

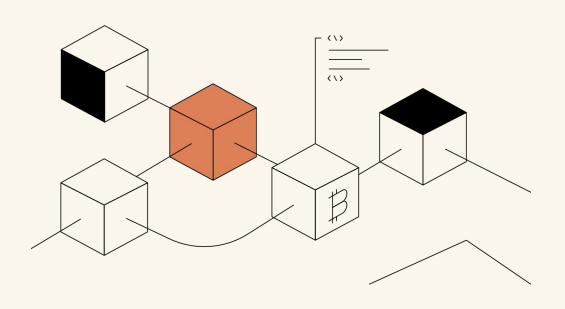


Enabling Fully <u>Confidential</u> <u>Transactions</u> with <u>Zero Knowledge</u>

Tal Derei

Agenda





- 1. Privacy on Public Blockchain
- 2. Aztec Protocol
- 3. Aztec's Applications (zk.money and Connect Bridge)

Terms



• **L1** = Layer-1 (Main Chain)



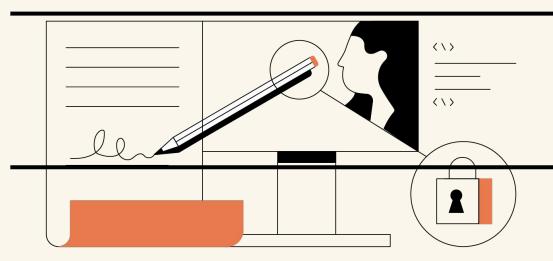
- **L2** = Layer-2 (ZK-Rollups)
- **ZK** = Zero-Knowledge
- **zk-SNARKs** = Succinct Non-Interactive Argument of Knowledge *Proofs*

Agenda



"Obfuscation of a money trail isn't necessarily money laundering!"





Privacy On Public Chain

Public Transaction Model



- \rightarrow 1. An account will initiate a transaction to update the state of the Ethereum network
- \rightarrow **2.** Transactions are cryptographically signed instructions from **accounts** (i.e. accounts initiate transactions)
- \rightarrow **3.** Miner executes the transaction, initiating a **state change** of the EVM that's broadcasted to the entire network (e.g. *Gossip Protocol + Consensus Mechanism*)



Public Transaction Model



Korth sends Palmieri → 10 ETH

- Korth 's account is debited: -10.0042 ETH
- Palmieri's account is credited: 10.0042 ETH
- Base fee (*EIP-1559*) will be burned: -0.00399 ETH
- Miner keeps the tip: +0.000210 ETH

Executing Transactions



Transaction Object's Payload:

```
from: "oxEA674fdDe714fd979de3EdFoF56AA9716B898ec8",
    to: "oxaco3bb73b6a9e108530aff4df5077c2b3d481e5a",
    gasLimit: "21000",
    maxFeePerGas: "300",
    maxPriorityFeePerGas: "10",
    nonce: "0",
    value: "10000000000"
}
```

Signing Transactions



→ Transaction object needs to be signed using the sender private key

JSON-RPC Call:

Transaction Response



JSON-RPC Response:

```
"jsonrpc": "2.0",
"id": 2.
"result":
      "raw":"0xf88380018203339407a565b7ed7d7a678680a4c162885bedbb695fe080a44401a6e400000000",
      "tx": {
             "nonce": "oxo",
             "maxFeePerGas": "0x1234",
             "maxPriorityFeePerGas": "0x1234",
             "gas": "0x55555",
             "to": "0x07a565b7ed7d7a678680a4c162885bedbb695feo",
             "value": "0x1234",
             "input": "oxabcd",
             "v": "0x26".
             "r": "0x223a7c9bcf5531c99be5ea7082183816eb20cfe0bbc322e97cc5c7f71ab8b20e",
             "s": "0x2aadee6b34b45bb15bc42d9c09de4a6754e7000908da72d48cc7704971491663",
             "hash": "0xeba2df809e7a612a0a0d444ccfa5c839624bdc00dd29e3340d46df3870f8a30e"
```

Potential Problem?



