

# CE706 - Information Retrieval SU 2022

## Assignment 1

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**ELK stack** : It is a combination of three different tools which are Elasticsearch, Kibana and logstash. These tools Logstash and Elasticsearch can work distinctly, the three useful tools are planned to be used as a combined answer, known as the Elastic Stack. In our report we are going to use only two Elasticsearch and Kibana .The summary of these tools are explained below

**1)Elasticsearch API:** Elasticsearch is a Java-based open source full-text search engine that is intended to be distributed, scalable, and near real-time. The Elasticsearch server is simple to set up, and the default configuration provided with it is suitable for standalone use without further alterations. The only parameter that has to be entered in the configuration file to start up an Elasticsearch cluster is the cluster name; Elasticsearch will take care of determining nodes on the web and tied them into a cluster (Kononenko, 2014).

**2) Kibana:** Kibana is a visualization platform available for elasticsearch. It delivers a web – based graphical user interface to visualize, search and many other queries on data stored in clusters. It can be used online and can be downloaded on your personal computers to visualize data . the important view of kibana has 4 components- dashboards, Management, Discover and Visualization (Bajer, 2017).

**3)Logstash:** It is a plugin event having many features. It takes data from different numbers of sources simultaneously, converts it and then transfers it to elasticsearch. In logstash to transfer data in elasticsearch we have to create a .conf file to send the whole dataset in elasticsearch (Bajer, 2017).

**Dataset Description:** The dataset named Signal Medai one\_million news dataset by signal media is available to enable research on different news articles. It is envisioned to help the research community. The dataset is originally composed by Moreover Technologies which are signal providers. It contains a variety of news sources for a period of 1 month(1-30 sept 2015). It is a directory of 1 million articles that are mainly in English, Although they also articles in different languages. The main sources of these articles are Reuters, blogs and local news.

**1) To download dataset:** The dataset can be downloaded using this link. <https://research.signal-ai.com/newsir16/signal-dataset.html>

**2) Format of Dataset:** Once the dataset is downloaded you have a compressed zip file. You can extract files anywhere in your personal computer. The dataset provided is in json format, in which every line exemplifies an article as a JSON object. The size of dataset is 2.65 GB. The following fields are found in each article:

ID	Act as a unique identifier
Title	The main title of the dataset article
Content	Text which displsy as a conent in article
Source	The main sourec from where data is collected
Published	Date of publication
Type of Media	News

## An Example of a Dataset:

```
{
  "_index": "signal_news",
  "_type": "_doc",
  "_id": "2gB-b4EBcRFY5usif_D9",
  "_score": 1.0,
  "_source": {
    "@timestamp": "2015-09-11T06:09:32.000Z",
    "id": "3c5636e8-06b7-43fd-8a80-0e8535f45cb2",
    "source": "Newshence.com",
    "published": "2015-09-11T06:09:32Z",
    "title": "Euro up; USD, Pound and Yen down",
    "media-type": "News",
    "content": "Mumbai, Sep 11 : Following were the indicative currency notes and travellers' cheques buying and selling rates per unit today. CURRENCY NAME BUY SALE UAE DIRHAM 16.7276 19.1652 AUSTRALIAN DOLLAR 43.7311 49.3792 BANGLADESH TAKA 0.782276 0.921413 SAUDI RIAL 16.8627 19.3201 AUSTRALIAN DOLLAR 43.7311 49.3792 BANGLADESH TAKA 0.782276 0.921413 BAHRAIN DINAR 163.3139 186.6076 CANADIAN DOLLAR 46.2854 53.1733 SWISS FRANC 63.3832 72.8305 CHINESE YUAN 7.2277 9.2278 36 11.96 DANISH KRONE 9.1253 10.6636 EURO 69.8139 79.004 STERLING POUND 95.581 108.1744 HONG KONG DOLLAR 7.2277 9.2278 JAPANESE YEN 0.5098 0.5795 KUWAITI DINAR 181.7544 225.9568 SRI LANKA RUPEE 0.4387 0.5162 MALAYSIAN RINGGIT 13.6713 16.8179 NORWEGIAN KRONE 7.3399 8.6565 NEPALESE RUPEE 0.5749 0.6251 NEW ZEALAND DOLLAR 38.0173 44.6709 OMANI RIAL 160.016414 182.547573 PAKISTAN RUPEE 0.5835 0.6864 QATARI RIAL 16.8627 19.3201 SAUDI RIAL 16.3564 18.9515 SWEDISH KRONA 7.1261 8.4018 SINGAPORE DOLLAR 42.9001 50.6758 THAI BAHT 1.6894 2.0027 US DOLLAR 61.8807 70.0204 SOUTH AFRICAN RAND 4.2193 5.1954"
  }
}
```

**Obtain Dataset:** First step I follow to extract data from signal\_media.json file. To upload these data on kibana, first I try python "<https://github.com/Tamanna1991/Elasticsearch>" to upload. But it takes lots of time there. I also try to upload .json with logstash but unfortunately my .conf file not work well. That's why I use Linux to divide the dataset into chunks.

