Chapter 2 - Terraform Tips

Objective

- Learn basic Terraform techniques
- Interpolations in Terraform
- What's new in Terraform v0.12

Interpolations

Using string variables

```
variable "example_string" {
   type = "string" // Optional, default to string
   default = "example" // Optional, default to ""
}
```

```
${var.foo} // example
```

Using map variables

```
variable "example_map" {
  type = "map"

// Optional, default to {}
  default = {
    key1 = "value1"
    key2 = "value2"
  }
}
```

```
// Get the whole map
${var.example_map}

// get the value of "key1" within the map
${var.example_map["key1"]}
```

Using list variables

```
variable "example_list" {
  type = "list"
  default = ["v1", "v2"] // Optional, default to []
}
```

```
// Get the whole list
${var.example_list}

// Return the ith element of the list
${var.example_list[i]}
```

Using outputs from a module

```
module "foo" {
   source = "example-module"
}
```

```
// Get the output from module
${module.foo.example_output}
```

Practice

Try ch02/200-variables-module-output

```
$ cd aws/ch02/practices/200-variables-module-output
$ terraform init
$ terraform apply
```

And see what happened.

Count information

```
data "template_file" "foo" {
   // interpolate the current index in a multi-count
   // resource
   template = "foo-${count.index}"

   count = 3
}
```

```
// ["foo-0", "foo-1", "foo-2"]
${data.template_file.foo.*.rendered}
```

Using attributes of resources

```
resource "example_resource" "foo" {
  name = "foo"
}
```

```
// Returns "foo"
${example_resource.foo.name}
```

```
resource "example_resource" "foo" {
  name = "foo-${count.index}"

  count = 3
}
```

```
// Returns ["foo-0", "foo-1", "foo-2"]
${example_resource.foo.*.name}
```

Using attributes of data resources

```
data "example_resource" "foo" {
  name = "foo"
}
```

```
// Returns "foo"
${data.example_resource.foo.name}
```

```
data "example_resource" "foo" {
  name = "foo-${count.index}"

  count = 3
}
```

```
// Returns ["foo-0", "foo-1", "foo-2"]
${data.example_resource.foo.*.name}
```

Path information

```
resource "local_file" "foo" {
  content = "foo"

// The file foo.txt will be located at module's path
  filename = "${path.module}/foo.txt"
}
```

Practice

Try ch02/201-count-attributes-path

```
$ cd aws/ch02/practices/201-count-attributes-path
$ terraform init
$ terraform apply
```

And see what happened.

List of builin functions

concat

```
// Combines two or more lists into a single list
list3 = concat(list1, list2, ...)
```

element

```
// Returns a single element from a list at the given
// index.
//
// If the index is greater than the number of elements,
// this function will wrap using a standard mod
// algorithm.
//
// This function only works on flat lists
item = element(list, index)
```

join

```
// Joins the list with the delimiter for a resultant
// string.
//
// This function works only on flat lists.
str = join(delim, list)
```

file

```
// Reads the contents of a file into the string.
// Variables in this file are not interpolated.
ssh_key = file("/home/foo/.ssh/id_rsa.pub")
```

length

```
// Returns the number of members in a given list.
l1 = length(list)

// Returns the number of members in a given map
l2 = length(map)

// Returns the number of characters in a given string.
l3 = length(string)
```

lookup

```
// Performs a dynamic lookup into a map variable.
//
// Lookup "foo" from the map. Interpolation will failed
// if "foo" doesn't exist.
v = lookup(map, "foo")

//
// Lookup "foo" from the map. "bar" is returned if
// "foo" doesn't exist.
v = lookup(map, "foo", "bar")
```

Practice

Try ch02/202-builtin-functions-demo

```
$ cd aws/ch02/practices/202-builtin-functions
$ terraform init
$ terraform apply
```

And see what happened.

