# **Development**

#### **Proposal for a Web-Based Tuition Process Management System**

**Objective**: Develop a user-friendly, scalable web application to streamline tuition management for teachers, admins, and students. The system will focus on **student enrollment**, **class/teacher management**, and **student lifecycle tracking**, with additional features to enhance productivity and collaboration.

#### 1. Core Features

### A. Student Management

#### 1. Student Profiles

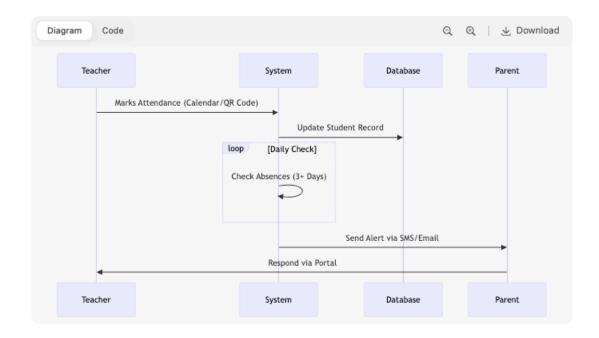
- Centralized database for student details (name, contact, academic history, guardian info).
- Dashboard for admins to filter/search students by class, enrollment status, or performance.

#### 2. Enrollment Process

- Online Application Form: Collect student data, course preferences, and document uploads (ID, transcripts).
- Automated Workflow: Admins review applications → approve/reject with comments → auto-email notifications.
- **Payment Integration**: Secure gateway for enrollment fees (Stripe, PayPal) with receipt generation.

### 3. Attendance Tracking

- Calendar-based interface for teachers to mark attendance.
- Automated alerts to parents/students for recurring absences.
  - Attendance Tracking Workflow



### **Process Explanation:**

- 1. **Attendance Input**: Teachers mark attendance via calendar or QR code scans.
- 2. Database Update: Real-time sync with student profiles.
- 3. **Absence Alerts**: System triggers alerts after 3 consecutive absences.
- 4. Parent-Teacher Communication: Resolve issues via the portal.

### 4. Performance Tracking

- Digital gradebooks for teachers to input scores.
- Progress reports (PDF/Excel) for admins/students.

### **B. Class & Teacher Management**

### 1. Class Setup

 Admins create classes (name, subject, schedule, capacity) and assign teachers.

• **Timetable Generator**: Drag-and-drop interface to avoid scheduling conflicts.

#### 2. Teacher Profiles

- Store qualifications, availability, and assigned classes.
- · Workload monitoring to prevent over-scheduling.

#### 3. Resource Sharing

 Teachers upload lesson plans, assignments, or study materials to a classspecific repository.

#### flowchart TD

 $A[Admin] \rightarrow |Generate Invoice| B[System: Auto-Calculate Fees]$ 

B → C[Send Invoice to Student/Parent]

 $C \rightarrow D\{Payment Received?\}$ 

 $D \rightarrow |Yes| E[Update Payment Status]$ 

 $D \rightarrow |No|$  F[Send Reminder After 7 Days]

E → G[Generate Receipt & Update Financial Records]

 $F \rightarrow |Still Unpaid| H[Flag Account for Suspension]$ 

 $G \rightarrow I[Sync with Analytics Dashboard]$ 

### **C. Student Enrollment & Onboarding**

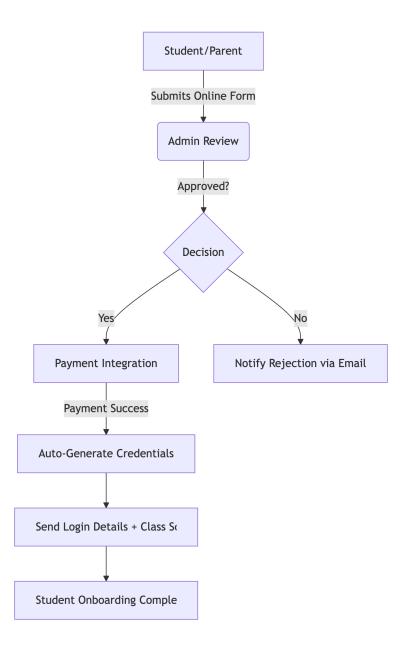
#### 1. Self-Service Portal

• Students/parents submit applications, track status, and pay fees online.