**Linux command to divide dataset into chunks.:**

```
split -b 53750 <signal_media.jsonl>
```

Split will divide data, -b denotes size of chunks(can be changed according to requirements).Next signal\_media is my document name. After running this command my signal\_media.json file splits into small chunks named as xaa,xab,xac, etc. It consist of 50 separate document. Then I sort all these documents into VM editor and and upload on kibana to perform queries. Initially I took a sample of 1000 queries. In which dataset is related to trading for different countries. Basically it contains world wide local news. News related to sports , markets and technology. Here is a sample of dataset.

```
{
  "id": "81ecb4d1-c8d4-4eab-ac94-b38c6b0c481d",
  "content": "Apple Daily: Apple Special Event Primer, glowing 'Steve Jobs' review; Apple and A.I. posted v",
  "id": "4abdb4c0-ae3f-4692-8d2a-2a0272720d97",
  "content": "Oil Swap \n\nThe EIA is reporting that oil swaps with Mexico will bring economic and environ",
  "id": "70de3493-0acf-4235-9882-3660c0ba2a17",
  "content": "4 beds, 3.50 baths \nHome size: 2,536 sq ft \nLot Size: 2,449 sq ft \nAdded: 09/12/15, Last",
  "id": "343f1f1c-5632-4f2d-b84f-564138b2b40c",
  "content": "was published by MotoGP and discovered approx. 3 hours ago on 9/7/2015 @ 7:54 AM UTC.\n\n",
  "id": "e2e86e07-2550-41c7-b248-c3b1cb93871d",
  "content": "DUBAI, Sept 7 Gulf equity markets edged up in nearly trade on Monday, despite weaker oil and",
  "id": "d3850e42-ce30-4e2f-9f6a-15d1b0b2b2cb",
  "content": "DYLAN Walker and Aaron Gray are expected to make a full recovery from their overdose of paink",
  "id": "512e987f-cc2b-48d9-a37c-bc5c02e67116",
  "content": "Men work on the production line at the London Taxi Company in Coventry, central England, Sept",
  "id": "251428d0-4adb-4077-9259-63e6bb399b33",
  "content": "MPs are set to vote on the right to die for the first time in almost 20 years today as contro",
  "id": "4b19750a-1520-4e18-a44b-b6c7f745385e",
  "content": "Beet Elanchi\n\n00a0Ingredients\n250 g flour (Type 45)\n75 g sugar\n25 g melted butter\n3 egg",
  "id": "cb3ebba1-35a7-4279-82ce-18ad14dae63a",
  "content": "A 31-year-old Moore Park Beach man has been charged with grievous bodily harm following an in",
  "id": "b0cf54d1-dc78-4aa3-9db1-772cd0076ccb",
  "content": "As advancing technology changes the face of employment in the 21st century \u2013 2013 is the huma",
  "id": "acf171cc-3093-4cff-8a94-8885f4b2fa8c",
  "content": "How many times have you gone through the process of interviewing and hiring someone only to f",
  "id": "a9fd0141-cb14-421a-b10f-8fdd673f1bc4",
  "content": "Robin Mesnage. Matthew Arno. Manuela Costanzo. Manuela Malatesta. Gilles-Eric S\u0000ralini a"
```

**1: Sample Data(1 to1000) set of file signal\_media**

**Instructions for running your system :** Once extraction is completed . Next step is to install Kibana and elasticsearch on your system. For my implementation of work I use Elasticsearch 7.3.2 and Kibana 7.3.2. Elasticsearch can be download using link <https://www.elastic.co/downloads/elasticsearch> .

**Elasticsearch 7.3.2:** Before installation of Elasticsearch and kibana install Java on your machine first then use steps to install Elasticsearch and Kibana. After Installation of Java : You will need to 'restart' your laptop in order to process after this Java installation, otherwise your system will not be able to run elasticsearch. Now After Java installation follow steps below :

**Step 1:** After installation use below command to run elasticsearch.

```
Command Prompt

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.1706]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Lenovo> cd C:\Users\Lenovo\Downloads\elasticsearch-7.3.2-windows-x86_64\elasticsearch-7.3.2\bin

C:\Users\Lenovo\Downloads\elasticsearch-7.3.2-windows-x86_64\elasticsearch-7.3.2\bin> elasticsearch.bat
```

