Final Assignment

February 1, 2025

Extracting and Visualizing Stock Data

Description

Extracting essential data from a dataset and displaying it is a necessary part of data science; therefore individuals can make correct decisions based on the data. In this assignment, you will extract some stock data, you will then display this data in a graph.

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```

Estimated Time Needed: 30 min

Note:- If you are working Locally using anaconda, please uncomment the following code and execute it. Use the version as per your python version.

```
[1]: !pip install yfinance
     !pip install bs4
     !pip install nbformat
```

```
Collecting yfinance
 Downloading yfinance-0.2.52-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.8 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=1.3.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from yfinance) (2.2.3)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.16.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from yfinance) (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.31 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from yfinance) (2.32.3)
Collecting multitasking>=0.0.7 (from yfinance)
  Downloading multitasking-0.0.11-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.5 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: lxml>=4.9.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from yfinance) (5.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs>=2.0.0 in
```

```
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.3.6)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2022.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from yfinance) (2024.2)
Requirement already satisfied: frozendict>=2.3.4 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (2.4.6)
Collecting peewee>=3.16.2 (from yfinance)
  Downloading peewee-3.17.8.tar.gz (948 kB)
                          948.2/948.2 kB
35.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
  Installing build dependencies ... one
  Getting requirements to build wheel ... done
  Preparing metadata (pyproject.toml) ... done
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.12.3)
Requirement already satisfied: html5lib>=1.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from yfinance) (1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1->yfinance) (2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.9 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from html5lib>=1.1->yfinance) (1.17.0)
Requirement already satisfied: webencodings in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from html5lib>=1.1->yfinance) (0.5.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance)
(2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance) (2025.1)
Requirement already satisfied: charset_normalizer<4,>=2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (3.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (3.10)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (2.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance)
(2024.12.14)
Downloading yfinance-0.2.52-py2.py3-none-any.whl (108 kB)
Downloading multitasking-0.0.11-py3-none-any.whl (8.5 kB)
Building wheels for collected packages: peewee
  Building wheel for peewee (pyproject.toml) ... one
  Created wheel for peewee:
filename=peewee-3.17.8-cp312-cp312-linux_x86_64.whl size=303769
\verb|sha| 256 = 0d9713a4d9222a0b7f6d69e8fb010bfbb378c0a63ab2de90e581021a8f3e2c0d| \\
  Stored in directory: /home/jupyterlab/.cache/pip/wheels/8f/65/34/456800445efea
fb05164fe95285c70e81ba1d96bae30f43917
Successfully built peewee
Installing collected packages: peewee, multitasking, yfinance
Successfully installed multitasking-0.0.11 peewee-3.17.8 yfinance-0.2.52
```

```
(0.0.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (from bs4) (4.12.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (from beautifulsoup4->bs4) (2.5)
    Requirement already satisfied: nbformat in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (5.10.4)
    Requirement already satisfied: fastjsonschema>=2.15 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from nbformat) (2.21.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema>=2.6 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from nbformat) (4.23.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: jupyter-core!=5.0.*,>=4.12 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from nbformat) (5.7.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=5.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (from nbformat) (5.14.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=22.2.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (25.1.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema-specifications>=2023.03.6 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
    (2024.10.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: referencing>=0.28.4 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
    (0.36.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: rpds-py>=0.7.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
    packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (0.22.3)
    Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs>=2.5 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from jupyter-
    core!=5.0.*,>=4.12->nbformat) (4.3.6)
    Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4.4.0 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from
    referencing>=0.28.4->jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (4.12.2)
[2]: import yfinance as yf
     import pandas as pd
     import requests
```

Requirement already satisfied: bs4 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages

In Python, you can ignore warnings using the warnings module. You can use the filterwarnings function to filter or ignore specific warning messages or categories.

```
[3]: import warnings
# Ignore all warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=FutureWarning)
```

