# Smart Estate Specification

# COMPSCI 2XB3 L09 Group 9

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This Module Interface Specification (MIS) document contains modules, types and methods for implementing Smart Estate.

# StateInfo Type Module

### Module

StateInfo

### Uses

N/A

# Syntax

### **Exported Constants**

None

### **Exported Types**

StateInfo = ? fieldT = {hpi, crime\_rate, housing\_price}

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
new StateInfo	String	StateInfo	none
getState		String	none
getHPI		$\mathbb{R}$	none
setHPI	$\mathbb{R}$		none
getCrimeRate		$\mathbb{R}$	none
setCrimeRate	$\mathbb{R}$		none
getHousingPrice		$\mathbb{R}$	none
setHousingPrice	$\mathbb{R}$		none
toString		String	none

### **Semantics**

#### State Variables

state: String

 $hpi: \mathbb{R}$ 

 $crime\_rate: \mathbb{R}$  $housing\_price: \mathbb{R}$ 

#### **State Invariant**

None

#### Assumptions & Design Decisions

- The StateInfo constructor is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor can only be called once.
- Once state info is gathered for each StateInfo object methods setHPI, setCrimeRate, and setHousingPrice are only called once.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

```
new StateInfo(s):
```

- transition: state := s
- output: out := self
- exception: none

#### getState():

- output: out := state
- exception: none

#### getHPI():

- output: out := hpi
- exception: none

#### setHPI(v):

- transition: hpi := v
- exception: none

#### getCrimeRate():

- $\bullet \ \, \text{output:} \ \, out := crime\_rate \\$
- exception: none

### setCrimeRate(v):

- transition:  $crime\_rate := v$
- exception: none

### getHousingPrice():

- ullet output:  $out := housing\_price$
- exception: none

### getHousingPrice(v):

- transition:  $housing\_price := v$
- exception: none

#### toString():

- $\bullet$ output:  $out:="state: HPI: hpi Crime Rate: crime_rate Housing Price: housing_price"$
- exception: none

# PopulateStateInfo Module

### Module

PopulateStateInfo

#### Uses

ReadHPI ReadCrimeRate ReadHousingPrices StateInfo

### **Syntax**

#### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
populateStateInfo		seq of StateInfo	none

#### **Semantics**

#### State Variables

```
states: seq of StateInfo state\_names: seq of String = ["Alabama", "Alaska", ..., "Wyoming"]
```

#### State Invariant

None

#### Assumptions & Design Decisions

• The result of populateStateInfo must be stored in a StateInfo list of 50 length.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

populateStateInfo():

• transition: initStates(); populateHPI(); populateCrimeRate(); populateHousingPrice();

 $\bullet$  output: out := states

• exception: None

#### **Local Functions**

```
 \begin{split} & \text{initStates}() \equiv states := (\forall s : \text{String } | s \in state\_names \ . \ s = \text{StateInfo}(s)) \\ & \text{populateHPI}() \equiv states := \\ & (\forall i : \text{int } | 0 \leq i \leq 50 \ . \ states[i].\text{setHPI}(\text{ReadHPI.read\_data}(\text{"data/hpi.csv"}).\text{value}())) \\ & \text{populateCrimeRate}() \equiv states := \\ & (\forall i : \text{int } | 0 \leq i \leq 50 \ . \ states[i].\text{setCrimeRate}(\text{ReadCrimeRate}.\text{CRList}().\text{value}())) \\ & \text{populateHousingPrice}() \equiv states := \\ & (\forall i : \text{int } | 0 \leq i \leq 50 \ . \ states[i].\text{setHousingPrice}(\text{ReadHousingPrices}. \\ & \text{readPrices}(\text{"data/housingPrices.csv"}).\text{value}())) \\ \end{aligned}
```

# Binary Search Module

#### Module

binSearch

#### Uses

StateInfo Sort

### **Syntax**

#### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
binSearch	seq of StateInfo, fieldT, $\mathbb{R}$	StateInfo	none
binSearch	seq of StateInfo, String	StateInfo	none

#### **Semantics**

#### Assumptions & Design Decisions

•

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

binSearch(arr, field, key):

```
• output: out := arr[i] such that isSorted(arr, field) \land (key \in \{arr.field\} \implies arr[i].field = key) \land (key < \min(\{arr.field\}) \implies arr[i] = arr[0]) \land (key > \max(\{arr.field\}) \implies arr[i] = arr[arr.length - 1]) \land (key \notin \{arr.field\} \implies arr[i - 1].field < arr[i].field = key < arr[i + 1].field)
```

• exception: none

binSearch(arr, key):

- output: out := arr[i] such that arr[i].state = key
- exception: none

# ReadCrimeRate Module

### Module

 ${\bf Read Crime Rate}$ 

Uses

Pair

# Syntax

**Exported Constants** 

None

#### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
load_crime_data	s: string		

