



# IoT Security Project

Created by Talisa Powell and Bradley Allen

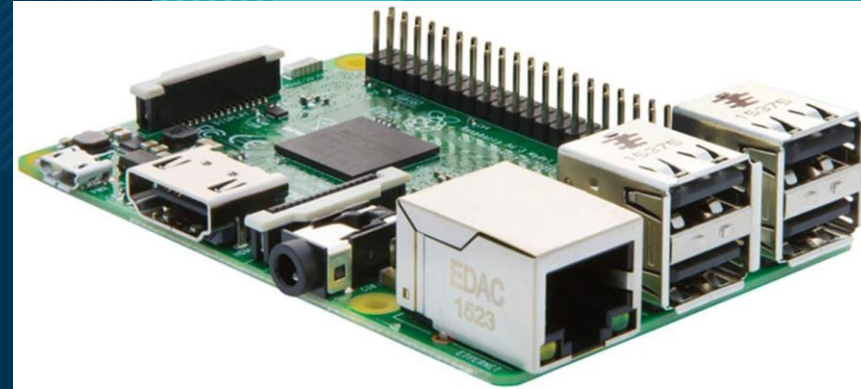
CSCIU-509

4/20/22

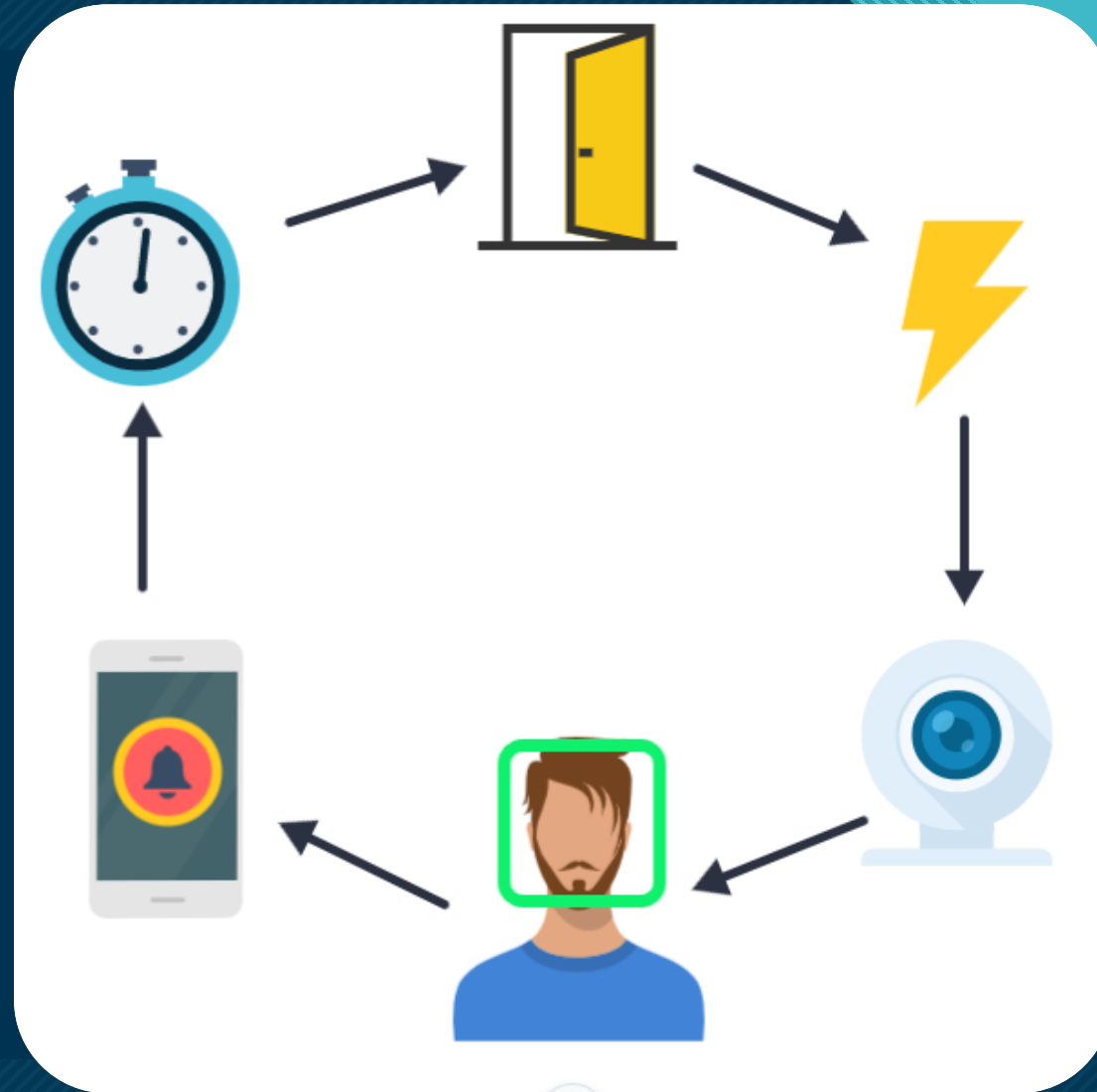
# Project Overview

Our project was made using:

- Raspberry Pi 3B+
