

Loan Classification based on the likelihood of loan repayment using Logistic Regression

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In [2]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report, roc_curve, roc_auc_score
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer

df = pd.read_csv('loan_data.csv')

print(df.head())

df.drop('Loan_ID', axis=1, inplace=True)

imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')
df[['LoanAmount', 'Loan_Amount_Term', 'Credit_History']] = imputer.fit_transform(df[['LoanAmount', 'Loan_Amount_Term', 'Credit_History']])

categorical_columns = ['Gender', 'Married', 'Dependents', 'Education', 'Self_Employed', 'Property_Area']
df = pd.get_dummies(df, columns=categorical_columns, drop_first=True)

# Convert Loan_Status to numerical values
df['Loan_Status'] = df['Loan_Status'].map({'N': 0, 'Y': 1})

X = df.drop('Loan_Status', axis=1)
y = df['Loan_Status']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)

model = LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
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y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
class_report = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)

print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(conf_matrix)
print("Classification Report:")
print(class_report)

def predict_loan_repayment(new_data):
    new_data[['LoanAmount', 'Loan_Amount_Term', 'Credit_History']] = imputer.transform(new_data[['LoanAmount', 'Loan_Amount_Term', 'Credit_History']])
    new_data = pd.get_dummies(new_data, columns=categorical_columns, drop_first=True)

    missing_cols = set(X.columns) - set(new_data.columns)
    for col in missing_cols:
        new_data[col] = 0
    new_data = new_data[X.columns]

    new_data = scaler.transform(new_data)
    predictions = model.predict(new_data)
    probabilities = model.predict_proba(new_data)[:, 1]
    return predictions, probabilities

new_loan_data = pd.DataFrame({
    'Gender': ['Male'],
    'Married': ['Yes'],
    'Dependents': ['1'],
    'Education': ['Graduate'],
    'Self_Employed': ['No'],
    'ApplicantIncome': [5000],
    'CoapplicantIncome': [2000],
    'LoanAmount': [150],
    'Loan_Amount_Term': [360],
    'Credit_History': [1],
    'Property_Area': ['Urban']
})

predictions, probabilities = predict_loan_repayment(new_loan_data)
print("Predictions:", predictions)
print("Probabilities:", probabilities)

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# Visualize the results

# Plot the distribution of predicted probabilities
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(probabilities, bins=10, kde=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Predicted Probabilities')
plt.xlabel('Probability of Loan Repayment')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()

# Plot the confusion matrix
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=['No', 'Yes'], yticklabels=['No', 'Yes'])
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.show()

# ROC Curve
y_pred_proba = model.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
roc_auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, label=f'AUC = {roc_auc:.2f}')
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) Curve')
plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.show()

# Print the dataset used
print(df)
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	Loan_ID	Gender	Married	Dependents	Education	Self_Employed	\
0	LP001002	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	
1	LP001003	Male	Yes	1	Graduate	No	
2	LP001005	Male	Yes	0	Graduate	Yes	
3	LP001006	Male	Yes	0	Not Graduate	No	
4	LP001008	Male	No	0	Graduate	No	

	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term	\
0	5849	0.0	NaN	360.0	
1	4583	1508.0	128.0	360.0	
2	3000	0.0	66.0	360.0	
3	2583	2358.0	120.0	360.0	
4	6000	0.0	141.0	360.0	

	Credit_History	Property_Area	Loan_Status
0	1.0	Urban	Y
1	1.0	Rural	N
2	1.0	Urban	Y
3	1.0	Urban	Y
4	1.0	Urban	Y

Accuracy: 0.7886178861788617

Confusion Matrix:

