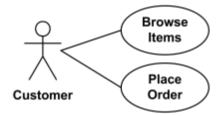
## UML Association Between Actor and Use Case

Each **use case** represents a unit of useful functionality that **subjects** provide to **actors**. An **association** between an actor and a use case indicates that the actor and the use case somehow interact or communicate with each other.

Only **binary associations** are allowed between actors and use cases.

An actor could be associated to one or several use cases.



Customer actor is associated with two use cases - Browse Items and Place Order.

A use case may have one or several associated actors.



Manage Account use case is associated with Customer and Bank actors.

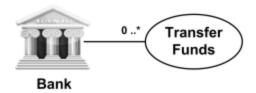
If there are several actors associated to the same use case, it may not be obvious from use case diagram which actor **initiates** the use case, i.e. is a "**primary actor**". (In non-standard UML, **primary actors** are those using system services, and **supporting actors** are actors providing services to the system.)

## Multiplicity of Association Ends

UML allows the use of **multiplicity** at one or both ends of an association between the actor and the use case.

## Multiplicity of a Use Case

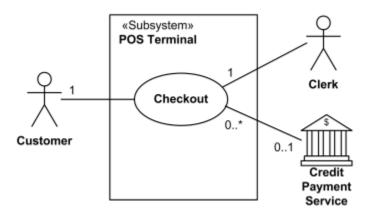
When an actor has an association to a <u>use case</u> with a <u>multiplicity</u> that is greater than one at the use case end, it means that a given actor can be involved in **multiple use cases** of that type.



Bank actor is involved in multiple Transfer Funds use cases.

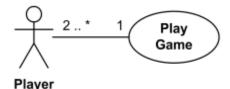
## Multiplicity of an Actor

Required actor may be explicitly denoted using multiplicity 1 or greater. UML 2.5 also allows actor to be optional. Multiplicity **0..1** of actor means that the actor may or may not participate in any of their associated use cases.



Checkout use case requires Customer actor, hence the 1 multiplicity of Customer. The use case may not need Credit Payment Service (for example, if payment is in cash), thus the 0..1 multiplicity.

When a use case has an association to an **actor** with a **multiplicity** that is greater than one at the actor end, it means that more than one actor instance is involved in the use case.



Two or more Player actors are involved in the Play Game use case. Each Player participates in one Play Game.