



Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Explain the main characteristics of the database approach versus the file processing approach. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain the three schema architecture with neat diagram. Why do we need mappings among schema levels? How do different schema definition languages support this architecture? (08 Marks)

OR

2 a. Discuss with examples, different types of attributes.

(07 Marks)

b. Draw an ER diagram for a BANK database schema with atleast five entity types. Also specify primary key and structural constraints. (09 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Describe the characteristics of relations with suitable example for each. (08 Marks)
 - b. What are the basic operations that can change the states of relations in the database? Explain how the basic operations deal with constraint violations. (08 Marks)

OR

4 a. Describe the steps of an algorithm for ER – to – relational mapping.

(10 Marks)

b. In SQL which command is used for table creation? Explain how constraints are specified in SQL during table creation with suitable example. (06 Marks)

Module-3

5 Consider the COMPANY DATABASE

EMPLOYEE (Fname, Minit, Lname, Ssn, Bdate, Address, Sex, Salary, super-ssn, Dno)

DEPARTMENT (Dname, Dnumber, Mgr_ssn, Mgr_st_date)

DEPART LOCATIONS(Dnumber, Dlocation)

PROJECT (Pname, Pnumber, Plocation, Dnum)

WORKS ON (Essn, Pno, Hours)

DEPENDENT (Essn, Dependent_name, Sex, Bdate, Relationship).

Specify the following queries in SQL on the database schema given above:

- a. For every project located in Stafford, list the project number the controlling department number and the department manager's last name, address and birth date. (04 Marks)
- b. List the names of all employees who have a dependent with the same first name as themselves. (02 Marks)
- c. For each project, list the project name and the total hours per week (by all employees) spent on that project. (04 Marks)
- d. Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by 'Research' department. (06 Marks)

OR

1 of 2

- Define Stored Procedure. Explain the creating and calling of stored procedure with suitable example. (08 Marks)
 - Explain the Single tier and Client server architecture, with neat diagram. (08 Marks)

Module-4

- Explain the informal design guidelines used as measures to determine the quality of relation schema design. (08 Marks)
 - b. Define Normal form. Explain 1NF, 2NF and 3NF with suitable examples for each. (08 Marks)

OR

- Define Minimal cover. Write an algorithm for finding a minimal cover F for a set of functional dependencies E. Find the minimal cover for the given set of FDs be $E: \{B \rightarrow A, D \rightarrow A, AB \rightarrow D\}.$
 - b. Consider the universal relation $R = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J\}$ and the set of functional dependencies $F = \left\{\left\{A,B\right\} \rightarrow \left\{C\right\}, \left\{A\right\} \rightarrow \left\{D,E\right\}, \left\{B\right\} \rightarrow \left\{F\right\}, \left\{F\right\} \rightarrow \left\{G,H\right\}, \left\{D\right\} \rightarrow \left\{I,J\right\}\right\}.$ Determine whether each decomposition has the lossless join property with respect to F. $D_1 = \{R_1, \, R_2, \, R_3\} \;\; ; \quad R_1 = \{A, \, B, \, C, \, D, \, E\} \;\; ; \quad R_2 = \{B, \, F, \, G, \, H\} \quad ; \quad R_3 = \{D, \, I, \, J\} \, .$

- Why Concurrency control is needed demonstrate with example? (12 Marks)
 - Discuss the desirable properties of transactions.

(04 Marks)

- When deadlock and starvation problems occurs? Explain how these problems can be **10** a. resolved. (09 Marks)
 - b. Explain how shadow paging helps to recover from transaction failure.

(07 Marks)