

PIZZA SALES

SQL

PROJECT

REQUIREMENTS

- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.
- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.



Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT
```

```
    COUNT(order_id) AS Total_Order
```

```
FROM
```

```
pizzahut.orders;
```

Result Grid			 Filter Rows:
	Total_Order		
▶	21350		

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
-- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.  
use pizzahut;  
SELECT  
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),  
          2) AS Total_Rrevenue_Generated  
FROM  
    order_details  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	Total_Rrevenue_Generated	
▶	817860.05	

Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
-- Identify the highest-priced pizza.  
  
SELECT  
    pizza_types.Name, pizzas.price AS Highest_Priced_Pizza  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
    JOIN  
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id  
ORDER BY pizzas.price deSC  
LIMIT 1;
```

	Name	Highest_Priced_Pizza
►	The Greek Pizza	35.95

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
-- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.  
use pizzahut;  
SELECT  
    pizzas.size, COUNT(order_details.order_details_id)  
FROM  
    pizzas  
    JOIN  
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id  
GROUP BY pizzas.size  
ORDER BY pizzas.size  
LIMIT 1  
;
```

	size	count(order_details.order_details_id)
▶	L	18526

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
-- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.
```

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

	name	Quantity
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
-- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

SELECT
    pizza_types.category, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC
;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	Quantity	
▶	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
-- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.  
  
use pizzahut;  
SELECT  
    HOUR(orders.order_time) AS Hours,  
    COUNT(orders.order_id) AS order_count  
FROM  
    orders  
GROUP BY HOUR(orders.order_time)  
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

	Hours	order_count
▶	12	2520
	13	2455
	18	2399
	17	2336
	19	2009
	16	1920
	20	1642
	14	1472
	15	1468
	11	1231
	21	1198
	22	663

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
-- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.  
  
SELECT  
    pizza_types.category, COUNT(pizza_types.name)  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY pizza_types.category;
```

	category	count(pizza_types.name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT
    round(AVG(quantity))
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) as quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS Order_quantity;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows
	round(AVG(quantity))	
▶	138	

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
-- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM((order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

	name	revenue
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
►	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
	The Southwest Chicken Pizza	34705.75
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.700000000065
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue

```
-- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    round(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
        2) AS Total_Revenue_Generated
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)* 100,2) as revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
order by revenue desc;
```

	category	revenue
▶	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68