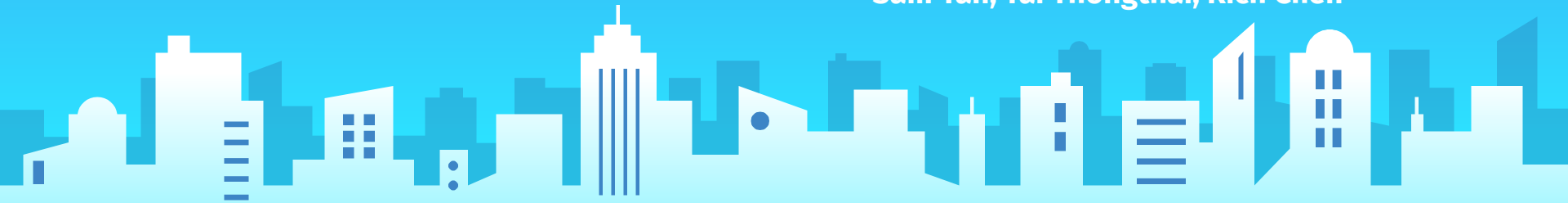


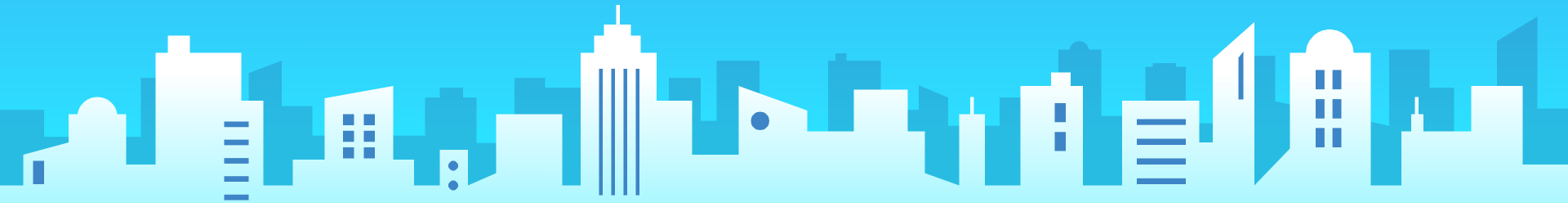
# Creating Data w/ GANs

Sam Yan, Tai Thongthai, Rich Chen



# Sign Post

1. Motivation & Research Questions
2. Dataset Choice and Preliminary GANs Showcasing
3. Training Classifiers
4. Results and Interpretations
5. Conclusions and Future Work



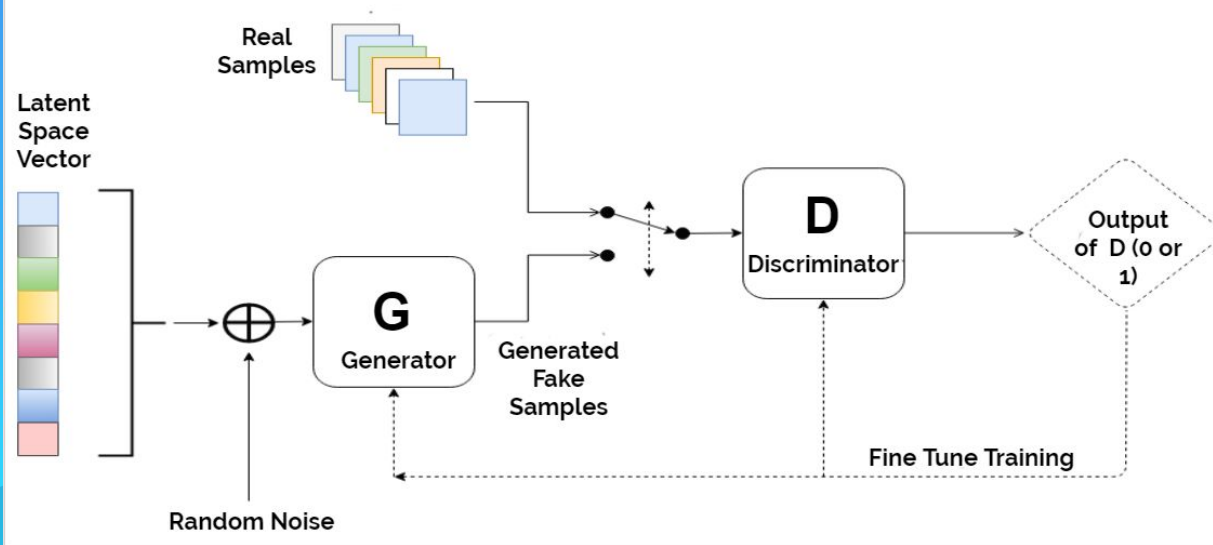
The background of the slide features a solid blue sky with stylized white clouds in the upper corners. At the bottom, there is a silhouette of a city skyline with various building shapes in shades of light blue and white.

