

ALGORITHMS ASSIGNMENT

Huffman Code



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Solution 1:

Implementation Done. Code and Output Table Pasted Below.

Solution 2: Algorithms Used

1(a)Priority Queue

HEAP-EXTRACT-MIN(A)

- 1. If A.heapsize<1
- 2. error "heap underflow"
- 3. min=A[1]
- 4. A[1] = A[A.heapsize]
- 5. A.heapsize = A.heapsize-1
- 6. MIN-HEAPIFY(A,1)
- 7. return min

HEAP-INSERT-KEY(A,key)

- 1. A.heapsize = A.heapsize+1;
- 2. A[A.heapszie]=key
- 3. i = A.heapsize
- 4. while i>1 and A[PARENT(i)]>A[i]
- 5. *exchange* A[i] with A[PARENT(i)]
- 6. i=PARENT(i)

PARENT(i)

1. return floor(i/2)

1(b)Merging Two nodes

HUFFMAN-NODES-MERGE(A)

- 1. while A.heapsize!=1
- 2. allocate a new node Z
- 3. Z.left=x=HEAP-EXTRACT-MIN(A)
- 4. Z.right=y= HEAP-EXTRACT-MIN(A)
- 5. *Z.freq=x.freq+y.freq*
- 6. HEAP-INSERT-KEY(A,Z)
- 7. Return HEAP-EXTRACT-MIN(A)

1 (c) COMIBINING to make Huffman code

HUFFMAN-CODE(A,Data,Freq)

```
1. for i=1 upto Data.size
```

- 2. A[i].data=Data[i]
- 3. A[i].freq=Freq[i]
- 4. BUILD-MIN-HEAP(A)
- 5. root = HUFFMAN-NODES-MERGE(A)
- 6. create array "code"
- 7. *top=0*
- 8. PRINT-HUFFMAN-CODE(root,code,top)

1(d) Decoding and Printing the Codes

PRINT-HUFFMAN-CODE(root,code,top)

```
1. If root->left
```

- 2. code[top] = 0
- 3. PRINT-HUFFMAN-CODE(root->left,code,top+1)
- 4. If root->right
- 5. code[top] = 0
- 6. PRINT-HUFFMAN-CODE(root->right,code,top+1)
- 7. *If root is a leaf node*
- 8. print array "code"

1(e) STRUCTURE OF NODES

```
Struct heapnode{
     Char data;
     Int freq;
     Struct heapnode *left, *right;
}
```

Solution 3

CODE:

