

Google Data Analytics - Case Study

22/07/2021

Preparation

Set environment

```
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --

## v ggplot2 3.3.3      v purrr 0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.2       v dplyr 1.0.7
## v tidyr 1.1.3        v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 1.4.0        v forcats 0.5.1

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()

library(skimr)
library(janitor)

##
## Attaching package: 'janitor'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   chisq.test, fisher.test

library("dplyr")
```

Import datasets

```
q1_2020 <- read.csv("R/bike_sharing/Resources/Divvy_Trips_2020_Q1.csv")
q4_2019 <- read.csv("R/bike_sharing/Resources/Divvy_Trips_2019_Q4.csv")
q3_2019 <- read.csv("R/bike_sharing/Resources/Divvy_Trips_2019_Q3.csv")
q2_2019 <- read.csv("R/bike_sharing/Resources/Divvy_Trips_2019_Q2.csv")
```

Change value "Subscriber and Customer" to "member and casual"

```

q4_2019$member_casual <- gsub("Subscriber", "member",q4_2019$member_casual)
q4_2019$member_casual <- gsub("Customer", "casual",q4_2019$member_casual)

q3_2019$member_casual <- gsub("Subscriber", "member",q3_2019$member_casual)
q3_2019$member_casual <- gsub("Customer", "casual",q3_2019$member_casual)

q2_2019$member_casual <- gsub("Subscriber", "member",q2_2019$member_casual)
q2_2019$member_casual <- gsub("Customer", "casual",q2_2019$member_casual)

```

Change datatype of “ride_id” for 2019 data to be combined

```

q4_2019$ride_id <- as.character(q4_2019$ride_id)
q3_2019$ride_id <- as.character(q3_2019$ride_id)
q2_2019$ride_id <- as.character(q2_2019$ride_id)

```

Combine all dataset into variable “all_data”

```

all_data <- bind_rows(q2_2019,q3_2019,q4_2019,q1_2020)

```

Add columns

```

all_data$ride_length <- difftime(all_data$ended_at,all_data$started_at)/60
all_data$ride_length <- as.integer(all_data$ride_length)
all_data$month <- as.Date(all_data$started_at,format = "%Y-%m-%d")
all_data$month <- format(all_data$month, "%m")
all_data$year <- as.Date(all_data$started_at,format = "%Y-%m-%d")
all_data$year <- format(all_data$year, "%Y")
all_data$year <- as.integer(all_data$year)
all_data$age <- all_data$year - all_data$birthyear