## 2: Run Elasticsearch

**Step 2:** Configuration window will look like this: Once elasticsearch starts running screen display looks like below.

```
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Lenovo\Downloads\elasticsearch-7.3.2-windows-x86_64\elasticsearch-7.3.2\bin> elasticsearch.bat
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM warning: Option UseConcMarkSweepGC was deprecated in version 9.0 and will likely be removed in a future release.
[2022-06-17T01:28:25,986][INFO ][o.e.e.NodeEnvironment ] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] using [1] data paths, mounts [[[C:]]], net usable_space [24.1gb], net total_space [118.6gb], types [NTFS]
[2022-06-17T01:28:26,051][INFO ][o.e.e.NodeEnvironment ] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] heap size [990.7mb], compressed ordinary object pointers [true]
[2022-06-17T01:28:26,220][INFO ][o.e.n.Node ] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] node name [DESKTOP-9JGENED], node ID [uL11AS4qROap28UmThUkZg], cluster name [elasticsearch]
[2022-06-17T01:28:26,225][INFO ][o.e.n.Node ] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] version[7.3.2], pid[7768], build[default/zip/1c1faf1/2019-09-06T14:40:30.409026Z], OS[Windows 10/10.0/amd64], JVM[Oracle Corporation/Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM/11.0.15.1/11.0.15.1+2-LTS-10]
[2022-06-17T01:28:26,229][INFO ][o.e.n.Node ] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] JVM home [C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-11.0.15.1]
[2022-06-17T01:28:26,230][INFO ][o.e.n.Node ] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] JVM arguments [-Xms1g, -Xmx1g, -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC, -XX:CMSInitiatingOccupancyFraction=75, -XX:+UseCMSInitiatingOccupancyOnly, -Des.networkaddress.cache.ttl=60, -Des.networkaddress.cache.negative.ttl=10, -XX:+AlwaysPreTouch, -Xss1m, -Djava.awt.headless=true, -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8, -Djna.nosys=true, -XX:-OmitStackTraceInFastThrow, -Dio.netty.noUnsafe=true, -Dio.netty.noKeySetOptimization=true, -Dio.netty.recycler.maxCapacityPerThread=0, -Dlog4j.shutdownHookEnabled=false, -Dlog4j2.disable.jmx=true, -Djava.io.tmpdir=C:\Users\Lenovo\AppData\Local\Temp\elasticsearch, -XX:+HeapDumpOnOutOfMemoryError, -XX:HeapDumpPath=data, -XX:ErrorFile=logs/hs_err_pid%p.log, -Xlog:gc*,gc+age=trace,safepoint:file=logs/gc.log:utctime,pid,tags:filecount=32,filesize=64m, -Djava.locale.providers=COMPAT, -Dio.netty allocator.type=unpooled, -XX:MaxDirectMemorySize=536870912, -Delasticsearch, -Des.path.home=C:\Users\Lenovo\Downloads\elasticsearch-7.3.2-windows-x86_64\elasticsearch-7.3.2, -Des.path.conf=C:\Users\Lenovo\Downloads\elasticsearch-7.3.2-windows-x86_64\elasticsearch-7.3.2\config, -Des.distribution.flavor=default, -Des.distribution.type=snapshots]
```