Sender and Recipient addresses are **PUBLIC!**

Pseudonymous, but still...

Unanswered Questions:

- **Q.** Want to receive annual salary in cryptocurrency, but don't want to reveal how much you make?
- **Q.** Want to receive interest/dividend payments (i.e. more complex payment types)?
- Q. Want to Interact with DeFi protocols privately (i.e. to take out a loan)?

Potential Solution?





On-Chain Mixers

On-Chain Mixers

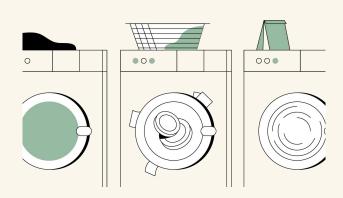


- **On-Chain Mixers** = Provide services that mix and shuffle cryptocurrency
 - For a small fee, mixers allow users to obscure the exact <u>chain of custody</u> of funds and <u>secure their privacy</u>



On-Chain Mixers





Dirty BTC/ETH \rightarrow easily traceable

Mixer (Tornado Cash)

Clean BTC/ETH \rightarrow *difficult to trace*

Washing Money 101





- 1. Placement
- 2. Layering
- 3. Integration

Tornado Cash



Tornado Cash: Ethereum-based mixer developed by Zcash

- → Improves the <u>privacy of transactions</u> by breaking the on-chain link between a source and a destination address
- → Transactions are kept anonymous using **zk-SNARK proofs**



Tornado Cash



Q. How Does Tornado Cash Work?

- 1. Deployed smart contract that accepts ETH deposits
- 2. User deposits ETH into smart contract + generates secret + send a hash (called a commitment) along with the deposit amount
- **3.** Smart contract adds the funds to its list of deposits
- **4.** User has to provide the corresponding secret that matches the unspent deposit from the Tornado Cash deposit list upon withdrawal

Chain-Hopping



Chain-hopping: mixing funds across multiple accounts and exchanges

e.g. \$4.5 billion Bitfinex hack in 2016



Are On-Chain Mixers Sufficient?



NO!

- → <u>High</u> Gas Fees
 - Deposit + Withdrawal (1/3 deposit fee) + relayer tx fees
 - L2 solutions that are 25x cheaper than on-chain mixers
- \rightarrow <u>Low</u> Privacy Set



Unanswered Questions



- **Q.** More efficient way to receive annual salary in cryptocurrency, but don't want to reveal how much you make?
- **Q.** Want to receive interest/dividend payments (i.e. more complex payment types)?
- **Q.** Want to Interact with DeFi protocols privately (i.e. to take out a loan)?

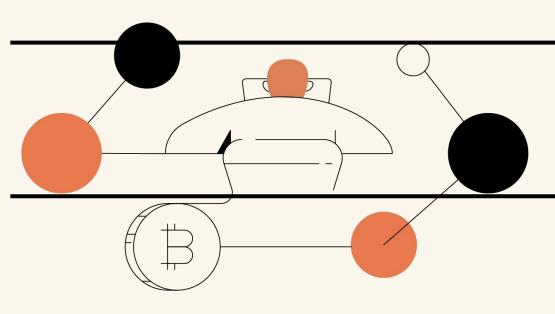
New Solution



Enable developers to build <u>Privacy-focused DApps</u> w/ "<u>shielded transactions</u>" built on <u>L2 zk-rollups</u>

Aztec Protocol to the rescue!





Aztec Protocol



Problems



Building Zero-knowledge systems on Ethereum is **flawed...**

- \rightarrow Slow proof construction
- → Expensive on-chain verification gas costs
- → Lack of interoperability between zk assets



Aztec Protocol



<u>Aztec Protocol</u>: open source zero-knowledge protocol for building **privacy** on blockchains

\rightarrow PLONK

- o Recursive zk-SNARK Proof System
- ZK prover behind their zk-zk-rollup

\rightarrow **NOIR**

- zkSNARK programming language for programmable private smart contracts
- Alternative to achieving zkEVM functionality



Aztec Protocol



Components:

- → Standardized API
- → L2 ZK-ZK-Rollup (**ZK.Money**)
- → Bridge (**Aztec Connect**)





Standardized API



Standardized API



Aztec is focusing on a **generic solution** for confidential transactions and confidential cross-asset settlements using...

