













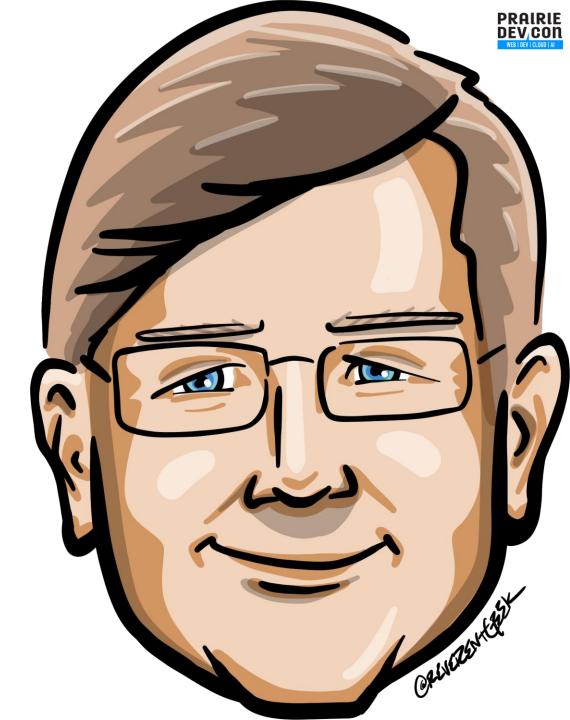




#### Who is Chad Green?

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# The Tale of the Master Builder's Blueprint