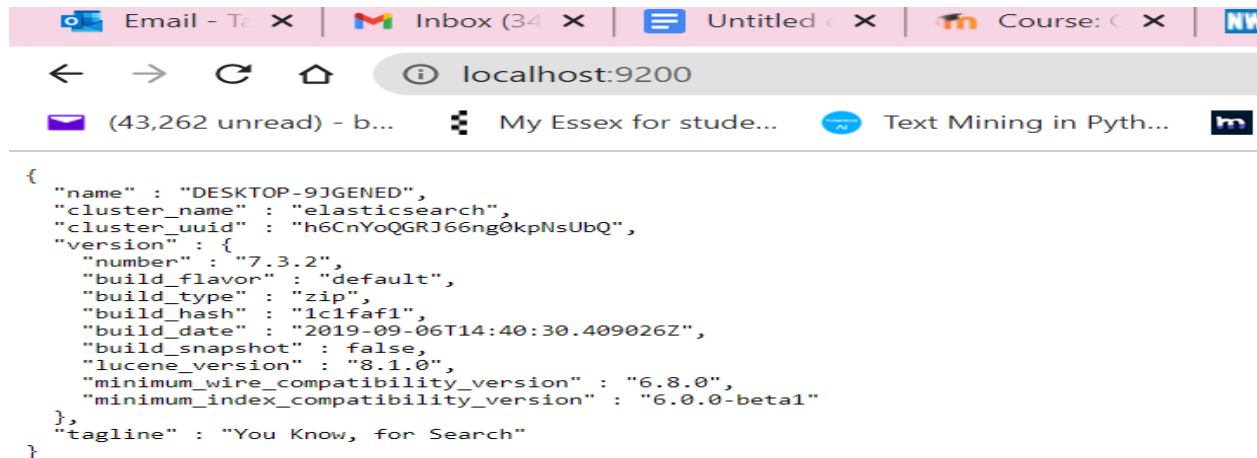
## 3: Configuration window

**Step 3:** Once configuration complete, In the end of screen, you will get bound address{127.0.0.1:9200}, which is a sign of successfully running your elasticsearch engine on browser. You can also check it from browser by using {http://localhost:9200}

```
[2022-06-17T01:28:53,065][INFO ][o.e.l.LicenseService ] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] license [98e2526f-9342-419e-aa18-d08a4033456] mode [basic] - valid
[2022-06-17T01:28:53,066][INFO ][o.e.x.s.s.SecurityStatusChangeListener] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] Active license is now [BASIC]
Security is disabled
[2022-06-17T01:28:53,084][INFO ][o.e.g.GatewayService ] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] recovered [8] indices into cluster_state
[2022-06-17T01:28:54,819][INFO ][o.e.h.AbstractHttpServerTransport] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] publish_address {127.0.0.1:9200}, bound_addresses [{:::1}:9200]
[2022-06-17T01:28:54,845][INFO ][o.e.n.Node ] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] started
[2022-06-17T01:28:55,671][INFO ][o.e.c.r.a.AllocationService] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] Cluster health status changed from [RED] to [YELLOW] (reason: [shards started [[.kibana_1][0]] ...]).
[2022-06-17T01:31:14,800][INFO ][o.e.c.m.MetadataIndexTemplateService] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] adding template [.management-beats] for index patterns [.management-beats]
[2022-06-17T01:31:20,212][INFO ][o.e.m.j.JvmGcMonitorService] [DESKTOP-9JGENED] [gc][148] overhead, spent [310ms] collecting in the last [1s]
```

## 4: Sign of successfully installation of Elasticsearch

**Step 4:** Run "http: localhost:9200" on any browser.

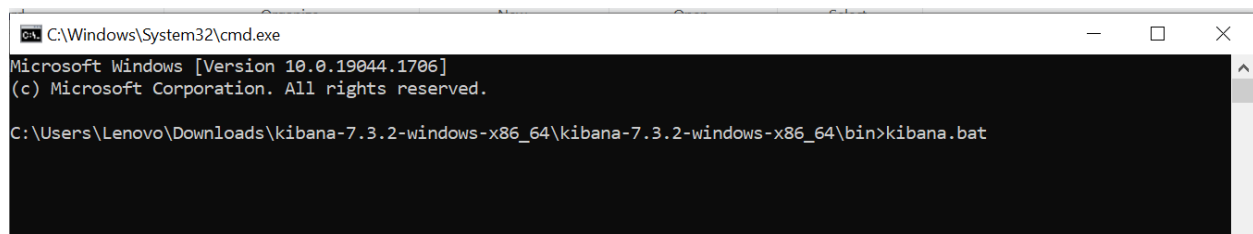


#### 5: Browser display after successfully installation

**NOTE:** Donot Close configuration window of elasticsearch.

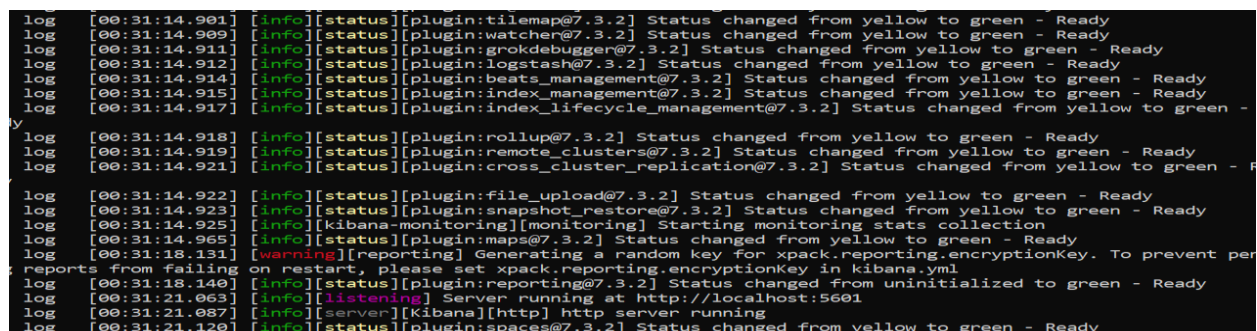
**Kibana 7.3.2:** Elasticsearch is successfully installed on your window , Next step is to install Kibana. Link to install kibana on window. <https://www.elastic.co/downloads/kibana>.

