

Execution Context and Call Stack

Execution Context

- An execution context is an environment
- Inside the execution context a piece of JavaScript code gets executed.
- · Variables, parameters and other information related to the piece of code get

stored in the execution context

Execution Context

There are two kinds of Execution Context in JavaScript:

- Global Execution Context (GEC)
- Function Execution Context (FEC)

Global Execution Context

Whenever the JavaScript engine receives a script file, it first creates a default Execution Context known as the Global Execution Context (GEC).

- GEC is the base/default Execution Context
- all JavaScript code that is not inside of a function gets executed.
- · For every JavaScript file, there can only be one GEC

Function Execution Context

Whenever a function is called, the JavaScript engine creates a different type of Execution Context known as a Function Execution Context (FEC)

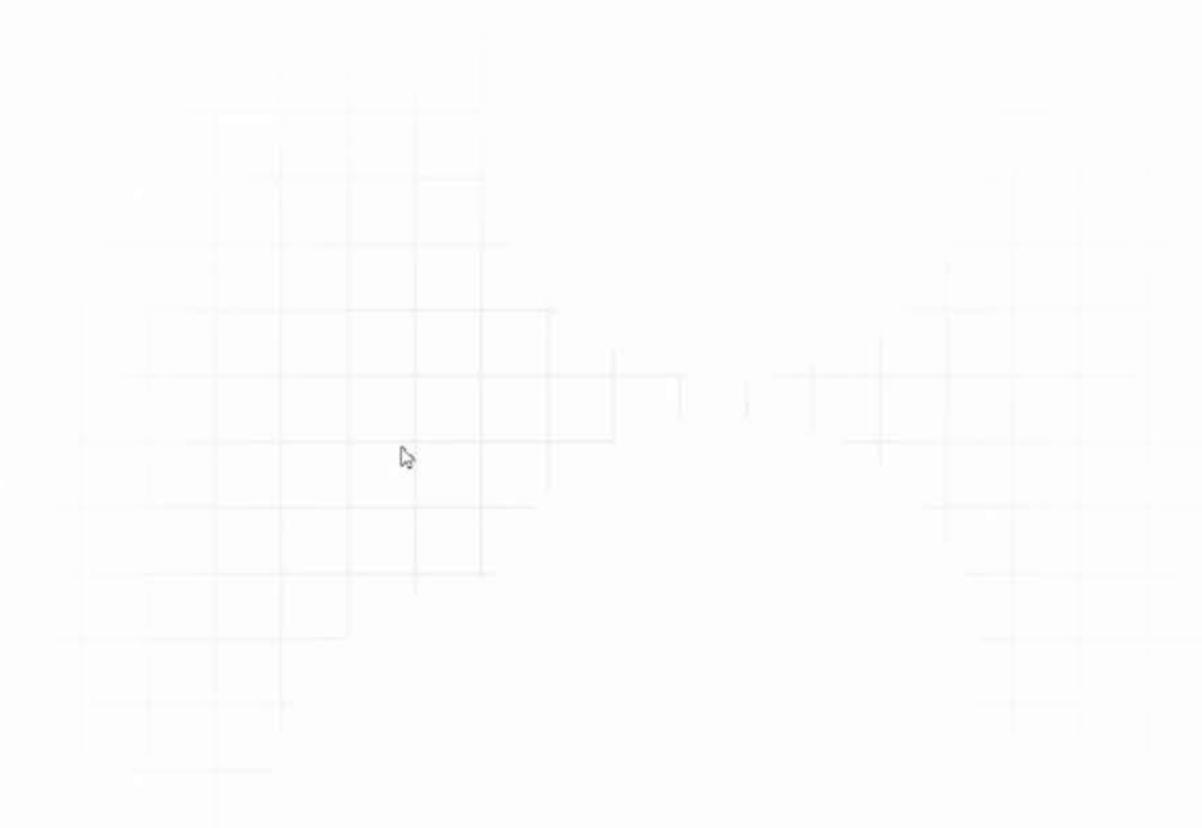
- Every time a function is called, a new execution context is created for that function.
- Each function has its own execution context.
- Since every function call gets its own FEC, there can be more than one FEC in the run

script.

Phases

The execution context is created in two phases:

- Creation Phase
- Execution Phase



Creation Phase

Creation phase is the phase in which the JS engine has called a function but its execution has not started.

- JS engine is in the compilation phase
- it just scans over the function code to compile the code
- it doesn't execute any code.

