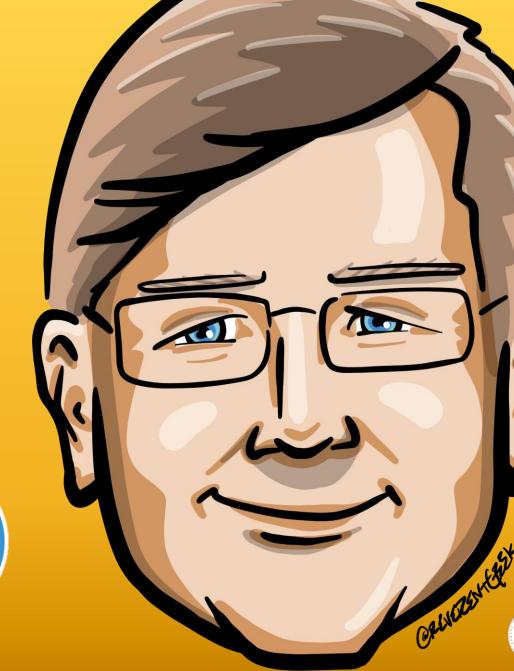


### Who is Chad Green

- chadgreen@chadgreen.com
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- ChadGreen.com
- **In** ChadwickEGreen





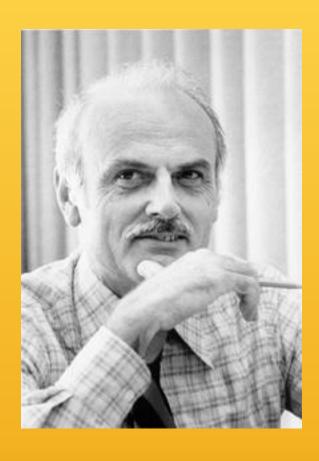


# What are Relational Databases





#### **Relational Model**



- First-order predicate logic
- Described by Edgar Codd in 1969
- Data represented in terms of tuples
- Purpose is to provide declarative method for specifying data and queries



### Codd's 12 Rules

0: Foundation Rule

1: Information Rule

2: Guaranteed Access

3: Systematic treatment of NULL values

**4: Active Online Catalog** 

**5: Comprehensive data** sublanguage

6: View Updating

7: Possible for high-level insert, update, and delete

8: Physical data independence

9: Logic data independence

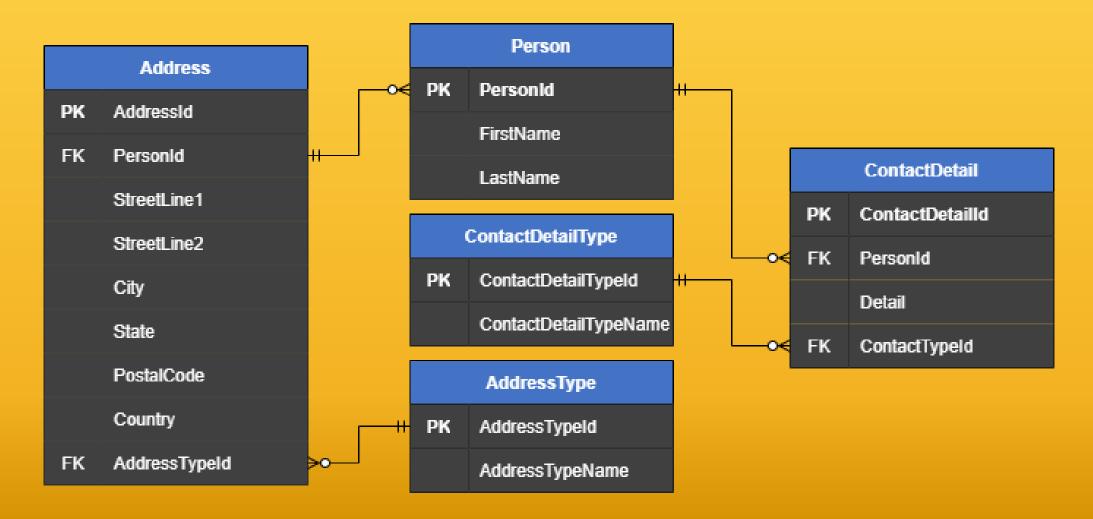
**10: Integrity Independence** 

**11: Distribution Independence** 

12: Nonsubversion Rule



### **Typical Relational Model**





#### **True star of Relational Databases**



Structured Query Language SEQUEL



### **True star of Relational Databases**



By Saufhn - Own work, CC BY-SA 4.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=87255205

