Lawrence of Tark-140 history across 270 mil the is complosed in our colour for sody, me - v BF3 visited = [] -> 0(1) admir 6fs (visited, groph, node, ordpoint) Visited. apperd (node) grewe append (node) while quele not empty > 0 (n) m [gpop(s] for each neighbour of mingraph > O(m) if reignbour not in visited visited oppend (neighbour).

In BFS, when entire tree is traverred. then time complexity is O(v). V= number of nodos

E= number of edges

The total of the sizes of the adjacency. Lists of all nodes in a directed graph is E. And in care of undirected graph member of edge is twice. Here the given graph is undirected.

The time complexity of BFS will be, O(V)+ O(2E) = O(V+E)

In core of odjaceney motris, BFS time complexity is $O(V*V) = O(V^2)$

E = number of edges

Here the given graph is lendirected. In cone of this, cour edge appears twice. And as the tree of traversed its time complexity is o(v).

The time complexity of DFS: O(V)+ O(2E) [] = 1517011 = O (VtE) (observations) postorius ja

In case of matrix, time complexity is 0 (V*V) = 0 (V2)

Aprilit (grapho) Rival will get to the victory road first because he implemented DFS algorithm to reach victory roads.

Because, in BFS when we see the output ornier in Ash visifed how many countries to rear victory road,

1-2-3-4-5-7-11-6-12

we see Ash visited 7 cities to reach victory road. And un DFS, rival crany 1-2-3-4-7-11-12

So we can say that using BFS it took more time to Ash for reaching victory road but rival crary took less time on he imple--mental DFS.