

$$\underset{(\bar{w}, b)}{\operatorname{argmin}} \|\bar{w}\|^2 \text{ s.t. } \forall i \quad y_i (\langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle + b) \geq 1$$

: δηήπεργγηε γ> Q, A, a, d : f"3

$$\underset{v \in \mathbb{R}^n}{\operatorname{argmin}} \frac{1}{2} \bar{v}^T Q \bar{v} + a^T \bar{v} \text{ s.t. } A \bar{v} \leq d$$

$$\|w\|^2 = \langle w, w \rangle = w^T w = w^T I w$$

$$y_i (\langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle + b) \geq 1 \Leftrightarrow y_i \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle \geq 1 - b y_i$$

$$\Leftrightarrow y_i \langle \bar{x}_i, \bar{w} \rangle \geq 1 - b y_i$$

~~$$y_i \langle \bar{x}_i, \bar{w} \rangle \geq 1 - b y_i$$~~

~~$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -y_1 \bar{x}_1 & \cdots \\ \vdots & \ddots \\ -y_n \bar{x}_n & \end{pmatrix}$$~~

$$\bar{d} = \begin{pmatrix} b y_1 - 1 \\ \vdots \\ b y_n - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q = I \quad \bar{a} = \bar{0}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \bar{v}^T Q \bar{v} + a^T \bar{v} = \frac{\|w^*\|^2}{2} \quad \text{επεικε: ΓΑΠΙ 4}$$

$$A \bar{v} = \begin{pmatrix} -y_1 \langle \bar{x}_1, \bar{w} \rangle \\ \vdots \\ -y_n \langle \bar{x}_n, \bar{w} \rangle \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{ρει}$$

1

Afida

pol. gen. 1

$$\underset{V \in \mathbb{R}^n}{\operatorname{argmin}} \frac{1}{2} V^T Q V + d^T V \quad \text{s.t. } A V \leq d =$$

$$= \underset{V \in \mathbb{R}^n}{\operatorname{argmin}} \frac{\|V\|^2}{2} \quad \text{s.t. } y_i(\bar{V}, \bar{x}_i) + b \geq 1 =$$

$$= \underset{\substack{W \in \mathbb{R}^n \\ W = V}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \|W\|^2 \quad \text{s.t. } y_i(\bar{W}, \bar{x}_i) + b \geq 1$$

$$\frac{f}{2}$$

$$f$$

1.e. N

$$\underset{\substack{w, \{e_i\}}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \quad \frac{\lambda}{2} \|w\|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i e_i \text{ s.t. } \forall i \quad y_i \langle w, x_i \rangle \geq 1 - e_i$$

$$l^{hinge}(a) = \max\{0, 1-a\}$$

$$\underset{W \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}}{\operatorname{argmin}} \frac{\lambda}{2} \|W\|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i l_{\text{hinge}}(y_i, \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle)$$

(ii) ~~fe j' n~~ ^{le} ~~oak~~ ~~W~~

$\text{left}_i \text{ hinge}(\text{y}_i < \bar{w}_i \wedge x_i)$

$$\text{:(e) } \bar{W}' = \bar{W} \quad \text{if } \epsilon_i = -y_i \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle$$

$$\frac{\lambda}{2} \|\bar{w}\|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i \varepsilon_i = \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\bar{w}\|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i^{h_{\text{true}}} (1 - y_i \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle)$$

$$\frac{\lambda}{2} \|\tilde{w}\|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i \tilde{\epsilon}_i \leq \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\bar{w}\|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i^{\text{hinge}} (1 - y_i \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle)$$

$$\frac{\lambda}{2} |\tilde{w}|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i^{\text{fixes}} |1 - y_i \langle \tilde{w}, x_i \rangle| \leq \frac{\lambda}{2} |\tilde{w}|^2 + \frac{1}{n} \sum_i \tilde{\epsilon}_i$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n |\tilde{w}_i|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i^{hinge} (1 - y_i \langle \tilde{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle) \leq \frac{\lambda}{2} |\bar{w}|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i^{hinge} (1 - y_i \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle)$$