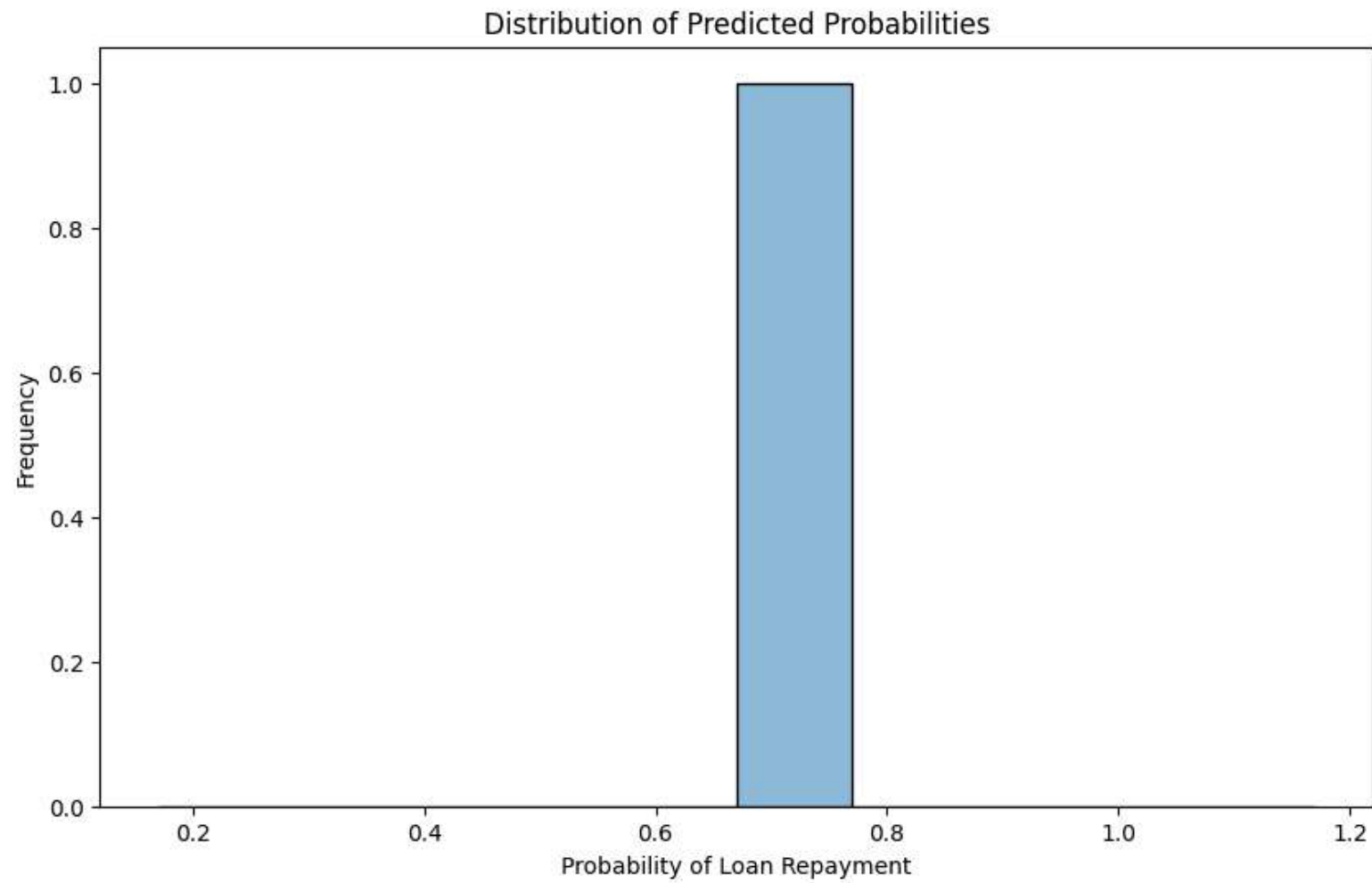
```
[[18 25]
 [ 1 79]]
```

