Using Advanced Data Structures in Modern Applications

INTRODUCTION



Rasmus Resen Amossen
SOLUTION ARCHITECT
rasmus.resen.org

What (Not) to Expect

010010

101001

010111





Lemma 3.11 Let $j \in \mathcal{B}$ satisfy $|\mathcal{A}_i||\mathcal{C}_i| \leq |\mathcal{A}_j||\mathcal{C}_j|$ for all $j \in \mathcal{B}$. Then $p = \min(1/k, k/(|\mathcal{A}_j||\mathcal{C}_j|))$ gives an expected $\mathcal{O}(n)$ running lette for Algorithm 1.

We argue that for each i, $p|A_i||C| \leq \max(|A_i|, |C_i|)$, which by PROOF Lemma 3.10 implies running

We argue that
$$3.10$$
 implies running me

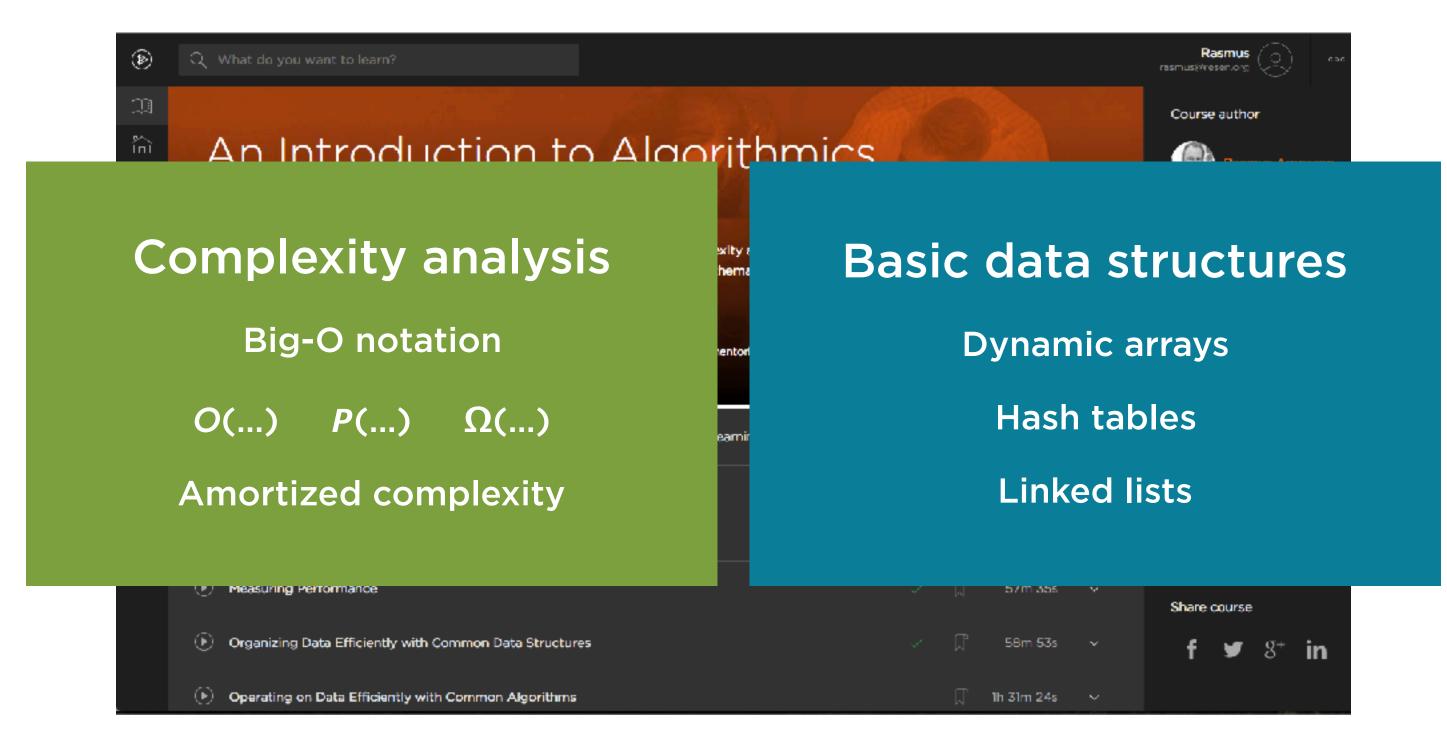
$$\mathcal{O}(n + \sum_{i} p|\mathcal{A}_i||\mathcal{C}_i|) = \mathcal{O} \qquad \sum_{i} \max(|\mathcal{A}_i|, |\mathcal{C}_i|) = \mathcal{O}(n).$$
Then $p = k(|\mathcal{A}_j||\mathcal{C}_j|)$ and $p|\mathcal{A}_i$

