Introduction to Computer Vision

Assignment #4

Due: Dec.-18 (Fri.) (before 11:59pm)

Instruction

- a. Submit your source codes, report, and descriptor in a single compressed file "CV A4 *StudentID*.zip" to iCampus.
- b. Python 3.7 or higher / OpenCV 3.4 or higher will be used to execute your submitted codes.
- c. You can submit at most 7 files.
 - Mandatory files: A4 StudentID.des, A4 compute descriptors.py, A4 report.pdf
- d. Any work that you turn in should be your own.

Part #1. Image Retrieval [100 pts]

The requirements will be evaluated based on your descriptor file, 'A4_StudentID.des'

- 1-1. Dataset: a subset of UKBench
 - a) 1000 images and their pre-extracted SIFT features are given.
 - b) Each four consecutive images (e.g. ukbench00000--00003.jpg, ukbench00004--00007.jpg, ...) are considered as relevant items, and thus they are ground truth retrieval results.
 - c) Each SIFT feature corresponding to an image (sift100000--100999) has the following binary file format:

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_{1,1} & v_{1,2} & \dots & v_{1,128} \\ v_{2,1} & v_{2,2} & \dots & v_{2,128} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ v_{n,1} & v_{n,2} & \dots & v_{n,128} \end{bmatrix}$$

The image has n SIFT features and each SIFT descriptor is 128-dimensional vector. Note that, each value $v_{i,j}$ is stored as 'unsigned char' format (1 byte representing a range from 0 to 255).

- 1-2. Task: computing image descriptors for the retrieval task
 - a) Your task is to compute image descriptors that reflect similarities among images by L_1 or L_2 distances. You should store the descriptors as the following binary format file:

$$\begin{array}{c} N \ D \\ d_{1,1} \ d_{1,2} \ ... \ d_{1,D} \\ d_{2,1} \ d_{2,2} \ ... \ d_{2,D} \\ ... \\ d_{N,1} \ d_{N,2} \ ... \ d_{N,D} \end{array}$$

, where N and D are the number of images (=1000) and the dimensionality of each descriptor, respectively. And $d_{i,j}$ is j^{th} element of i^{th} descriptor. The required data types of variables are summarized as follows:

Variable	Туре
N	Signed 32 bits integer (<i>int</i> in C/C++)
D	Signed 32 bits integer (<i>int</i> in C/C++)
$d_{i,j}$	32 bits floating point (<i>float</i> in C/C++)

Note that, the <u>dimensionality of your descriptor cannot be larger than 1,024</u> (i.e. $D \le 1024$). In other words, the size of your descriptor file 'A4_StudentID.des' can be up to 4,096,008 bytes (= $2 \times 4 + 1000 \times 1024$ bytes).

- b) You need to submit a code to produce the descriptors. Your script should run when they are located at some directory containing 'image' and 'sift' directories as sub-directories. In other words, you should specify the data path as a relative directory path in your implementation. Name your code as 'A4_compute_descriptors.py'. You can also submit an additional file such as a pre-computed codeword vectors if needed.
- c) Once you produced the descriptor file, you can evaluate your descriptors by using provided executable 'Eval.exe'. The program will evaluate your descriptors according to both L_1 and L_2 distances and take the higher one. It only works in Windows OS. You have to specify your descriptor file name as the following example:

```
D:₩>Eval.exe A4_12345678.des
A4_12345678.des -> L1: 3.1480 / L2: 3.2020
Your Accuracy = 3.202000
D:₩>
```

Note that, the accuracy is ranging from 0 to 4.

- d) You are required to submit a report 'A4_report.pdf' that describes your approach to compute the image descriptors. It should be longer than 1 page but shorter than 3 pages.
- e) It is strongly prohibited to produce image descriptors by abusing the characteristics of the dataset. One typical example is setting $d_1 = d_2 = d_3 = d_4 = [1,0,0,...,0], d_5 = d_6 = d_7 = d_8 = [0,1,0,...,0].$