Pelos pés f.e.-N . W Novos gatos

~~(i) If $\rho''(N) > N - \bar{w}_i^T \epsilon_i$~~ then $\rho''(N) > N - \bar{w}_i^T \epsilon_i$ $\Rightarrow \rho(N) > N - \bar{w}_i^T \epsilon_i$

$\forall i \quad \epsilon_i \geq 1 - \bar{y}_i \cdot \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle \quad \wedge \quad \epsilon_i \geq 0$

$\Rightarrow \sum_i \epsilon_i \geq \sum_i (1 - \bar{y}_i \cdot \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle) \geq m - \sum_i \bar{y}_i \cdot \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle$

$$\begin{aligned} \underset{\bar{w}, \epsilon}{\operatorname{argmin}} \frac{\lambda}{2} |\bar{w}|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i l^{\text{hinge}}(\bar{y}_i \cdot \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle) &\leq \frac{\lambda}{2} |\bar{w}|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i l^{\text{hinge}}(\bar{y}_i \cdot \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle) \\ &\leq \frac{\lambda}{2} |\bar{w}|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i \epsilon_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\epsilon_i \geq 1 - \bar{y}_i \cdot \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle$$

$$\epsilon_i \geq 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{\lambda}{2} |\bar{w}|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i l^{\text{hinge}}(\bar{y}_i \cdot \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle) \leq \frac{\lambda}{2} |\bar{w}|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i \epsilon_i$$

$$\left. \frac{\lambda}{2} |\bar{w}|^2 + \frac{1}{m} \sum_i l^{\text{hinge}}(\bar{y}_i \cdot \langle \bar{w}, \bar{x}_i \rangle) \right\} - c \leq 0$$

$\Rightarrow (\bar{w}, \epsilon)$ is a solution to the optimization problem

Q.E.D.

$$y \sim \text{Mult}(\pi)$$

.1c .3

$$x_j | y=k \sim N(\mu_{kj}, \sigma^2_{kj})$$

$$L(\theta | x, y) = \prod_{i=1}^{ind. m} f_{x_i | y=k}(\{(x_i, y_i)\}_{i=1}^m) =$$

$$\cancel{\prod_{i=1}^{ind. m} f_{x_i | y=k}(x_i, y_i)}$$

$$\cancel{\prod_{i=1}^{ind. m} f_{x_i | y=k}(x_i)} \stackrel{ind. m}{=} \prod_{i=1}^m f_{x_i | y=k}(x_i) \cdot f_{y_i | \theta}(y_i) =$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^m N(x_i | \mu_{kj}, \sigma^2_{kj}, k=y_i) \cdot \text{Mult}(y_i | \pi) =$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^m \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^{\sigma^2_{kj}}}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(x - \mu_{y_i}) \frac{1}{\sigma^2_{y_i}} (x - \mu_{y_i})\right) \cdot \pi_{y_i}$$

:似然関数の log-likelihood \approx 似然度

$$l(\theta | x, y) = \sum_i \log(\pi_{y_i}) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \log(2\pi) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \frac{(x - \mu_{y_i})^2}{\sigma^2_{y_i}} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \log(\sigma^2_{y_i})$$