**Step 1:** After extraction of file. Run .bat file on command prompt. Window will appear like below.



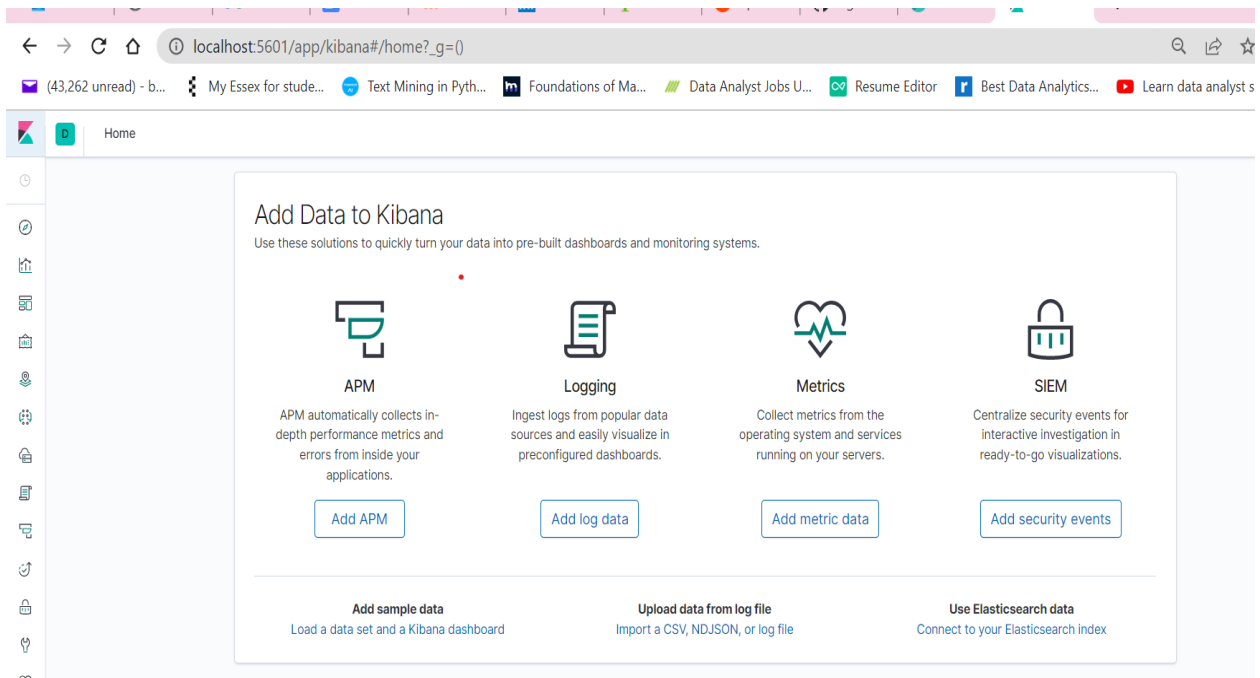
#### 6: Run Kibana.bat

**Step 2:** Installation process will appear on screen. Status will change from green to ready. In the last of screen <http://localhost:5601>. It can be checked on browser.



#### 7: local host kibana is ready to use

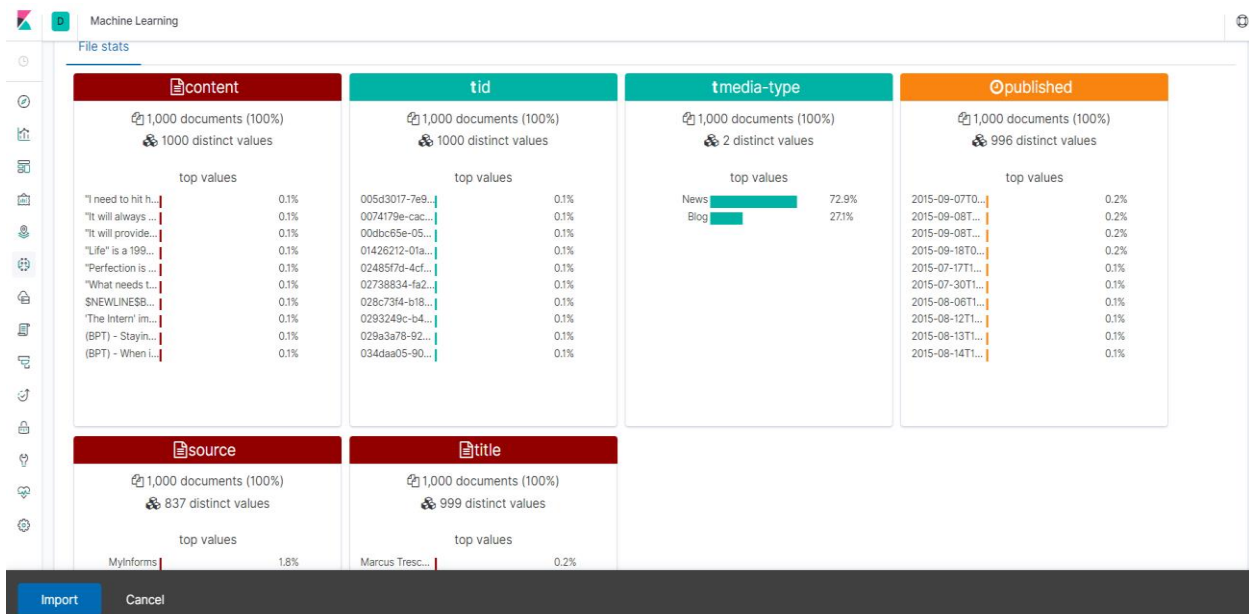
**Step 3:** Go to link <http://localhost:5601>. Kibana window will appear like this on your window.



