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Next JS

A powerful React-based framework for building server-rendered and statically generated web applications.

Overview of what i learned in my class

What is page.tsx?

The main file in a Next.js route that defines the content of a specific page or URL.

How it works:

Any file within the app directory is a route within Next.js. So if you had app/service/page.tsx, it would display content at the /service URL.

For example: if you have app/service/page.tsx, it renders content at the /service route.

Why It's Important:

Next is file-based routing using "page-centric" approach which means each **page.tsx** in your application is basically by default another page in your project, while organizing and creating pages has become quite simple and plain.

What is Layout.tsx?

Special file that defines common layouts for pages within the same directory.

Purpose:

Headers, navigation bars, sidebars, footers which are implemented to ensure uniform looks and feels across different pages.

Example:

 Put layout.tsx in the root of the app directory for a site-wide layout, or into subfolders for section-specific layouts.

Benefits:

• It ensures UI consistency across pages. Code Reusability by writing common things such as navigations or footers together in one place.

What is Link tag?

A Next.js component that enables internal navigation between pages without full page reloads.

Why Use It?

 Unlike the standard <a> tag, the Link component preloads linked pages, making faster and smoother transitions.

Purpose:

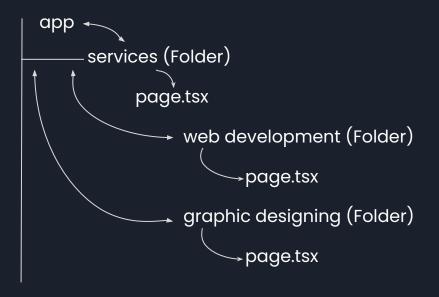
- Improves User Experience by reducing load time.
- Optimizes Performance by keeping users within the single-page app experience.

Example:

- import Link from 'next/link';
- <Link href="/about">About Page</Link>

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Pages organized in a folder structure that represents the URL hierarchy.



What are Components?

Reusable UI elements that represent specific parts of the interface, like buttons, cards, or forms.

Why use components:

- Code Reusability: Build once, use multiple times.
- **Modularity:** Keep UI organized and maintainable.

Overall, components enhance code maintainability, readability, and scalability, making them a fundamental concept in React and Next.js development.

How can we apply css in Next JS?

There are two main methods for applying CSS: Global CSS and CSS Modules.

CSS Modules: Ideal for component-specific styles. They prevent style clashes and promote modularity, ensuring that styles are scoped locally to each component.

Global CSS: Best for consistent styles across the entire application, such as typography and layout. It helps maintain uniformity across all pages.

What is Tailwind CSS?

Tailwind CSS is a utility-first CSS framework allowing developers to code in HTML or JSX using classes. Tailwind concentrate on simple classes when you have to design something by mixing classes within markup.

CSS:

- Styles are usually written in separate files, and you link them to HTML using class names or IDs.
- You define custom classes and write specific styling rules in a CSS file.
- Can be slower as you switch between HTML and CSS files to make updates.

Tailwind CSS:

- Styles are applied directly in the HTML using utility classes, making it faster to build and adjust designs.
- Provides pre-built utility classes (like p-4, m-6, bg-blue-500) so you can style directly without writing custom CSS.
- Speeds up development since you style directly in your HTML, reducing the need for going back to check adjustments.