# Motivation:

“Problems with Not Enough or  
Missing Data”

# So What Exactly is GANs?

## Structure of a GAN

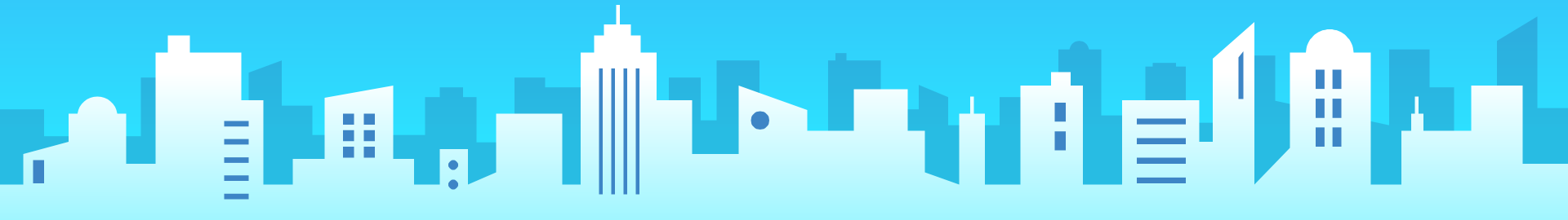




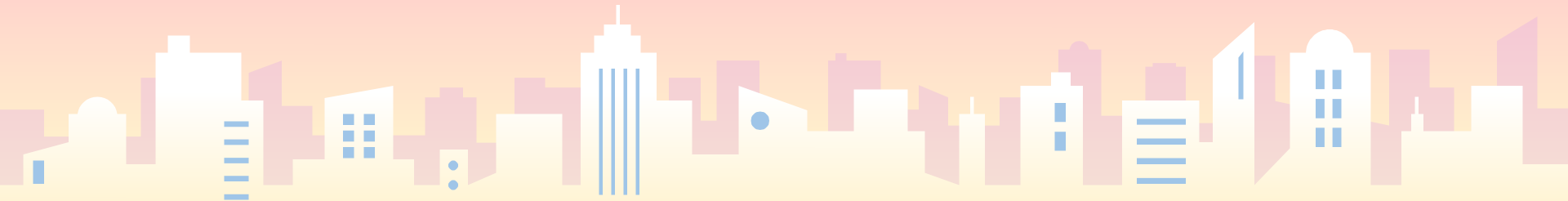
# Research Question

*“Can we successfully create dataset that will ‘trick’ a classifier?”*

- Analyze how effective GANs are at mimicking real data



# Data and Methods



# Just a Bit About Library Used: KERAS

- A user friendly library for FNNs and CNNs
- Works like an assembly line!
  - Declaration of model
    - `model = Sequential()`
  - Adding Layers
    - `model.add(Dense(...))`
  - Adding Activation Functions
    - `model.add(LeakyReLU(...))`

