?")
   lblAddTitle.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblAddTitle.place(x=150,y=25)
    lblUsername = tk.Label(updateAdminBody,text="New Username:")
    lblUsername.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblUsername.place(x=50,y=225)
    global entUsername
    entUsername = tk.Entry(updateAdminBody)
    entUsername.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entUsername.place(x=50,y=275,width=400,height=60)
    lblPassword = tk.Label(updateAdminBody,text="Password:")
    lblPassword.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblPassword.place(x=50,y=350)
    global entPassword
    entPassword = tk.Entry(updateAdminBody)
    entPassword.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entPassword.place(x=50,y=400,width=400,height=60)
    lblOldUser = tk.Label(updateAdminBody,text="Old Username:")
    lbl0ldUser.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lbl0ldUser.place(x=50,y=100)
    entOldUser = tk.Entry(updateAdminBody)
    entOldUser.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entOldUser.place(x=50,y=150,width=400,height=60)
    updateAdminWindow.mainloop()
```

Figure 4.8: User success popup

Figure 4.8 is another quick popup that will show the user that they have successfully logged in as a standard user and then redirects them to the main menu.

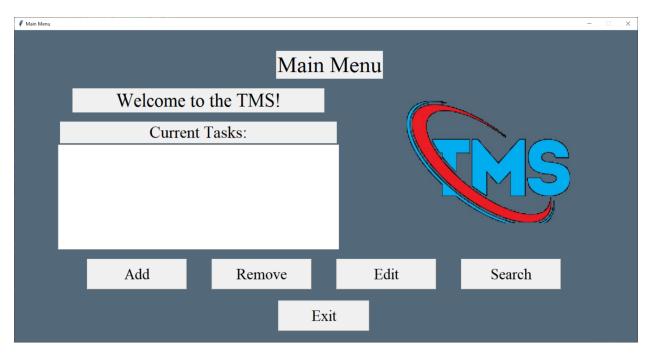


Similar to the admin login popup, this code first flashes a successful user login popup with the user's name in a formatted string. It then closes the login window since it is no longer necessary and calls the main menu to be opened.

```
messagebox.showinfo("User Login Success",f" Welcome {enteredUser} ")
loginwindow.destroy()
mainMenuWindow()
```

Figure 4.9: Main menu that will appear after successful login

Figure 4.9 is the main menu that the user will interact with either immediately if they are not an admin or through the main menu button on any admin window. This menu allows the user to manipulate and view the task management system along with its contents via the built in buttons which will be further explained in the following Figures. The main menu also will contain a list of tasks and their associated traits located in the large central box. Lastly, the main menu has an exit button allowing the user to quit the program entirely when desired.

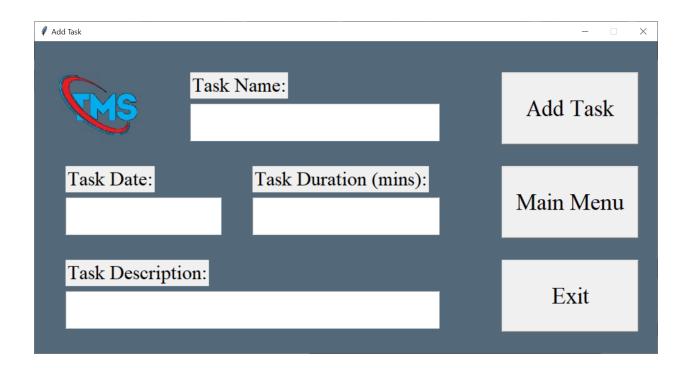


The main menu interface is bigger than the rest and starts with creating the window and body while making the sizes unchangeable. A large label is created to show that this window is the main menu, then five buttons are made. The first four bring the user to the functions of the TMS and the last exits the program. Then a large text box is made that will act as a list to display tasks. Finally the whole window is mainlooped to pack it all together and ensure the widgets all work properly.