```

Visualizations

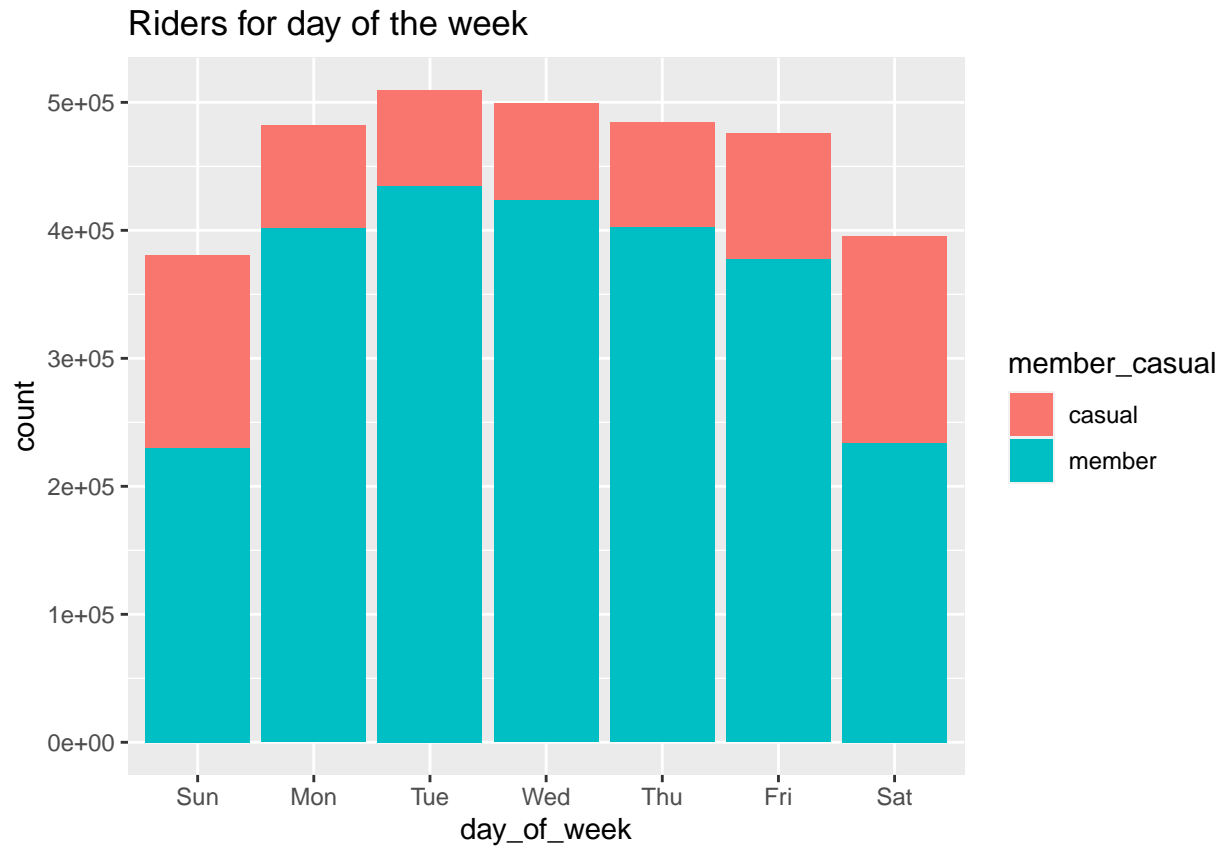
Riders for week of the day grouped by member/casual

```

library(ggplot2)
day_week <- c( 'Sun', 'Mon', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri',
               'Sat')

ggplot(data=all_data)+
  geom_bar(mapping = aes(x=day_of_week,fill=member_casual))+
  labs(title="Riders for day of the week") +
  xlim(day_week)

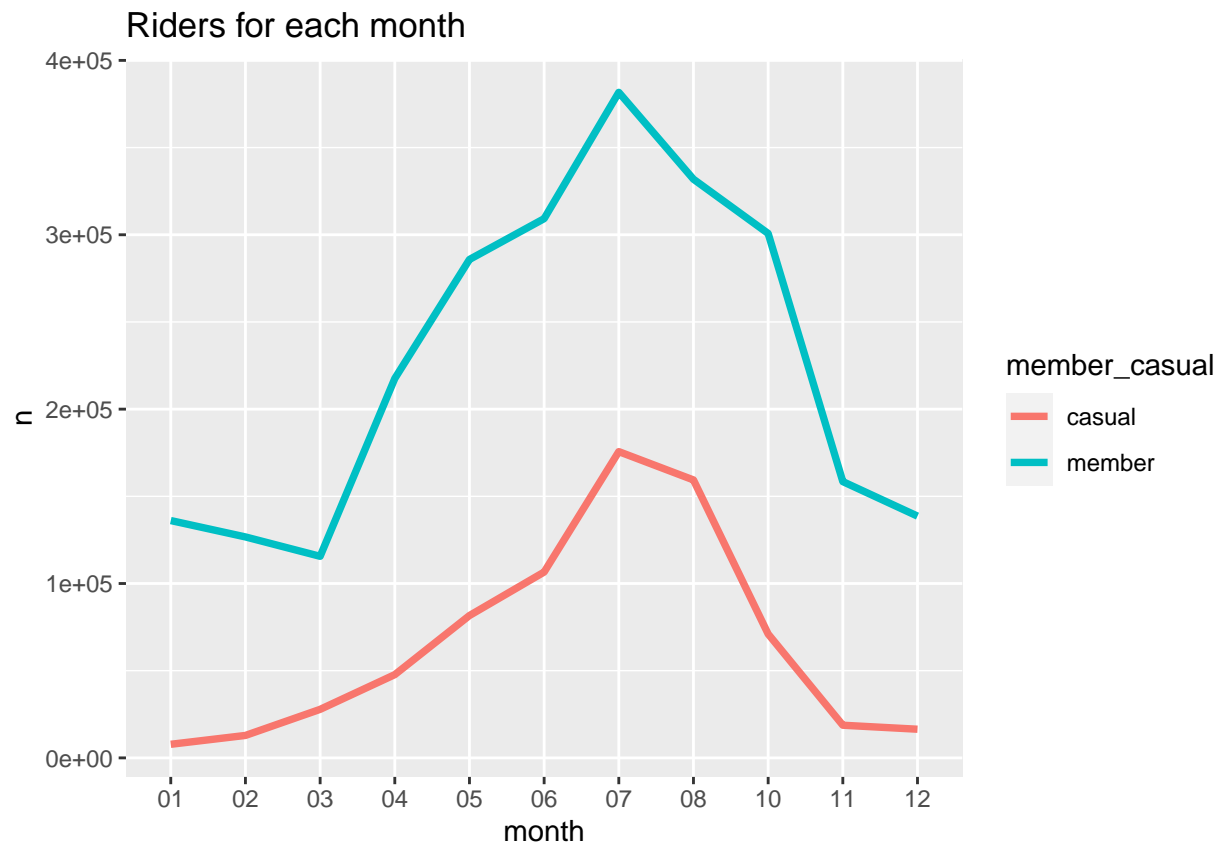
```