# Datasets

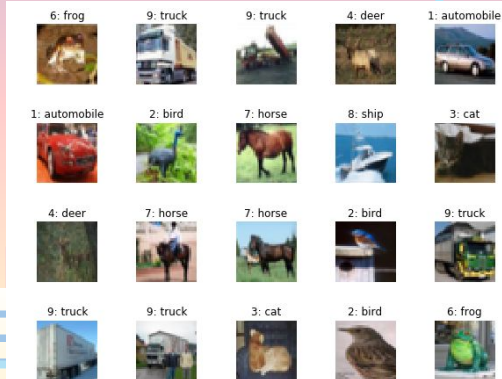
## MNIST

- 28 x 28 pixels
- Black and White
- 60,000 training examples



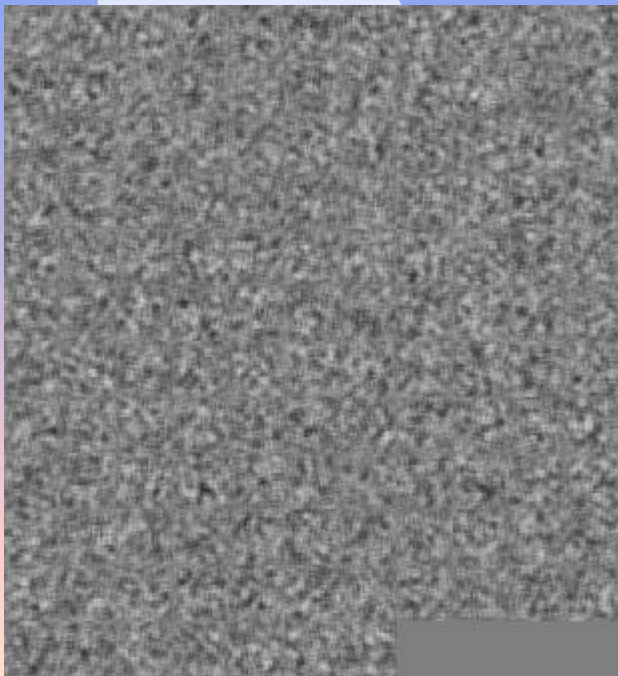
## Cifar-10

- 32 x 32 pixels
- Colored (RGB)
- 60,000 training examples





# MNIST Results:



1st Epoch



10th Epoch



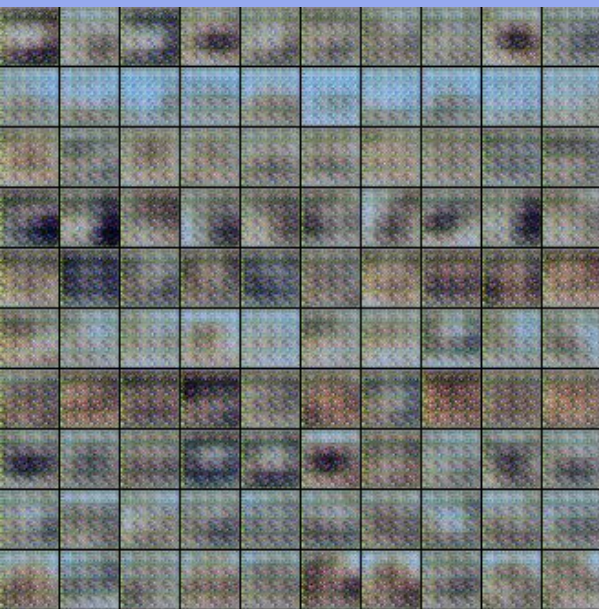
100th Epoch

# MNIST Results: (cont.)

1000th (and Final) Epoch:



# Cifar-10 Results:



1st Epoch



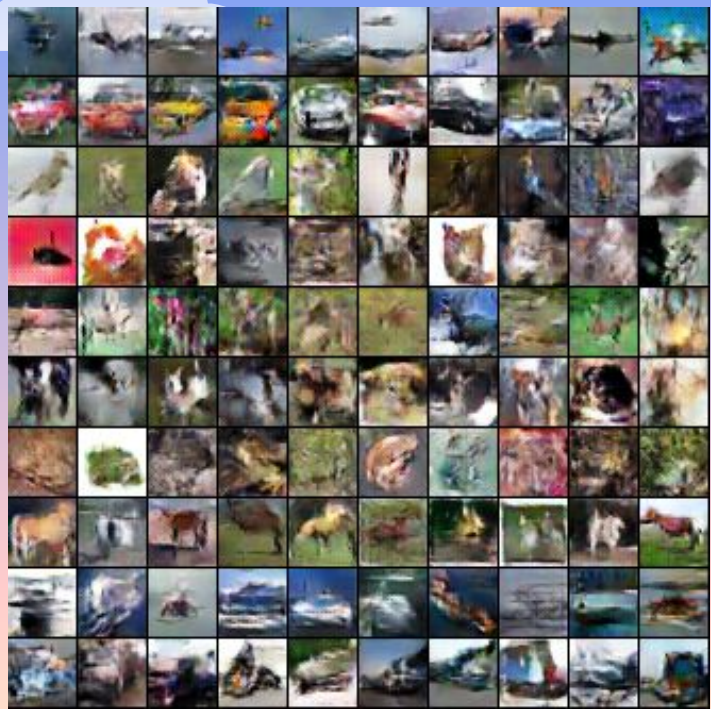
10th Epoch



100th Epoch



# Cifar-10 Results: (cont.)



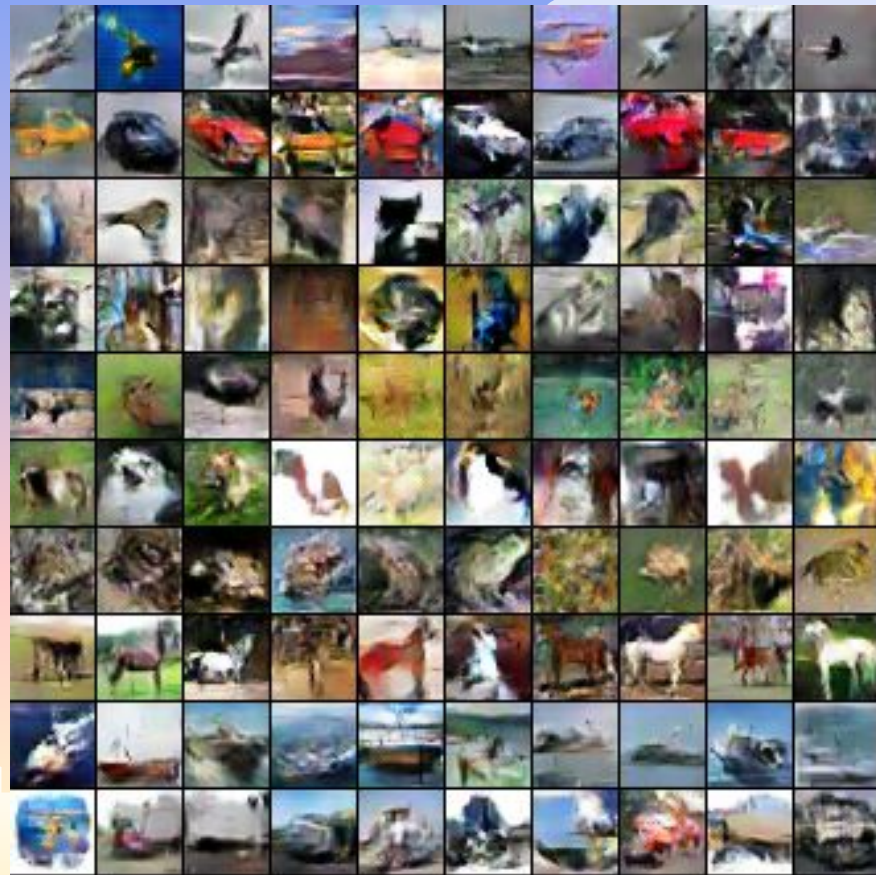
250th Epoch



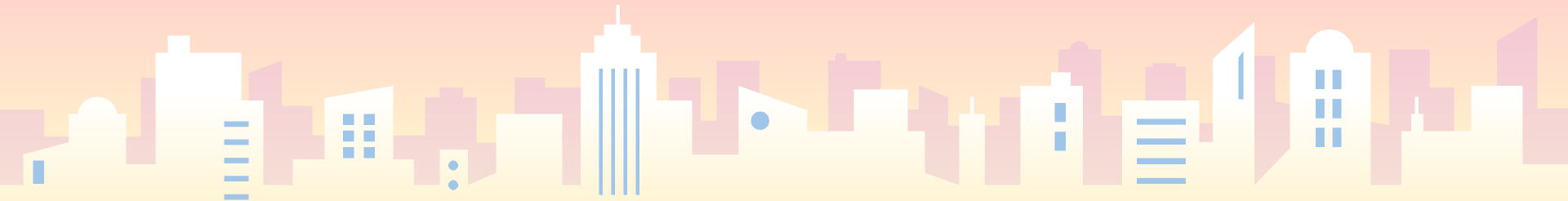
500th Epoch

# Cifar-10 Results: (cont.)

1000th (and Final) Epoch:



# Training Classifiers



# MNIST

- Used and modified CNN code from a public git repo
- $N = 1408$
- Num\_Labels = 10