#### 2. Automated Onboarding

 Post-enrollment, students receive login credentials and class details via email.

#### Student Enrollment Workflow



### **Process Explanation:**

- 1. Application: Student fills out an online form with personal/course details.
- 2. Admin Review: Admins approve/reject applications (with comments).
- 3. Payment: Approved students pay fees via integrated gateway.

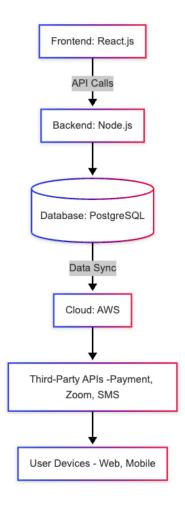
4. **Auto-Onboarding:** System generates login credentials and sends class details.

### 2. Advanced Features to Enhance Usability

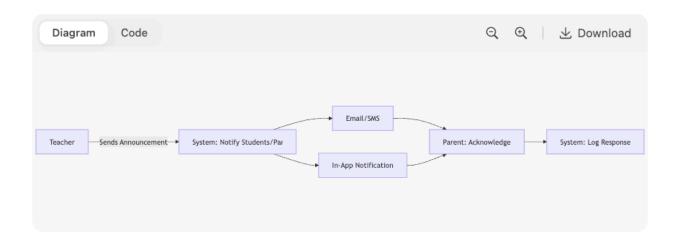
- Al-Powered Attendance: Use QR codes or facial recognition for automated check-ins.
- Parent Portal: Guardians view attendance, grades, and communicate with teachers.
- **Financial Management**: Track fee payments, generate invoices, and send reminders for overdue fees.
- Analytics Dashboard:
  - Admins view enrollment trends, class occupancy rates, and teacher performance metrics.
  - Predictive insights (e.g., at-risk students based on attendance/grades).
- **Mobile App Integration**: Responsive design for access on smartphones/tablets.
- Communication Tools: In-app messaging, announcements, and email/SMS notifications.

#### 3. Technical Architecture

- **Frontend**: React.js for a dynamic, responsive interface.
- **Backend**: Node.js for scalability.
- **Database**: PostgreSQL.
- **Cloud Hosting**: AWS or DigitalOcean Cloud for reliability.
- Third-Party Integrations:
  - Payment gateways (Stripe, Hitpay, Paynow).



## 4. Communication Workflow Example



#### **Process:**

- 1. Teachers send announcements (e.g., exam dates, cancellations).
- 2. System pushes notifications via email, SMS, and in-app alerts.
- 3. Parents/students acknowledge receipt, and responses are logged.

### 4. Security & Compliance

- Role-Based Access Control: Admins, teachers, students, and parents have tiered permissions.
- Data Encryption: SSL for data in transit; AES-256 for stored data.
- **GDPR/FERPA Compliance**: Secure storage and permission-based data sharing.
- Backup & Recovery: Daily backups to prevent data loss.

### 5. Development Timeline

Phase	Duration	Deliverables
Planning & Design	4 weeks	Wireframes, ER diagrams, feature specs
Core Development	12 weeks	MVP with enrollment, class, and student management

Testing & Feedback	4 weeks	Pilot testing with a school, bug fixes
Advanced Features	6 weeks	Al attendance, analytics, mobile app
Deployment	2 weeks	Launch on cloud, user training

### 7. Unique Selling Points (USPs)

- 1. All-in-One Platform: Combines enrollment, teaching, and financial workflows.
- 2. **Automation**: Reduces manual tasks (e.g., attendance, fee reminders).
- 3. **Data-Driven Decisions**: Analytics to optimize class sizes, teacher allocation, and student support.
- 4. Accessibility: Mobile-friendly for on-the-go access.

#### **Next Steps:**

- 1. Finalize feature priorities and budget.
- 2. Sign off on wireframes.
- 3. Begin development with a 3-month.

### 1. UI Wireframes (Key Screens)

#### **Admin Dashboard**

```
flowchart TD
```

 $A[Admin Dashboard] \rightarrow B[Stats Overview - Total Students, Revenue, Active Classes]$ 

 $A \rightarrow C[Quick Actions - Add Class, Generate Invoice]$ 

 $A \rightarrow D[Recent Enrollments]$ 

```
A \rightarrow E[Upcoming Payments]
```

A → F[Teacher Workload Chart]

#### **Key Elements:**

- Stats Overview: Cards showing real-time metrics.
- Quick Actions: Buttons for common tasks (e.g., "Create Class").
- Recent Enrollments: Table with pending applications.
- **Teacher Workload**: Visual chart (bar/pie) showing assigned classes.