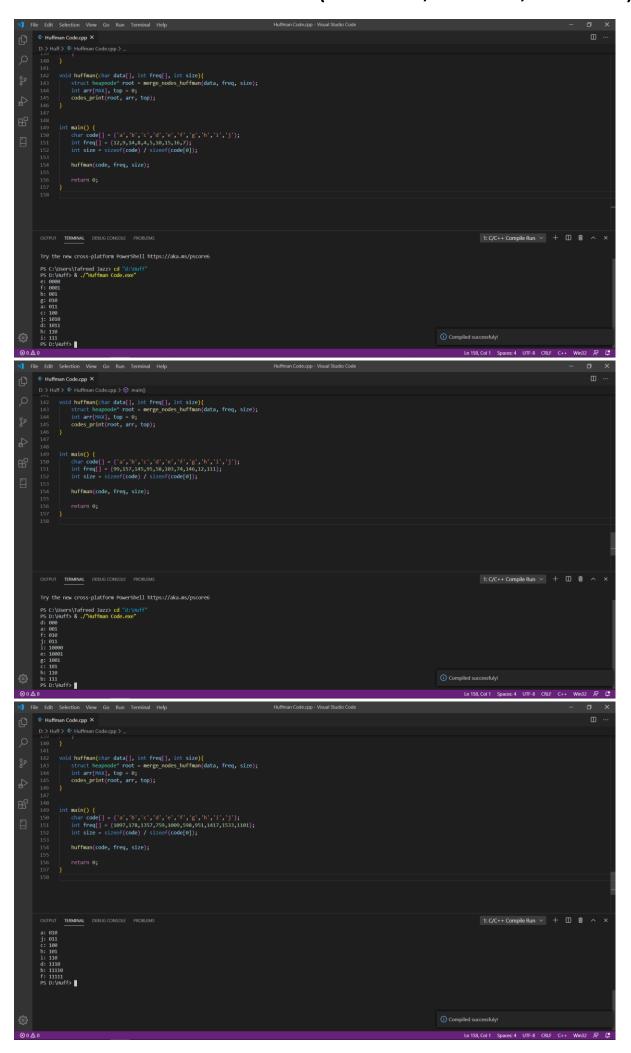
```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define MAX 100
struct heapnode{
  char data;
  int freq;
  struct heapnode *left, *right;
};
struct heap{
  int size;
  int heapsize;
  struct heapnode** arr;
};
struct heapnode* new_node(char data, unsigned freq){
  struct heapnode* temp = (struct heapnode*)malloc(sizeof(struct heapnode));
  temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
  temp->data = data;
  temp->freq = freq;
  return temp;
}
struct heap* create(unsigned heapsize){
  struct heap* heap = (struct heap*)malloc(sizeof(struct heap));
  heap->size = 0;
  heap->heapsize = heapsize;
  heap->arr = (struct heapnode**)malloc(heap->
  heapsize * sizeof(struct heapnode*));
  return heap;
}
```

```
void swap_node(struct heapnode** node1,struct heapnode** node2){
  struct heapnode* temp = *node1;
  *node1 = *node2;
  *node2 = temp;
}
void heapify(struct heap* heap, int index){
  int small = index;
  int left = 2 * index + 1;
  int right = 2 * index + 2;
  if (left < heap->size && heap->arr[left]->freq < heap->arr[small]->freq)
    small = left;
  if (right < heap->size && heap->arr[right]->freq < heap->arr[small]->freq)
    small = right;
  if (small != index) {
    swap_node(&heap->arr[small],&heap->arr[index]);
    heapify(heap, small);
  }
}
int size_check(struct heap* heap){
  return (heap->size == 1);
}
struct heapnode* extractMin(struct heap* heap){
  struct heapnode* temp = heap->arr[0];
  heap->arr[0]
    = heap->arr[heap->size - 1];
  --heap->size;
  heapify(heap, 0);
  return temp;
void insertheap(struct heap* heap,struct heapnode* heapnode){
```

```
++heap->size;
  int i = heap->size - 1;
  while (i && heapnode->freq < heap->arr[(i - 1) / 2]->freq) {
    heap->arr[i] = heap->arr[(i-1)/2];
    i = (i - 1) / 2;
  }
  heap->arr[i] = heapnode;
}
void buildheap(struct heap* heap){
  int n = heap->size - 1;
  int i;
  for (i = (n - 1) / 2; i >= 0; --i)
    heapify(heap, i);
}
void printArr(int arr[], int n){
  int i;
  for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    cout << arr[i];
  cout << endl;
}
int leaf_check(struct heapnode* root){
  return !(root->left) && !(root->right);
}
struct heap* createAndBuildheap(char data[], int freq[], int size) {
  struct heap* heap = create(size);
  for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i)
    heap->arr[i] = new_node(data[i], freq[i]);
  heap->size = size;
  buildheap(heap);
  return heap;
}
struct heapnode* merge_nodes_huffman(char data[], int freq[], int size){
  struct heapnode *left, *right, *top;
  struct heap* heap = createAndBuildheap(data, freq, size);
  while (!size_check(heap)){
    left = extractMin(heap);
```

```
right = extractMin(heap);
    top = new_node('$', left->freq + right->freq);
    top->left = left;
    top->right = right;
    insertheap(heap, top);
  }
  return extractMin(heap);
}
void codes_print(struct heapnode* root, int arr[], int top){
  if (root->left) {
    arr[top] = 0;
    codes_print(root->left, arr, top + 1);
  }
  if (root->right) {
    arr[top] = 1;
    codes_print(root->right, arr, top + 1);
  }
  if (leaf_check(root)) {
    cout<< root->data <<": ";
    printArr(arr, top);
  }
}
void huffman(char data[], int freq[], int size){
  struct heapnode* root = merge nodes huffman(data, freq, size);
  int arr[MAX], top = 0;
  codes_print(root, arr, top);
}
 int main() {
  char code[] = {'a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h','i','j'};
  int freq[] = {1097,178,1357,759,1009,598,951,1417,1533,1101};
  int size = sizeof(code) / sizeof(code[0]);
  huffman(code, freq, size);
  return 0;
}
```

SNAPSHOT OF OUTPUT(TEXT-1, TEXT-2, TEXT-3)

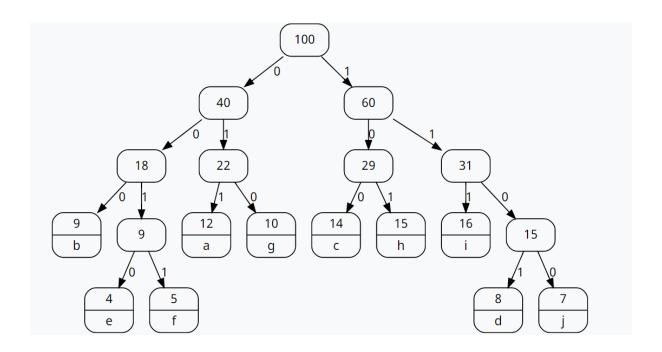


OUTPUT TABLE:

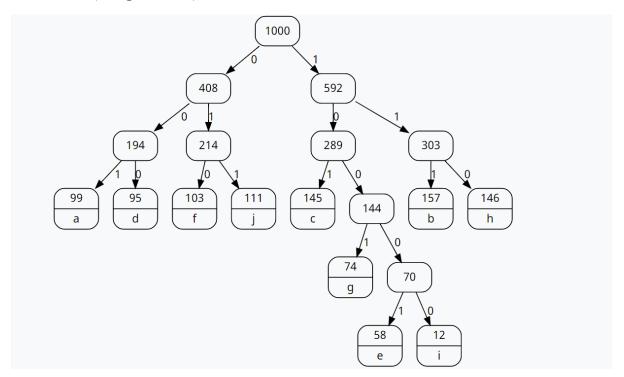
Character	TEXT 1 (Length 100)		TEXT 2 (Length 1000)		TEXT 3 (Length 10000)	
а	12	011	99	001	1097	010
b	9	001	157	111	178	11110
С	14	100	145	101	1357	100
d	8	1011	95	000	759	1110
е	4	0000	58	10001	1009	001
f	5	0001	103	010	598	11111
g	10	010	74	1001	951	000
h	15	110	146	110	1417	101
i	16	111	12	10000	1533	110
j	7	1010	111	011	1101	011

SOLUTION 4: Structure of Huffman Tree

For TEXT-1(Length 100)



For TEXT-2(Length 1000)



For TEXT-2(Length 10000)