** : 似然度の導出

$$= \sum_k [n_k \log(\pi_k) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i:y_i=k} \frac{(x - \mu_k)^2}{\sigma^2_k}] - \frac{m}{2} \log(2\pi) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_k \log(\sigma^2_k) \cdot n_k$$

$$g(\pi) = \sum_k \pi_k - 1 \quad \text{"3 t"}$$

$$\int = l(\theta | x, y) - \lambda g(\pi) \quad \rho \wedge$$

* $(f(x), w(y)) : 7/50 / 180$

per N, 1c. 3

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \pi_k} = \frac{n_k}{\pi_k} - \lambda = 0 \Rightarrow \pi_k = \frac{n_k}{\lambda} = \boxed{\frac{n_k}{m}}$$

$$1 = \sum_k \pi_k = \sum_k \frac{n_k}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \boxed{\lambda = m}$$

$$\hat{\pi}_k^{\text{MLE}} = \frac{n_k}{m}$$

PD

~~MLE~~

: μ_k 亂れの原因

$$\sum_{\substack{i: y_i=k}} x_i - \mu_k = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{n_k} \sum_i \mathbb{1}_{[y_i=k]} x_i = \hat{\mu}_k^{\text{MLE}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \sigma_k^2} = 0 \Rightarrow \sum_{\substack{i: y_i=k}} \frac{(x_i - \mu_k)^2}{(\sigma_k^2)^2} - \frac{n_k}{2\sigma_k^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sigma_k^2} \sum_{\substack{i: y_i=k}} (x_i - \mu_k)^2 - \frac{n_k}{2\sigma_k^2} = 0$$

$$\sum_{\substack{i: y_i=k}} \frac{(x_i - \mu_k)^2}{1} = \sigma_k^2 n_k$$

$$(x_i - \mu_k)^2 = \sigma_k^2$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_k^{\text{MLE}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_k} \sum_{\substack{i: y_i=k}} (x_i - \mu_k)^2}$$

$y \sim \text{Mult}(\pi)$ $\bar{x} \in \mathbb{R}^d$ N.3

$$x_j | y=k \sim N(\mu_{kj}, \sigma_{kj}^2) \quad \rho \downarrow \text{P} \quad \text{f} \downarrow \text{P}$$

$$L(\theta, x, y) = f_{x,y|\theta}(\{(x_i, y_i)\}_{i=1}^m) = \dots =$$

~~$$\prod_{i=1}^m f_{x_i|y=y_i}(x_i) \cdot f_{y|0}(y_i) =$$~~

$$= \prod_{i=1}^m \pi_{y_i} \cdot N(\bar{x}_i | \bar{\mu}_k, \text{diag}(\sigma_{k1}^2, \dots, \sigma_{kd}^2), K^{-1})$$

: log-likelihood ~ / / / ~

$$l(\theta | x, y) = \sum_i \left[\log(\pi_{y_i}) - \frac{d}{2} \log(2\pi) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\prod_{j=1}^d \sigma_{y_i j}^2 \right) - \frac{1}{2} (\bar{x}_i - \bar{\mu}_{y_i})^T \text{diag}(\sigma_{y_1}^2, \dots, \sigma_{y_d}^2) (\bar{x}_i - \bar{\mu}_{y_i}) \right]$$

$$L = l(\theta_m | x, y) - \lambda g(\pi)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \pi_k} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{n_k}{\pi_k} - \lambda = 0 \Rightarrow \hat{\pi}_k^{\text{MLE}} = \frac{n_k}{\lambda} = \boxed{\frac{n_k}{m}}$$

$\lambda = m$ $\lambda | N$

: $f(\lambda | N) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^\delta$

$$\hat{\mu}_k^{\text{MLE}} = \frac{1}{n_k} \sum_i \mathbb{1}_{\{y_i = k\}} \bar{x}_i \Rightarrow \hat{\mu}_{kj}^{\text{MLE}} = \frac{1}{n_k} \sum_i \frac{1}{\mathbb{1}_{\{y_i = k\}}} (x_{ij})$$

• 70 N 7) . 2. 3

$$0 = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \sigma_{kj}} = \left[\sum_{i:y_i=k} \left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma_{kj}} + \frac{1}{2} ((x_i)_j - \mu_{kj}) \cdot \frac{1}{\sigma_{kj}^2} \cdot ((x_i)_j - \mu_{kj}) \right) \right]_{\text{fit}}$$

$$\frac{n_k}{2\sigma_{kj}} = \frac{1}{\sigma_{kj}^2} \sum_{i:y_i=k} (x_{ij} - \mu_{kj})^2$$

$$\boxed{\hat{\sigma}_{kj}^2 = \frac{1}{n_k} \sum_{i:y_i=k} (x_{ij} - \mu_{kj})^2}$$

