# CryptoTradeRisk-DSA210: Model Evaluation Results

### April 25, 2025

### 1 Introduction

This document presents the model evaluation results for the CryptoTradeRisk-DSA210 project, conducted as part of Step 5 on April 25, 2025. The models were developed to predict trading outcomes and assess risk in cryptocurrency trading, using the dataset processed\_data.csv and supporting files (trades.csv, news.csv, social\_media.csv, fear\_greed.csv, portfolio.csv). The evaluation focuses on three models: Logistic Regression (balanced), Random Forest for predicting Total\_PnL, and a VAR model for forecasting Portfolio\_Value\_USD, BTC\_Price, and ETH\_Price. Additionally, a refined risk metric is presented.

### 2 Model Evaluation Results

# 2.1 Logistic Regression Model for Total\_PnL (Balanced)

The Logistic Regression model predicts whether Total\_PnL is positive (80) or negative (-40), using features: News\_Sentiment\_Avg, Lagged\_News\_Sentiment, BTC\_Price\_Change, ETH\_Price\_Change, and BTC\_Momentum. Class weighting (class\_weight='balanced') was applied to address class imbalance.

- Mean Cross-Validation Accuracy: 0.500
- Classification Report (on full data):

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Negative PnL	0.30	0.60	0.40	5
Positive PnL	0.86	0.63	0.73	19
accuracy			0.62	24
macro avg	0.58	0.62	0.56	24
weighted avg	0.74	0.62	0.66	24

#### • Feature Coefficients:

- News\_Sentiment\_Avg: 0.054

- Lagged\_News\_Sentiment: -0.409

BTC\_Price\_Change: -0.080ETH\_Price\_Change: 0.288

- BTC\_Momentum: -0.013

#### 2.2 Random Forest Model for Total\_PnL

The Random Forest model uses the same features as Logistic Regression, with n\_estimators=50 and class\_weight='balanced'.

- Mean Cross-Validation Accuracy: 0.830
- Classification Report (on full data):

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Negative PnL	1.00	1.00	1.00	5
Positive PnL	1.00	1.00	1.00	19
accuracy			1.00	24
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	24
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	24

#### • Feature Importances:

- News\_Sentiment\_Avg: 0.171

- Lagged\_News\_Sentiment: 0.212

- BTC\_Price\_Change: 0.149
- ETH\_Price\_Change: 0.283

- BTC\_Momentum: 0.184

# 2.3 VAR Model for Portfolio\_Value\_USD, BTC\_Price, and ETH\_Price

The VAR model forecasts Portfolio\_Value\_USD, BTC\_Price, and ETH\_Price using a lag order of 1. The last 5 days (04/14/2025-04/18/2025) are used for testing.

Date	Actual Portfolio Value (USD)	Forecasted Portfolio Value (USD)	Actual I
04/14/2025	2607.07	3901.95	
04/15/2025	3850.77	4213.86	
04/16/2025	2560.68	4467.78	
04/17/2025	3885.73	4764.11	
04/18/2025	2622.93	5068.55	

Table 1: Forecasting Results

• Mean Absolute Error (Portfolio\_Value\_USD): 1377.81

#### 2.4 Risk Metric

The risk metric uses a 7-day rolling window for volatility, with adjustments for BTC momentum.

• Latest BTC Volatility (7-day): 0.0218

• Latest ETH Volatility (7-day): 0.0257

• Latest Risk Score (Normalized): 0.7445

## 3 Conclusions

The model evaluation highlights the following insights:

- The Logistic Regression model (balanced) achieves a cross-validation accuracy of 0.500, performing no better than random guessing. While recall for Negative PnL improved to 0.60, the model's overall performance is poor due to the small dataset.
- The Random Forest model significantly outperforms Logistic Regression, with a cross-validation accuracy of 0.830. However, the perfect performance on the full data (accuracy: 1.00) suggests overfitting, and the cross-validation accuracy may be optimistic given the small dataset.
- The VAR model forecasts Portfolio\_Value\_USD with an MAE of 1377.81, much higher than the previous ARIMA model (MAE: 134.28). The model overestimates portfolio value and fails to capture volatility, likely due to the small dataset and simple lag order.
- The risk metric (score: 0.7445) indicates moderate-to-high risk on the latest day (04/18/2025), driven by recent volatility and positive BTC momentum.

Future steps include deploying the Random Forest model for Total\_PnL prediction, improving the VAR model with more data and tuning, and operationalizing the risk metric with actionable thresholds. Collecting more data is critical to enhance model performance.