Number of member and casual riders for each month

```
num_month <- all_data %>%
  group_by(month) %>%
  count(member_casual)

num_month <- data.frame(num_month)
ggplot(data = num_month)+
  geom_line(mapping = aes(x=month, y=n, group=member_casual,color=member_casual), size=1.3)+
  labs(title = "Riders for each month")
```

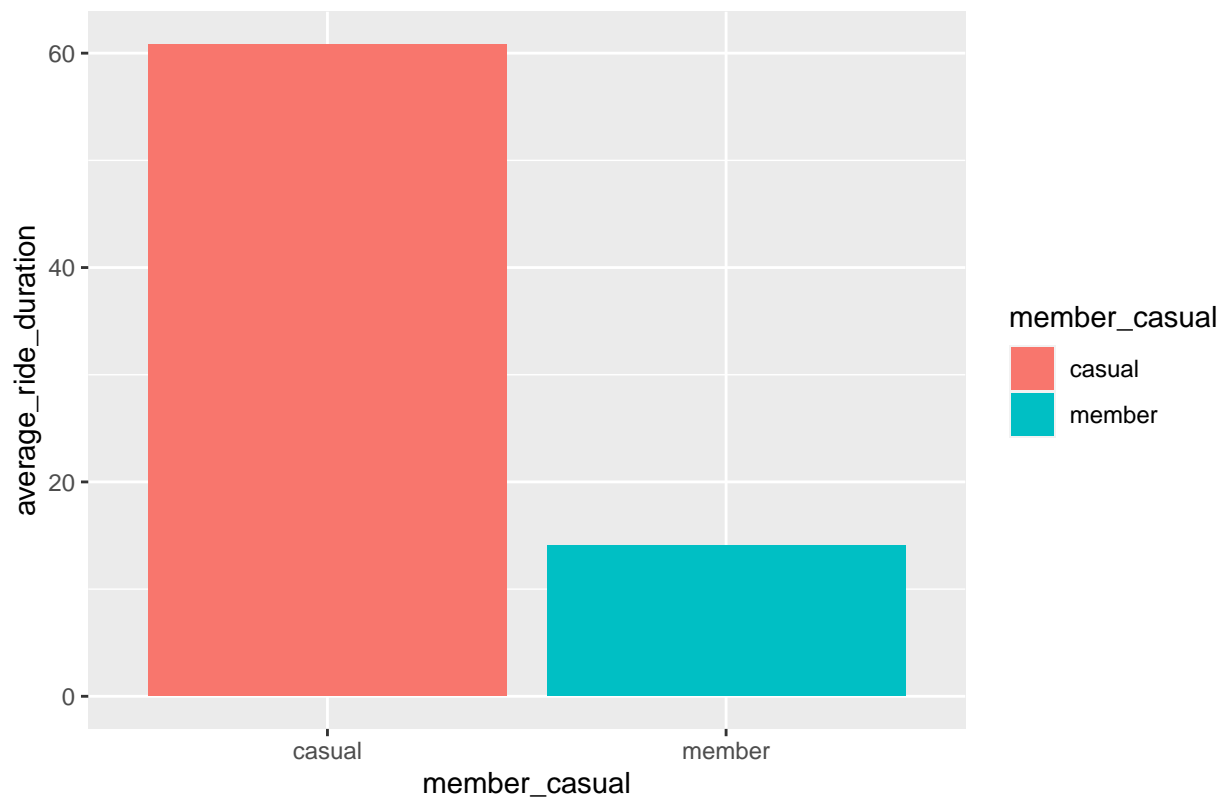


Average ride length for member and casual riders

```
average_length <-all_data %>%
  group_by(member_casual) %>%
  summarize(average Ride duration = mean(ride_length))

ggplot(data=average_length)+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity",mapping = aes(x=member_casual,y=average Ride duration,fill=member_casual))+
  labs(title="Average ride length grouped by Member and Casual riders")
```

