

**Pseudo code:**

```
import pygame
import math
```

Set up the display by 640 x 480

```
pygame.init()
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((640,480))
```

Make a class called Susie and initialize

Set up the image by loading sussane.png  
Use `convert_alpha()`  
And transform the image to the size of 75 x 150

create the corresponding rect  
Set the x value to 320  
Set the y value to 240

create the ability to move by making variables such as `self.dx`, `self.dy`, `self.speed`, `self.angle`, `self.angle_rad`, `self.d1` (cos), `self.d2` (sin)

Create a variable called `self.current_state` and assign it an integer 1. This is to track which update method to use

Define update:

```
if self.current_state is 1, call self.update1()
elif self.current_state is 2, call self.update2()
elif self.current_state is 3, call self.update3()
elif self.current_state is 4, call self.update4()
elif self.current_state is 5, call self.update5()
```

```
def update1(self): (going right)
Add self.dx to self.rect.centerx
if self.rect.right > screen.get_width():
Call update2()
```

```
def update2(self): (going left)
subtract self.dx from self.rect.centerx
if self.rect.left < 0:
```

Call update 3()

```
def update3(self): (Going down)
Add self.dy to self.rect.centery
if self.rect.bottom > screen.get_height():
Call update4()
```

```
def update4(self): (Going up)
Remove self.dy from self.rect.centery
if self.rect.top < 0:
Call update5()
```

```
def update5(self): (Moving at 30 degree)
Add self.d1 to self.rect.centerx
Add self.d2 to self.rect.centery
```

```
if self.rect.right > screen.get_width():
    self.rect.right = screen.get_width() (to stay in the screen/boundary)
Reverse x-direction to stay in the boundary while remaining in the boundary
```

```
if self.rect.left < 0:
    self.rect.left = 0 (To stay in the screen/boundary)
Reverse x-direction to stay in the boundary while remaining in the boundary
```

```
if self.rect.bottom > screen.get_height():
    self.rect.bottom = screen.get_height() (To stay in the boundary)
Reverse y-direction to stay in the boundary while remaining in the boundary
```

```
if self.rect.top < 0:
    self.rect.top = 0 (To stay in the boundary)
Reverse y-direction to stay in the boundary while remaining in the boundary
```

**def main():**

Set up the caption  
Load "heart.jpg" and set it as the background

Instantiate the sprite  
Set the timer  
Event handling  
Refresh the display

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    main()  
    pygame.quit()
```