```
#Main Menu Window
def mainMenuWindow():
   mainWindow = tk.Tk()
   mainWindow.title("Main Menu")
   mainWindow.geometry("1500x750")
    mainWindow.resizable(width=False, height=False)
    mainBody = tk.Frame(mainWindow,bg='#536878',height=750,width=1500)
    mainBody.grid(row=0,column=0)
    lblMainTitle = tk.Label(mainBody,text="Main Menu")
    lblMainTitle.config(font=("Times New Roman",40))
    lblMainTitle.place(x=630,y=50)
    btnExit = tk.Button(mainBody,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10)
    btnExit.place(x=635, y=650)
    btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    btnAdd = tk.Button(mainBody,text="Add",command=addTaskWin,width=11)
    btnAdd.place(x=175, y=550)
    btnAdd.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    btnRemove = tk.Button(mainBody,text="Remove",command=removeTaskWin,width=11)
    btnRemove.place(x=475, y=550)
    btnRemove.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    btnEdit = tk.Button(mainBody,text="Edit",command=editTaskWin,width=11)
    btnEdit.place(x=775, y=550)
    btnEdit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    btnSearch = tk.Button(mainBody,text="Search",command=searchTaskWin,width=11)
    btnSearch.place(x=1075, y=550)
    btnSearch.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    lblUserList = tk.Label(mainBody, text="Calendar", width=15)
    lblUserList.place(x = 600, y =150)
    lblUserList.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    txtUserList = tk.Text(mainBody, height=20, width=142)
    txtUserList.place(x=175, y = 200)
    mainWindow.mainloop()
```

Figure 4.10: Add function from the main menu

Figure 4.10 is the window that will appear when the user wishes to add a task. The text boxes will ask the user to input the task name, date, duration, and description, all of which will be stored when the user presses the Add Task button. The window will close upon the press of any of the three side buttons. Add Task will store the data in the text boxes and then close, Main Menu will return the user to the main menu (Figure 4.9), and Exit App will close everything including the main menu.

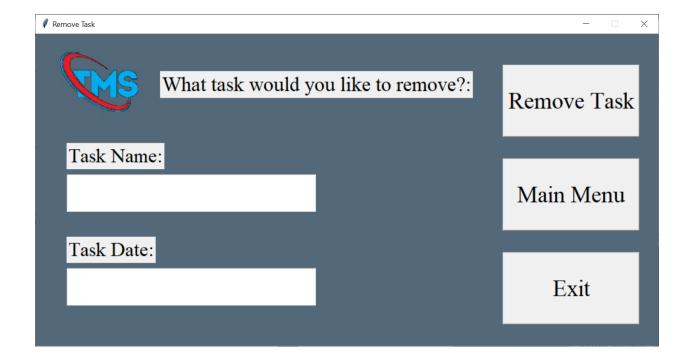


The add function starts off by creating a window and body that is unchangeable in size. Then three buttons are made and placed that allow the user to add the task, return to the main menu, or to exit the program. Four entry boxes and their respective labels are then made to accept the name, date, duration, and description of the task that the user wants to add. These entries are made global for later use and then the whole window is mainlooped to pack the widgets and make them functional in the program.

```
def addTaskWin():
   addWindow = tk.Tk()
   addWindow.title("Add Task")
   addWindow.geometry("1000x500")
   addWindow.resizable(width=False,height=False)
   addBody = tk.Frame(addWindow,bg='#536878',height=500,width=1000)
   addBody.grid(row=0,column=0)
   btnMainMenu = tk.Button(addBody,text="Main Menu",command=addWindow.destroy,width=10, height=2)
   btnMainMenu.place(x=750,y=200)
   btnMainMenu.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnExit = tk.Button(addBody,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10, height=2)
   btnExit.place(x=750,y=350)
   btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnAddTask = tk.Button(addBody,text="Add Task",command=addTask,width=10, height=2)
   btnAddTask.place(x=750,y=50)
   btnAddTask.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   lblTaskName = tk.Label(addBody,text="Task Name:")
   lblTaskName.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
   lblTaskName.place(x=50,y=50)
   global entTaskName
   entTaskName = tk.Entry(addBody)
   entTaskName.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
   entTaskName.place(x=50,y=100,width=400,height=60)
   lblDate = tk.Label(addBody,text="Task Date:")
   lblDate.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
   lblDate.place(x=50,y=200)
   global entDate
   entDate = tk.Entry(addBody)
   entDate.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
   entDate.place(x=50,y=250,width=150,height=60)
    lblDuration = tk.Label(addBody,text="Task Duration (mins):")
    lblDuration.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblDuration.place(x=300,y=200)
    global entDuration
    entDuration = tk.Entry(addBody)
    entDuration.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entDuration.place(x=300,y=250,width=300,height=60)
    lblDesc = tk.Label(addBody,text="Task Description:")
    lblDesc.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblDesc.place(x=50,y=350)
    global entDesc
    entDesc = tk.Entry(addBody)
    entDesc.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entDesc.place(x=50,y=400,width=600,height=60)
    addWindow.mainloop()
```

Figure 4.11: Remove function from the main menu

Figure 4.11 is an extension of the main menu window that can be reached by clicking the remove button. This window gives the user the capability to remove any task within the TMS by providing the name and date of the desired task. After which, the user will have to click remove task to finish the operation and then the task will be fully removed from the TMS profile of that user. This window also has a main menu and exit app button allowing the user to either return to the main menu or quit the app after completing their desired function.