- Reed switch (magnetic relay)
- Breadboard
- Webcam



# How It Works

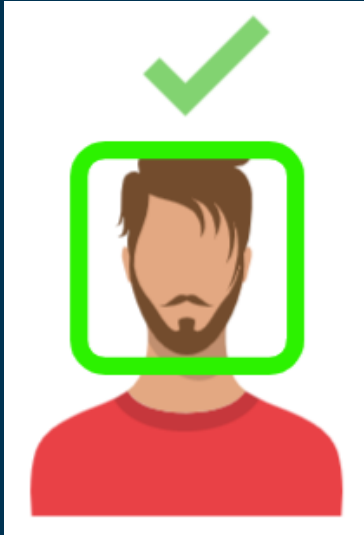


# Challenges

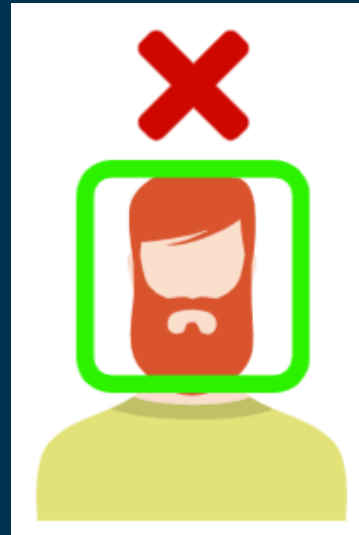
- Overheating
- Shorted reed switch
- Low voltage
- Frame rate
- Segment fault