#### The Tale of the Master Builder's Blueprint





#### The Tale of the Master Builder's Blueprint





#### The Terraform Scroll





#### **The Terraform Scroll**



- Defining Infrastructure
- Provisioning Resources
- Managing Changes



#### The Role of Eirik the Enlightened





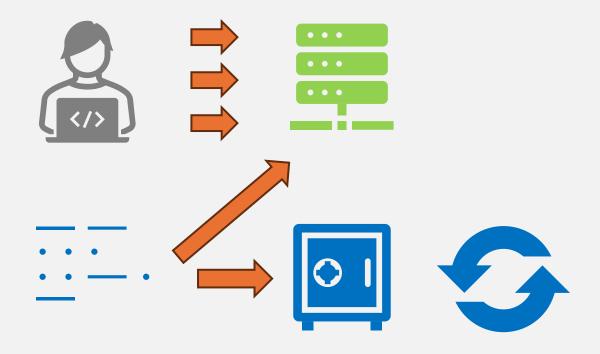
#### The Benefits



- Infrastructure as Code
- Automated Provisioning
- Scalability and Flexibility

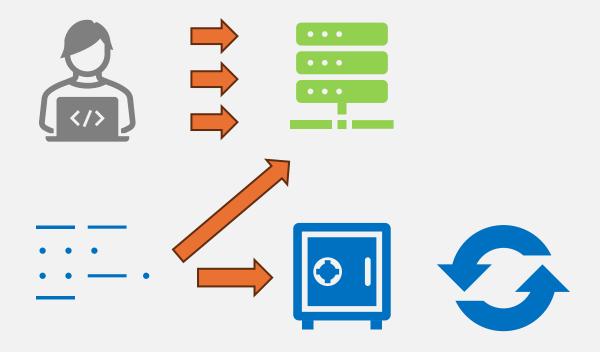








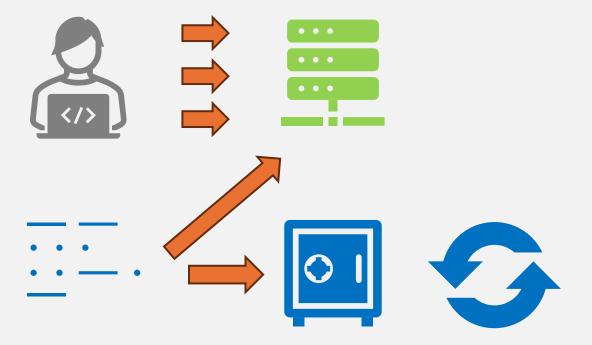
**Automation** 





Automation

Consistency

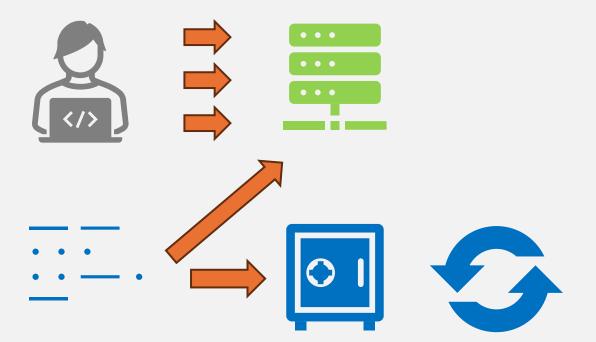




**Automation** 

Consistency

**Version Control** 



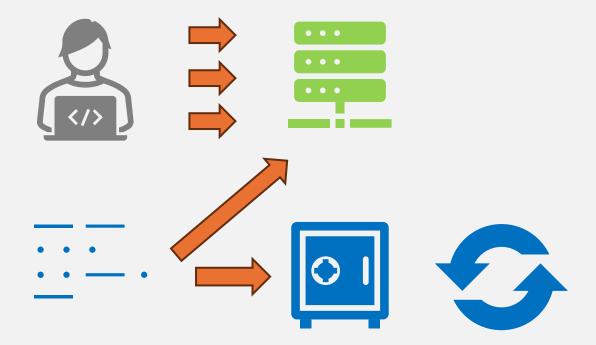


**Automation** 

Consistency

**Version Control** 

**Documentation** 





#### laC Tools



















**Declarative Language** 



**Declarative Language** 

**Providers** 









**Declarative Language** 

**State Management** 

**Providers** 



**Declarative Language** 

**State Management** 

Write





**Providers** 

**Plan and Apply** 









**Declarative Language** 

**Providers** 

**State Management** 

Plan and Apply

**Modularity** 







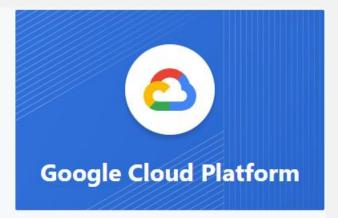
**Providers** 



















**Providers** 

Resources









Resources



Modules









Resources



Modules



State





**Providers** 



Resources



**Modules** 



**State** 



**Plans** 





**Providers** 



Resources



**Modules** 



**State** 



**Plans** 



Configuration Files



#### **Configuration Files**

#### Common File Extension

- .tf main configuration files
- tfvars variables
- .tfstate state files
- .tfconfig provider configuration

#### Typical Structure

- main.tf
- variables.tf
- outputs.tf
- terraform.tfvars

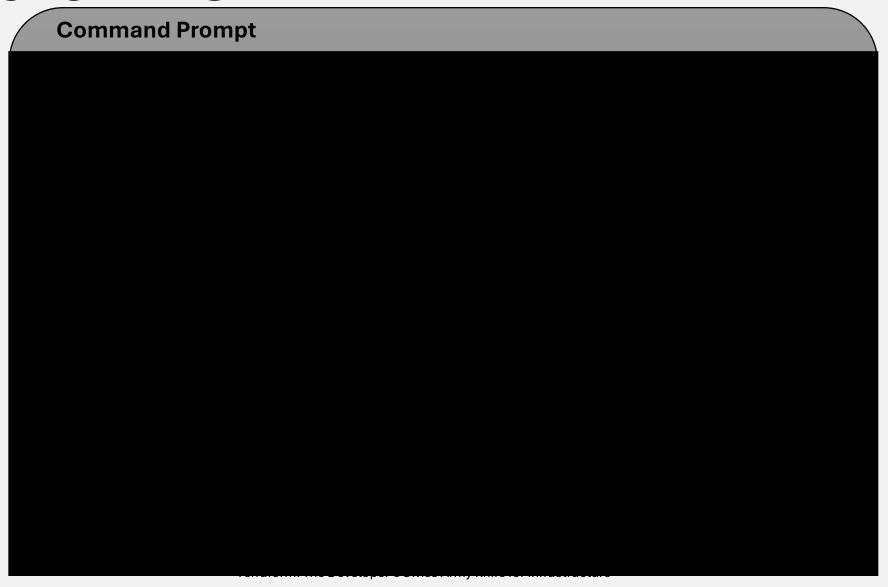


#### **Example Configuration**

#### main.tf

```
provider "azurerm" {
  features {}
variable "location" {
  description = "The Azure region to deploy resources in"
  default = "East US 2"
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "example" {
      = "example-resources"
 name
  location = "East US 2"
output "resource_group_name" {
 value = azurerm_resource_group.example.name
```







