著

1. pinyin: zhe 着

auxiliary: there are four possible meanings

(着has to combine with other words in these four possible meanings)

1. a movement lasts continuing, ex. 坐着、说着
2. we ‘’have’’ some movements, ex. 镶着、贴着
3. a degree of some situation, ex. 他可聪明着呢
4. tone of command or advise, ex. 慢着、记着
5. pinyin: zhu4著

this one has three possible parts of speech

1. verb: four possible meanings

(著 occurs alone in these four possible meanings)

a. to manifest or show sth., ex. 揜其不善而著其善

b. to mark sth., ex. 帝喾能序星辰以著众

c. to write or compose, ex. 于是老子迺著书上下篇

d. be recorded or cataloged, ex. 初，斐豹隶也，著于丹书

1. noun: two possible meanings
2. article or composition’s general called (combine), ex. [名著](http://dict.revised.moe.edu.tw/cgi-bin/cbdic/gsweb.cgi?ccd=uCVS83&o=e0&sec=sec1&op=sti=%22%E5%90%8D%E8%91%97%22.)、[巨著](http://dict.revised.moe.edu.tw/cgi-bin/cbdic/gsweb.cgi?ccd=uCVS83&o=e0&sec=sec1&op=sti=%22%E5%B7%A8%E8%91%97%22.)
3. one title of a Chinese classic book named *The book of odes and hymns* (alone), ex.〈著〉，刺时也
4. adj.: one meaning of significant (combine), ex. 显著
5. pinyin: zhuo2 著

two possible parts of speech

1. verb: five possible meanings (alone)
2. put on, ex. 着我绣裌裙，事事四五通
3. adhere or attach, ex. 着粉则太白，施朱则太赤
4. arrive or be on some place, ex. [著陆](http://dict.revised.moe.edu.tw/cgi-bin/cbdic/gsweb.cgi?ccd=WFss9J&o=e0&sec=sec1&op=sti=%22%E8%91%97%E9%99%B8%22.)
5. blossom or bear fruit, ex. 来日绮窗前，寒梅著花未？
6. command or ask sb. to do sth., ex. 我着你但去处行监坐守
7. noun: three possible meanings (combine)
8. move a piece when you’re playing chess, ex. 棋高一着
9. the way sb. deal with things (how sb. deal with things), ex. 无着
10. the result of sth., ex. 着落
11. pinyin: zhao1 着

three possible parts of speech

1. noun: one meaning of a strategy or method (alone), ex. 三十六着，走为上着
2. verb: three possible meanings
3. to place(alone), ex. 文成示温，温以着坐处
4. affected by sth. (combine) , ex. 着风、着涼
5. happen(combine), ex. 着急、着慌
6. adv.: agree or have the same opinion(alone), ex. 着哇！这正合我意
7. pinyin: zhao2 着

two possible parts of speech

1. verb: three possible meanings
2. lasting of a state or sth. already has a result(combine), ex. 灯点着了
3. to be in touch with(alone), ex. 前不着村，后不着店
4. fall into or to be trapped(alone), ex. 他着了我的道了
5. adv.: just right or appropriately(combine), ex. 这笔钱真花着了