Average ride length grouped by Member and Casual riders



Number of riders by gender

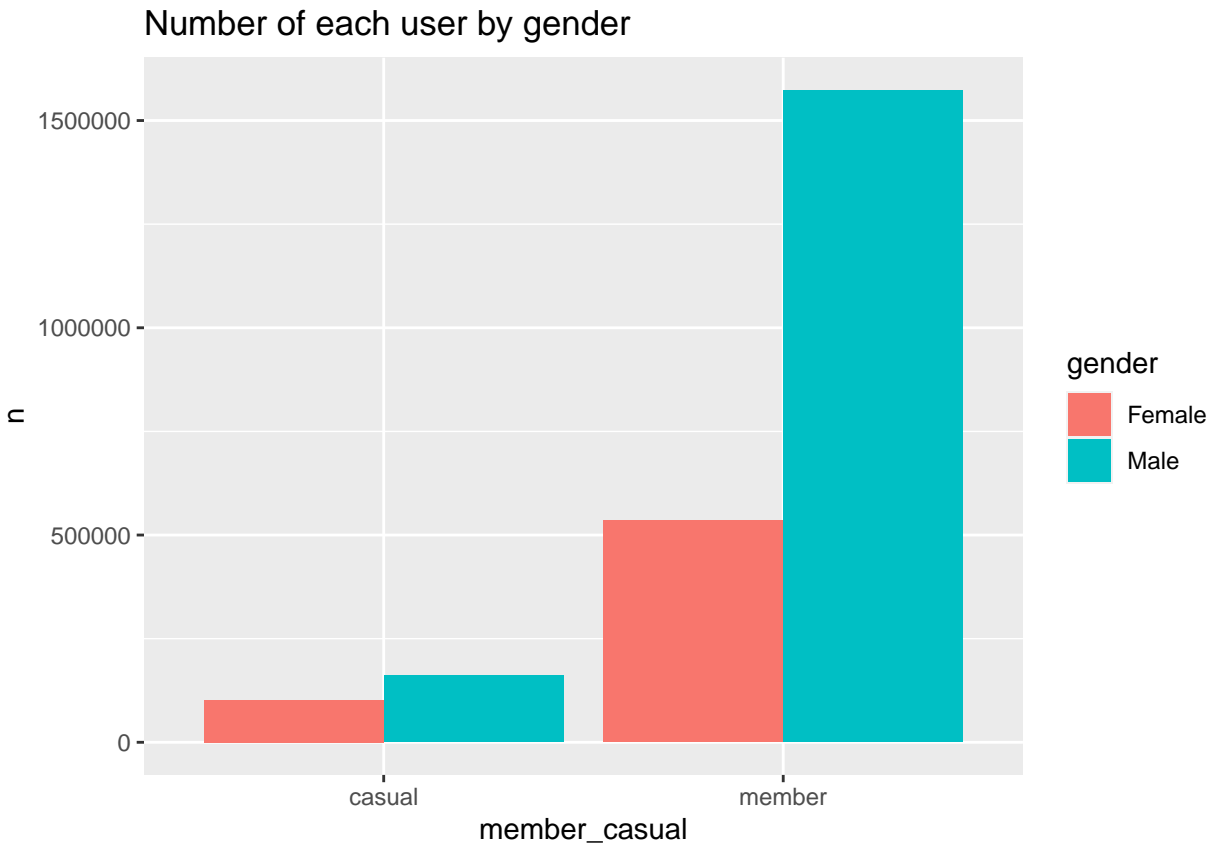
```
p <- all_data %>%
  drop_na(gender) %>%
  group_by(member_casual) %>%
  count(gender)
```

```
p <- data.frame(p)
p <- p[p$gender != "",]
```

```
p
```

```
##  member_casual gender      n
## 2      casual Female 101820
## 3      casual  Male 160652
## 5      member Female 534752
## 6      member  Male 1572865
```

```
ggplot(data=p)+
  geom_bar(stat="identity", mapping = aes(x=member_casual, y=n, fill=gender), position="dodge")+
  labs(title = "Number of each user by gender")
```



