Python For Data Science Cheat Sheet

Python Basics

Learn More Python for Data Science Interactively at www.datacamp.com



Variables and Data Types

Variable Assignment

>>> x=5 × ^ ^

Calculations With Variables

Multiplication of two variables Subtraction of two variables Exponentiation of a variable Remainder of a variable Sum of two variables Division of a variable >>> x/float(2) 10 >>> x**2 >> x%2 >> x-2 >>> x*2 >>> x+2

Types and Type Conversion

Variables to booleans Variables to integers 15', '3.45', 'True' | Variables to strings Variables to floats True, True, 5.0, 1.0 bool() float () str() int()

Asking For Help

>> help(str)

Strings

'thisStringIsAwesome' thisStringIsAwesome' >>> my_string = >>> my_string

String Operations

'thisStringIsAwesomethisStringIsAwesome' >>> my_string + 'Innit' 'thisStringIsAwesomeInnit' >>> 'm' in my_string >>> my_string * 2

>>> b = 'nice' >>> a = 'is'

Lists

>>> my_list2 = [[4,5,6,7], [3,4,5,6]] >>> my list = ['my', 'list', a, b]

Selecting List Elements

>>> my list[1:3] >>> my_list[-3] >> my_list[1] Subset

Select item at index 1

Select items at index 1 and 2 Select items before index 3 Select items after index o my_list[list][itemOfList] Select 3rd last item Copy my_list >> my list2[1][0]Subset Lists of Lists >>> my_list[1:] >>> my list[:3] >>> my list[:]

List Operations

>>> my list2[1][:2]

'my', 'list', 'is', 'nice', 'my', 'list', 'is', 'nice'] 'my', 'list', 'is', 'nice', 'my', 'list', 'is', 'nice'] >>> my_list + my_list >>> my_list2 > 4 >>> my_list * 2

List Methods

Append an item at a time Get the index of an item Remove an item Remove an item Append an item Remove an item Reverse the list Count an item Insert an item >>> my list.insert(0,'!') >>> my_list.extend('!') >> my_list.append('!') >>> my_list.remove('!') >>> my_list.reverse() >> del(my list[0:1]) >>> my list.index(a) >>> my list.count(a) >>> my list.pop(-1) my list.sort() $\stackrel{\wedge}{\stackrel{\wedge}{\stackrel{}}}$

Import libraries

Libraries

so see NumPy Arrays

>>> import numpy as np >> from math import >>> import numpy Selective import



pi

Machine learning

Install Python













Free IDE that is included with Anaconda

powered by Python

documents with live code, visualizations, text, ... Create and share

Numpy Arrays

>> mv 2darrav = np.arrav([[1,2,3].[4.5.6]]) >>> my_array = np.array(my_list) >>> my list = [1, 2, 3, 4]

[[1,2,3],[4,3,6]]]	ents Index starts a	Select item at index 1	Select items at index 0 and 1	my_2darray[rows, columns]
/// IIIY_cuarray = IIp.array([[1,//,),[4,0,0]])	Selecting Numpy Array Elements	Subset >>> my_array[1] 2	<pre>Slice >>> my_array[0:2] array([1, 2])</pre>	<pre>Subset 2D Numpy arrays >>> my_2darray[:,0] array([1, 4])</pre>

Numpy Array Operations

>>> my_array > 3 array([False, False, True], dtype=bool) >>> my array + np.array([5, 6, 7, 8]) array([6, 8, 10, 12]) array([2, 4, 6, 8]) >>> my_array * 2

Numpy Array Functions

Index starts at o

Get the dimensions of the array Append items to an array Delete items in an array Insert items in an array Correlation coefficient Median of the array Standard deviation Mean of the array 2 >>> np.delete(my_array,[1]) >>> np.insert(my_array, 1, >>> np.append(other array) my_array.corrcoef() >>> np.median(my array) >>> np.mean(my array) >>> np.std(my array) >>> my_array.shape ^ ^ ^



Replace String elements Count String elements

'i')

>>> my_string.replace('e',

>>> my_string.strip()

>>> my_string.count('w')

>>> my_string.upper() >>> my_string.lower()

>>> my string[4:9]

String Methods

>>> my_string[3] String Operations

Strip whitespaces

String to uppercase String to lowercase