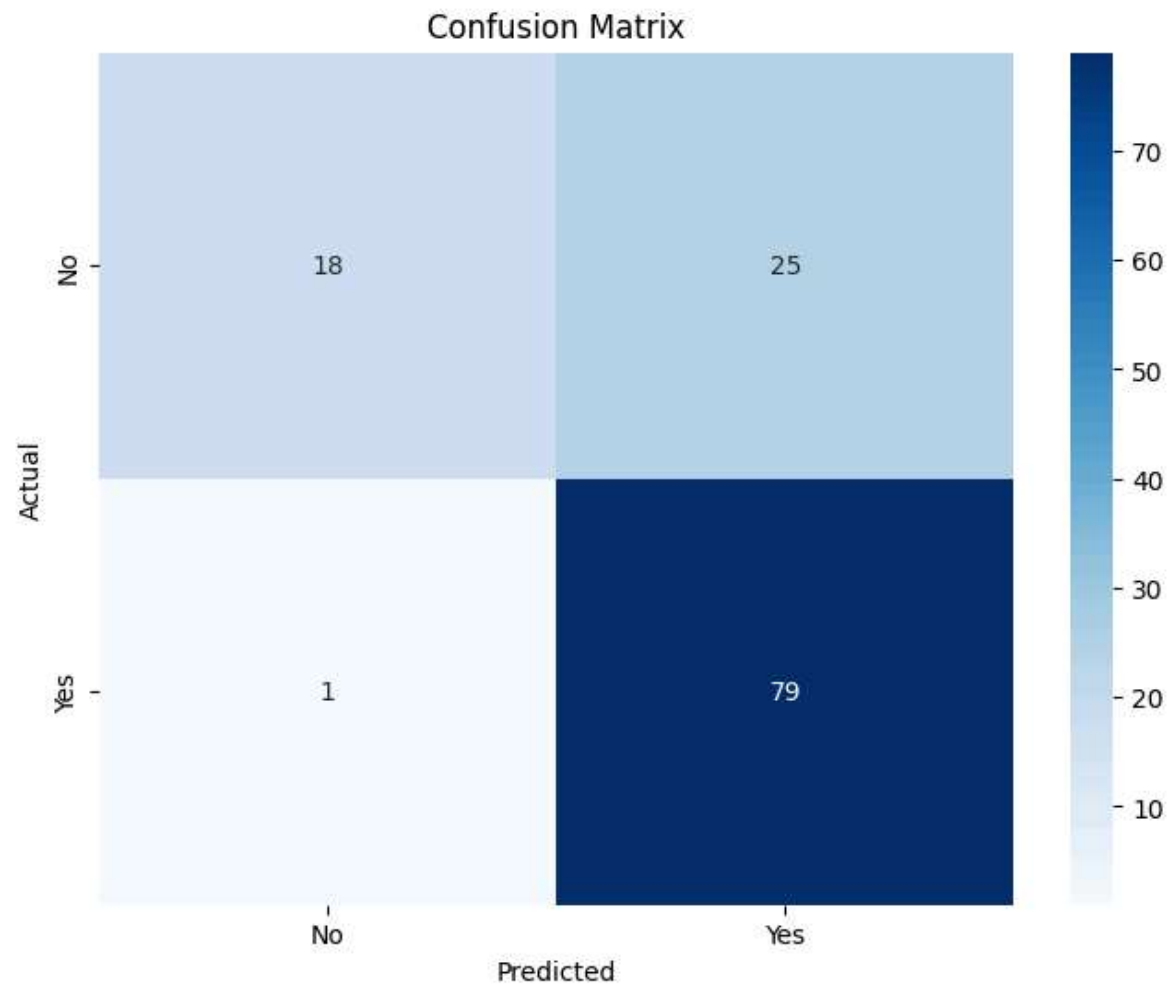
Classification Report:

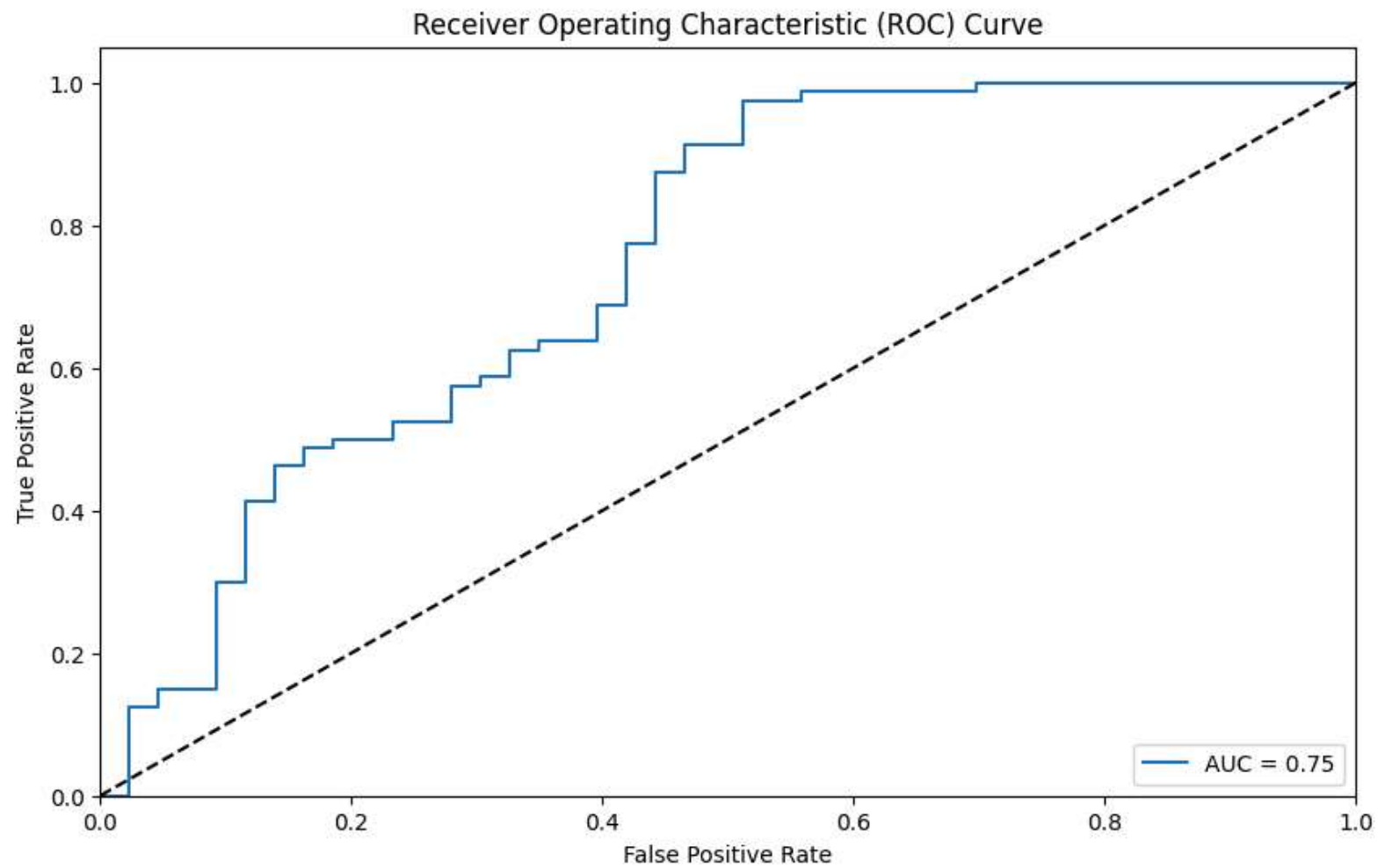
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.95	0.42	0.58	43
1	0.76	0.99	0.86	80
accuracy			0.79	123
macro avg	0.85	0.70	0.72	123
weighted avg	0.83	0.79	0.76	123

Predictions: [1]

Probabilities: [0.66982468]







	ApplicantIncome	CoapplicantIncome	LoanAmount	Loan_Amount_Term \
0	5849	0.0	146.412162	360.0
1	4583	1508.0	128.000000	360.0
2	3000	0.0	66.000000	360.0
3	2583	2358.0	120.000000	360.0
4	6000	0.0	141.000000	360.0
..
609	2900	0.0	71.000000	360.0
610	4106	0.0	40.000000	180.0
611	8072	240.0	253.000000	360.0
612	7583	0.0	187.000000	360.0
613	4583	0.0	133.000000	360.0

	Credit_History	Loan_Status	Gender_Male	Married_Yes	Dependents_1 \
0	1.0	1	True	False	False
1	1.0	0	True	True	True
2	1.0	1	True	True	False
3	1.0	1	True	True	False
4	1.0	1	True	False	False
..
609	1.0	1	False	False	False
610	1.0	1	True	True	False
611	1.0	1	True	True	True
612	1.0	1	True	True	False
613	0.0	0	False	False	False

	Dependents_2	Dependents_3+	Education_Not Graduate	Self_Employed_Yes \
0	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	True
3	False	False	True	False
4	False	False	False	False
..
609	False	False	False	False
610	False	True	False	False
611	False	False	False	False
612	True	False	False	False
613	False	False	False	True

	Property_Area_Semiurban	Property_Area_Urban
0	False	True
1	False	False
2	False	True
3	False	True

4	False	True
..
609	False	False
610	False	False
611	False	True
612	False	True
613	True	False

[614 rows x 15 columns]