Number of member/casual riders grouped by end stations

```
num_station <- all_data %>%
  group_by(end_station_name) %>%
  count(member_casual, sort = (decreasing = TRUE))

num_station <- data.frame(num_station)

top_member <- subset(num_station, member_casual == "member") %>%
  top_n(5)
```

Selecting by n

```
top_casual <- subset(num_station, member_casual == "casual") %>%
  top_n(5)
```

Selecting by n

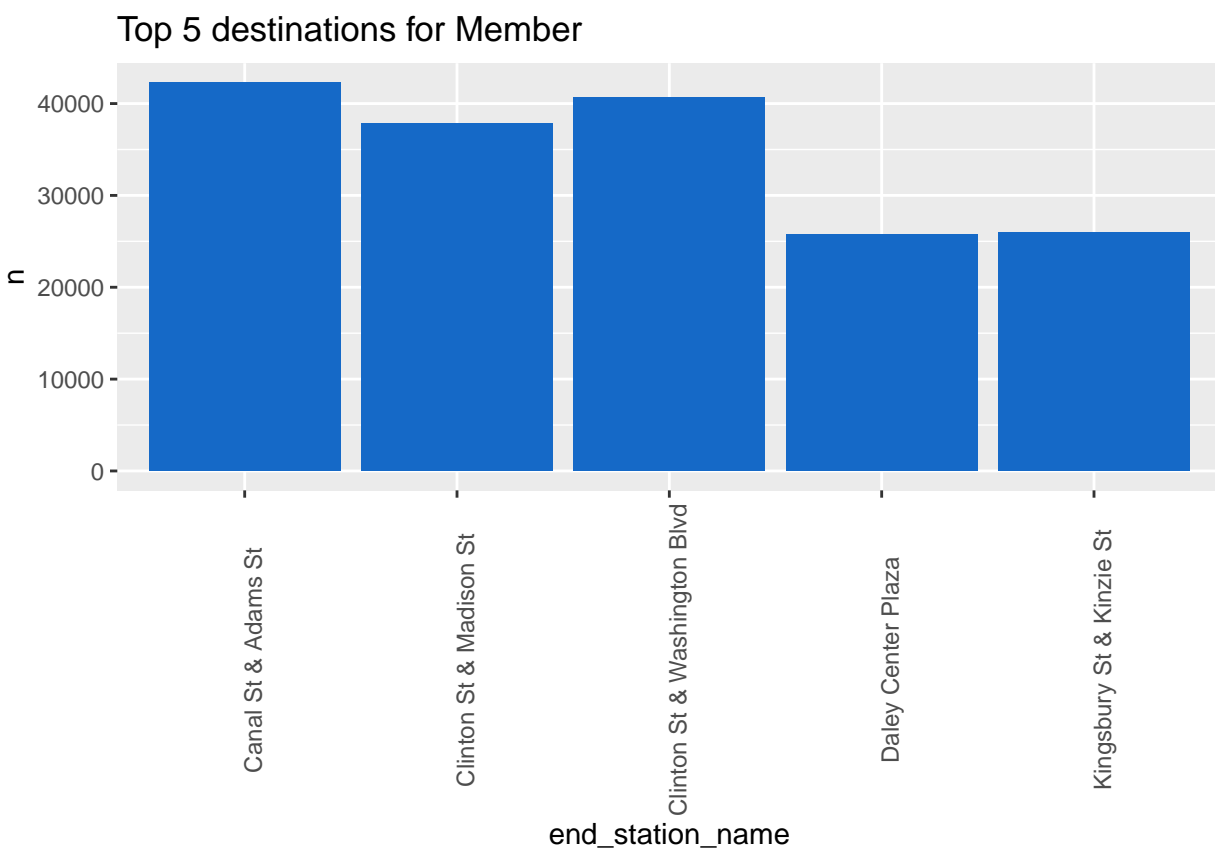
```
top_member
```

```
##           end_station_name member_casual      n
## 1      Canal St & Adams St          member 42280
## 2 Clinton St & Washington Blvd          member 40654
## 3      Clinton St & Madison St          member 37875
## 4    Kingsbury St & Kinzie St          member 25935
## 5      Daley Center Plaza          member 25729
```

```
top_casual
```