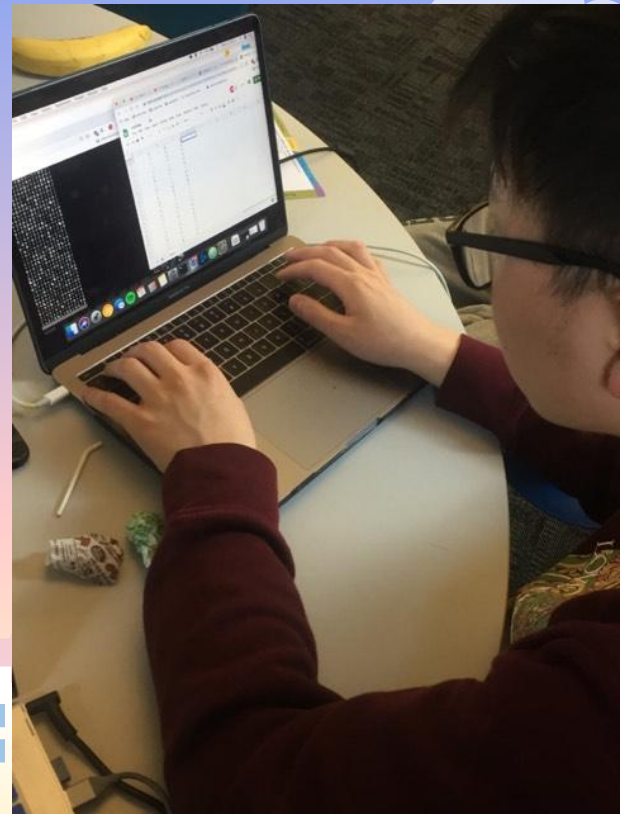
# MNIST Labels

manually inputting labels help me ☆

File Edit View Insert Format Data Tools Add-ons Help [Last edit was 7 hours ago](#)

100% \$ % .0 .00 123 Arial 10 B I S A

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	1	9	1	5	1	1	5	1	1
2	9	1	1	1	9	2	1	2	5
3	1	1	8	3	1	8	5	5	1
4	8	7	5	5	2	1	9	1	2
5	0	2	1	8	2	5	2	7	3
6	1	0	2	1	7	1	1	2	5
7	1	3	2	7	1	7	1	5	2
8	5	0	6	8	1	7	9	2	1
9	6	1	1	1	1	1	0	2	5
10	1	8	9	1	8	2	1	8	9
11	3	9	1	9	1	0	1	5	2
12	1	1	9	2	9	1	1	1	1
13	2	9	4	4	7	5	2	8	5
14	5	1	7	2	5	1	0	1	2
15	5	7	8	1	4	9	1	3	1
16	2	1	7	1	7	9	7	2	2
17	2	1	1	7	1	9	1	2	8
18	7	0	1	6	9	9	5	1	7
19	1	2	1	2	6	1	1	8	9
20	0	8	1	1	3	7	9	1	0
21	2	9	2	2	1	1	1	8	7
22	9	2	9	1	9	2	9	1	1

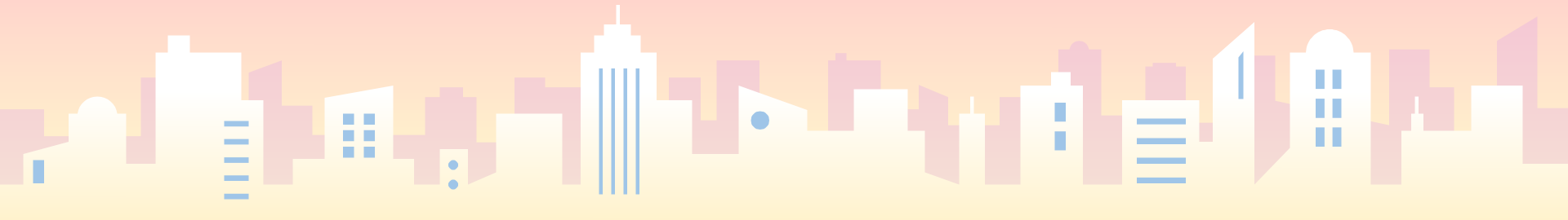




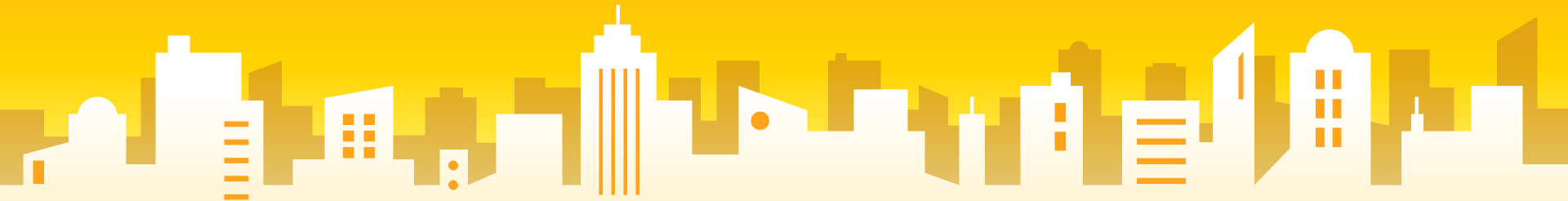


# Cifar-10

- Expanded upon code from Lab07
- Used generated Data to Train
- Tested on Real Cifar-10 Data
  - Want to see how it would compare to training on real Cifar-10 data