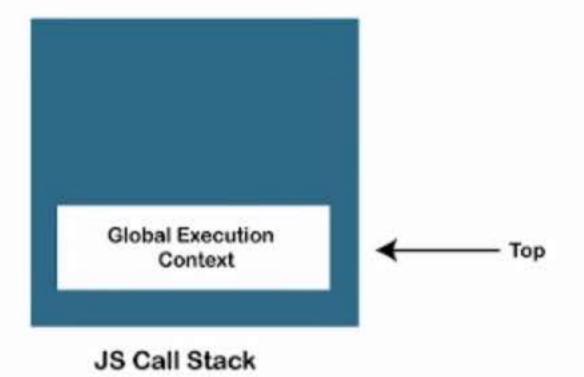


Call Stack

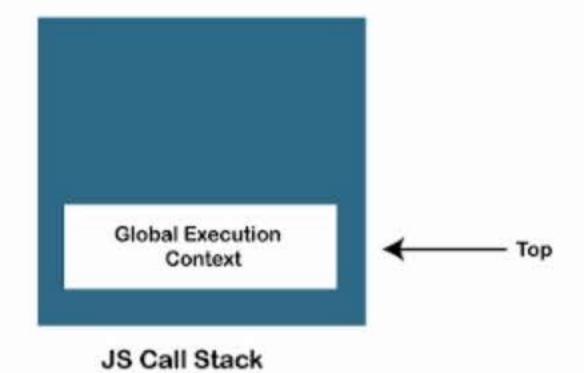
- The call stack is used by JavaScript to keep track of multiple function calls
- In order to manage the execution contexts, the JavaScript engine uses a call stack.

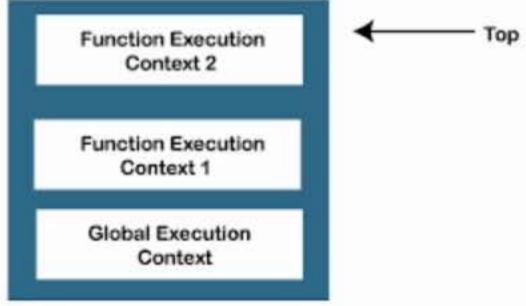
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Call Stack

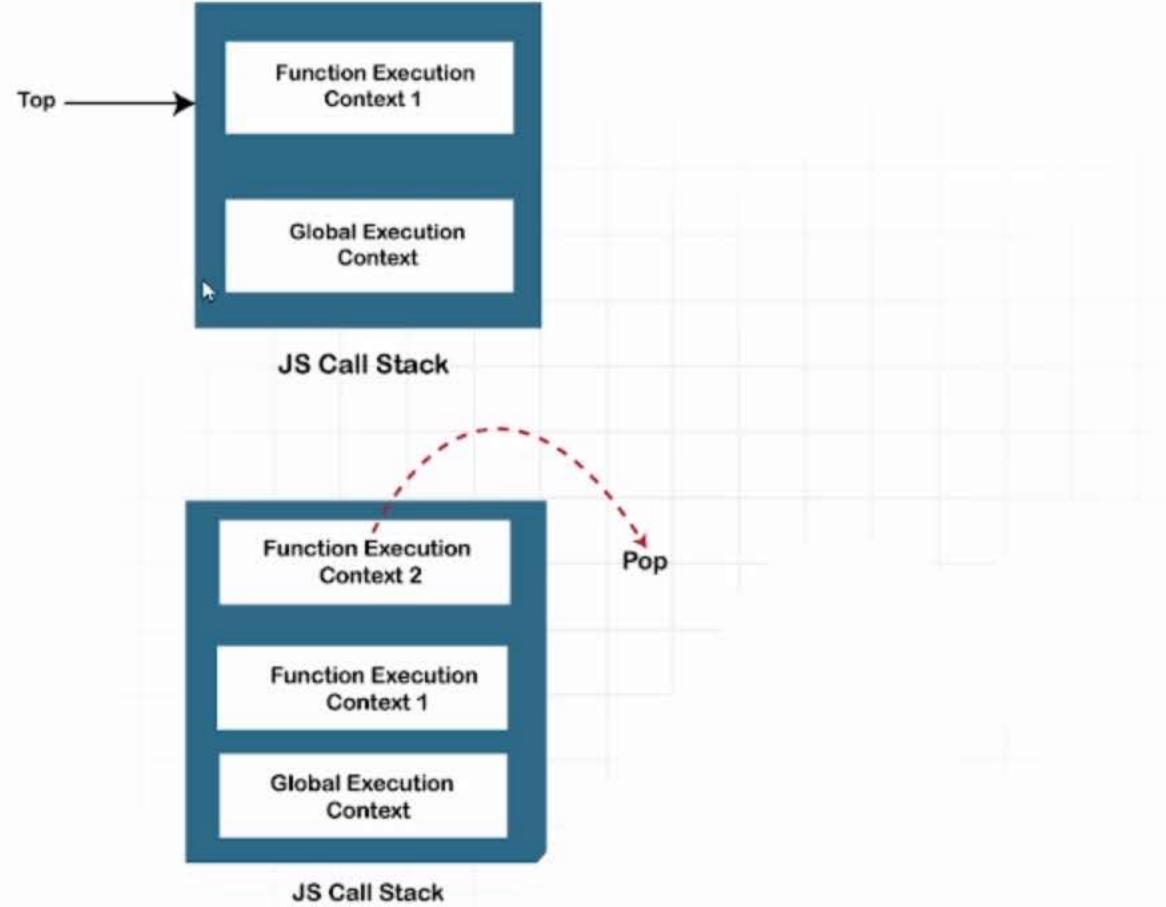


Call Stack





JS Call Stack



We will learn more about JS on our next videos