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import plotly.graph_objects as go

from plotly.subplots import make_subplots

0.1 Define Graphing Function

In this section, we define the function make_graph. You don't have to know how the function works, you should only care about the inputs. It takes a dataframe with stock data (dataframe must contain Date and Close columns), a dataframe with revenue data (dataframe must contain Date and Revenue columns), and the name of the stock.

```
[4]: def make graph(stock data, revenue data, stock):
         fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=1, shared_xaxes=True,_
      subplot_titles=("Historical Share Price", "Historical Revenue"), □
      →vertical_spacing = .3)
         stock_data_specific = stock_data[stock_data.Date <= '2021-06-14']</pre>
         revenue_data_specific = revenue_data[revenue_data.Date <= '2021-04-30']
         fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(stock_data_specific.Date,_
      infer_datetime_format=True), y=stock_data_specific.Close.astype("float"), ____, ___

¬name="Share Price"), row=1, col=1)
         fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(revenue_data_specific.Date,_
      →infer_datetime_format=True), y=revenue_data_specific.Revenue.
      ⇔astype("float"), name="Revenue"), row=2, col=1)
         fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=1, col=1)
         fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=2, col=1)
         fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Price ($US)", row=1, col=1)
         fig.update yaxes(title text="Revenue ($US Millions)", row=2, col=1)
         fig.update_layout(showlegend=False,
         height=900,
         title=stock,
         xaxis_rangeslider_visible=True)
         fig.show()
```

Use the make_graph function that we've already defined. You'll need to invoke it in questions 5 and 6 to display the graphs and create the dashboard. > Note: You don't need to redefine the function for plotting graphs anywhere else in this notebook; just use the existing function.

0.2 Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is Tesla and its ticker symbol is TSLA.

```
[5]: tesla_stock = yf.Ticker('TSLA')
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named tesla_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[6]: tesla_data = tesla_stock.history(period = 'max')
```

Reset the index using the reset_index(inplace=True) function on the tesla_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the tesla_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 1 to the results below.

```
[7]: tesla_data.reset_index(inplace=True) tesla_data.head(5)
```

[7]:			D	ate	Open	High	Low	Close	\
	0	2010-06-29	00:00:00-04	:00	1.266667	1.666667	1.169333	1.592667	
	1	2010-06-30	00:00:00-04	:00	1.719333	2.028000	1.553333	1.588667	
	2	2010-07-01	00:00:00-04	:00	1.666667	1.728000	1.351333	1.464000	
	3	2010-07-02	00:00:00-04	:00	1.533333	1.540000	1.247333	1.280000	
	4	2010-07-06	00:00:00-04	:00	1.333333	1.333333	1.055333	1.074000	
		Volume	Dividends	Stoc	k Splits				
	0	281494500	0.0		0.0				
	1	257806500	0.0		0.0				
	2	123282000	0.0		0.0				
	3	77097000	0.0		0.0				
	4	103003500	0.0		0.0				

0.3 Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm Save the text of the response as a variable named html_data.

```
[8]: url = 'https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

GIBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm'

html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful_soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser.

```
[9]: html_dataframe = BeautifulSoup(html_data, 'html.parser')
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read_html function extract the table with Tesla Revenue and store it into a dataframe named tesla_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue.

Step-by-step instructions

Here are the step-by-step instructions:

- 1. Create an Empty DataFrame
- 2. Find the Relevant Table
- 3. Check for the Tesla Quarterly Revenue Table
- 4. Iterate Through Rows in the Table Body
- 5. Extract Data from Columns
- 6. Append Data to the DataFrame

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read html function the table is located at index 1

We are focusing on quarterly revenue in the lab.

Execute the following line to remove the comma and dollar sign from the Revenue column.

```
[45]: tesla_revenue["Revenue"] = tesla_revenue["Revenue"].astype(str).str.

oreplace(',|\$', "", regex=True)
```

Execute the following lines to remove an null or empty strings in the Revenue column.

```
[46]: tesla_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)

tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue[tesla_revenue['Revenue'] != ""]
```

Display the last 5 row of the tesla_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
[47]: tesla_revenue.tail(5)
```

```
[47]:
                Date Revenue
      48
         2010-09-30
                           31
      49
         2010-06-30
                           28
      50 2010-03-31
                           21
      52
         2009-09-30
                           46
      53
          2009-06-30
                           27
```

0.4 Question 3: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is GameStop and its ticker symbol is GME.

