

# Technical Architecture Document

## DVF Data Lake & Data Warehouse

### 1. Purpose of This Document

This Technical Architecture Document describes the design and implementation of a local data platform for dvf Data using open-source tools.

The document explains:

- how data flows through the system
- how each component works
- why specific technologies were chosen

This document is used to communicate the architecture clearly to technical and nontechnical stakeholders.

### 2. Project Overview

#### Project Name

Real Estate Market Analysis in France

#### Objective

The objective of this project is to design a simple but realistic data architecture that follows modern data engineering principles:

- ingest open data
- store raw data safely
- clean and transform data
- load data into a Data Warehouse
- enable SQL-based analytics

### 3. Global Architecture Overview

The architecture is based on a layered approach, which separates responsibilities and improves clarity.

The system is composed of four main layers:

1. Data Source
2. Data Lake
3. Data Warehouse

#### 4. Analytics and BI

Each layer has a specific role and responsibility.

##### **4. Data Source Layer**

###### **Description:**

The data source is an open dvf dataset provided as a CSV file.

Characteristics

- public and free
- static dataset
- Real estate market data

###### **Role:**

The data source represents the entry point of the data pipeline.

##### **5. Data Lake Layer**

###### **Purpose:**

The Data Lake stores data as files and preserves data flexibility and history.

###### **Technology**

- Local file system
- CSV files
- Python Scripts for processing

###### **Data Lake Zones**

RAW Zone

- stores original data
- no transformation
- acts as the source of truth

STAGING Zone

- cleaned and standardized data
- duplicates removed
- missing values handled
- date formats normalized

CURATED Zone

- BI-ready data

- selected columns only
- aggregated datasets
- optimized for analytics

This zone is used as the input for the Data Warehouse.

## **6. Data Warehouse Layer**

### **Purpose**

The Data Warehouse stores clean, structured data optimized for SQL queries and analytics.

### **Technology Choice: DuckDB**

**DuckDB** was chosen because:

- it runs locally
- it requires no server
- it requires no license
- it supports standard SQL
- it is optimized for analytical workloads

### **Storage**

The Data Warehouse is stored as a local file: warehouse/dvf\_market.db

### **Tables**

- fact\_monthly\_indicators
- dim\_top\_departments\_volume
- dim\_top\_departments\_price

These tables are used for Business Intelligence queries.

## **7. Analytics and BI Layer**

### **Purpose**

This layer enables data analysis and business insights.

### **Capabilities**

- SQL queries
- aggregations
- metrics and indicators

### **Example Analyses**

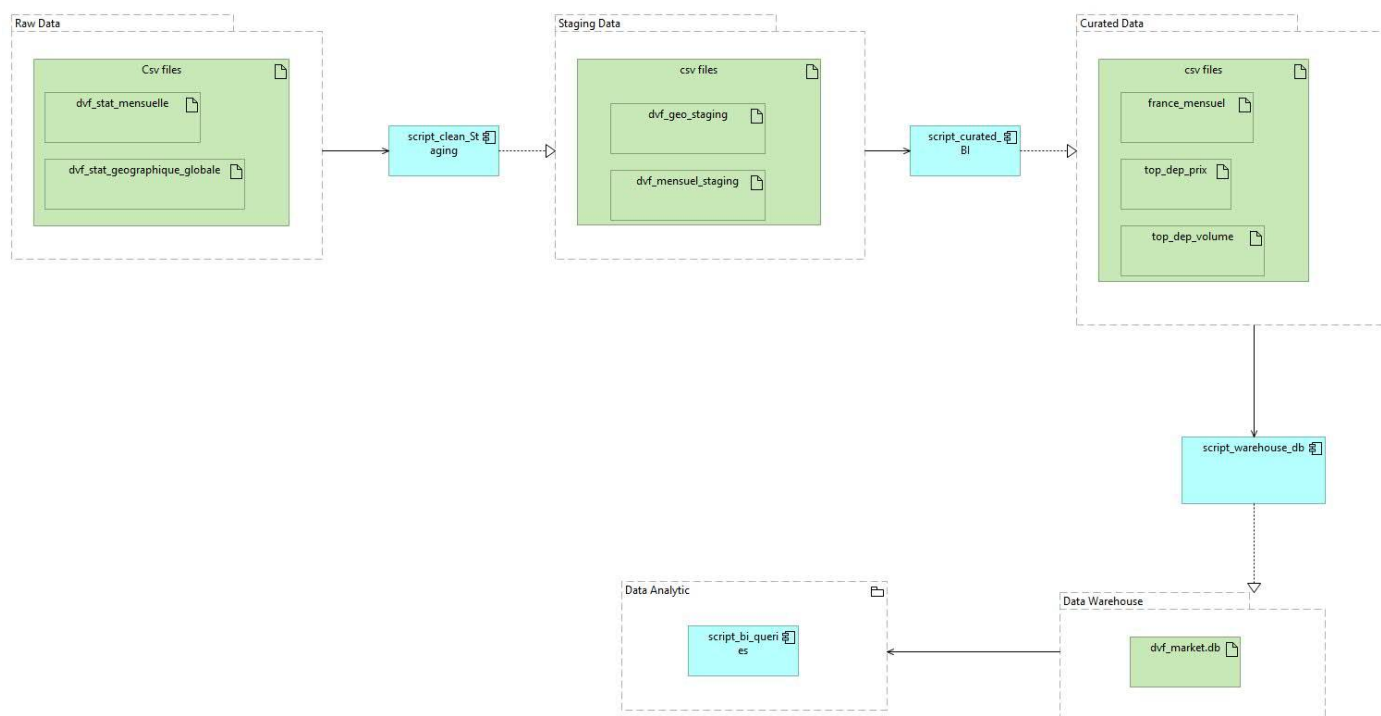
- Is data available for January 2026?

- If not, what is the latest available month?
- What is the median price per square meter
- Which are the top 10 departments

### Architecture Flow Summary

The data flow follows this logic:

- Data is ingested from an open source
- Raw data is stored in the Data Lake
- Data is cleaned and transformed
- Clean data is loaded into the Data Warehouse
- SQL queries generate insights and reports



**Figure:** The Architecture of the dvf data pipeline