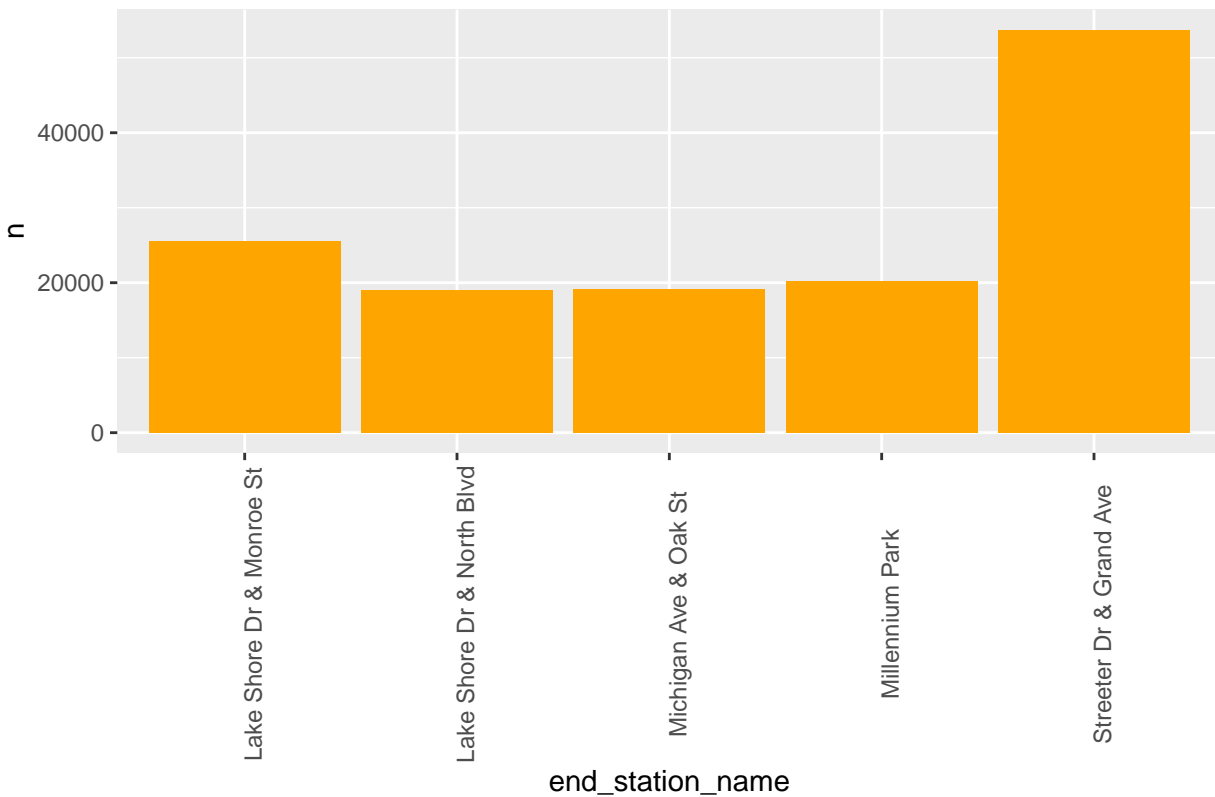
```
##           end_station_name member_casual      n
## 1  Streeter Dr & Grand Ave          casual 53719
## 2  Lake Shore Dr & Monroe St          casual 25596
## 3      Millennium Park              casual 20266
## 4  Michigan Ave & Oak St             casual 19121
## 5  Lake Shore Dr & North Blvd         casual 19008
```

```
ggplot(data=top_member)+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity",mapping=aes(x=end_station_name,y=n),fill='#1569C7')+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
  labs(title="Top 5 destinations for Member")
```



```
ggplot(data=top_casual)+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity",mapping=aes(x=end_station_name,y=n),fill='#FFA500')+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
  labs(title="Top 5 destinations for Casual")
```

Top 5 destinations for Casual



Distribution of age

```
ggplot(data=all_data)+
  geom_histogram(mapping = aes(x=age,fill=member_casual),position = "dodge",bins = 30)+
  scale_x_continuous(limits = c(0, 80))+
  labs(title="Distribution of user's age")+
  xlim(10,80)
```

```
## Scale for 'x' is already present. Adding another scale for 'x', which will
## replace the existing scale.
```

```
## Warning: Removed 843724 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```

```
## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values (geom_bar).
```


Distribution of user's age