1)

+ גראות גנטית מאגר

• $\theta \rightarrow f$ گذار loss ویژه چون $f(\mu)$. ۱ (۳.۱)

→ IC 103rd n^{BN} Perceptron \Rightarrow IC's
initial data \rightarrow 10 + fe 1.0 0.1000
• 11306.0 \leftarrow 1000

3) نویسندگان می‌توانند از این روش برای تولید ایده‌ها و حل مشکل استفاده کنند.

~~جیکسون ویل، اوکلاہوما~~ جیکسون ویل، اوکلاہوما

2N137 3183f 7' unu 107

କୁଳାଳିର ପାଇଁ ଏହାକିମ୍

. Losses →

הנוגע לוגריאט וטראנספורמציה

פונקציית ביניים $f(x) = 1 - e^{-x}$ (3.2)

בגןיזת מילויים $\hat{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$

מבחן קייזר פישר (KMO) $\lambda_{\text{min}} / \lambda_{\text{max}}$

Variance $\lambda_{\text{min}} > 0$, Cov-mats

אנו נזקק למשתנים נ�ומיים $x_1 \times x_2 \times \dots \times x_n$

למי שקיים dataset \rightarrow 2

לפנינו מתקדם LDA, SIG

GNB \rightarrow ערך מינימלי של λ_{min}

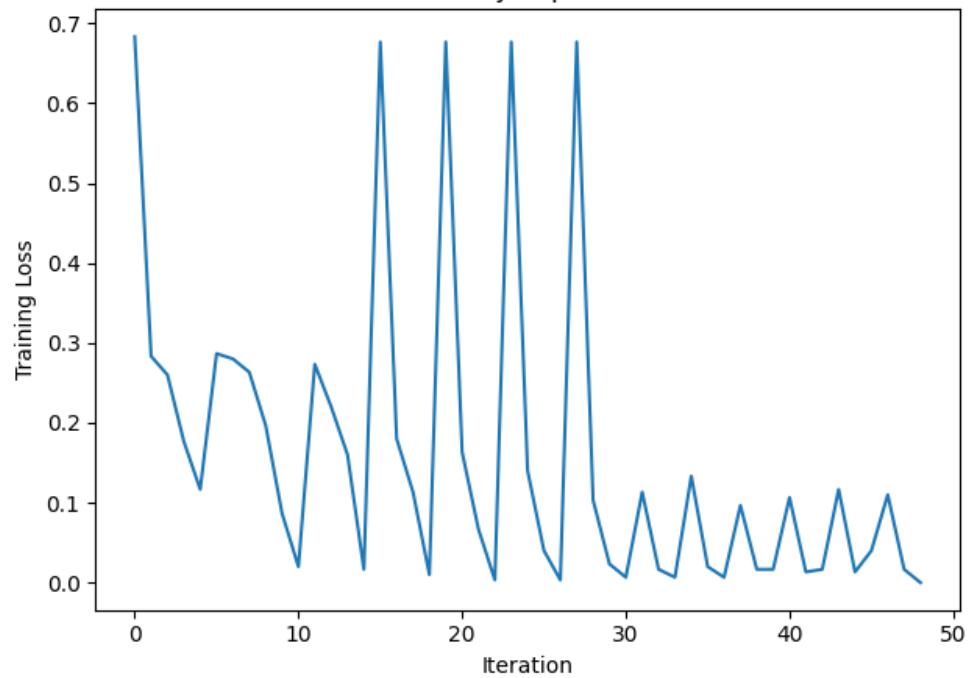
לפנינו Var \rightarrow SIG

לפנינו SIG \rightarrow GNB

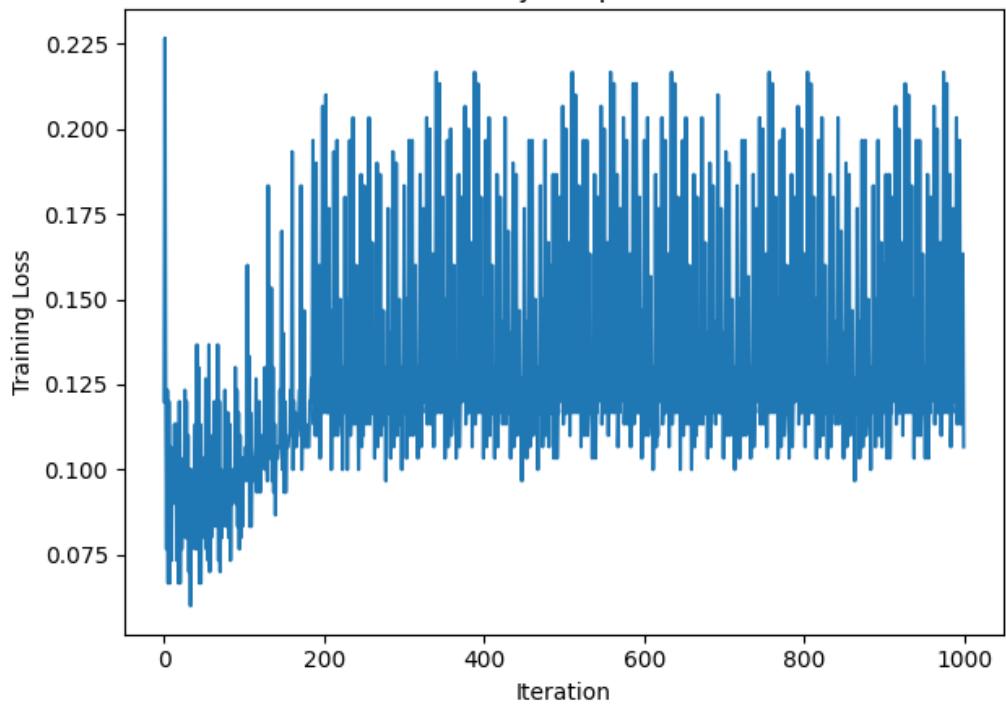
