

(Q6)

Sol)  $V_1 = (1, 6, 4), V_2 = (2, 4, -1), V_3 = (-1, 2, 5),$   
 $W_1 = (1, -2, -5)$  and  $W_2 = (0, 2, 9)$

$$\text{Span}(V_1, V_2, V_3) = \text{Span}(W_1, W_2)$$

∴ If  $W_1$  and  $W_2$  span off  $\{V_1, V_2, V_3\}$

$$k_1 V_1 + k_2 V_2 + k_3 V_3 = W_1$$

$$k_1(1, 6, 4) + k_2(2, 4, -1) + k_3(-1, 2, 5) = (1, -2, -5)$$

$$A_{1b} = \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 6 & 4 & 2 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & 5 & -5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -8 & 8 & -8 \\ 0 & -9 & 9 & -9 \end{array} \right] \begin{matrix} R_2 - 6R_1 \\ R_3 - 4R_1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{array} \right] \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{8}R_2 \\ \frac{1}{9}R_3 \end{matrix}$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{matrix} R_3 - R_2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{Rank}(A) = 2, \text{Rank}(A_b) = 2$$

$$\therefore \text{Rank}(A) = \text{Rank}(A_b)$$

∴ System is Consistent and will Span

21K-3881

$$k_1 V_1 + k_2 V_2 + k_3 V_3 = W_2$$

$$k_1(1, 6, 4) + k_2(2, 4, -1) + k_3(-1, 2, 5) = (0, 3)$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 6 & 4 & 2 & 8 \\ 4 & -1 & 5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -8 & 8 & 8 \\ 0 & -9 & 9 & 9 \end{array} \right] R_2 - 6R_1, R_3 - 4R_1$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \frac{1}{8}R_2, \frac{1}{9}R_3$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] R_3 - R_2$$

$$\text{Rank}(A) = 2, \text{Rank}(A_b) = 2$$

$$\text{Rank}(A) = \text{Rank}(A_b) = 2$$

$\therefore$  System is Consistent and will 8pm.

$\therefore$  Both  $W_1$  and  $W_2$  are 8pm.

2WZ-3881

\* If  $\{V_1, V_2, V_3\}$  span of  $\{W_1, W_2\}$ :

$$k_1 W_1 + k_2 W_2 = V_1$$

$$k_1(1, -2, -5) + k_2(0, 8, 9) = (1, 6, 4)$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 8 & 6 \\ -5 & 9 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 8 & 8 & 8 \\ 0 & 9 & 9 & 9 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_2 + 2R_1, \\ R_3 + 5R_1 \end{array}$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2}R_2, \frac{1}{9}R_3 \end{array}$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_3 - R_2 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Rank}(A) = 2, \text{Rank}(A_b) = 2$$

$$\therefore \text{Rank}(A) = \text{Rank}(A_b)$$

$\therefore$  System is Consistent and will Span.

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$$k_1 w_1 + k_2 w_2 = V_2$$
$$k_1(1, -2, -5) + k_2(0, 8, 9) = (2, 4, -1)$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 8 & 4 \\ -5 & 9 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 8 & 8 \\ 0 & 9 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} R_2 + 2R_1, \\ R_3 + 5R_1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\sim \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{8}R_2, \frac{1}{9}R_3 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\sim \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} R_3 - R_2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\text{Rank}(A) = 2, \text{Rank}(A_b) = 2$$

$$\therefore \text{Rank}(A) = \text{Rank}(A_b)$$

$\therefore$  System is Consistent and will Span.

$$k_1 \mathbf{w}_1 + k_2 \mathbf{w}_2 = \mathbf{v}_3$$

$$k_1(1, -2, -5) + k_2(0, 8, 9) = (-1, 2, 5)$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & 8 & 2 \\ -5 & 9 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 8 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_2 + 2R_1, \\ R_3 + 5R_1 \end{array}$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{8}R_2, \frac{1}{9}R_3 \end{array}$$

$$\sim \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_3 - R_2 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Rank}(A) = 2, \text{Rank}(A_b) = 2$$

$$\therefore \text{Rank}(A) = \text{Rank}(A_b)$$

$\therefore$  System is Consistent and will Span

$\therefore$  All the three vectors ( $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3$ )

are Span.