# **Command Prompt** C:\TerraformProject> terraform init



#### **Command Prompt**

C:\TerraformProject> terraform init

C:\TerraformProject> terraform plan



#### **Command Prompt**

```
C:\TerraformProject> terraform init
```

C:\TerraformProject> terraform plan

C:\TerraformProject> terraform apply



#### **Command Prompt**

```
C:\TerraformProject> terraform init
```

C:\TerraformProject> terraform plan

C:\TerraformProject> terraform apply

C:\TerraformProject> terraform fmt



#### **Command Prompt**

```
C:\TerraformProject> terraform init
```

```
C:\TerraformProject> terraform plan
```

C:\TerraformProject> terraform apply

C:\TerraformProject> terraform fmt

C:\TerraformProject> terraform validate



#### **Command Prompt**

```
C:\TerraformProject> terraform init

C:\TerraformProject> terraform plan

C:\TerraformProject> terraform apply

C:\TerraformProject> terraform fmt

C:\TerraformProject> terraform validate

C:\TerraformProject> terraform show
```



#### **Command Prompt**

```
C:\TerraformProject> terraform init
C:\TerraformProject> terraform plan
C:\TerraformProject> terraform apply
C:\TerraformProject> terraform fmt
C:\TerraformProject> terraform validate
C:\TerraformProject> terraform show
C:\TerraformProject> terraform destroy
```



# Live Demonstration





**Version Control** 

#### **Things to Keep in Mind**

- Use Branches
- Commit Regularly
- Pull Requests/Merge Requests
- Tagging and Releases



**Version Control** 

#### **Things to Keep in Mind**

- Use Branches
- Commit Regularly
- Pull Requests/Merge Requests
- Tagging and Releases



**Version Control** 

#### **Workflow**



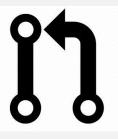
Create a Branch



Make Changes



Commit Changes



Open Pull Request



Merge



Deploy



**Version Control** 

**Modules** 

#### Why use modules?

- Promote reusability of code.
- Improve Organization and manageability.
- Enable separation of concerns.

#### **Best Practices**

- Keep modules simple and focused.
- Document modules thoroughly.
- Version control your modules
- Use semantic versioning for module releases.



**Version Control** 

Modules

Organization



**Version Control** 

**Modules** 

#### **File Name Conventions**

- main.tf
- variables.tf
- outputs.tf
- provider.tf



**Version Control** 

**Modules** 

Organization

#### **File Name Conventions**

Modules

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**Version Control** 

**Modules** 

Organization

#### **File Name Conventions**

- main.tf
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Modules

Workspaces



**Version Control** 

**Modules** 

**Organization** 

#### File Name Conventions

- main.tf
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Modules

Workspaces

State Management



**Version Control** 

**Modules** 

**Organization** 

#### **File Name Conventions**

- main.tf
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Modules

Workspaces

State Management

**Directory Structure** 



# Common Issues

Frequent Challenges and Solutions



# State Management Issues

**Problem**: Terraform state files becoming corrupted or inconsistent.

**Solution**: Use remote state storage with locking mechanisms.

```
terraform {
  backend "azurerm" {
    resource_group_name = "rg_name"
    storage_account_name = "storage_name"
    container_name = "container_name"
    key = "terraform.tfstate"
}
```



# Resource Deletion by Mistake

**Problem:** Resources accidentally deleted when running terraform apply.

**Solution**: Use the terraform plan command to review changes before applying. Implement resource protection by setting *prevent\_destroy*.



# **Module Versioning**

Problem: Using incompatible or outdated module versions.

Solution: Specify module versions and use version constraints.

```
module "network" {
   source = "terraform-aws-modules/vpc/aws"
   version = "~> 2.0"
   ...
}
```



## **Handling Sensitive Data**

**Problem:** Exposing sensitive information in configuration files.

**Solution**: Use environment variables, secrets management services, and the sensitive attribute in Terraform.

```
variable "db_password" {
  description = "The password for the database"
  type = string
  sensitive = true
}
```



# **Networking Configuration Errors**

**Problem**: Incorrectly configured networking resources leading to connectivity issues.

**Solution**: Validate and test networking configurations. Use tools like terraform validate and terraform plan to catch errors early.