לפנינו SIG \rightarrow GNB

לפנינו SIG \rightarrow GNB

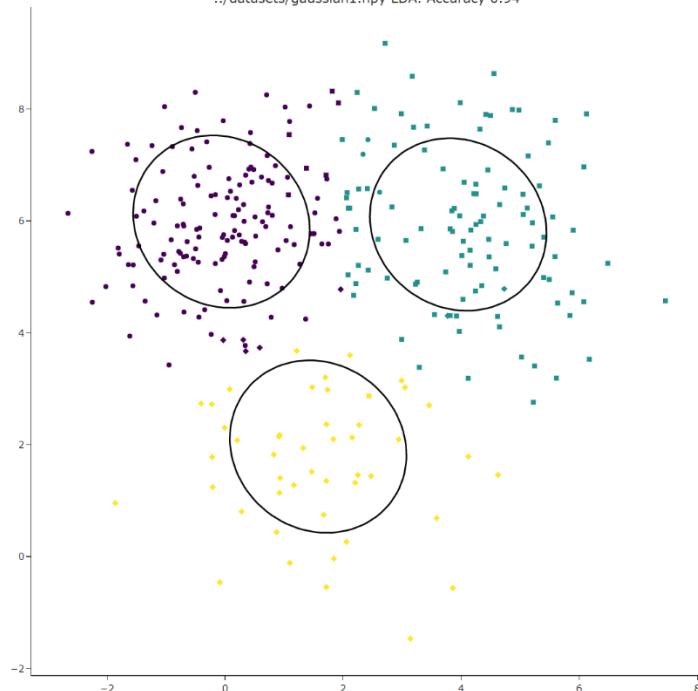
Linearly Separable



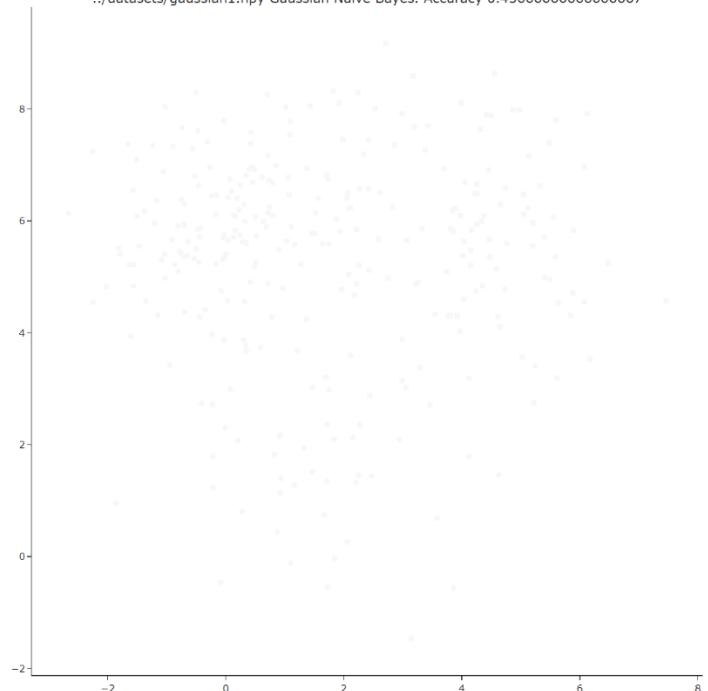
Linearly Inseparable



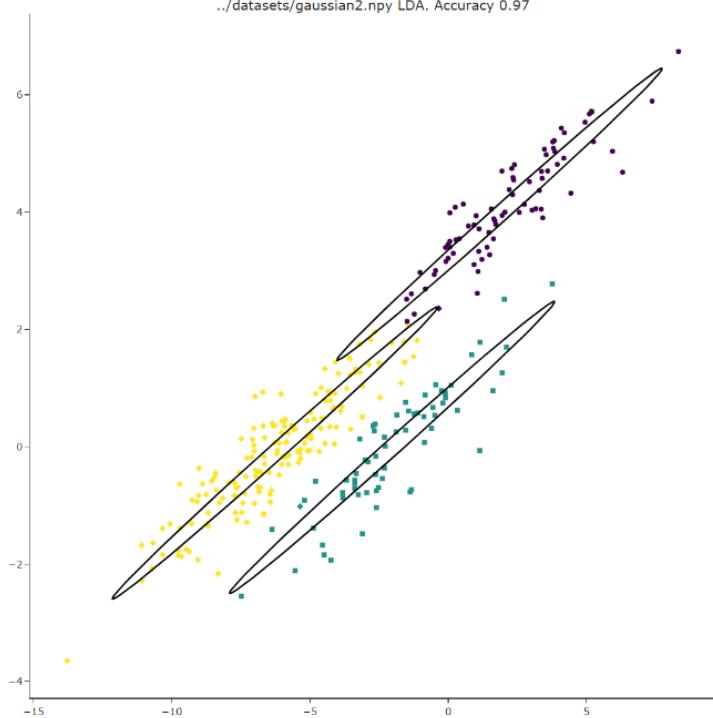
./datasets/gaussian1.npy LDA. Accuracy 0.94



./datasets/gaussian1.npy Gaussian Naive Bayes. Accuracy 0.45666666666666667



./datasets/gaussian2.npy LDA. Accuracy 0.97



./datasets/gaussian2.npy Gaussian Naive Bayes. Accuracy 0.27