# Big Names in Relational Databases

### ORACLE®















# Databases





#### What are NoSQL Databases

Modeled in means other than tabular relations

**Existed since late 1960s** 

Increasingly used in big data and real-time web applications



#### **NoSQL Motivations**

**Simplicity of Design** 

Simpler Horizontal Scaling

Finer Control over Availability

Limiting Object-Relational Impedance



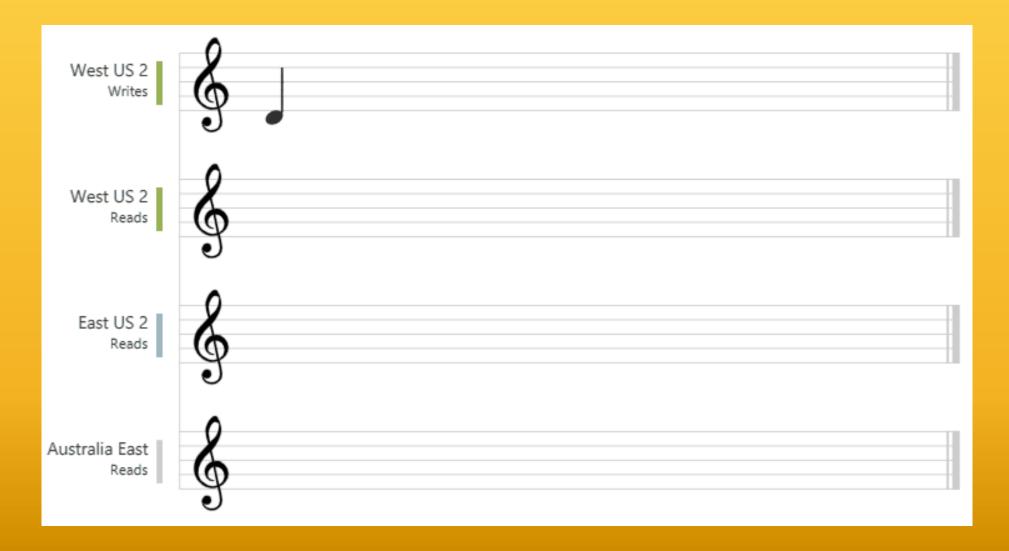
### **Availability over Consistency**

Relational ACID Transactions

NoSQL Eventual Consistency



# **Eventual Consistency**









Not only SQL

Non-SQL

Non-Relational



Not only SQL

Non-SQL

Non-Relational



No-Schema

Not only SQL

Non-SQL

Non-Relational

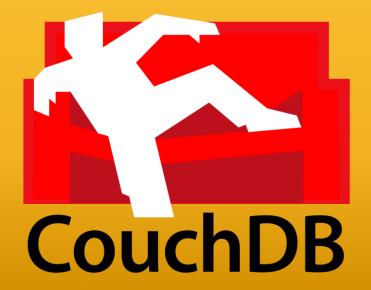






Couchbase





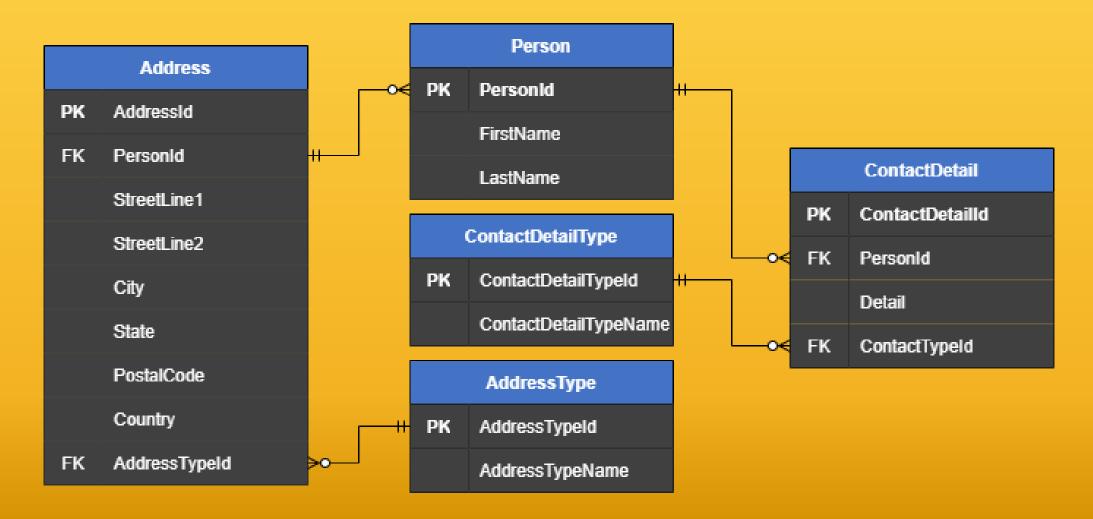








### **Typical Relational Model**





### Same but in a document database

```
"id": "1",
"firstName": "Thomas",
"lastName": "Andersen",
"addresses": [
  "city": "Seattle",
  "state": "WA",
  "type": {
   "name": "Primary"
"contactDetails": [
  "detail": "First Detail",
  "type": {
   "name": "A detail type"
```





Key-Value













Wide Column













Graph









# **Graph Databases** Ali manages Chad Bryan worksWith manages Tony



Document

**Key-Value** 

**Wide Column** 

Graph

Object

**Tuple Store** 

**Tabular** 

**Triple Store** 





# Picking a Data Store





# **Data Model Comparison**

Data Model	Performance	Scalability	Flexibility	Complexity	Functionality
Key-Value Store	High	High	High	None	Variable (None)
Column Store	High	High	Moderate	Low	Minimal
Document Store	High	Variable (High)	High	Low	Variable (Low)
Graph	Variable	Variable	High	High	Graph Theory
Relational	Variable	Variable	Low	Moderate	Relational Algebra

