CSE 421 ID: 22299522

Application Layer Protocols (HTTP.SMTP/POP) Examination Lab

Objectives:

Capture traffic and observe the PDUS for HTTP, SMTP, POP.

Task 1: Observe HTTP traffic exchange between a client and server.

Step 1 – Run the simulation and capture the traffic.

- Enter Simulation mode.
- Click on the PC1. Open the **Web Browser** from the **Desktop**.
- Enter www.bracu.ac.bd into the browser. Clicking on Go will initiate a web server request. Minimize the Web Client configuration window.
- Two packets appear in the Event List, a DNS request needed to resolve the URL to the IP address of the web server and an ARP request needed to resolve the IP address of the server to its hardware MAC address.
- Click the Auto Capture / Play button to run the simulation and capture events.
- Sit tight and observe the packets flowing through the network.



- When the above message appears Click "View Previous Events".
- Click on PC1. The web browser displays a web page appears.

Step 2 – Examine the following captured traffic.

Our objective in this lab is only to observe HTTP traffic.

	Last Device	At Device	Type
1.	PC1	Switch 0	HTTP
2	Local Web Server	Switch 1	HTTP

 Find the following packets given in the table above in the Event List, and click on the colored square in the Info column.



When you click on the Info square for a packet in the event list the PDU
 Information window opens. If you click on these layers, the algorithm used by the device (in this case, the PC) is displayed. View what is going on at each layer.

• Examine the PDU information for the remaining events in the exchange.

For packet 1::

What kind of HTTP packet is packet no. 1?

The packet no.1 is HTTP Request

Click onto "Inbound PDU details" tab. Scroll down at the end, what do you see?

After clicking the "Inbound PDU details " and scrolling at the end we see a

Request URL

For packet 2:

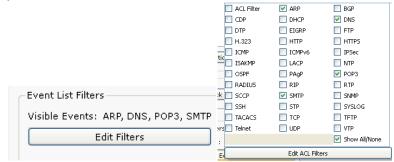
Click onto "Inbound PDU details" tab. Scroll down at the end, what do you see? What kind of HTTP packet is this?

We see HIIP Response

Task 2: Observe email traffic exchange between a client and email server using SMTP and POP3.

Step 1 - Run the simulation and capture the traffic.

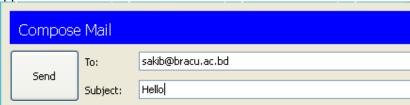
- On the Event List window click "Reset Simulation" button. All previous packets will disappear.
- At the bottom of the Event List window, there is a filter which filters the protocols that we want to see. Click Edit filters. Another window appears showing different protocols, unclick HTTP and click SMTP and POP3.



- Click a space anywhere outside the popup window, then it will disappear.
- Your Event List Filter should be as shown below:

Visible Events: ARP, DNS, POP3, SMTP	Event List Filters	
	Visible Events: ARP, DNS, POP3, SMTP	
Edit Filters Show All	Edit Filters	Show All

 Now click on the PC1. Close the web browser window. Open the Email from the Desktop. A mail browser window will open. Click "compose", another window appears.



- Fill the window as shown and press send.
- Minimize the client window.
- Click the Auto Capture / Play button to run the simulation and capture events.
- Sit tight and observe the packets flowing through the network.
- This interaction is between the sender client and its email server.

Step 2 – Examine the following captured traffic.

Our objective in this lab is only to observe SMTP traffic.

	Last Device	At Device	Type
3.	PC1	Switch 0	DNS
4.	PC1	Switch 0	SMTP
5.	Bracu Email Server	Switch 1	SMTP

- Find the following packets given in the table above in the **Event List**, and click on the colored square in the **Info** column.
- Examine the PDU information.

For packet 4::

What is the purpose of this DNS packet?

We need this DNS packet to know the IP address of the BRACU mail server.

For packet 5& 6::

Explain why SMTP packet was sent to the email server and the server replied with an SMTP packet?

With the help of SMTP packet the mail was carried to the mail server

The server then replies with SMTP acknowledgement which means it received the packet successfully.

Step 3 – Run the simulation and capture the traffic for POP.

- On the Event List window click "Reset Simulation" button. All previous packets will disappear.
- Now click on the PC0. Open the Email from the Desktop. A mail browser window will open. Click "receive", minimize the window.
- Click the Auto Capture / Play button to run the simulation and capture events.
- Sit tight and observe the packets flowing through the network.
- This interaction is between the sender client and its email server.

Step 2 – Examine the following captured traffic.

Our objective in this lab is only to observe POP traffic.

	Last Device	At Device	Type
6.	PC1	Switch 0	DNS
7.	PC1	Switch 0	POP3
8.	Bracu Email Server	Switch 1	POP3

- Find the following packets given in the table above in the **Event List**, and click on the colored square in the **Info** column.
- Examine the PDU information.

For packet 6::

What is the purpose of this DNS packet?

The purpose of DNS packet is to map the IP address of the URL which was sent to

the DNS server from PC.

For packet 7&8::

Explain why POP packet was sent to the email server and the server replied with a POP packet?

A POP packet was sent from the PC to the mail server to the request mail.

The server then responded with a POP packet containing the requested email.

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