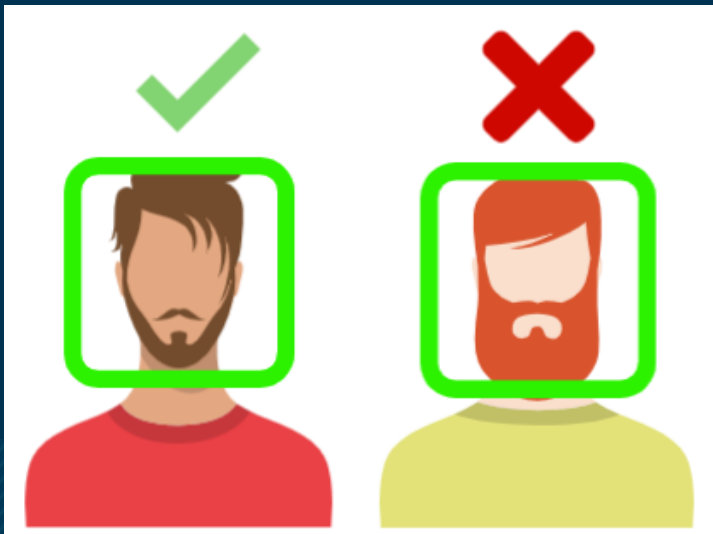
# Capabilities



No Notification



Notifies



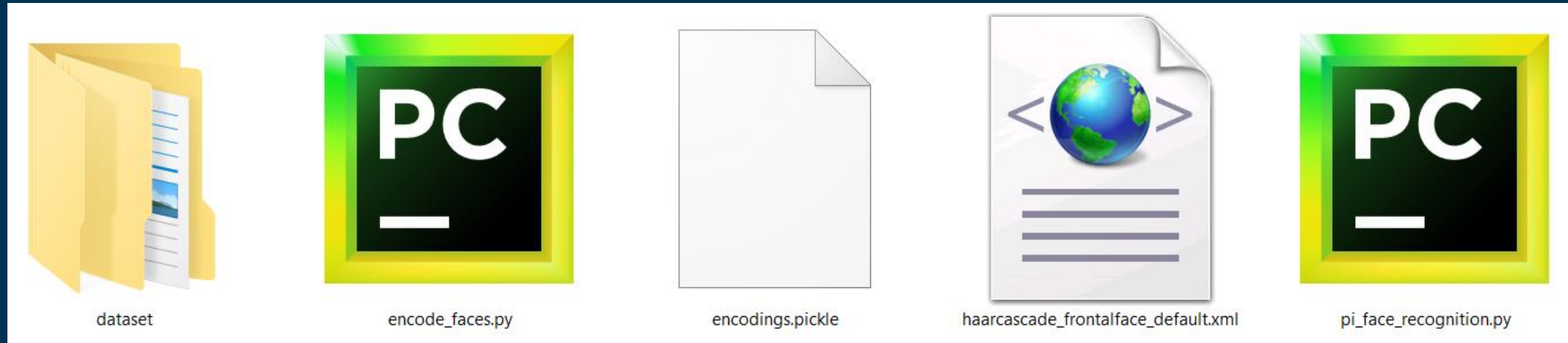
# Limitations

- Limited Memory

# Possible Improvements

- Larger memory storage
- Faster processor
- Improved facial detection

# Logical Details (File Structure)





# Logical Details (encode\_faces.py)

```
1  # encode_faces.py
2  # Used for learning faces from dataset folder
3  # Command below is used to learn the dataset folder,
4  # outputs facial encodings to --encodings (PATH) as a .pickle file.
5  # python encode_faces.py --dataset dataset
6  # --encodings encodings.pickle --detection-method hog
7
8  # import the necessary packages
9  from imutils import paths
10 import face_recognition
11 import argparse
12 import pickle
13 import cv2
14 import os
15
16 # construct the argument parser and parse the arguments
17 ap = argparse.ArgumentParser()
18 ap.add_argument("-i", "--dataset", required=True,
19                 help="path to input directory of faces + images")
20 ap.add_argument("-e", "--encodings", required=True,
21                 help="path to serialized db of facial encodings")
22 ap.add_argument("-d", "--detection-method", type=str, default="cnn",
23                 help="face detection model to use: either `hog` or `cnn`")
24 args = vars(ap.parse_args())
25
26 # grab the paths to the input images in our dataset
27 print("[INFO] quantifying faces...")
28 imagePath = list(paths.list_images(args["dataset"]))
29
30 # initialize the list of known encodings and known names
31 knownEncodings = []
32 knownNames = []
33
34 # loop over the image paths
35 for (i, imagePath) in enumerate(imagePaths):
36     # extract the person name from the image path
37     print("[INFO] processing image {} / {}".format(i + 1,
38                                                     len(imagePaths)))
```

```
39     name = imagePath.split(os.path.sep)[-2]
40
41     # load the input image and convert it from BGR (OpenCV ordering)
42     # to dlib ordering (RGB)
43     image = cv2.imread(imagePath)
44     rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
45
46     # detect the (x, y)-coordinates of the bounding boxes
47     # corresponding to each face in the input image
48     boxes = face_recognition.face_locations(rgb,
49                                             model=args["detection_method"])
50
51     # compute the facial embedding for the face
52     encodings = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb, boxes)
53
54     # loop over the encodings
55     for encoding in encodings:
56         # add each encoding + name to our set of known names and
57         # encodings
58         knownEncodings.append(encoding)
59         knownNames.append(name)
60
61     # dump the facial encodings + names to disk
62     print("[INFO] serializing encodings...")
63     data = {"encodings": knownEncodings, "names": knownNames}
64     f = open(args["encodings"], "wb")
65     f.write(pickle.dumps(data))
66     f.close()
```