#### **Teacher Dashboard**

```
flowchart TD
```

A[Teacher Dashboard]  $\rightarrow$  B[Class List - Subject, Schedule]

A → C[Attendance Tracker - Calendar View]

 $A \rightarrow D[Gradebook - Student Names, Scores]$ 

 $A \rightarrow E[Resource Upload - Files, Links]$ 

#### **Key Elements:**

- Class List: Filterable by day/subject.
- **Gradebook**: Editable table with auto-save.
- Resource Upload: Drag-and-drop interface for files.

### **Student/Parent Portal**

#### flowchart TD

 $A[Student Portal] \rightarrow B[Class Schedule]$ 

 $A \rightarrow C[Assignment Submissions]$ 

 $A \rightarrow D[Payment History]$ 

 $A \rightarrow E[Performance Report]$ 

#### **Key Elements:**

• **Schedule**: Calendar view with class timings.

- Assignments: Upload homework and track deadlines.
- **Performance Report**: Graphs showing grades over time.

### 2. API Workflow Example

### **Student Enrollment API Flow**

sequenceDiagram

participant Frontend

participant Backend

participant Database

participant PaymentGateway

Frontend → > Backend: POST /api/enroll (Student Data)

Backend→>Database: Validate & Save Application

Backend→>Frontend: Return Application ID

Frontend→>PaymentGateway: Initiate Payment (Application ID)

PaymentGateway→>Frontend: Payment Success/Failure

Frontend→>Backend: Update Payment Status (Application ID)

Backend → > Database: Mark as Paid

Backend→>EmailService: Send Login Credentials

#### Steps:

- Student submits enrollment form (Frontend → Backend).
- 2. Backend validates and stores data in the database.
- 3. Payment initiated via third-party gateway (e.g., Stripe).
- 4. On success, backend updates status and triggers onboarding emails.

### 3. Database Schema (Simplified ER Diagram)

```
erDiagram
  USERS {
    int id PK
    varchar email
    varchar role
    varchar password_hash
  }
  STUDENTS {
    int id PK
    int user_id FK
    varchar guardian_name
    varchar grade_level
  }
  TEACHERS {
    int id PK
    int user_id FK
    varchar qualifications
  }
  CLASSES {
    int id PK
    varchar name
    varchar subject
    datetime schedule
    int teacher_id FK
  }
  ENROLLMENTS {
    int id PK
    int student_id FK
    int class_id FK
    varchar status
  }
```

```
ATTENDANCE {
  int id PK
  int student_id FK
  int class_id FK
  date date
  bool present
}
PAYMENTS {
  int id PK
  int student_id FK
  float amount
  date due_date
  bool paid
}
USERS | -- o{ STUDENTS : "Has"
USERS | --o{ TEACHERS: "Has"
TEACHERS | --o{ CLASSES: "Teaches"
STUDENTS }o--o{ CLASSES: "Enrolls"
STUDENTS | -- o{ ATTENDANCE : "Has"
STUDENTS | --o{ PAYMENTS : "Owes"
```

#### Relationships:

- Users can be Students, Teachers, or Admins (via role field).
- **Enrollments** link Students to Classes with a status (e.g., "Active", "Completed").
- Attendance is tracked per student per class session.

### 4. API Endpoint Examples

Endpoint	Method	Description
/api/enroll	POST	Submit enrollment form

/api/classes	GET	List all classes (filter by teacher/student)
/api/attendance	PUT	Update attendance for a class
/api/grades	POST	Upload grades for students
/api/invoices	GET	Fetch payment history

### **5. UI Component Hierarchy**

```
graph TD

App → Navbar

App → Dashboard

Dashboard → StatsOverview

Dashboard → QuickActions

Dashboard → RecentActivity

Navbar → Login

Navbar → Profile

Profile → EditProfile

Profile → ChangePassword
```

#### **Breakdown:**

• Navbar: Global navigation (login, profile, notifications).

• Dashboard: Role-specific views (admin/teacher/student).

• **Profile**: Edit personal details and settings.