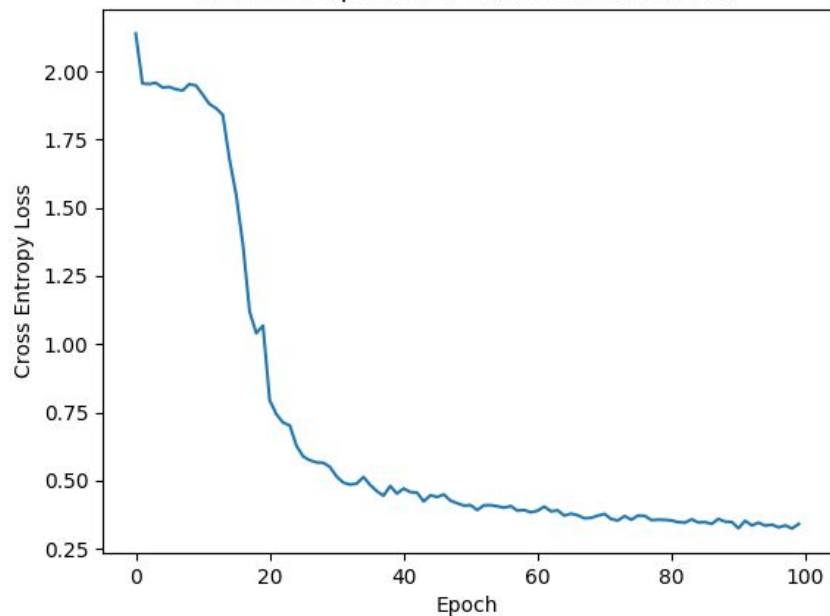


# Results and Interpretations

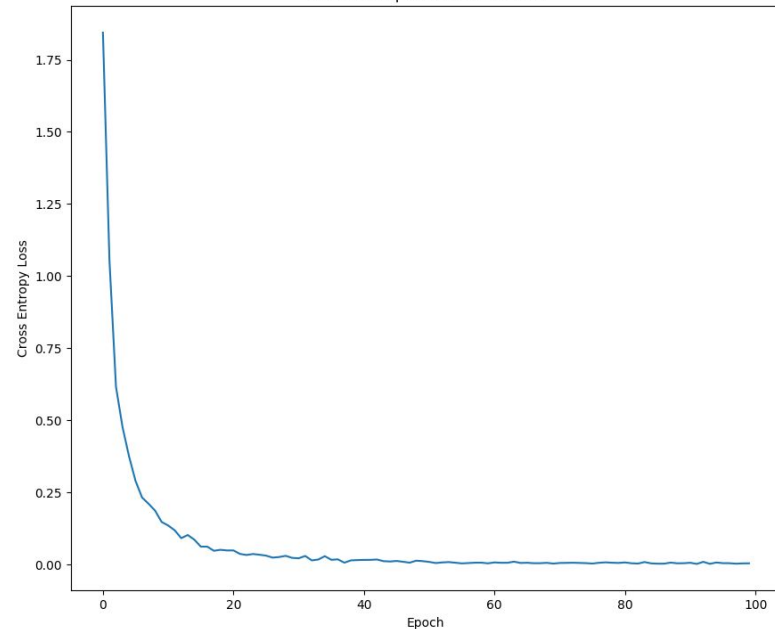


# MNIST Training Losses: Fake Data vs Real Data

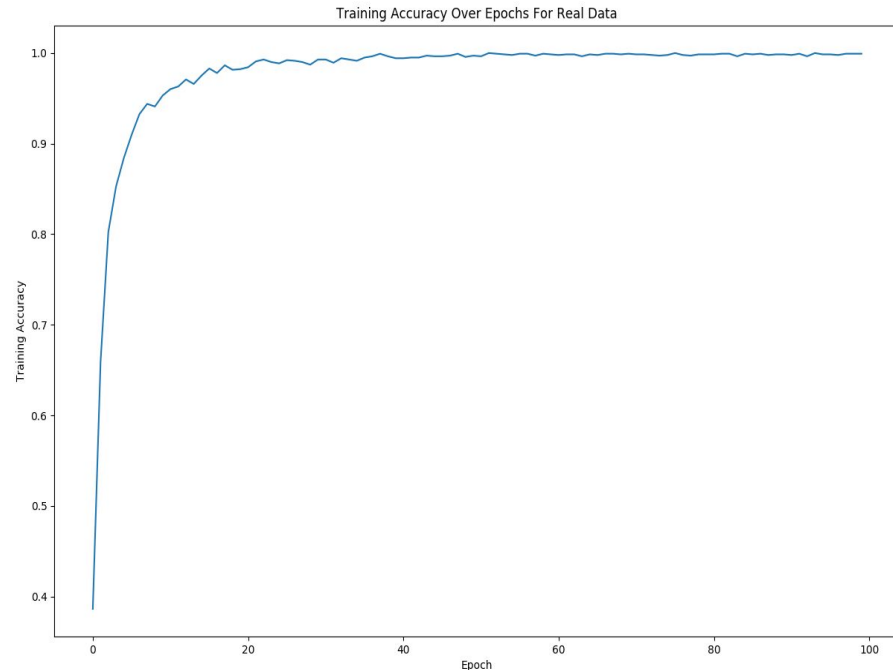
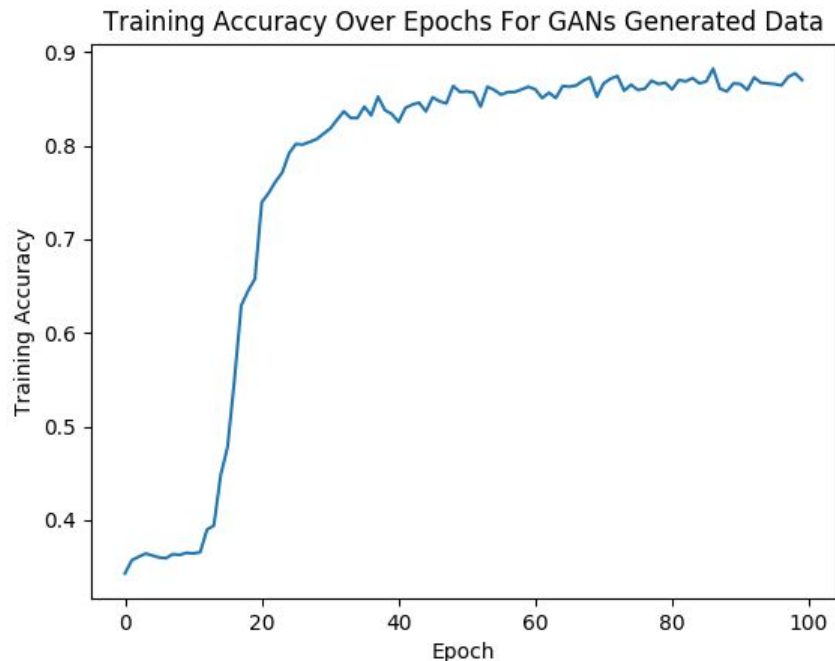
Loss Over Epochs For GANs Generated Data