# Logical Details (pi\_face\_recognition.py)

```
1 from imutils.video import VideoStream
2 from imutils.video import FPS
3 import face_recognition
4 import argparse
5 import imutils
6 import pickle
7 import time
8 import cv2
9 from pushbullet import Pushbullet
10 import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
11
12 GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
13 inPin = 23
14 GPIO.setup(inPin, GPIO.IN)
15
16 # Builds argument line to avoid console
17 args = {}
18 args["cascade"] = "haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml"
19 args["encodings"] = "encodings.pickle"
20
21 # Load the known faces and embeddings along with OpenCV's Haar
22 # cascade for face detection
23 print("")
24 print("===== INITIALIZATION =====")
25 print("[Status] Loading Encodings and Face Detector...")
26 data = pickle.loads(open(args["encodings"], "rb").read())
27 detector = cv2.CascadeClassifier(args["cascade"])
28 print("[Status] Encodings and Face Detector successfully loaded.")
29 print("=====")
30 print("")
31 print("[Status] Listening for door...")
32
33 # While the program is running (Raspberry Pi is turned on)
34 while True:
35
36     # If voltage is read from pin (Door is opened), turn on camera
37     if GPIO.input(inPin) == 1:
38         print("[Status] Door opened, turning on camera...")
39
40         # Initialize the video stream and allow the camera sensor to warm up
41         print("[Status] Starting video stream...")
42         # Use for USB camera
43         vs = VideoStream(src=0).start()
44         # Use for PiCamera
45         # vs = VideoStream(usePiCamera=True).start()
46         time.sleep(2.0)
47
48         # Start the FPS counter and timer
49         fps = FPS().start()
```

```
50 starttime = time.time()
51 # Initializes the list of names from video stream
52 namesExt = []
53
54 # Loop over frames from the video file stream
55 while True:
56     # Grab the frame from the threaded video stream and resize it
57     # to 300px (to speedup processing)
58     frame = vs.read()
59     frame = imutils.resize(frame, width=300)
60
61     # Convert the input frame from (1) BGR to grayscale (for face
62     # detection) and (2) from BGR to RGB (for face recognition)
63     gray = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
64     rgb = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
65
66     # Detect faces in the grayscale frame
67     rects = detector.detectMultiScale(gray, scaleFactor=1.1,
68                                     minNeighbors=5, minSize=(30, 30))
69
70     # OpenCV returns bounding box coordinates in (x, y, w, h) order
71     # but we need them in (top, right, bottom, left) order, so we
72     # need to do a bit of reordering
73     boxes = [(y, x + w, y + h, x) for (x, y, w, h) in rects]
74
75     # Compute the facial embeddings for each face bounding box
76     encodings = face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb, boxes)
77     names = []
78
79     # Loop over the facial embeddings
80     for encoding in encodings:
81         # Attempt to match each face in the input image to our known
82         # encodings
83         matches = face_recognition.compare_faces(data["encodings"],
84                                                  encoding)
85         name = "Unknown"
86
87         # Check to see if we have found a match
88         if True in matches:
89             # Find the indexes of all matched faces then initialize a
90             # dictionary to count the total number of times each face
91             # was matched
92             matchedIdxs = [i for (i, b) in enumerate(matches) if b]
93             counts = {}
94
95             # Loop over the matched indexes and maintain a count for
96             # each recognized face face
97             for i in matchedIdxs:
98                 name = data["names"][i]
```

