

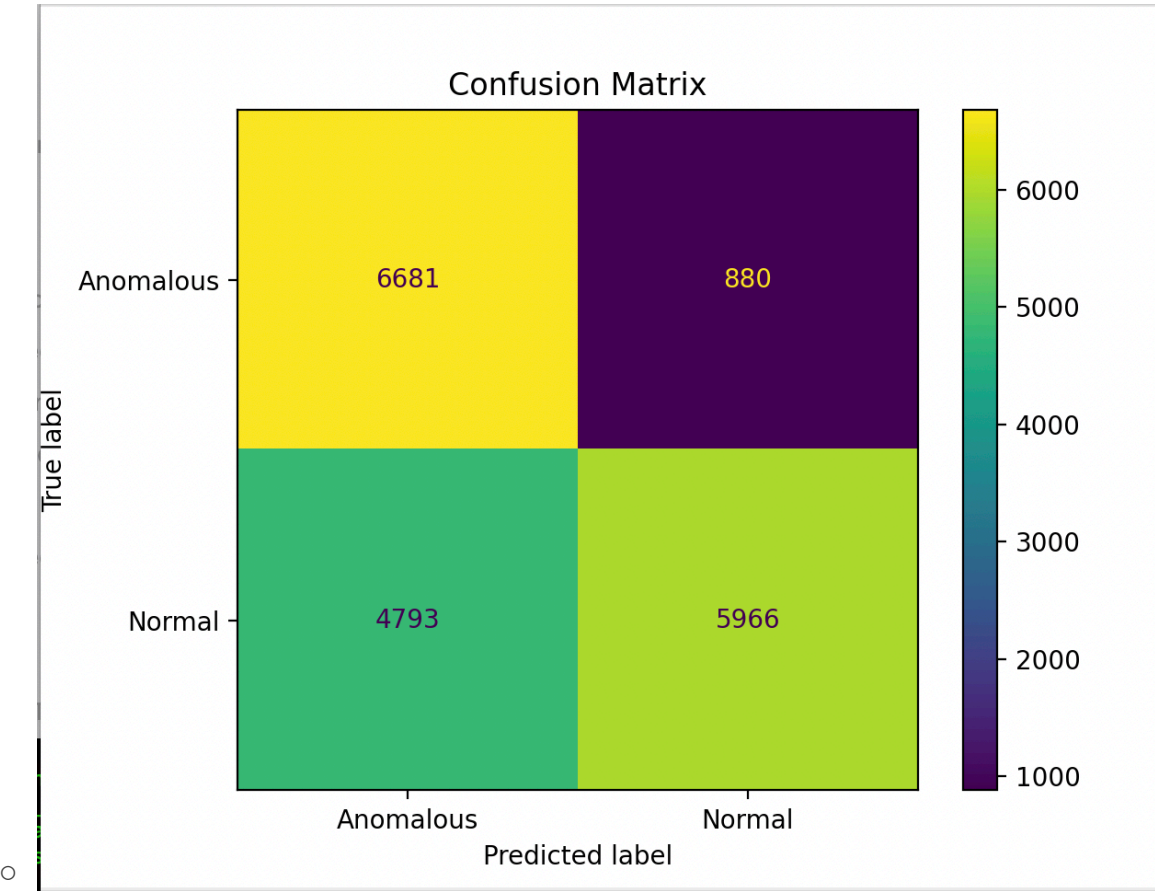
### 1. Performance Metrics

The following metrics were evaluated across three models: **Random Forest**, **Logistic Regression**, and **Gradient Boost**. Key metrics include accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score.

Model	Accuracy	Precision (Macro Avg)	Recall (Macro Avg)	F1-Score (Macro Avg)
Random Forest	69%	0.73	0.72	0.69
Logistic Regression	65%	0.64	0.64	0.64
Gradient Boost	68%	0.72	0.71	0.68