terraform validate terraform plan



# Lessons Learned

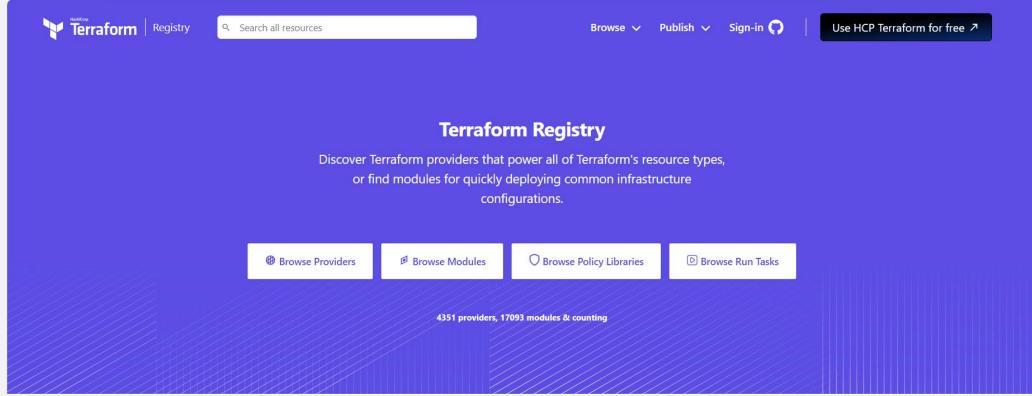
From Implementing Terraform



### Get to know registry.terraform.io

Lesson: Utilize the Terraform Registry for pre-built modules and providers

**Experience**: Saved time and effort by reusing community-vetted modules and providers.



Terraform: The Developer's Swiss Army Knife for Infrastructure



## HCL is not a programming language

**Lesson**: Recognize that HCL is declarative, not imperative.

**Experience**: Improved clarity by focusing on defining the desired state of infrastructure rather than procedural logic.



## **HCL Does Have Programming Capabilities**

**Lesson**: Utilize HCL's interpolation and conditionals for dynamic configurations.

**Experience**: Enhanced configurations with dynamic and reusable code patterns.

```
variable "enable_monitoring" {
  description = "Whether to enable monitoring"
        = bool
 type
 default = true
resource "azurerm monitor diagnostic setting" "example" {
  count = var.enable monitoring ? 1 : 0
  name = "example-diagnostics"
  target resource id = azurerm storage account.example.id
```



#### **Start Small and Iterate**

**Lesson**: Begin with small, manageable configs and incrementally add complexity.

**Experience**: Avoided overwhelming initial setups and allowed for gradual learning and troubleshooting.



#### **Embrace Remote State**

**Lesson**: Store state files remotely to ensure consistency and enable team collaboration.

**Experience**: Prevented state file conflicts and allowed for reliable state management across the team.



### **Use Key Vault Secrets**

Lesson: Store and manage sensitive information using Azure Key Vault

**Experience**: Enhanced security and simplified management of secrets.

```
variable "sensitive_value" {
  description = "A sensitive value, can be null"
             = string
 type
 default = null
data "azurerm_key_vault" "example" {
                    = "your-key-vault-name"
  name
 resource_group_name = "your-resource-group-name"
data "azurerm_key_vault_secret" "example_secret" {
              = "your-secret-name"
  name
 key_vault_id = data.azurerm key_vault.example.id
locals {
  value to use = coalesce(var.sensitive value, data.azurerm key vault secret.example secret.value)
resource "azurerm_resource_group" "example" {
          = "example-resources"
  name
  location = "West Europe"
 tags = {
    sensitive tag = local.value to use
output "value_to_use" {
 value = local.value to use
```





### Modularize Your Configurations

**Lesson**: Use modules to encapsulate and reuse infrastructure components.

**Experience**: Simplified configurations, promoted reuse, and improved maintainability.



## **Document Everything**

**Lesson**: Maintain thorough documentation of your Terraform configurations and processes.

**Experience**: Facilitated onboarding, troubleshooting, and knowledge sharing within the team.



#### Implement Code Reviews

**Lesson**: Conduct regular code reviews for Terraform configurations.

**Experience**: Caught errors early and improved the overall quality of the infrastructure code. Reduce the possibility of spinning up incorrectly configured expensive services.



# Summary

Session Recap



# Recap

- Infrastructure as Code
- Introduction to Terraform
- Live Demonstration
- Best Practices
- Common Issues
- Lessons Learned