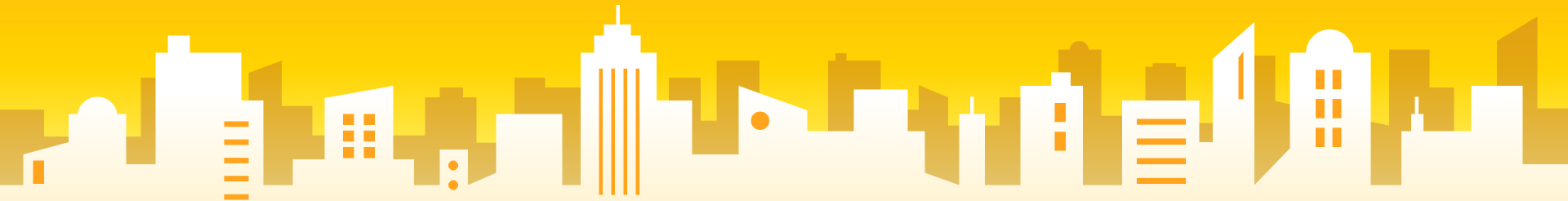
Loss Over Epochs For Real Data



# MNIST Training Accuracies: Fake Data vs Real Data



**So how good is GANs  
generated data on  
training classifiers?**



Its straight up bad dude..