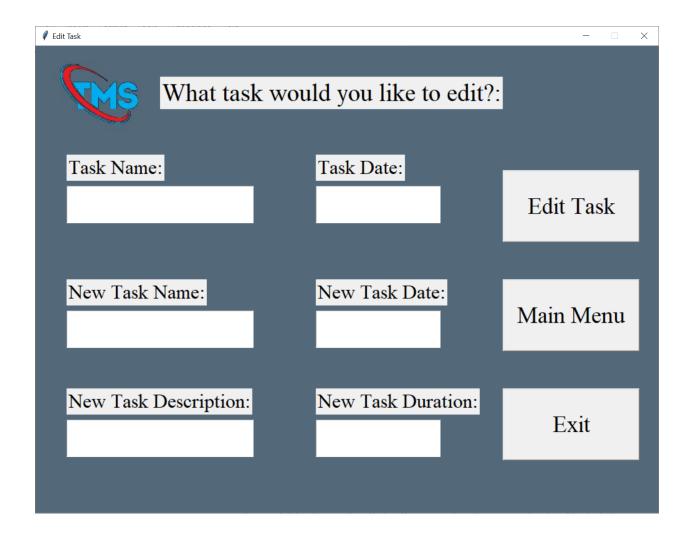


The remove task window is similar in structure to the add task, however it only has the entry boxes for name and date as opposed to the four boxes in add. It similarly has three buttons, one for removing the task, one for returning to the main menu, and one for exiting the program. It also follows the same formula as all the other windows with the creation of an unchangeable window and body to start and the mainloop to bring it all together at the end.

```
#Remove Task GUI
def removeTaskWin():
   removeWindow = tk.Tk()
   removeWindow.title("Remove Task")
   removeWindow.geometry("1000x500")
   removeWindow.resizable(width=False,height=False)
   removeBody = tk.Frame(removeWindow,bg='#536878',height=500,width=1000)
   removeBody.grid(row=0,column=0)
   lblRemove = tk.Label(removeBody,text="What task would you like to remove?:")
   lblRemove.config(font=("Times New Roman",30))
   lblRemove.place(x=75,y=50)
   btnMainMenu = tk.Button(removeBody,text="Main Menu",command=removeWindow.destroy,width=10, height=2)
   btnMainMenu.place(x=750,y=200)
   btnMainMenu.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnExit = tk.Button(removeBody,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10, height=2)
   btnExit.place(x=750,y=350)
   btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnAddUser = tk.Button(removeBody,text="Remove Task",command=removeTask,width=10, height=2)
   btnAddUser.place(x=750,y=50)
   btnAddUser.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   lblTaskName = tk.Label(removeBody,text="Task Name:")
    lblTaskName.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
   lblTaskName.place(x=50,y=175)
   entTaskName = tk.Entry(removeBody)
    entTaskName.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
   entTaskName.place(x=50,y=225,width=400,height=60)
    lblDate = tk.Label(removeBody,text="Task Date:")
    lblDate.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
   lblDate.place(x=50,y=325)
   entDate = tk.Entry(removeBody)
   entDate.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
   entDate.place(x=50,y=375,width=400,height=60)
   removeWindow.mainloop()
```

Figure 4.12: Edit function from the main menu

Figure 4.12 is the window that will appear when the user wishes to edit a task that already exists in the system. The text boxes will call for the user to enter the task name and date of the task they want to edit. This will allow us to identify the correct task if it is one that appears multiple times. Next the user will input the new data for the task. The window will close upon the press of any of the three side buttons. Edit Task will update the data in our system and then close, Main Menu will return the user to the main menu (Figure 4.9), and Exit App will close everything including the main menu.