Suppose first that $|\mathcal{A}_i|_{|\mathcal{A}_i|} \ge k^2$. Then $p = k_i (|\mathcal{A}_j||\mathcal{C}_j|)$ and $p|\mathcal{A}_i|$ $\sqrt{|\mathcal{A}_i||\mathcal{C}_i|} \le \max(|\mathcal{A}_i|,|\mathcal{C}_i|).$ Otherwise, when $|\mathcal{A}_i||\mathcal{C}_i| < k^2$, we have and $p|\mathcal{A}_i||\mathcal{C}_i| = |\mathcal{A}_i||\mathcal{C}_i|/k \le \max(|\mathcal{A}_i|,|\mathcal{C}_i|).$

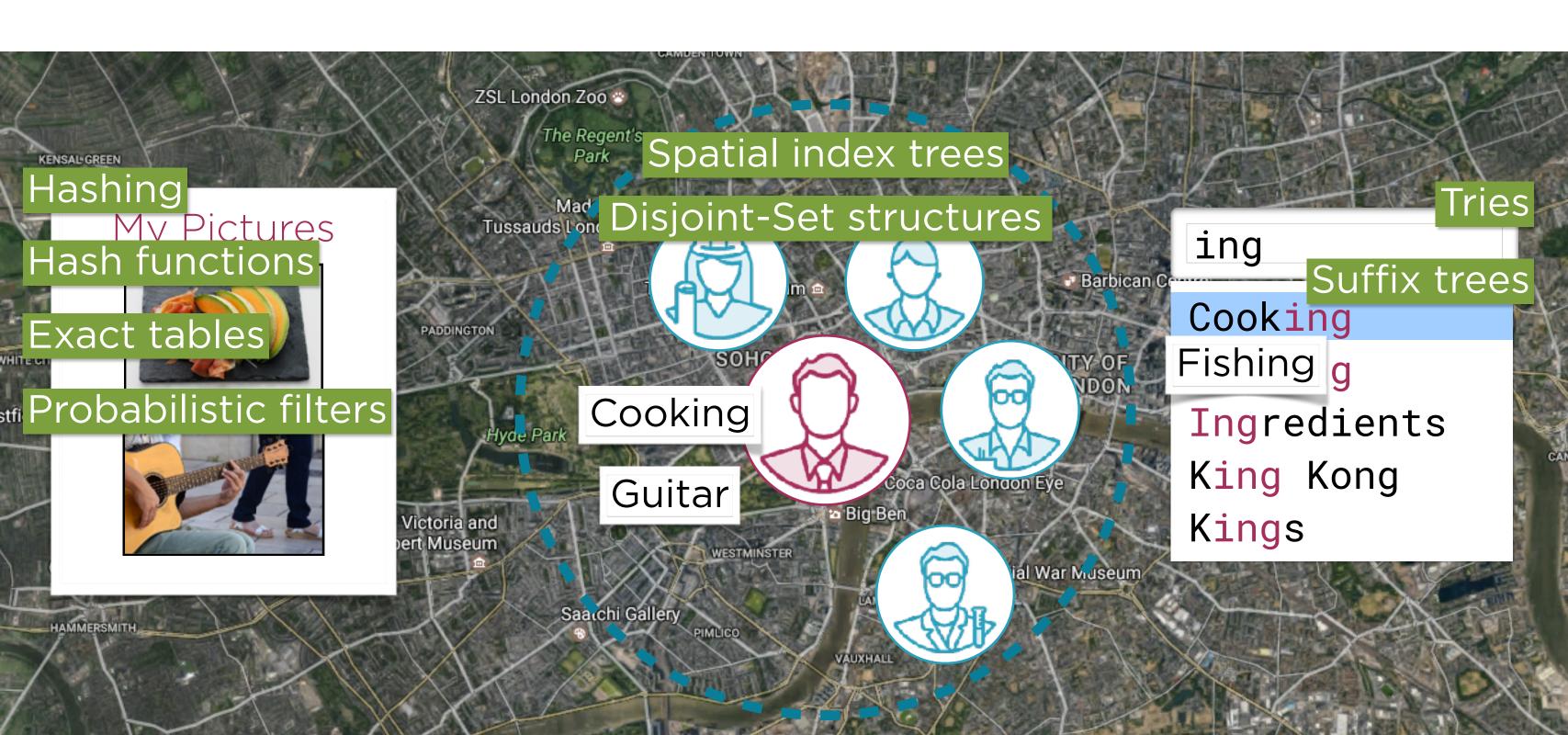


```
Dictionary(string, int> stocc2rating - new Dictionary(string, int>();
  HashSet(Guid> blackListedInvestors = new HashSet(Guid>();
 Earndom random = new Random(29);
 public investment#nalyzer(iStockirader stockirader)
    this.stockTrader = stockFracer;
public void HandleQuery(InvestmentQuery query)
    queries.Add(query);
public void AnalyzeQueries()
```

Prerequisites



The Match Finder App



How to Watch the Course

Hashing 1: Core Concepts and Exact Matches

Hashing 2: Saving Space with Probabilistic Bloom Filters

Hashing 3: Saving Space and Allowing Deletion with Cuckoo Filters

Efficient Set Operations with Disjoint-Set Structures

Querying Space and Time with Tree Structures

Prefix-querying Sequences Efficiently with Tries

Infix-querying Sequences
Efficiently with Suffix Trees