## 8: Kibana window

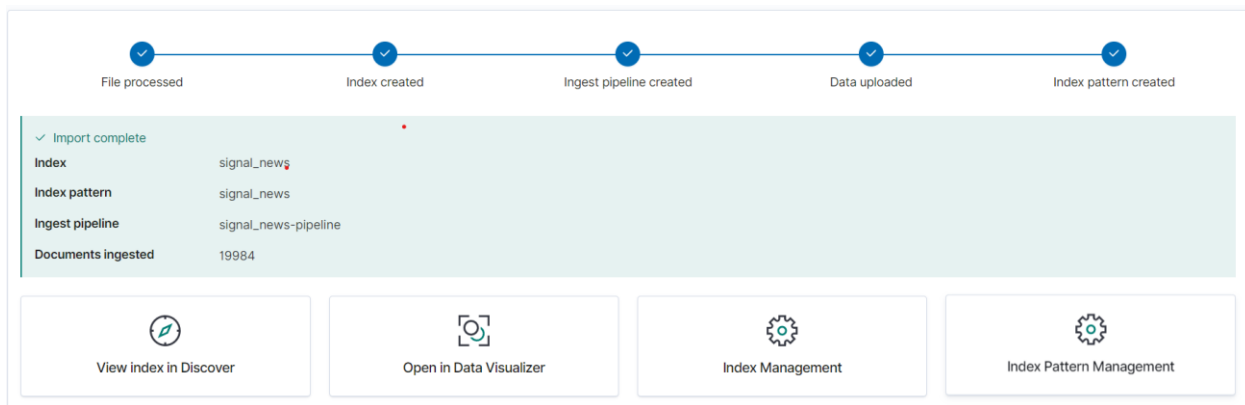
**INDEXING:** An index can be believed as an elevated collection of documents whereas each document is collection of different fields, known as key-pairs that have your data.

**Step 1:** For indexing of dataset, I choose social network new related documents .



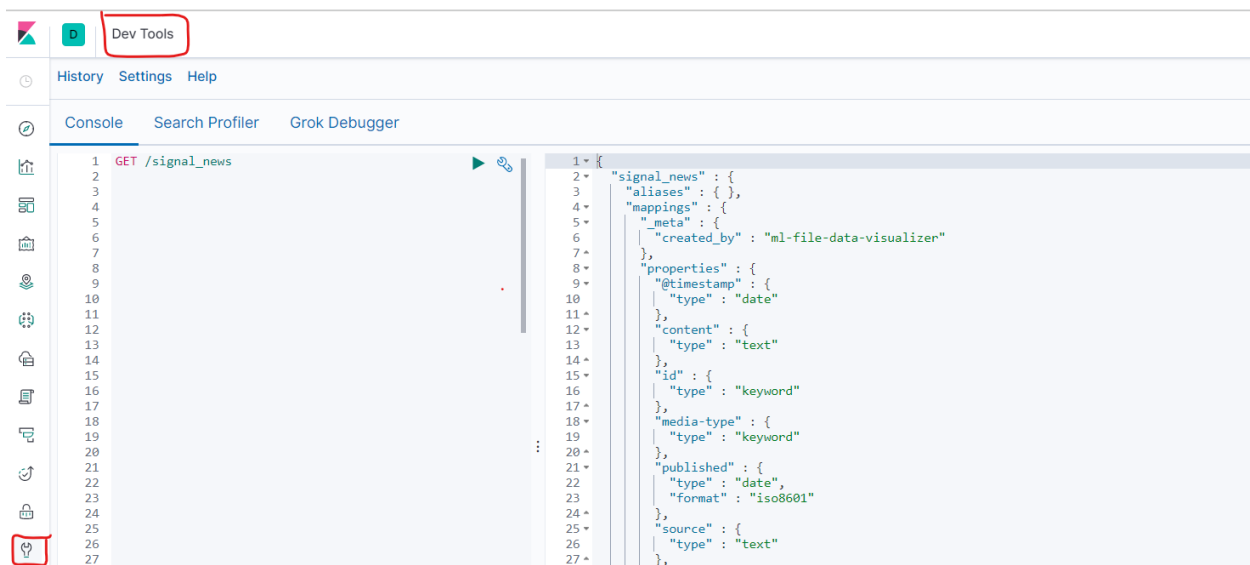
## 9: Uploading of document

**Step 2:** Click on import, Next index-pattern window will appear. For index pattern I fill “signal\_news”, now which will be my index name. A pipeline is created after the index pattern.