Ben Scofield – NoSQL presentation at CodeMash 2010



### Things to think about

**Skillset** 

**Known Data Structure** 

Time to Market

Scalability



# Don't forget

Hybrid



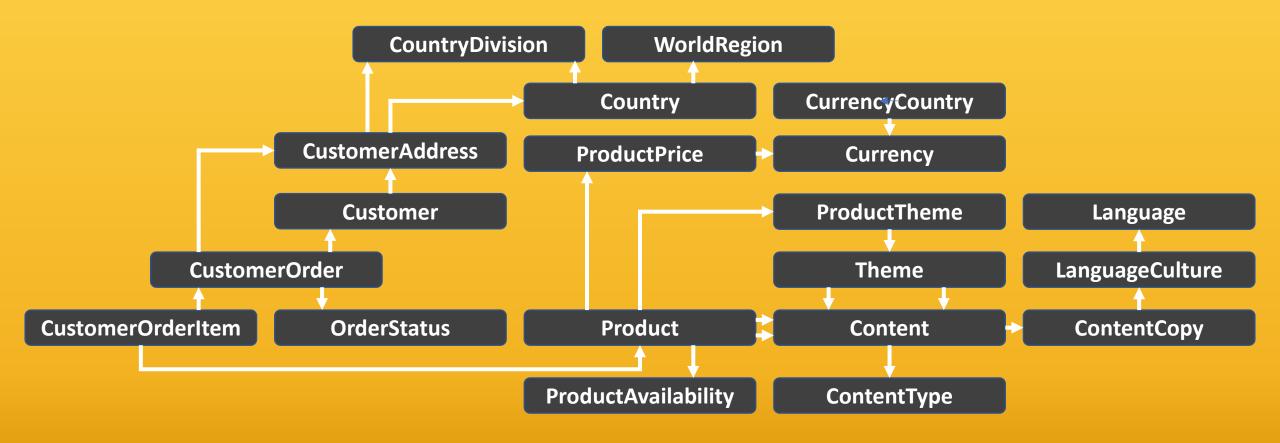


# **Example Explainer**





### **Data Model**



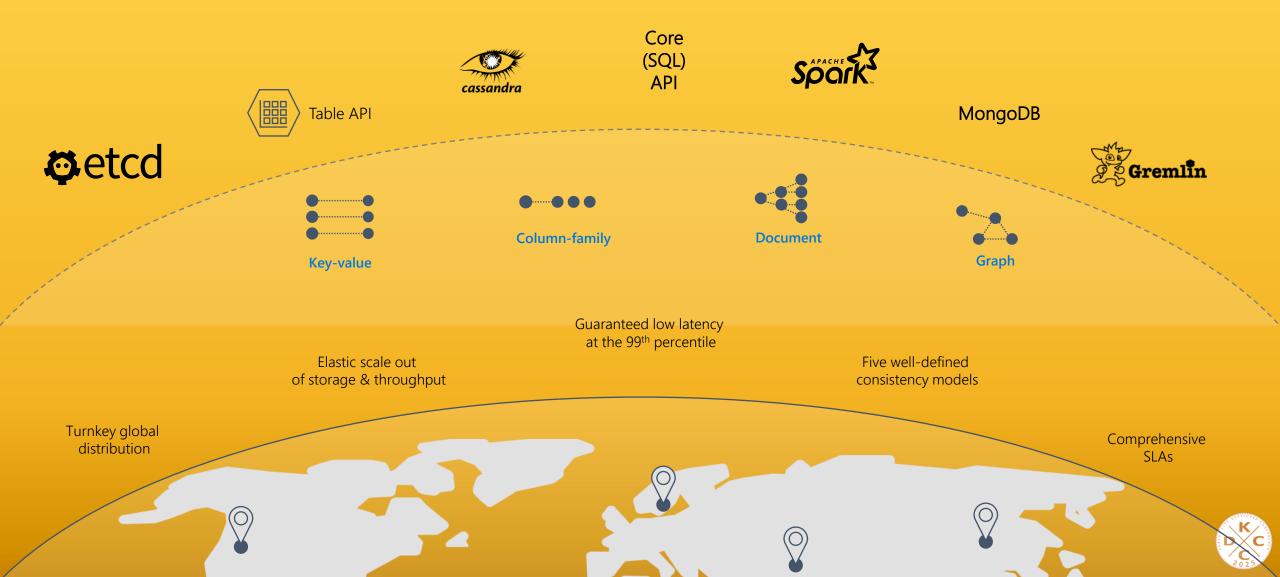








### **Azure Cosmos DB**



Core (SQL) API

Core (SQL) API







MongoDB









**Table Storage** 



Core (SQL) API







Gremlin



Core (SQL) API









Cassandra





Migrating to NoSQL





Data Model/API



- Data Model/API
- Document Structure



- Data Model/API
- Document Structure
- Partition Key

- Access Patterns
- Even Data Distributions
- Cardinality
- Query Isolation
- Write Patterns
- Data Growth
- Familiarity with Data
- Data Relationship
- Cost Considerations
- Immutable Properties
- Data Size
- Trial and Error



- Data Model/API
- Document Structure
- Partition Key
- Indexing



- Data Model/API
- Document Structure
- Partition Key
- Indexing
- Query Performance



- Data Model/API
- Document Structure
- Partition Key
- Indexing
- Query Performance
- Consistency Level