The edit function starts with the creation of the unchangeable window and body as usual, and also maintains the three button structure on the right side. There's an edit button, main menu button, and an exit program button. This function has six entry boxes for the old name and date, then the new name, date, duration, and description of the task. All of the entries are globalized for later use, and the end of the program mainloops the window to ensure everything is packed together and functional when it is displayed.

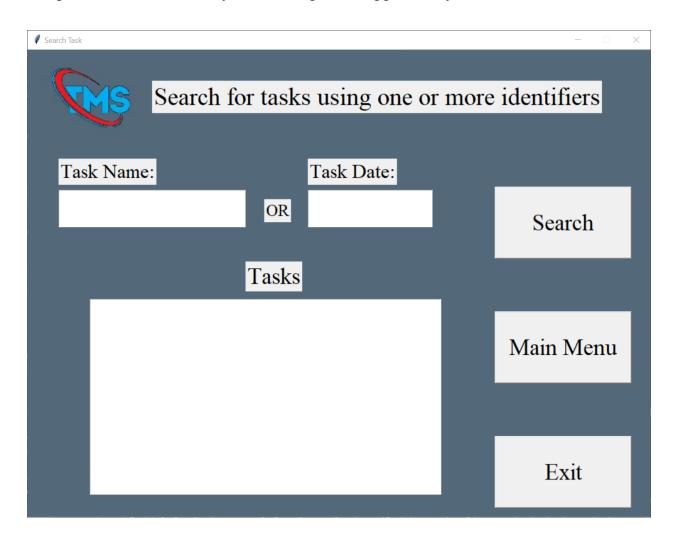
```
#Edit Task GUI
def editTaskWin():
    editWindow = tk.Tk()
    editWindow.title("Edit Task")
    editWindow.geometry("1000x750")
    editWindow.resizable(width=False,height=False)
   editBody = tk.Frame(editWindow,bg='#536878',height=750,width=1000)
    editBody.grid(row=0,column=0)
    lblEdit = tk.Label(editBody,text="What task would you like to edit?:")
    lblEdit.config(font=("Times New Roman",30))
    lblEdit.place(x=200,y=50)
    btnMainMenu = tk.Button(editBody,text="Main Menu",command=editWindow.destroy,width=10, height=2)
    btnMainMenu.place(x=750,y=375)
    btnMainMenu.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    btnExit = tk.Button(editBody,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10, height=2)
    btnExit.place(x=750,y=550)
    btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
   btnEdit = tk.Button(editBody,text="Edit Task",command=editTask,width=10, height=2)
    btnEdit.place(x=750,y=200)
    btnEdit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    lblTaskName = tk.Label(editBody,text="Task Name:")
    lblTaskName.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblTaskName.place(x=50,y=175)
    global entTaskName
    entTaskName = tk.Entry(editBody)
    entTaskName.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entTaskName.place(x=50,y=225,width=300,height=60)
    lblDate = tk.Label(editBody,text="Task Date:")
    lblDate.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblDate.place(x=450,y=175)
    global entDate
    entDate = tk.Entry(editBody)
    entDate.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entDate.place(x=450,y=225,width=200,height=60)
```

```
lblNewName = tk.Label(editBody,text="New Task Name:")
lblNewName.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
lblNewName.place(x=50,y=375)
global entNewName
entNewName = tk.Entry(editBody)
entNewName.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
entNewName.place(x=50,y=425,width=300,height=60)
lblNewDate = tk.Label(editBody,text="New Task Date:")
lblNewDate.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
lblNewDate.place(x=450,y=375)
global entNewDate
entNewDate = tk.Entry(editBody)
entNewDate.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
entNewDate.place(x=450,y=425,width=200,height=60)
lblNewDesc = tk.Label(editBody,text="New Task Description:")
lblNewDesc.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
lblNewDesc.place(x=50,y=550)
global entNewDesc
entNewDesc = tk.Entry(editBody)
entNewDesc.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
entNewDesc.place(x=50,y=600,width=300,height=60)
lblNewDur = tk.Label(editBody,text="New Task Duration:")
lblNewDur.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
lblNewDur.place(x=450,y=550)
global entNewDur
entNewDur = tk.Entry(editBody)
entNewDur.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
entNewDur.place(x=450,y=600,width=200,height=60)
editWindow.mainloop()
```

Figure 4.13: Search Function from the main menu

Figure 4.13 is the final function a user can perform within the TMS and can be found from the main menu by clicking the search button. This function will allow a user to find tasks with matching attributes to the provided information allowing for both general searches of a single day or a complex search to find an exact task.