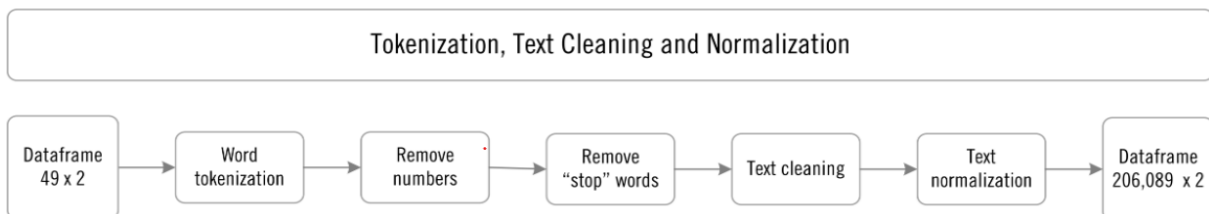
10: Import Data and Index created

**Step 3:** After clicking on Dev tools as highlighted below , a console window of dev tools is appeared, click on Triangle mark to see index name and information related to document



11: Kibana console and Dev tools

**Tokenization and Normalisation:** To study a raw string of text, it must first be tokenized. Complete Roadmap for Noramlization and tokenization is present below:



12: Complete Roadmap For Tokenization



**Step 1:** All steps are described with the help of screenshots. “Simple tokenizer” is created, lowercase filter is applied. For example : “ Market in india is \_improving\_.” After simple toenizer output will be(‘market”, “in”, “india”. “is”, “improving). For content and source type is text. Token name is my\_english\_anlalyzer.

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with a GET request to `signal_media/_analyze`. The request body is a JSON object with the following structure:

```

{
  "mappings": {
    "properties": {
      "content": {
        "source": {
          "type": "text",
          "my_english_analyzer": "simple"
        }
      }
    }
  },
  "settings": {
    "analysis": {
      "analyzer": {
        "my_english_analyzer": {
          "type": "standard",
          "stopwords": "_improving_"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

The response is a JSON array of token objects:

```

[
  {
    "token": "market",
    "start_offset": 8,
    "end_offset": 14,
    "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
    "position": 2
  },
  {
    "token": "in",
    "start_offset": 15,
    "end_offset": 17,
    "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
    "position": 3
  },
  {
    "token": "india",
    "start_offset": 18,
    "end_offset": 23,
    "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
    "position": 4
  },
  {
    "token": "is",
    "start_offset": 24,
    "end_offset": 26,
    "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
    "position": 5
  },
  {
    "token": "improving",
    "start_offset": 27,
    "end_offset": 36,
    "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
    "position": 6
  }
]

```

### 13: Simple tokenization

**Step2:** Removal of Stop words and Tokenization

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with a GET request to `_analyze`. The request body is a JSON object with the following structure:

```

{
  "tokenizer": "standard",
  "filter": ["lowercase"],
  "text": "A TULLIBODY care home is"
}

```

The response is a JSON object with a `tokens` array:

```

{
  "tokens": [
    {
      "token": "a",
      "start_offset": 0,
      "end_offset": 1,
      "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
      "position": 0
    },
    {
      "token": "tullibody",
      "start_offset": 2,
      "end_offset": 11,
      "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
      "position": 1
    },
    {
      "token": "care",
      "start_offset": 12,
      "end_offset": 16,
      "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
      "position": 2
    },
    {
      "token": "home",
      "start_offset": 17,
      "end_offset": 21,
      "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
      "position": 3
    },
    {
      "token": "is",
      "start_offset": 22,
      "end_offset": 24,
      "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
      "position": 4
    }
  ]
}

```

### 14: Lowercase filter for Text normalization

**Selecting Keywords:** This will be used when you want to select id, phone number, email-id and address.

**Step1: Error:** While performing keyword selection step , an error accured due same name mapping. I remove this error with changing the name of mapping, and then I got results.

```
Console Search Profiler Grok Debugger

1 GET signal_news
2 PUT signal_news
3 {
4   "mappings": {
5     "properties": {
6       "id": {
7         "type": "keyword"
8       }
9     }
10  }
11 }
12
```

```
1 {
2   "error": {
3     "root_cause": [
4       {
5         "type": "resource_already_exists_exception",
6         "reason": "index [signal_news/QqA1-YAfTtiGqgx2JpbBbQ] already exists",
7         "index_uuid": "QqA1-YAfTtiGqgx2JpbBbQ",
8         "index": "signal_news"
9       }
10    ],
11    "type": "resource_already_exists_exception",
12    "reason": "index [signal_news/QqA1-YAfTtiGqgx2JpbBbQ] already exists",
13    "index_uuid": "QqA1-YAfTtiGqgx2JpbBbQ",
14    "index": "signal_news"
15  },
16  "status": 400
17 }
```

15: Keyword selection(Error 1)

```
Console Search Profiler Grok Debugger

1 GET news_social1
2 PUT news_social1
3 {
4   "mappings": {
5     "properties": {
6       "id": {
7         "type": "keyword"
8       }
9     }
10  }
11 }
12
```

```
1 {
2   "acknowledged" : true,
3   "shards_acknowledged" : true,
4   "index" : "news_social1"
5 }
6
```

16: Get Results(Error resolved by changing mapping name)

**Step2:** Stop word removal: It will remove stop words from the token phrase. For example These words can be “in”, “of”, “and”, “not”, “such”, “that” . Created a standard toeknizer and filter name stop to remove stop words from phrase.