- Data Model/API
- Document Structure
- Partition Key
- Indexing
- Query Performance
- Consistency Level
- Time-to-Live (TTL)



- Data Model/API
- Document Structure
- Partition Key
- Indexing
- Query Performance
- Consistency Level
- Time-to-Live (TTL)
- Data Migration



- Data Model/API
- Document Structure
- Partition Key
- Indexing
- Query Performance
- Consistency Level
- Time-to-Live (TTL)
- Data Migration
- Versioning and Evolution

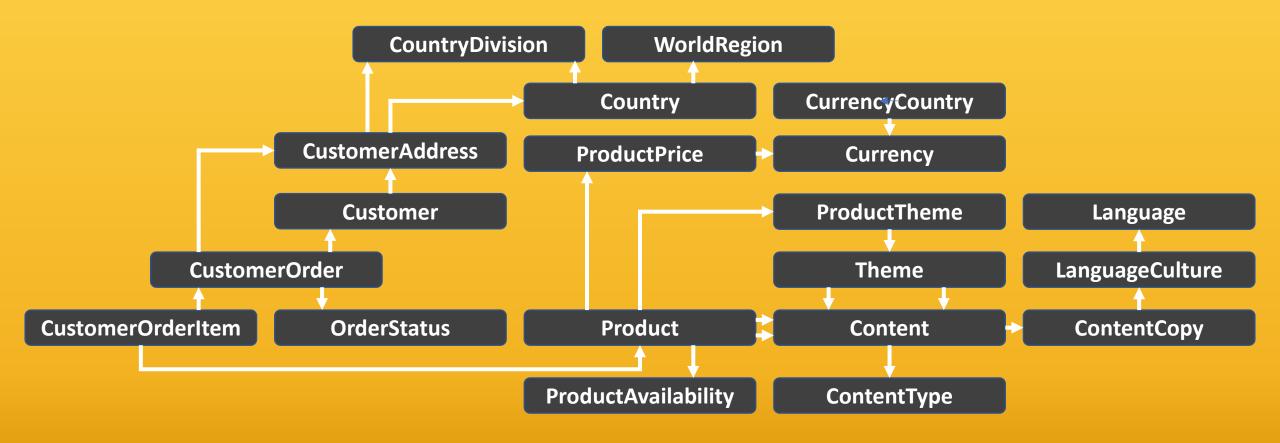


#### **Document Database Structure**

**Cosmos DB Account Database Database** Container Container Container Container Item Item Item Item Item Item Item Item

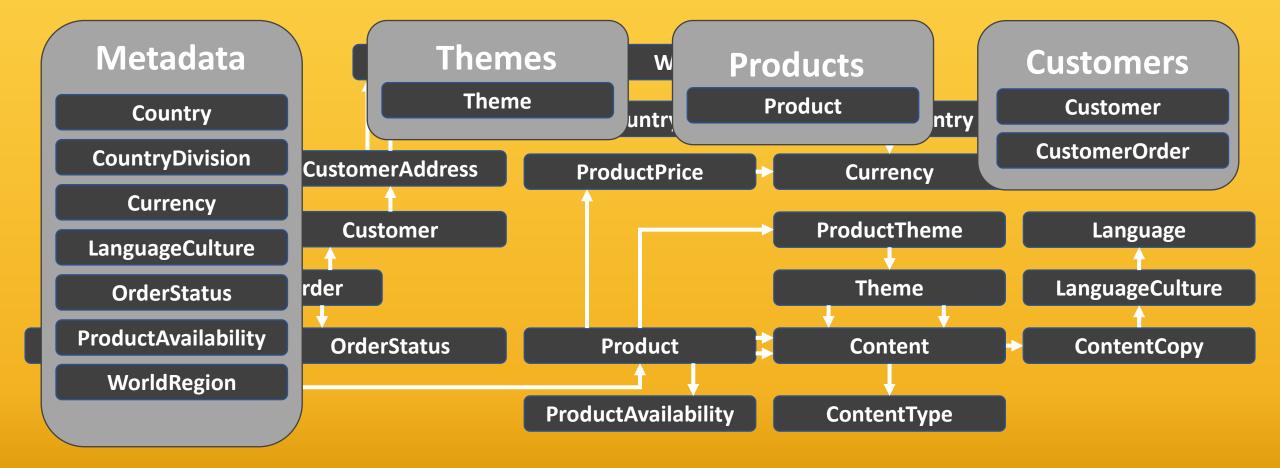


#### **Data Model**





#### **Data Model**





#### **Data Model**

Metadata

