Report: Implementing a Dynamic Product Listing Component

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Prepared For: Project Day 4 - Building Dynamic Frontend Components

Objective:

The primary objective of Day 4 is to design and develop **dynamic frontend components** that can display marketplace data fetched from **Sanity CMS** or external APIs. This process focuses on modularity, reusability, and applying real-world development practices to build scalable and responsive web applications.

Task Overview

Objective:

Build a **Product Listing Component** for a marketplace.

Requirements:

- 1. Fetch product data dynamically using Sanity CMS or an external API.
- 2. Display the data in a **grid layout** of cards with the following details:
 - o Product Name
 - o Price
 - o Image
 - Stock Status
- 3. Ensure responsiveness across devices.
- 4. Implement modularity by breaking the component into smaller, reusable parts.

Tools & Technologies:

- Framework: React or Next.js
- CMS: Sanity CMS
- Styling: Tailwind CSS or plain CSSState Management: React Hooks

Implementation Plan

1. Set Up Data Fetching:

- o Integrate Sanity CMS or API endpoints to fetch the product data dynamically.
- o Use React hooks (useEffect) for data fetching and (useState) to store and manage the data.

2. Design Reusable Components:

- o Break down the Product Listing Component into smaller parts:
 - **Product Card Component:** Displays individual product details.
 - **Grid Layout Component:** Arranges the product cards in a responsive grid.

3. Apply Responsive Design:

 Use Tailwind CSS or CSS Grid/Flexbox to ensure the grid layout adapts to all screen sizes.

4. Enhance User Experience:

- o Highlight important details like stock status with conditional formatting.
- o Add hover effects for better interactivity.

```
useEffect(() => {
        const fetchProducts = async () => {
          const productsData = await client.fetch(
             `*[_type == "food"]{
               name,
               price,
               description,
               category,
               originalPrice,
               "image": image.asset->url,
               "slug": slug.current,
11
12
13
          );
          setProducts(productsData);
14
15
          setFilteredProducts(productsData);
16
17
        fetchProducts();
      }, []);
18
```

2. Product Detail Component

Objective:

Develop individual product detail pages using **dynamic routing in Next.js**. These pages will display detailed information about each product, including:

- Name
- Product Description
- Price
- Category
- Stock Availability

Implementation Plan:

1. **Dynamic Routing:**

- o Create dynamic routes using the [id].tsx file in the pages/products directory.
- o Fetch product data based on the product ID from a CMS like Sanity or an API.

2. Data Fields:

Each product detail page should include the following fields:

- Product Description: A detailed explanation of the product, fetched from the backend.
- o **Price:** Displayed prominently for clear visibility.

3. Integration with Product Listing:

 Link each product card in the Product Listing Component to its corresponding detail page using the Link component in Next.js.

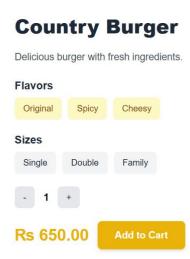
4. Styling and Layout:

- o Use Tailwind CSS or plain CSS for a clean and responsive design.
- o Ensure the layout highlights the product description and price for user clarity.

```
async function Productpage({ params }: { params: { slug: string } }) {
const product:IProduct =
    await client.fetch(`*[_type == "food" && slug.current == $slug][0] {
    name,
    description,
    price,
    originalPrice,
    tags,
    "imageUrl": image.asset->url,
    "slug": slug.current,
}`,{slug:params.slug});
```

UI Display OF Product Detail Page:





Step 3: Search Bar with Price Filter

Objective:

To implement a **search bar** and **price filters** to enhance the product browsing experience.

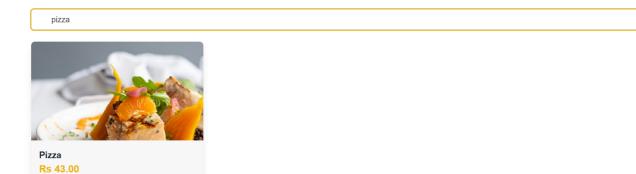
Implementation Plan:

- 1. Search Bar Functionality:
 - o Filter products based on their name or associated tags.
 - o Update the product list in real-time as the user types.

```
1  // Handle search
2  const handleSearch = (event: React.ChangeEvent<HTMLInputElement>) => {
3   const query = event.target.value.toLowerCase();
4   setSearchQuery(query);
5
6  const filtered = products.filter(
7   (product) =>
8   product.name.toLowerCase().includes(query) ||
9   product.description.toLowerCase().includes(query) ||
10   product.category.toLowerCase().includes(query) ||
11   product.slug.toLowerCase().includes(query)
12  );
13   setFilteredProducts(filtered);
14  };
```