Proved

(Q7)

Sol) 
$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 + 5x_2 + x_3 &= 0 \\ x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 &= 0 \\ 3x_1 + 4x_2 - 9x_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & -9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & -9 \end{bmatrix} R_{12}$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} R_2 &= 2R_1, \\ R_3 &- 3R_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & -15 \end{bmatrix} R_3 - 3R_1$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & -15 \end{bmatrix} (-1) R_2$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} R_3 + 5R_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 &= 0 \\ x_2 + 3x_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let } x_3 = t$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 + 3t = 0$$

$$\boxed{x_2 = -3t}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 + 3(-3t) + 2t = 0$$

$$x_1 - 9t + 2t = 0$$

$$x_1 - 7t = 0$$

$$\boxed{x_1 = 7t}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = t \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Basis} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$\therefore$  The dimension of solution space is 1.

(Q8)

$$\text{Sol) } \{1, (t-1), (t-1)^2, (t-1)^3, (t-1)^4\}$$

Let  $V_1 = 1$ 

$$V_2 = t-1, V_3 = (t-1)^2,$$

$$V_4 = (t-1)^3, V_5 = (t-1)^4$$

$$\Rightarrow k_1 V_1 + k_2 V_2 + k_3 V_3 + k_4 V_4 + k_5 V_5 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (t-1)^2 = t^2 - 2t + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow (t-1)^3 = t^3 - 3(t^2)(1) + 3(t)(1) - (1)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow ((t-1)^2)^2 = (t^2 - 2t + 1)^2$$

$$(t^2 + (-2t) + (1))^2 = (t^2)^2 + (-2t)^2 + (1)^2 + 2(t^2)(-2t) + 2(-2t)(1) + 2(t^2)(1)$$

$$\Rightarrow (t^2 + (-2t) + (1)) = t^4 + 4t^2 + 1 - 4t^3 - 4t + 2t^2$$

$$(t^2 + (-2t) + (1)) = t^4 - 4t^3 + 6t^2 - \cancel{4t^2} - 4t + 1$$

$$k_1(1) + k_2(t-1) + k_3(t^2 - 2t + 1) + k_4(t^3 - 3t^2 + 3t - 1) + k_5(t^4 - 4t^3 + 6t^2 - 4t + 1) = \underline{\underline{(0, 0, 0, 0, 0)}}$$

Comparing Eq<sup>n</sup>:

$$k_5 = 0$$

$$k_4 - 4k_5 = 0$$

$$k_3 - 3k_4 + 6k_5 = 0$$

~~cancel k<sub>5</sub>~~

$$k_2 - 2k_3 + 3k_4 - 4k_5 = 0$$

$$k_1 - k_2 + k_3 - k_4 + k_5 = 0$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A_b| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$|A_2| = 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1$$

$$1 \neq 0$$

$\therefore$  Hence the matrix A is Linearly independent.

Span:

$$\text{let } u = (a, b, c, d, e)$$

$$k_1 v_1 + k_2 v_2 + k_3 v_3 + k_4 v_4 + k_5 v_5 = u$$

$$\begin{aligned} & k_1(1) + k_2(t-1) + k_3(t^2-2t+1) + \\ & k_4(t^3-3t^2+3t-1) + k_5(t^4-4t^3+6t^2 \\ & -4t+1) = (a, b, c, d, e) \end{aligned}$$

Comparing Eqn:

~~$k_1 - k_2 + k_3 - k_4 + k_5 = a$~~

~~$k_2 - 2k_3 + 3k_4 - 4k_5 = b$~~

$k_3 - 3k_4 + 6k_5 = c$

$k_4 - 4k_5 = d$

$k_5 = e$

$$A_b = \left[ \begin{array}{ccccc|c} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & a \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 3 & -4 & b \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -3 & 6 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -4 & d \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & e \end{array} \right]$$

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$$\text{Rank}(A) = 5$$

$$\text{Rank}(A_b) = 5$$

$$\text{Rank}(A) = \text{Rank}(A_b)$$

∴ System is Consistent.

It will span.

∴ Hence it is proved that all the vectors form basis for  $P_4$ .

f

Q9)

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & -8 & 9 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 & 3 & -3 \\ -1 & 4 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \left. \begin{array}{l} R_2 - 2R_1, \\ R_3 - R_1, \\ R_4 + R_1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$A_b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \left. \begin{array}{l} (-1)R_2 \end{array} \right.$$

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$$A_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} R_2 + 2R_1 \\ R_4 - 3R_3 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Rank}(A) = 2$$

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ -4 & -8 & -4 & 4 \\ 5 & 9 & 3 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & -2 & -4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} R_2 + 4R_1 \\ R_3 - SR_1 \\ R_4 - R_1 \end{array}$$

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & -2 & -4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad (-1)R_3$$

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad R_4 + 2R_3$$

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$$\text{Rank}(A^T) = 2$$

$$\text{Rank}(A) = \text{Rank}(A^T)$$

Hence Proved