•

•

•

Zero-Knowledge Proofs



Building Blocks



Building Blocks

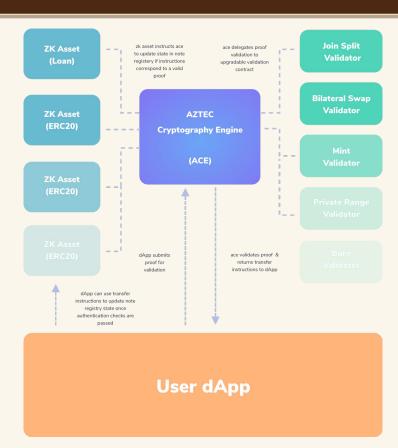
- Family of **Zero Knowledge Proofs**, sharing a common reference string
 - Modular proofs for different business logic (i.e. interest rate proof)
 - Efficient range proofs (allows the **prover** to prove to a **verifier**, that a number is within a specific range)
- Cryptography Engine, ACE (ERC-1723) shared suite of zk validator smart contracts for zk proofs
 - ACE accept zk proofs and spits out transfer instructions
- A confidential token standard (ERC-1724)
 - Confidential asset with common interface





System Design

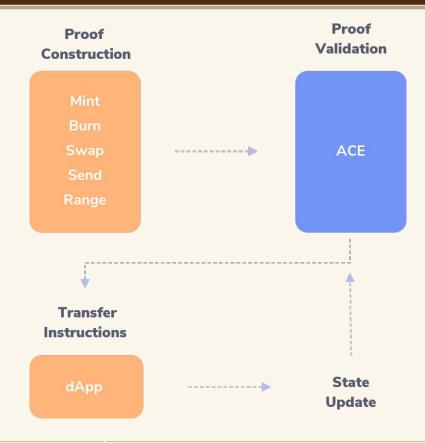






System Design



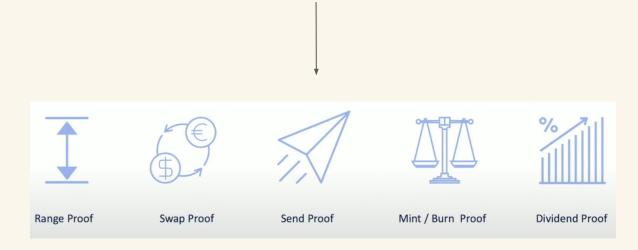




Family of ZK Proofs



"AZTEC proofs are the <u>building blocks</u> for privacy in Ethereum and allow <u>discrete chunks of logic</u> to be executed confidentially on-chain."



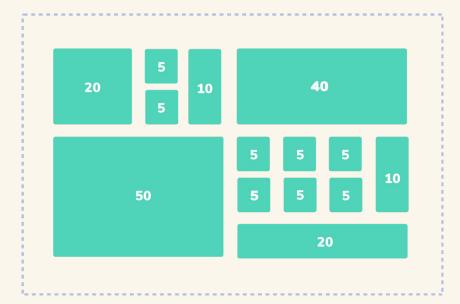


Aztec Note



AZTEC follows a **UTXO** model similar to that of Bitcoin. The core of any AZTEC transaction is a **Note**

AZTEC's UTXO Note Model
Total Balance 190





Confidential Transfers are <u>Balancing Relationships...</u>



ERC-1723 note

(encrypted representation of value)

Makeup of a note:

On-Chain Data

- \rightarrow 1. ETH address of **owner**
- \rightarrow 2. Aztec note **public key**
- → 3. Aztec **metadata**