Country

CountryDivision

Currency

LanguageCulture

**OrderStatus** 

**ProductAvailability** 

WorldRegion

Themes

Theme

**Products** 

Product

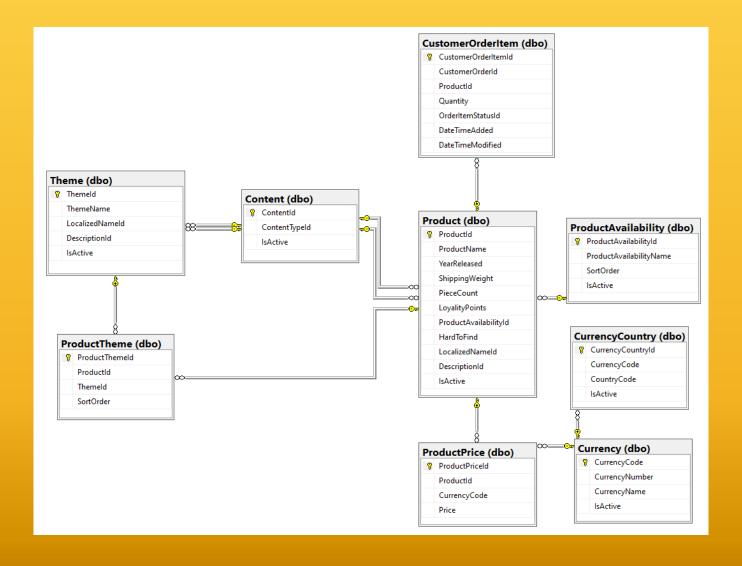
Customers

Customer

CustomerOrder



#### Data Model - Theme



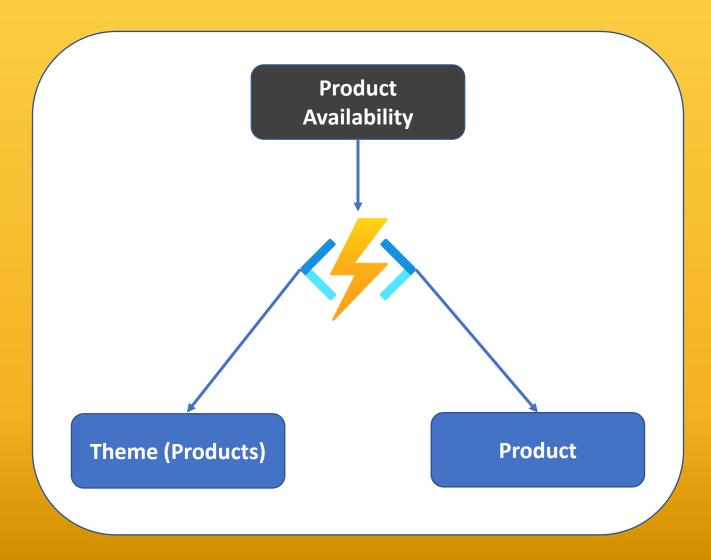


#### Data Model - Theme

```
"id": "43C2E388-9BB9-463A-B14B-28B538229A03",
"name": "Architecture",
"localizedNames": ...,
"descriptions": [...,
"products": [
    "id": "21058",
    "pieceCount": 1476,
    "hardToFind": false,
    "prices": [...],
"localizedNames": [...],
    "description": [...
```



### Reference Types





## Code Examples



# Best Tool(s) for the Job



#### Thank You

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- in ChadwickEGreen