# Classifying Generated v Real

	Test Accuracy	
Epochs	GANs Generated	Real Data
12	~15%	>93%
100	~49%	>93%
500	~51%	>93%





















# CIFAR: Fake Data vs Real Data

**Fake Test Accuracy: ~40%**

		airplane	automobile	bird	cat	deer	dog	frog	horse	ship	truck
											
airplane		497	42	59	57	34	13	31	38	173	56
automobile		47	431	31	51	48	21	48	40	90	193
bird		88	19	235	133	155	129	105	83	34	28
cat		24	23	89	292	109	196	100	92	18	57
deer		36	14	106	116	333	85	130	134	22	24
dog		13	7	90	209	95	361	58	129	13	25
frog		14	21	68	175	138	51	437	54	10	32
horse		27	13	50	91	112	107	43	447	144	66
ship		134	58	22	28	30	40	18	21	546	103
truck		57	181	19	67	38	22	44	53	116	403

**"Fake" Cifar-10 Confusion Matrix**

**Real Test Accuracy: ~60%**

		airplane	automobile	bird	cat	deer	dog	frog	horse	ship	truck
											
airplane		651	44	60	45	24	12	16	11	101	36
automobile		21	812	9	26	3	10	11	5	29	74
bird		61	11	460	110	96	114	99	23	17	9
cat		16	21	53	521	48	227	76	17	11	10
deer		21	4	94	117	525	72	99	51	13	4
dog		9	7	50	213	34	616	28	32	5	6
frog		3	5	42	98	26	41	774	1	6	4
horse		8	9	30	95	67	120	18	636	4	13
ship		73	62	10	39	11	13	8	4	740	40
truck		35	171	11	39	6	19	13	15	47	644

**Real Cifar-10 Confusion Matrix**



# Conclusions and Future Work

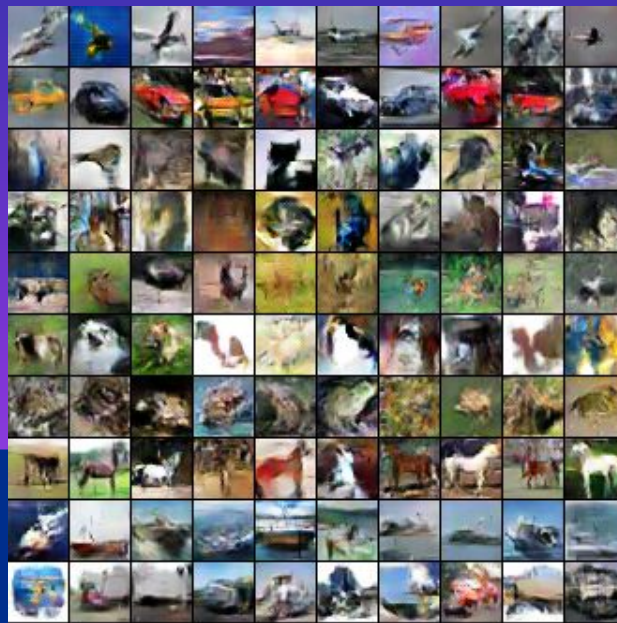


# Conclusion

- In both MNIST and Cifar-10, Generated Data worse than Real Data
- Generated Data received lower accuracy score than Real Data:
  - MNIST: ~50% vs >93% Test Accuracy
  - CIFAR: ~40% vs ~60% Test Accuracy

# Cifar-10 Thoughts

- Might have a discriminator and generator cap
  - After a certain amount of epochs, quality plateaued



(Left)  
100th Epoch

(Right)  
1000th Epoch



# Moving Forward

- Test Various different Generator and Discriminator Functions
- Fine-tune the Density Functions more
- Test Various Cost Functions
- Try Other GANs Implementation
  - eg. DC GANS (Deep Convolutional GANs), Cycle GANs

# Implications

- If GANs can be improved, it can result in:
  - Provide more realistic Images
  - Reinforced Learning (simulate models)
  - Creation of multi-media works
  - Simulate Missing Data or More Data
  - AND MORE!



“

Computer science inverts the normal. In normal science, you're given a world, and your job is to find out the rules. In computer science, you give the computer the rules, and it creates the world.

-Alan Kay



The background of the image is a dark blue gradient. At the top, there are stylized white clouds and numerous white stars of varying sizes. The bottom of the image features a dark blue silhouette of a city skyline with several buildings. Some buildings have yellow rectangular windows, and one building has a yellow circle on its side. The text "Thank You!" is centered in the middle of the image in a white, bold, sans-serif font.

**Thank You!**