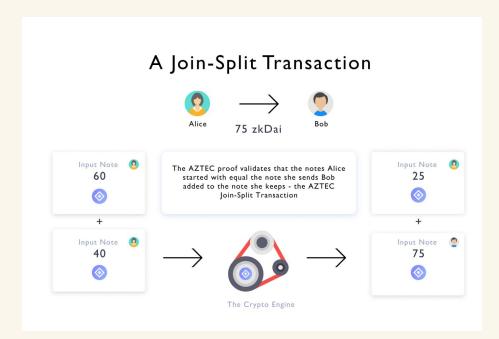
Private Data

- \rightarrow 1. Note **value**
- \rightarrow 2. Note **viewing key**
- \rightarrow 3. Note **spending key**



Confidential Transfers are <u>Balancing Relationships...</u>





"Join Split proof allows a set of input notes to be joined or split into a set of output notes."



Example: Range Proof



Want to prove: a traders post trade asset balance is less than a regulatory maximum

```
if(regulatoryMax > tradeNotional + assetBalance[buyer]) {
  // the trade can proceed
}
```



Example: Range Proof



Aztec Dapp performs the same check using AZTEC proofs

```
const {
   proofData,
} = await aztec.proof.privateRange.encodePrivateRangeTransaction({
   originalNote: regulatoryMax,
   comparisonNote: postTradeUserBalance,
   senderAddress: accounts[0],
});
```



Example: Range Proof



Once the proof is constructed, it can be relayed to ACE for validation.

// if the above statement succeeds we know that the users post trade balance is below the regulatory minimum.

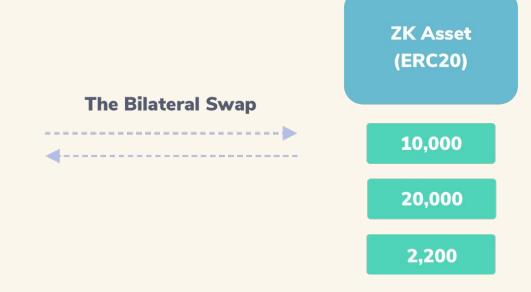


Example: Bilateral Swap



Exchange between two zk assets



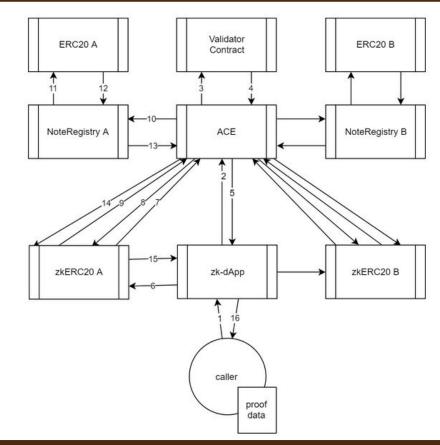




Example: Bilateral Swap



- 1. User broadcasts the swap proof to a zk-dapp
- ACE validates proof and returns transfer instructions
- 3. Zk-dapp broadcasts transfer instructions to zkERC20
- 4. zkERC20 queries ACE to check instruction validity
- 5. zkERC20 instructs ACE to update note registry
- 6. Zk notes created/destroyed, tokens transferred



Creating Confidential Assets



Aztec created a standard interface for interacting with confidential assets that conform to a UTXO based models

```
event CreateNote(address indexed owner, bytes32 indexed noteHash, bytes metadata);
   bytes32 noteHash.
   bool status,
```





ZK-ZK-Rollup (Zk.Money)

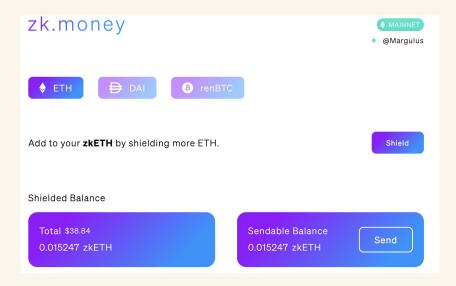


Zk.money



zk.money ~ private vemno

→ **Private Layer 2 ZK-Rollup** based on <u>range proofs</u> that guarantees private assets and payments/transactions on Ethereum:





Zk.money Construction



Two-circuit construction:

- Privacy Circuit = proves the correctness of a single private transaction (*client-side hardware*)
- 2. **Rollup circuit** = validates the correctness of a batch of privacy proofs (*rollup provider*)

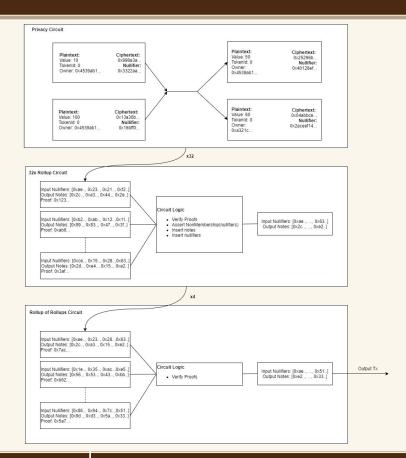
Uses <u>Recursion</u>: Verifying single **privacy SNARK** inside of a batched **rollup SNARK**



Zk.money Construction



Zk-Rollup Circuit





SSS - https://sss.cse.lehigh.edu/

Zk.money Transaction





"Shielded" deposits



Zk.money Transaction

Deposit Pending ...



0.00320866

0.019727 Ether

76 days 2 hrs ago () margulus.eth Aztec: Private Rollup Bri... ? Transaction Hash: 0x9afee07048ac5c4582f7f25f8764e6ab2398f8963fa61e6178999ff525b5518f ? Status: Success ? Block: 486602 Block Confirmations ? Timestamp: ? From: 0xfcf75295f242c4e87203abb5d7c9bbeda90a8895 ? Interacted With (To): Q Contract 0x737901bea3eeb88459df9ef1be8ff3ae1b42a2ba (Aztec: Private Rollup Bridge) TRANSFER 0.32739 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x1b16fd6951f3ce357612c37d... — TRANSFER 0.1 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x43f427a2a25ec72373ad469c... □ TRANSFER 0.777445 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x8c774e83ffdf25feb0d037467... L TRANSFER 0.00739 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x994ec338d0a5d42eb78bfe6f. TRANSFER 0.032474 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x358d25d3361e15942fd69949... TRANSFER 0.00777 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0xf2dda3e7fd197f338e3fd249b... — TRANSFER 0.00277 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x2ffcc9ba4e52902a9e769d86... TRANSFER 0.046106 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x92bbbe32ffdc09fbdfbc2cf0fd2... L TRANSFER 0.1 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x4188e93c5c7a5440b438ed0. TRANSFER 0.38777 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0xe08c709ba513c892dc1628b8... L TRANSFER 0.002 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0xfe3d4c659a1dbb2ed8784a32... L TRANSFER 0.000001 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x471197244df52ca3b88f97b7...

Scroll for more >



0xc30f19007b0a0d5577...

L TRANSFER 0.00777 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0x6a1a85bd7fc9005cb7cd8b2ef... □ TRANSFER 0.33277 Ether From Aztec: Private Rollup B... To → 0xc9bacc8a8cabda5dbfade2fc2.



Aztec Connect Bridge



Aztec Connect Bridge



"It's not practical to make **private versions of DeFi protocols**, instead it's more practical to **privately interact with DeFi protocols** using Layer-2!"





Aztec Connect Bridge



Aztec Connect: the first private bridge allowing anyone to interact with DeFi contracts on Layer 1, connecting the Aztec L2 to Mainnet.

• **Bridge Contract** = simple 50-100 line interface allowing Aztec's PLONK zkRollup to interact with a given Layer 1 smart contract w/ 100x cost savings





References



https://ethereum.org/en/developers/docs/transactions/

https://tornado.cash/

https://aztec.network/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NyBwdcIMT0M&ab_channel=Bankless

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=srnkQZxkGOo&ab_channel=ZeroKnowledge

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dljPSrwgJZ8&ab_channel=ZeroKnowledge

Thank you!





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