Once the user provides the desired information in the entries, they can press search to complete the action and find the tasks with matching attributes. This window also includes the standard main menu and exit functions allowing the user to complete more tasks if they desire or quit the app entirely.



Just as the other windows are created, the search window is created and made to be unchangeable with a body the same size. A label is made instructing the users to enter information that will help the TMS search for specific tasks. The same typical three buttons are made allowing the user to search for tasks, return to the main menu, or to exit the program. Four entry boxes are made for the user to enter the name, date, duration, and description of the tasks they are looking for in each labeled box. Then a big text box is made that will display the tasks that match the entered information. Finally, the window is mainlooped to pack all the widgets and ensure they work as intended upon calling the function.

```
#Search Task GUI
def searchTaskWin():
    searchWindow = tk.Tk()
    searchWindow.title("Search Task")
   searchWindow.geometry("1000x750")
   searchWindow.resizable(width=False, height=False)
    searchBody = tk.Frame(searchWindow,bg='#536878',height=750,width=1000)
    searchBody.grid(row=0,column=0)
   lblEdit = tk.Label(searchBody,text="Search for tasks using one or more identifiers")
    lblEdit.config(font=("Times New Roman",30))
    lblEdit.place(x=200,y=50)
    btnMainMenu = tk.Button(searchBody,text="Main Menu",command=searchWindow.destroy,width=10, height=2)
    btnMainMenu.place(x=750,y=420)
    btnMainMenu.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    btnExit = tk.Button(searchBody,text="Exit",command=exit,width=10, height=2)
    btnExit.place(x=750,y=620)
    btnExit.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    btnSearch = tk.Button(searchBody,text="Search",command=exit,width=10, height=2)
    btnSearch.place(x=750,y=220)
    btnSearch.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    lblTaskName = tk.Label(searchBody,text="Task Name:")
    lblTaskName.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblTaskName.place(x=50,y=175)
    entTaskName = tk.Entry(searchBody)
    entTaskName.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entTaskName.place(x=50,y=225,width=300,height=60)
    lblDate = tk.Label(searchBody,text="Task Date:")
    lblDate.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblDate.place(x=50,y=325)
    entDate = tk.Entry(searchBody)
    entDate.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entDate.place(x=50,y=375,width=200,height=60)
    lblNewName = tk.Label(searchBody,text="Task Duration:")
    lblNewName.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    lblNewName.place(x=50,y=475)
    entNewName = tk.Entry(searchBody)
    entNewName.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entNewName.place(x=50,y=525,width=300,height=60)
    lblNewDesc = tk.Label(searchBody,text="Task Description:")
    lblNewDesc.config(font=("Times New Roman",24))
    1b1NewDesc.place(x=50,y=625)
    entNewDesc = tk.Entry(searchBody)
    entNewDesc.config(font=("Times New Roman", 20))
    entNewDesc.place(x=50,y=675,width=300,height=60)
    lblTasks = tk.Label(searchBody, text="Tasks")
    lblTasks.place(x = 500, y = 150)
    lblTasks.config(font=("Times New Roman", 28))
    txtTasks = tk.Text(searchBody, height=32, width=40)
    txtTasks.place(x=390, y = 220)
    searchWindow.mainloop()
```

Full UX and UI Diagram

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1bygt078_N-g_0CjdQ1B8VBVUbyjlgudS/view?usp=sharing

Data Storage

Data from the program is stored in two ways: through a users.csv file and an associated csv file for each user in the database. When a user is created via the admin menu, the users.csv file is updated to create a new row with the person's admin value and their credentials. If a person has a stored admin value of 1, they are granted admin permissions upon login and if they have a 0, they will only be able to access the main menu. Upon user creation a new csv file will be created in their name to better organize the data and keep each user's tasks private only to them. By having a file associated with each user, the program can only manipulate their associated tasks allowing for multiple users to interact with the program without issues. Similarly, when a user is deleted their credentials are erased from the users.csv file and their associated csv in their name is deleted too so there will only be as many csv files as current users within the program.

For the coding aspect of the storage, we used a combination of built in python functions and the pandas package to receive and manipulate the data provided by the user. In doing so we found the greatest success in creating a sustainable program that can do a combination of functions without losing any data from the users.