Oldest

UI Display:



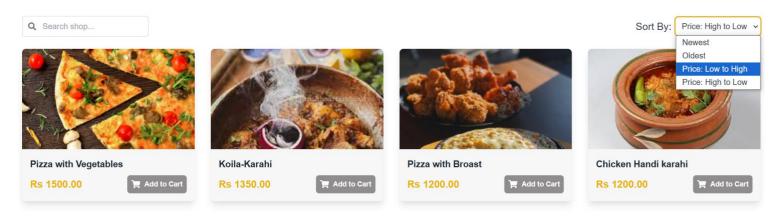
2. Price Filtering:

- o Add options to sort products by price in **ascending** or **descending** order.
- Combine the price filter with the search bar and category filter for seamless interaction

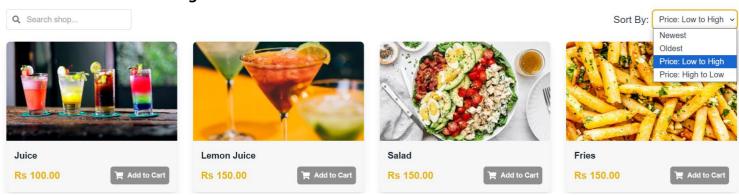
```
1  // Handle sorting
2  const handleSort = (event: React.ChangeEvent<HTMLSelectElement>) => {
3  const sortValue = event.target.value;
4  setSortOrder(sortValue);
5
6  let sortedProduct = [...products];
7  if (sortValue === "lowToHigh") {
8  sortedProduct.sort((a, b) => a.price - b.price);
9  } else if (sortValue === "highToLow") {
10  sortedProduct.sort((a, b) => b.price - a.price);
11  }
12  setFilteredProducts(sortedProduct);
13  };
```

UI Display:

• High To Low:



• Low To High:



Features Implemented:

- 1. Search Bar:
 - o Filters products by name or tags in real time.
- 2. Price Filter:
 - o Allows sorting products by price (low to high or high to low).

Step 4: Cart Component

Objective:

To create a **Cart Component** that displays the items added to the cart, their quantity, and the total price of the cart dynamically.

Implementation Plan:

- 1. State Management:
 - Use **React state** or a state management library like Redux for storing cart data.
- 2. Cart Data:
 - Include details for each product in the cart:
 - Product Name
 - Price
 - Quantity
 - o Calculate and display the **total price** dynamically based on the items in the cart.

3. Cart Interactions:

- o Allow users to increase or decrease the quantity of items.
- o Automatically update the total price when the quantity changes.

```
// Handle Increment
3 const handleIncrement = () => {
     const newQuantity = quantity + 1;
     setQuantity(newQuantity);
     setCartPrice(newQuantity * product.price); // Update price
    // Handle Decrement
   const handleDecrement = () => {
     if (quantity > 1) {
       const newQuantity = quantity - 1;
       setQuantity(newQuantity);
       setCartPrice(newQuantity * product.price);
   };
   function handleAddToCart() {
     const cartItem = {
       slug: product.slugs,
       title: product.name,
       img: product.imageUrl,
       price: product.price,
       quantity: 1,
     };
      dispatch(addToCart(cartItem));
```

Your Cart



Total: 150 Rs

Delivery: 150 Rs

Grand Total: 300 Rs

Proceed to Checkout

Features Implemented:

- 1. **Dynamic Item Display:**
 - o Each item in the cart is displayed with its name, price, and quantity.

o Subtotal for each item is dynamically calculated.

2. Quantity Update:

- Buttons to increase (+) or decrease (-) the quantity of an item.
- O Quantity cannot go below 1.

3. Total Price Calculation:

o The total price updates dynamically as items are added or quantities are changed.

4. **Remove Item:**

o Users can remove individual items from the cart.

Conclusion

On **Day 4** of building dynamic frontend components for a marketplace, the focus was on creating modular, reusable, and responsive components. The following key components were successfully implemented:

1. **Product Listing Component:**

 Dynamically displayed products in a grid layout with details such as product name, price, image, and stock status.

2. **Product Detail Component:**

o Built individual product pages using dynamic routing in Next.js, including fields like product description, price, and image.

3. Search Bar and Filters:

o Implemented functionality to filter products by name or tags and added price filters (high to low and low to high).

1. Cart Component:

o Displayed items added to the cart, quantity management, and total price calculation with dynamic updates.