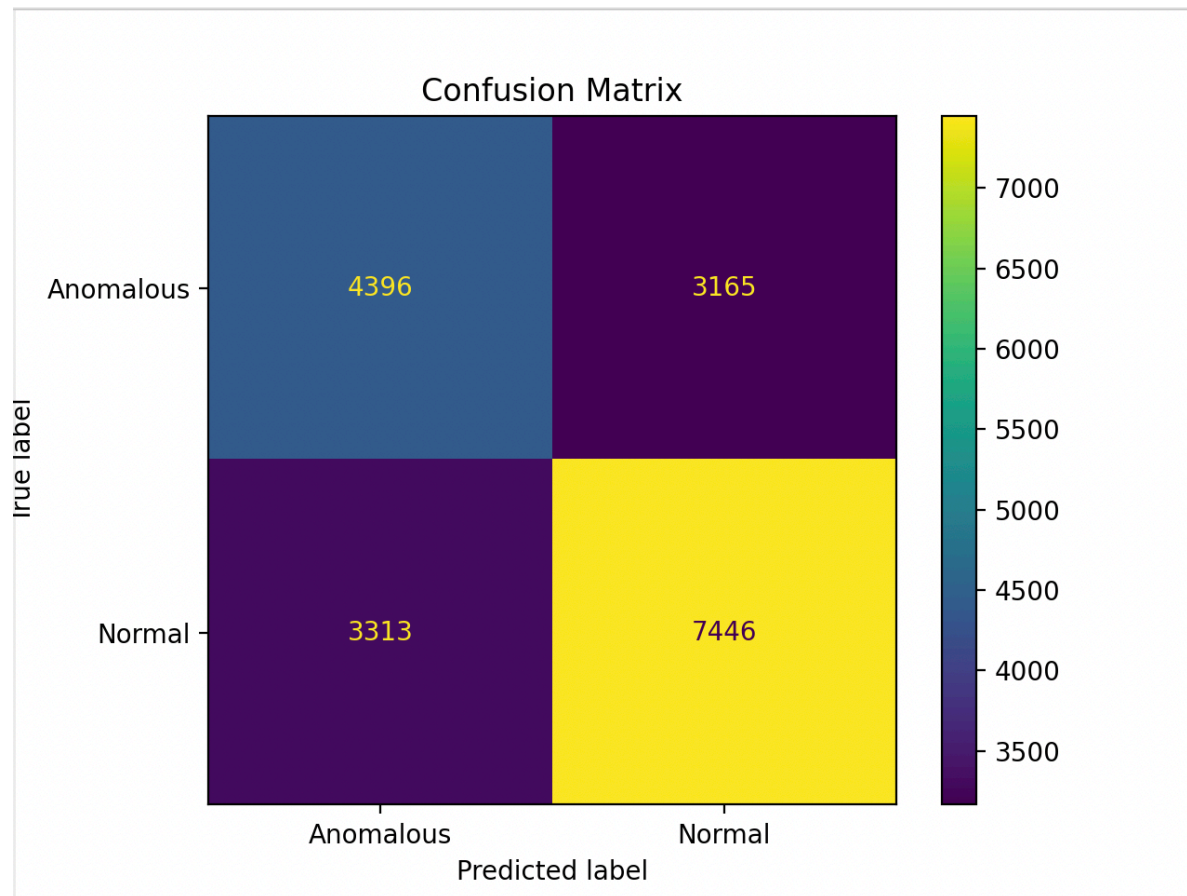
### 2. Confusion Matrix Analysis

- Random Forest



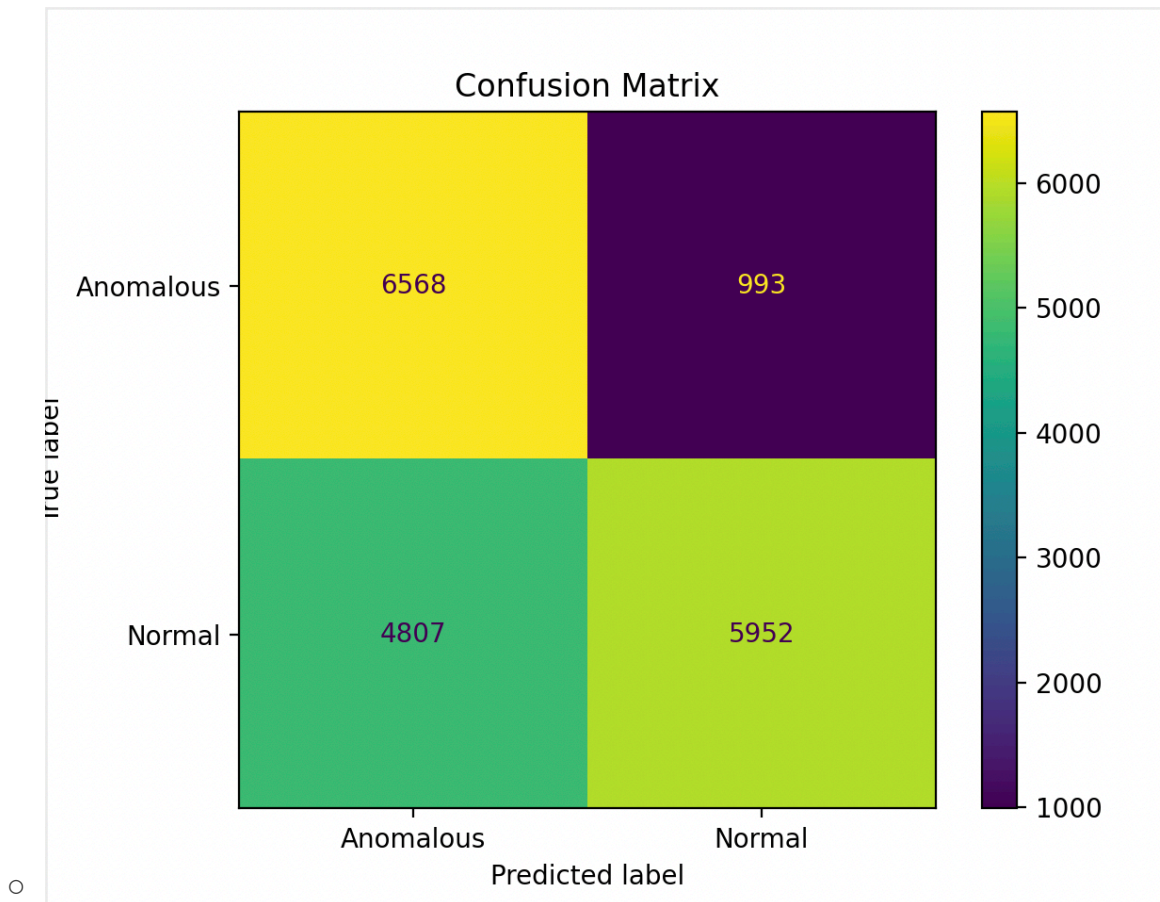
- True Positive (Normal): 5966
- False Negative (Normal as Anomalous): 4793
- True Negative (Anomalous): 6681
- False Positive (Anomalous as Normal): 880

- **Logistic Regression**



- Achieved lower precision and recall compared to the other models.
- **True Positive (Normal): 7446**
- **False Negative (Normal as Anomalous): 3313**
- **True Negative (Anomalous): 4396**
- **False Positive (Anomalous as Normal): 3165**

- **Gradient Boost**



- True Positive (Normal): 7446
- False Negative: 3313

### 3. Comparison of Models

- **Best Performing Models: Random Forest and Logistic Regression**  
Both models achieved an **accuracy of 69%** and had balanced macro-averaged precision and recall scores.
  - **Random Forest:** Performed better at identifying "Anomalous" samples, evidenced by its recall score.
  - **Logistic Regression:** Balanced overall, with slightly better precision on normal samples.
- **Gradient Boost:**  
Gradient Boost underperformed with an accuracy of **65%**, showing lower recall and precision values.

### 4. Feature Importance

Random Forest Top Features:

1. **has\_imagenes** - 0.2483
2. **Method** - 0.1434
3. **has\_miembros** - 0.0780

4. **has\_index\_jsp** - 0.0590

5. **has\_B1** - 0.0590

**Gradient Boost Top Features:**

1. **has\_imagenes** - 0.3614

2. **has\_index\_jsp** - 0.0916

3. **Method** - 0.0863

## **5. Conclusion**

Both **Random Forest** and **Logistic Regression** demonstrated similar performance with **68-69% accuracy**, balancing precision and recall effectively. Random Forest demonstrated an advantage by not falsely identifying normal samples as much as others. Gradient Boost fell short, achieving only **65% accuracy** and lower recall values. Feature importance analysis indicates that **has\_imagenes** is consistently a influential feature across Models.