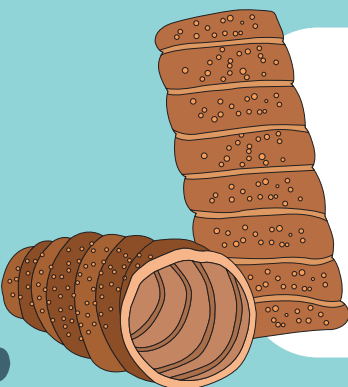


CULTURE IN ROMANIA



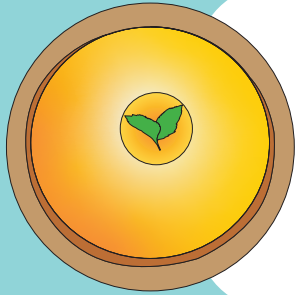
TYPICAL CUISINE



THE KURTOSKALACS

The dough is wrapped between a wooder cylinder, it's covered of sugar and rotated on the cinder for five minutes.

When it's almost ready the spiced nut is put on the sugar. It has a delicious taste.



THE MAMALIGA

The mamaliga is the Romanian equivalent of our polenta with cheese, actually it is stuffed with cheese and fried in the

butter and the oil, at the end the mamaliga is served with sour cream.



FESTIVITY



SAINT. NICHOLAS DAY

On 6th December they celebrate the feast of Saint. Nicholas. From this feast on the winter period and the feast

linked to it start. The tradition says that during the night Saint. Nicholas visits the houses and brings some presents.



MARTISOR

It's a feast celebrated on 1st March, it reminds the legend of a boy who sacrificed his life to liberate the sun from

the winter. During this feast they exchange a pendant with two intertwined wires, one white and one red.



RELIGION



MARIA

They don't believe in the Immaculate Conception, but they think she was purified from all her sins in the moment of

Christ's conception. According to them she was the first to know about Jesus' Resurrection.



EASTER

Easter is the most important feast in the christian religion because on that day they celebrate Christ's Resurrection.

To them Easter is the liberation from the original sin. In general they exchange red dyed eggs.



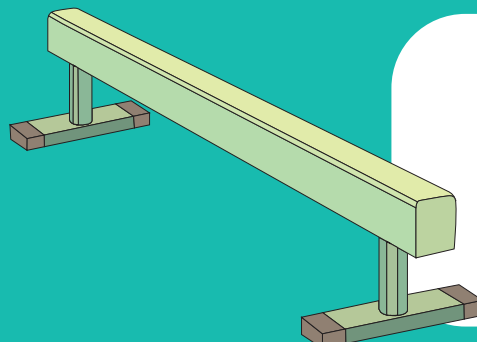
SPORT



FOOTBALL

Football is the most popular sport in Romania. The most successful club is the Steaua Bucurest. The Romanian National

Football team have taken part in seven FIFA world cups and its peak in the 1990s. Romania was classified third in 1997 FIFA.



GYMNASTIC

Romania has a long tradition in artistic gymnastics. Gymnastics is responsible for most olympic medals of

Romania and the most famous Romanian gymnast is Nadia Comaneci.

