# HOPE HARVEST

# Layered Architecure

B2-Group 04

2005098

2005101

2005102

2005104

2005117

2005118

BUET | 2024

# KEY LAYERS

- 1. Presentation Layer (User Interface and API Gateway)
- 2. Business Logic Layer (Core Services)
- 3. Persistence Layer (Data Access)
- 4. Database Layer (Data Storage)
- 5. Integration Layer (External Systems and Services)
- 6. Infrastructure Layer (Deployment, Scalability, and Operational Support)

# PRESENTATION LAYER

## Purpose:

This layer is responsible for interacting with the user and handling input/output operations. It communicates with the business logic layer to perform actions and display results to the user.

## Components/Services:

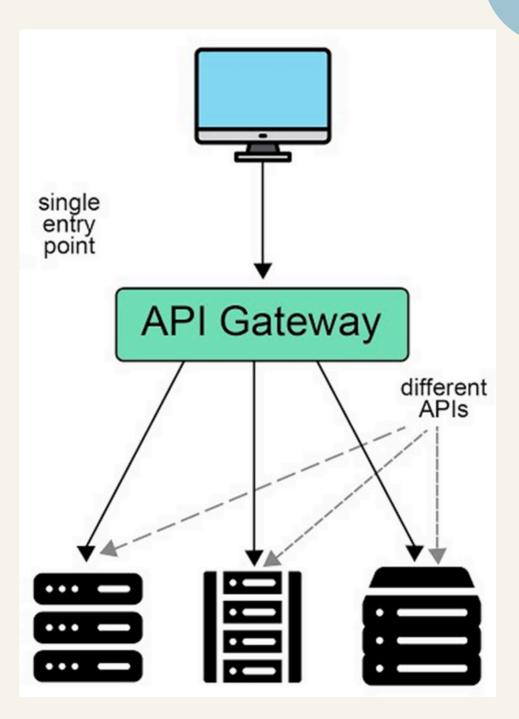
#### **User Interface**

- **NormalUser Interface:** Provides a responsive UI for donors to view events, make donations, track donation history, interact with chatbot and submit or check fund requests.
- Admin Dashboard: A control panel for managing events, overseeing donations, assigning resources, approving fund requests, and generating reports.
- **Volunteer Portal:** Enables volunteers to view and update task progress, manage availability, and collaborate with team leaders.
- **TeamLeader Portal**: Allows team leaders to assign tasks, manage team resources, track event progress, and submit reports.
- ▶ **Technology:** React.js (Component-Based Architecture, promotes reusability and modular)

#### **API Gateway**

A single entry point that routes requests from frontends to the appropriate backend services.

▶ Technology: NGINX with REST APIs ( A highperformance reverse proxy and load balancer that routes client requests to REST API endpoints, ensuring secure, efficient, and modular backend communication )



# BUSINESS LOGIC LAYER

## Purpose:

Implements the core rules and workflows of the charity foundation system, ensuring the system's logic is independent of UI or data storage.

## **Key Services**:

#### NormalUser:

- DonationService: Manages donation processing, tracking, and receipt generation.
- FundRequestService: Allows users to submit and check the status of fund requests.
- ChatbotService: Processes user queries and provides information via the chatbot.

#### **Team Leaders and Volunteers:**

- **TeamService**: Enables leaders to manage their teams, assign tasks, and monitor team progress.
- **ResourceService**:Allows leaders to request additional resources or update existing resource statuses.
- EventService: Facilitates progress tracking and submission of event updates or reports

#### Admins:

- **EventService:** Handles the creation, scheduling, updates, goal tracking, and status changes of events.
- **ResourceService:** Manages the allocation, updating, and tracking of resources for events and teams.
- FundRequestService: Enables admins to review, approve, or reject fund requests.
- TeamService: Manages team creation, leader assignment, and member management.
- Centralized Accounting System Service:

Handles all financial workflows, including:

- Budget allocation for events and teams.
- Donation tracking and summaries.
- Generating financial reports and audits.

#### ► Technology:

**Backend Services:** Spring Boot with embedded Tomcat. (Wide Industry Adoption, Microservices-Friendly, Embedded Server Support) **RabbitMQ**: To handle asynchronous updates like donation confirmations, fund disbursements, and expense tracking.

# PERSISTENCE LAYER

### Purpose:

Manages data storage and retrieval from databases or other storage systems. It handles CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations and abstracts interactions with the data source.

## Components/Services:

#### <u>Data Access Objects(DAO)</u>

A set of objects responsible for handling CRUD operations and complex queries for various entities.

- Events: EventInfo, EventReport, AuditDetails.
- **Donations**: DonationRecord, DonorInfo, PaymentStatus.
- Users: UserProfile (NormalUser, Admin, Volunteer), FundRequestInfo.
- Teams: TeamInfo, TaskAssignment, ResourceAllocation.
- **CentralAccountingSystem**: BudgetManagement, ExpenseTracking, DonationSummary, AnnualReports.
- ▶ **Technology:** Query Builder: Hibernate ORM (Java) Provides object-oriented data access and supports easy migration between databases.

# DATABASE LAYER

## Purpose:

Provides the actual data storage for the application, ensuring that data can be queried and manipulated as needed.

## Components:

#### **Primary DB**

Stores structured data such as event details, donation records, user profiles, team information, fund requests, and financial data from the centralized accounting system.

**Technology**: MySQL (Open-source, reliable, and compatible with enterprise tools).

#### **Read Replicas:**

Read-only copies of the primary MySQL database instance used for scaling read-heavy endpoints (e.g., event details, donation summaries). Multiple read replicas will be deployed behind a load balancer to improve performance during peak usage.

**Technology**: MySQL (consistent with primary storage).



#### Purpose:

Handles communication with external services and systems. This layer facilitates seamless integration with third-party tools, ensuring scalability and efficiency for critical processes such as payments, notifications, and data verification.

# Components:

- Payment Gateway Integration: Connects with external payment providers (e.g., SSLCommerz, Sonali Bank, Bkash) to handle donation payments and fund disbursements.
- Messaging and Notification Services: Integrates with SMS and email providers to send donation confirmations, event reminders, and fund request updates.
- **Verification Services:** Integrates with external systems for user or document verification, such as ID validation or compliance checks.

#### Technology:

- RESTful APIs: Spring Boot for creating and consuming APIs.
- Message Queues: RabbitMQ or Kafka for asynchronous communication with external systems.

# INFRASTRUCTURE LAYER

### Purpose:

Provides the foundational elements for deploying, scaling, monitoring, and maintaining the system. Ensures smooth operations during peak loads, such as high donation volumes or event deadlines.

## Components:

- **Hosting Platform**: Hosts the application on a scalable cloud infrastructure. <u>Technology</u>: AWS (Amazon Web Services), Google Cloud Platform (GCP), or Microsoft Azure.
- Load Balancer: Distributes incoming traffic among multiple server instances to ensure high availability and performance.
  - <u>Technology</u>: Cloud-based load balancer (e.g., AWS Elastic Load Balancer).
- Containerization and Orchestration: Uses containers to package applications and orchestration tools for managing deployments.
  - Technology: Docker for containerization, Kubernetes for orchestration.
- **CI/CD Pipeline:** Automates testing, integration, and deployment of new features and fixes. <u>Technology</u>: Jenkins, GitHub Actions, or GitLab CI/CD.
- Monitoring and Logging: Monitors application performance and captures logs for troubleshooting and proactive scaling.
  - <u>Technology</u>: Prometheus and Grafana for monitoring, ELK Stack for logging.

# THANKYOU