

Name :

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Id :

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major :

A1

Level :

II

Question (1):

(a) Using Factoria $\rightarrow 8! = 40320$

(b) $2! \cdot 7! = 10080$ why

(c) $4 \times 4 \times 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2 = 576 \times 2 = 1152$ \rightarrow we can start with men or women

(d) $4! \times 5! = 2880$

(e) $4! \times (2!)^4 = 384$ $\boxed{100} \times \boxed{00} \times \boxed{00} \times \boxed{00}$

Question (2):

(a) $(1+2+3)! = 720$ way

(b) $3! \cdot 3! \cdot 2! = 72$ $\boxed{000} \boxed{00} \square$

(c) $3! \cdot 4! = 144$ $\boxed{000} \square \square \square$

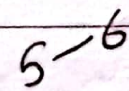
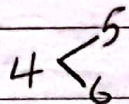
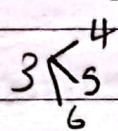
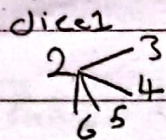
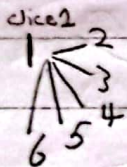
Question (3):

$$(a) P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) = 0,3 + 0,5 = 0,8$$

$$(b) P(A \cap B') = P(A) = 0,3$$

$$(c) P(A \cap B) = 0 \rightarrow \text{mutually exclusive}$$

Question (4):

sample space: $6 \times 6 = 36$ possible outcome

$$P(A) = \frac{15}{36} = \frac{5}{12}$$

Question (5):

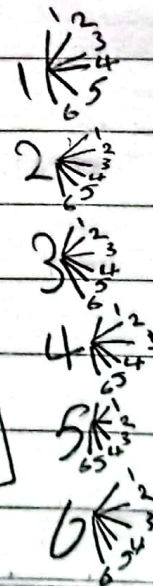
at least one land on 6 $\rightarrow A$ dice land on diff num $\rightarrow B$

$$\therefore P(A) = 6 \cdot 2 = 12 - 1 = \frac{11}{36}$$

double
count of
(6,6)

$$\therefore P(B) = \frac{30}{36}$$

$$\therefore P(A/B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{\frac{10}{36}}{\frac{30}{36}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$



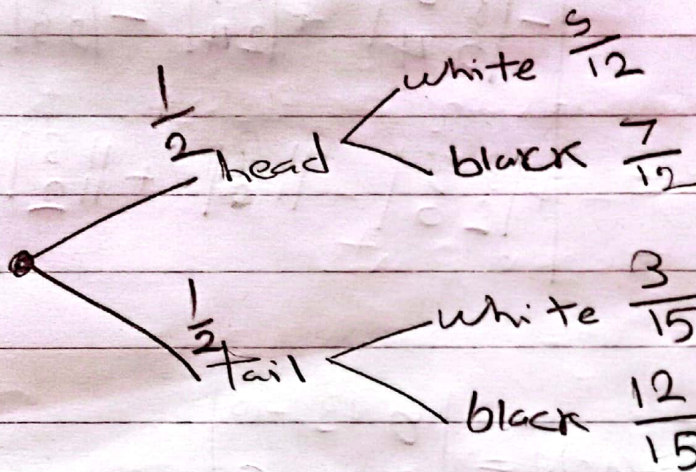
Subject: _____

Date: _____

Q6:

$$P(T/w) = \frac{P(T \cap w)}{P(w)} = \frac{P(w|T) \cdot P(T)}{P(w)}$$

$\rightarrow P(T/w)$



$$P(T/w) = \frac{(\frac{3}{15} \times \frac{1}{2}) \times \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{12} \times \frac{1}{2}) + \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{15} \times \frac{1}{2})} = 0,324$$