### **Semantics**

**Environment Variables** 

crime\_rate\_data: File listing crime rate data

State Variables

None

**State Invariant** 

None

### Assumptions

The input file will match the given specification.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

 $load\_crime\_data(s)$ 

• transition: read data from the file crime\_rate\_data associated with the string s. Use this data to create an array of Pairs, which house the name of a state along with the average number of violent crimes per capita over 49 years for every 100,000 person. The csv file has the following format, where year, population, total number of violent crime, followed by a breakdown of the number of violent crimes into sub categories including murder, robbery, aggravated assault, etc. which is not used in the computation of the overall project. This is split by a 5 wide horizontal gap separating each state's independent statistics.

$$year_0$$
,  $population_0$ ,  $violent_crimes_0$ , ...  
 $year_1$ ,  $population_1$ ,  $violent_crimes_1$ , ...  
 $year_2$ ,  $population_2$ ,  $violent_crimes_2$ , ... (1)  
..., ..., ..., ...  
 $year_{m-1}$ ,  $population_{m-1}$ ,  $violent_crimes_{m-1}$ , ...

• exception: FileNotFoundException

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Sort

### Uses

binSearch BreadthFirstSearch Integration

### **Syntax**

**Exported Constants** 

None

### **Exported Types**

None

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
sort	sequence of StateInfo, fieldT		none
sort	sequence of StateInfo		none

# Semantics

State Variables

None

#### **State Invariant**

None

### Assumptions & Design Decisions

• Sort is called on a sequence of StateInfo and category by which the sequence is sorted is also indicated when sort is called.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

sort(a, intent):

- transition: a := sort(a, 0, |a| 1, intent)
- exception: none

sort(a):

- transition: a := sort(a, 0, |a| 1)
- exception: none

#### **Local Functions**

$$\operatorname{sort}(a, lo, hi, intent) \equiv a := (\forall i L T | i \in a : a[i-1] | a[i])$$

$$\operatorname{sort}(a, lo, hi) \equiv a := (\forall i L T | i \in a : a[i-1] i a[i])$$

$$\text{partition}(a, lo, hi, intent) \equiv j \implies a[lo]_{\mathsf{i}} = a[j]_{\mathsf{i}} = a[hi]$$

$$\text{partition}(a,lo,hi) \equiv j \implies a[lo]; = a[j]; = a[hi]$$

$$less(v, w, intent) \equiv v < w$$
$$less(v, w) \equiv v < w$$

$$\operatorname{exch}(a, i, j) \equiv a[i], a[j] := a[j], a[i]$$

# Graph Type Module

# Module

Graph

### Uses

 ${\bf BreadthFirstSearch} \\ {\bf Integration} \\$ 

# Syntax

**Exported Constants** 

None

### **Exported Types**

None

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
new Graph	N		none
genGraph		Graph	none
V	N		none
E	N		none
addEdge	String, String		none
adj	N	sequence of $Bag < String >$	none

### **Semantics**

### State Variables

V: N

 $\bullet$  states: sequence of Strings

#### **State Invariant**

None

#### Assumptions & Design Decisions

• In order to generate a graph the represents the US, genGraph is called instead of the constructor.

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

```
new Graph(V):
   • transition: V, E := V, 0
   • exception: none
genGraph():
   • output: out := Graph representing the US map
   • exception: none
V():
   • output: out := V
   • exception: none
E():
   • output: out := E
   • exception: none
addEdge(v, w):
   • transition: E, adj[v.index()] := E + +, adj[v.index()].add(w)
   • exception: none
adj(v):
   • output: out := adj[v]
   • exception: none
```

# Breadth First Search Module

### Module

Breadth First Search

### Uses

Integration

### **Syntax**

**Exported Constants** 

None

### **Exported Types**

None

### **Exported Access Programs**

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
BreadthFirstSearch	Graph, String	sequence of strings	none
bfs		$Graph, String\ sequence of strings$	none
getStateInfo	sequence of strings	sequence of strings	none
neighbourStates	String	sequence of strings	none

#### **Semantics**

#### **State Variables**

ullet path: sequence of strings

#### **State Invariant**

None

#### Assumptions & Design Decisions

• In order to implement breadth first search on a graph representing the U.S. neighbourStates is called

#### **Access Routine Semantics**

```
BreadthFirstSearch(G, s):
```

- output: out :=sequence of strings
- exception: none

## bfs(G, s):

- output: out :=sequence of strings
- exception: none

### getStateInfo(neighbours):

- output: out :=sequence of strings
- exception: none

### neighbourStates(startState):

- $\bullet$  output: out := sequence of strings
- exception: none