# Logical Details (pi\_face\_recognition.py)

```
99     counts[name] = counts.get(name, 0) + 1
100
101     # Determine the recognized face with the largest number
102     # of votes (note: in the event of an unlikely tie Python
103     # will select first entry in the dictionary)
104     name = max(counts, key=counts.get)
105
106     # Update the list of names and list holding all names
107     names.append(name)
108     namesExt.append(name)
109
110     # Loop over recognized faces
111     for ((top, right, bottom, left), name) in zip(boxes, names):
112         # Draw a rectangle over recognized faces
113         cv2.rectangle(frame, (left, top), (right, bottom),
114                       (0, 255, 0), 2)
115         y = top - 15 if top - 15 > 15 else top + 15
116         cv2.putText(frame, name, (left, y), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,
117                    0.75, (0, 255, 0), 2)
118
119     # Display the video stream
120     cv2.imshow("Video Stream", frame)
121     key = cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF
122
123     # Checks time, turns camera off after 20 seconds have passed
124     checktime = time.time()
125     endtime = starttime - checktime
126     # print(endtime) # Just for testing
127     if endtime <= -20:
128         break
129
130     # If "q" is pressed, break from video stream loop
131     if key == ord("q"):
132         break
133
134     # Ping FPS
135     fps.update()
136
137     # Display information from video stream
138     fps.stop()
139     print("[Status] Elapsed Time: {:.2f}".format(fps.elapsed()))
140     print("[Status] Approximate FPS: {:.2f}".format(fps.fps()))
141
142     # Initiate notification system
143     pb = Pushbullet("o.u58rykF33g3v58rFKNMN7OgJb1a94g8t")
144     device = pb.get_device("Samsung SM-G781U")
145
146     # Video stream will have 4 scenarios:
147     # 1) (Don't Notify) - Unknown face(s) detected, but a known face was also detected
```

```
148     # 2) (NOTIFY) - Unknown face(s) detected, no known face(s) detected
149     # 3) (Don't Notify) - Known face(s) detected, no unknown
150     # 4) (NOTIFY) - No faces were detected
151     flag = False
152     if "Unknown" in namesExt:
153         print("[Status] Unknown person detected, checking" +
154               " list for known before sending notification...")
155         flag = True
156         # Checks if there was known face(s) with the unknown face
157         for name in namesExt:
158             if name != "Unknown":
159                 # The unknown was with a known face, does not notify
160                 flag = False
161                 print("[Status] Unknown is with Known, not sending notification.")
162                 break
163
164         # We don't know anyone in the stream, notifies
165         if flag:
166             print("[ALERT] Only Unknown in list, sending notification to " + str(device))
167             push = device.push_note("Facial Recognition Camera",
168                                    "Your camera detected an unknown face.")
169
170     # No unknowns
171     else:
172         # Creates a set of the names, the name is in the set only once
173         nameSet = set(namesExt)
174
175         # Checks if there were no faces, notifies
176         if len(nameSet) == 0:
177             print("[ALERT] No face detected. Sending notification to " + str(device))
178             push = device.push_note("Facial Recognition Camera", "Your camera" +
179                                    " was turned on and no faces were detected.")
180
181         # Faces were detected, but no unknowns, prints detected faces
182         else:
183             for name in nameSet:
184                 print("[Status] Detected " + name)
185             print("[Status] No Unknowns, not sending notification.")
186
187     # Cleans up
188     cv2.destroyAllWindows()
189     vs.stop()
190     vs.stream.release()
191
192     # Gives update on status
193     print("")
194     print("[Status] Listening for door...")
```