

10/11/23

Deep Learning

◦ Recap

◦ VAE Solution

◦ Reparameterization Trick

◦ Recap: $\log p(x) - D(q(z|x) || p(z|x)) =$

$$E_{z \sim q(z|x)} \left[\log p(x|z) \right] - D(q(z|x) || p(z)) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$\underbrace{D(q(z|x) || p(z))}_{\text{KL}(\mathcal{N}(\mu_0, \Sigma_0) || \mathcal{N}(\mu_1, \Sigma_1))}$

$$- q(z|x) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_\phi(x), \Sigma_\phi(x))$$

$$- p(x|z) \sim \mathcal{N}(f(z; \theta), \sigma^2 I)$$

$$\mathcal{N}(\mu_\theta(z), \sigma^2 I)$$

$$- p(z) \sim \mathcal{N}(0, I)$$

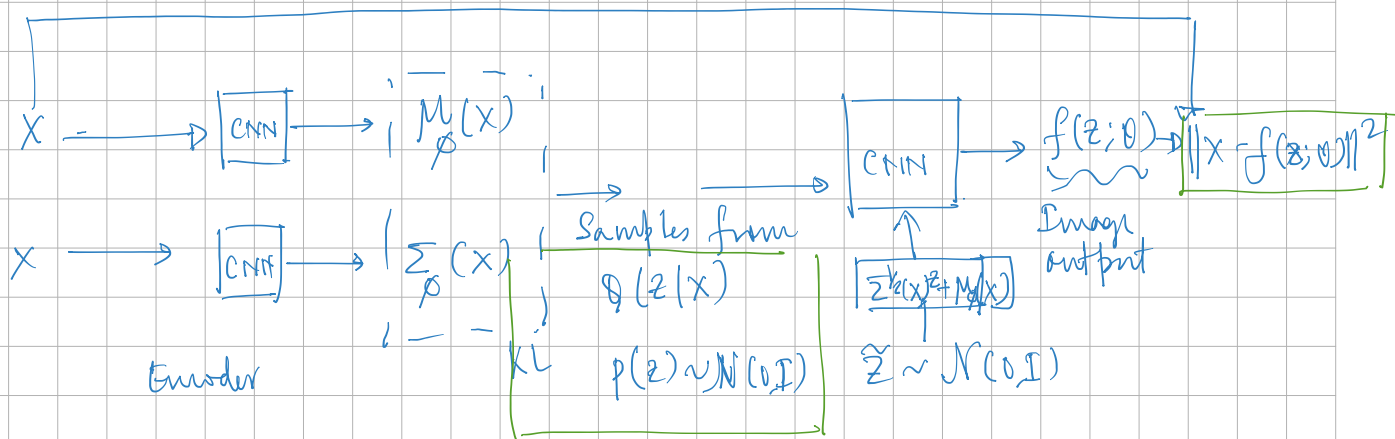
$$- D(\mathcal{N}(\mu_0, \Sigma_0) || \mathcal{N}(\mu_1, \Sigma_1)) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\text{tr}(\Sigma_1^{-1} \Sigma_0) + (\mu_1 - \mu_0)^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (\mu_1 - \mu_0) - k + \log \left(\frac{\det \Sigma_1}{\det \Sigma_0} \right) \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow D(q(z|x) || p(z)) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\text{tr}(\Sigma_\phi(x)) + \mu_\phi(x)^T \cdot \mu_\phi(x) - k + \log \frac{1}{\det \Sigma_\phi(x)} \right]$$

$\underbrace{\text{dim of RV.}}_{\text{(Second term in (1))}}$

$$\log p(x|z) = \log \left(k \exp \left[-\frac{\|x - f(z; \theta)\|^2}{\sigma^2} \right] \right) \quad \text{(first term in (1))}$$

$$\propto -\|x - f(z; \theta)\|^2$$



- SGD for Optimization

- Note: Gradients cannot be propagated through a sampling function.

- Therefore: $Z \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_\phi(x), \Sigma_\phi(x))$ is achieved as follows

$$\tilde{Z} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, I); \quad Z = \Sigma_\phi(x)^{1/2} \tilde{Z} + \mu_\phi(x).$$