

Course Title: CSE 4621 Microprocessor and Interfacing
Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)
Islamic University of Technology (IUT), Gazipur

Lab # 01

Program Structure and Arithmetic Operations using Assembly Language Program in EMU8086.

Objective:

Getting familiar with Program Structure and Arithmetic operations using Assembly Language Program in EMU8086.

Installation of EMU8086 and Run for the First Time:

- Step 1:** Run the setup.exe file to install the program.
- Step 2:** Launch the EMU8086 emulator. Choose “New” and specify “empty workspace” template.
- Step 3:** Using the assembler editor, get familiar with the example codes.
- Step 4:** Start emulation by clicking the “emulate” button on the toolbar. A new emulator window will appear.
- Step 5:** Debug the program codes by pressing the “single step” button on the toolbar of the emulator window.
- Step 6:** Each time after pressing the “single step” button, check and record down the contents of registers like AX, BX, CX, DX etc.

Theory:

- **Data Transfer Instructions:**

Format: *MOV Destination, Source*

Registers (Direct): Move contents of one register to another register

MOV AL, BL
MOV AX, BX

Immediate: Load a register with an immediate value or equivalent binary/hexa-decimal

MOV CL, 240
MOV CL, 11110000B
MOV CL, 00F0H

MOV CX, 256
MOV CX, 0000000100000000B
MOV CX, 0100H

Direct: Move contents of the variable named COUNT to a register

MOV DL, COUNT ; here COUNT is a 8-bit variable
MOV DX, COUNT ; here COUNT is a 16-bit variable

- **Arithmetic / Logic Instructions:**

Arithmetic and logic instructions can be performed on 8-bit (byte) and 16-bit values.

Increment the contents of a register by a value (decimal/binary/hexa-decimal)

ADD AX, 4

Add the contents of a register with the contents of another register

ADD AX, BX

Subtract a value (decimal/binary/hexa-decimal) from the contents of a register

SUB DL, 4

Subtract the contents of a register from the contents of another register

SUB DX, CX

Multiply AX by BL, the result will be in AX

MUL BL

Divide the contents of AX register with the value of CL and store the result in AX

DIV CL

Increase or Decrease the contents of BX register by 1

INC BX ; Increase DEC BX ; Decrease

Clear the contents of AX register

XOR AX, AX

Negation and NOT of a register value

NEG AL; 2's Complement

NOT AL; 1's Complement

Example for Assembly Language Program Structure:

ORG 0100h ; Offset of the program in memory

.DATA ; Data Segment Starts

A DB 11 ; Variable A got a BYTE value 11

B DW 500 ; Variable B got a WORD value 500

SUM DW ? ; Variable SUM is defined as a WORD variable without any value

DIFFERENCE DB ? ; Variable DIFFERENCE is defined as a WORD variable without any value

MULTIPLICATION DW ?

DIVISION DB ?

.CODE ; Code Segment Starts

MAIN PROC ; Initialize Data Segment Register

MOV AL, 30 ; Move decimal 30 to AL register

ADD AL, 15 ; Add decimal 15 to the content of AL and store the result in AL

MAIN ENDP ; End Procedure

END MAIN ; End MAIN

RET ; Return to DOS

Tasks to do:

1. Write appropriate assembly language codes to accomplish the following tasks (use as many as possible arithmetic instructions with less number of registers):

- $(30 + 15) * (575 - 225) + 210$
- $0Bh * (200 - 225) + 127$
- $0FFFh * 10h + 1111b$
- Convert $260^{\circ}C$ (Celsius) to F (Fahrenheit) using the following expression and store in a variable F :
 $^{\circ}F = ^{\circ}C \times 10/5 + 32 - 1$