Conditionals

Conditionals

```
resource "example_resource" "foo" {
  name = "${var.env == "prod" ? "foo-prod" : "foo-dev"}"
}
```

New Features in Terraform v0.12

v0.12 is the next major release

New features:

- For Expressions
- Conditional Improvements
- Rich Value Types
- ...

For Expressions in Terraform v0.12

Before v0.12

```
resource "local_file" "foo" {
  filename = "${path.module}/foo-${count.index}.txt"
  content = "foo-${count.index}"
  count = 3
}
data "template_file" "do_hash" {
  template = "${sha1(
    element(local_file.foo.*.filename, count.index)
  ) }"
  count = "${length(local_file.foo.*.filename)}"
}
resource "local_file" "foo_hash" {
  filename = "${path.module}/foo-hash.txt"
  content = "${join(",",
    data.template_file.do_hash.*.rendered
  ) }"
}
```

For Expressions in Terraform v0.12

After v0.12

```
resource "local_file" "foo" {
  filename = "${path.module}/foo-${count.index}.txt"
  content = "foo-${count.index}"
  count = 3
}
resource "local_file" "foo_hash" {
  filename = "${path.module}/foo-hash.txt"
  content = "${join(",",
    for f in local_file.foo.*.filename:
   sha1(f)
  ) }"
```

Practice

Try ch02/203-complex-computations

```
$ cd aws/ch02/practices/203-complex-computations
$ terraform init
$ terraform apply
```

Try to refactor it using for after Terraform v0.12 released.

Conditional Improvements in Terraform v0.12

Before v0.12

```
data "template_file" "dev" {
  template = "dev"
  count = "${var.env == "dev" ? 1 : 0}"
}
data "template_file" "prod" {
  template = "prod"
  count = "${var.env == "dev" ? 0 : 1}"
}
output "failure_cannot_be_resolved" {
  value = "${var.env == "dev" ?
    data.template_file.dev.rendered :
    data.template_file.prod.rendered
  }"
}
```

Both variables are resolved no matter what var.env is.

Conditional Improvements in Terraform v0.12

Before v0.12

We can hack it by using join.

```
data "template_file" "dev" {
  template = "dev"
  count = "${var.env == "dev" ? 1 : 0}"
}
data "template_file" "prod" {
  template = "prod"
  count = "${var.env == "dev" ? 0 : 1}"
}
output "success" {
  value = "${var.env == "dev" ?
    join("", data.template_file.dev.*.rendered) :
    join("", data.template_file.prod.*.rendered)
 }"
```

Conditional Improvements in Terraform v0.12

After Terraform v0.12

```
data "template_file" "dev" {
  template = "dev"
  count = "${var.env == "dev" ? 1 : 0}"
}
data "template_file" "prod" {
  template = "prod"
  count = "${var.env == "dev" ? 0 : 1}"
output "success" {
  value = "${var.env == "dev" ?
    data.template_file.dev.rendered :
    data.template_file.prod.rendered
  }"
```

Practice

Try ch02/204-err-conditional

Before v0.12

```
module "example" {
    source = "./example-module"
    value = {
        key = "value"

        my_map = {
            key = "value"
        }

        my_list = ["v1", "v2"]
    }
}
```

After v0.12

```
module "subnets" {
  source = "./subnets"
  parent_vpc_id = "vpc-abcd1234"
  networks = {
    production_a = {
     network_number = 1
     availability_zone = "us-east-1a"
   production_b = {
     network_number = 2
      availability_zone = "us-east-1b"
    staging_a = {
     network_number = 1
      availability_zone = "us-east-1a"
```

Resources and Modules as Values after v0.12

```
output "example_module" {
  value = ${module.example}
}
```

Return the example module as an object.

Key Takeaways

- Use \${...} to access variables
- Built-in functions are useful
- Shortages of current Terraform
 - Weak type system
 - Not intuitive for some cases (e.g., count)
- Big change in Terraform v0.12