```
[30]: gamestop_stock = yf.Ticker('GME')
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named gme_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the

maximum amount of time.

```
[31]: gme_data = gamestop_stock.history(period='max')
```

Reset the index using the reset_index(inplace=True) function on the gme_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the gme_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 3 to the results below.

```
[32]: gme_data.reset_index(inplace=True) gme_data.head(5)
```

```
[32]:
                             Date
                                       Open
                                                            Low
                                                                     Close
                                                                              Volume
                                                 High
      0 2002-02-13 00:00:00-05:00 1.620129
                                             1.693350 1.603296
                                                                 1.691667
                                                                            76216000
      1 2002-02-14 00:00:00-05:00 1.712707
                                             1.716073
                                                       1.670626
                                                                 1.683250
                                                                            11021600
      2 2002-02-15 00:00:00-05:00 1.683250
                                             1.687458
                                                       1.658001
                                                                 1.674834
                                                                             8389600
      3 2002-02-19 00:00:00-05:00
                                   1.666418
                                             1.666418
                                                       1.578047
                                                                 1.607504
                                                                             7410400
      4 2002-02-20 00:00:00-05:00
                                   1.615921
                                             1.662210
                                                       1.603296
                                                                 1.662210
                                                                             6892800
```

	Dividends	Stock	Splits
0	0.0		0.0
1	0.0		0.0
2	0.0		0.0
3	0.0		0.0
4	0.0		0.0

0.5 Question 4: Use Webscraping to Extract GME Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html. Save the text of the response as a variable named html_data_2.

```
[33]: url2 = 'https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html'

html_data_2 = requests.get(url2).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful_soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser.

```
[34]: html_data2 = BeautifulSoup(html_data_2, 'html.parser')
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read_html function extract the table with GameStop Revenue and store it into a dataframe named gme_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue. Make sure the comma and dollar sign is removed from the Revenue column.

Note: Use the method similar to what you did in question 2.

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns

```
soup.find_all("tbody")[1]
```

If you want to use the read_html function the table is located at index 1

Display the last five rows of the gme_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
[44]: gme_revenue.tail(5)
```

```
[44]:
                 Date Revenue
      57
          2006-01-31
                         1667
      58
          2005-10-31
                          534
      59
          2005-07-31
                          416
      60
          2005-04-30
                          475
          2005-01-31
                          709
      61
```

0.6 Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph

Use the make_graph function to graph the Tesla Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

```
[50]: make_graph(tesla_data,tesla_revenue, 'Tesla')
```

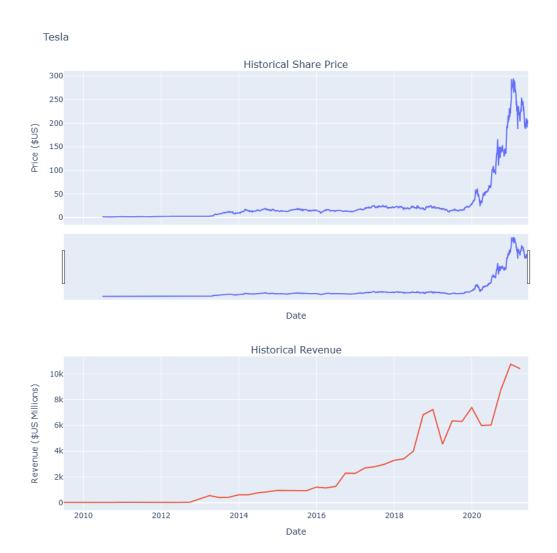
/tmp/ipykernel_1066/3316612210.py:5: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

/tmp/ipykernel_1066/3316612210.py:6: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You

can safely remove this argument.



0.7 Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph

Use the make_graph function to graph the GameStop Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the make_graph function is make_graph(gme_data, gme_revenue, 'GameStop'). Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

/tmp/ipykernel_1066/3316612210.py:5: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

/tmp/ipykernel_1066/3316612210.py:6: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

GameStop





About the Authors:

Joseph Santarcangelo has a PhD in Electrical Engineering, his research focused on using machine learning, signal processing, and computer vision to determine how videos impact human cognition. Joseph has been working for IBM since he completed his PhD.

Azim Hirjani

0.8 Change Log

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Version	Changed By	Change Description
2022-02-28	1.2	Lakshmi Holla	Changed the URL of GameStop
2020-11-10	1.1	Malika Singla	Deleted the Optional part
2020-08-27	1.0	Malika Singla	Added lab to GitLab

##

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