```
Console Search Profiler Grok Debugger

1 GET /_analyze
2 {
3   "tokenizer": "standard",
4   "filter": [ "stop" ],
5   "text": "a marketing analytics company that uses distinctive data sources to paint a complete picture of the online customer journey"
6 }
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
```

```
1 {
2   "tokens": [
3     {
4       "token": "marketing",
5       "start_offset": 2,
6       "end_offset": 11,
7       "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
8       "position": 1
9     },
10    {
11      "token": "analytics",
12      "start_offset": 12,
13      "end_offset": 21,
14      "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
15      "position": 2
16    },
17    {
18      "token": "company",
19      "start_offset": 22,
20      "end_offset": 29,
21      "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
22      "position": 3
23    },
24    {
25      "token": "uses",
26      "start_offset": 35,
27      "end_offset": 39,
28      "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
29      "position": 5
30    },
31    {
32      "token": "distinctive",
33      "start_offset": 40,
34      "end_offset": 51,
35      "type": "<ALPHANUM>",
36      "position": 6
37    }
38  ]
39 }
```

17:Stop word Removal



**Step 3:** N-gram tokenizer will break text in to words , whenever it discover a list of detailed characters, then it divide N-grams of each word of the stated length. It can be 2, 3, etc[Lab2]. For example I perform tokenizer on word marketing, analyzer gave us output “m”, “a”, “l”, “k”, “e”, “t”, “l”, “l”, “n”, “g”.

```

1 GET signal_media/_analyze
2 {
3   "tokenizer": "standard",
4   "filter": [ "stop" ],
5   "text": "a marketing analytics company that uses
6     distinctive data sources to paint a complete picture
7     of the online customer journey"
8 }
9
10 POST signal_media/_analyze
11 {
12   "tokenizer": "ngram",
13   "text": "marketing"
14 }
15
16 {
17   "tokens": [
18     {
19       "token": "m",
20       "start_offset": 0,
21       "end_offset": 1,
22       "type": "word",
23       "position": 0
24     },
25     {
26       "token": "a",
27       "start_offset": 1,
28       "end_offset": 2,
29       "type": "word",
30       "position": 1
31     },
32     {
33       "token": "r",
34       "start_offset": 2,
35       "end_offset": 3,
36       "type": "word",
37       "position": 2
38     },
39     {
40       "token": "k",
41       "start_offset": 3,
42       "end_offset": 4,
43       "type": "word",
44       "position": 3
45     },
46     {
47       "token": "e",
48       "start_offset": 4,
49       "end_offset": 5,
50       "type": "word",
51       "position": 4
52     },
53     {
54       "token": "t",
55       "start_offset": 5,
56       "end_offset": 6,
57       "type": "word",
58       "position": 5
59     },
60     {
61       "token": "l",
62       "start_offset": 6,
63       "end_offset": 7,
64       "type": "word",
65       "position": 6
66     },
67     {
68       "token": "l",
69       "start_offset": 7,
70       "end_offset": 8,
71       "type": "word",
72       "position": 7
73     },
74     {
75       "token": "n",
76       "start_offset": 8,
77       "end_offset": 9,
78       "type": "word",
79       "position": 8
80     },
81     {
82       "token": "g",
83       "start_offset": 9,
84       "end_offset": 10,
85       "type": "word",
86       "position": 9
87     }
88   ]
89 }

```

18: N- Gram( Use of N-Gram on token"marketing"

**Stemming:** Basically stemming is the way of reducing a word to its stem by removing suffixes. For example : In both cases stem is a “study” after removing suffix and stem[Lab2]

Form	Suffix	Stem
Studies	-es	Studi
Studying	-ing	Study

**Step1:** For stemming we put two documents docs, doc1 and doc2, then apply search within “body” for on form , In output two documents with specific body text are retrieved .

```

1 PUT signal_media/_doc/1
2 {
3   "body": "tried searching for action movies and comedy
4     movies with the remote control"
5 }
6
7 PUT signal_media/_doc/2
8 {
9   "body": " search of his home yielded eight guns"
10 }
11
12 GET signal_media/_search
13 {
14   "query": {
15     "simple_query_string": {
16       "fields": [ "body" ],
17       "query": "search"
18     }
19   }
20 }
21
22 {
23   "took": 4,
24   "timed_out": false,
25   "_shards": {
26     "total": 1,
27     "successful": 1,
28     "skipped": 0,
29     "failed": 0
30   },
31   "hits": {
32     "total": {
33       "value": 2,
34       "relation": "eq"
35     },
36     "max_score": 2.3303125,
37     "hits": [
38       {
39         "_index": "signal_media",
40         "_type": "doc",
41         "_id": "2",
42         "_score": 2.3303125,
43         "_source": {
44           "body": " search of his home yielded eight guns"
45         }
46       },
47       {
48         "_index": "signal_media",
49         "_type": "doc",
50         "_id": "1",
51         "_score": 0.6257787,
52         "_source": {
53           "body": "tried searching for action movies and comedy movies with the remote control"
54         }
55       }
56     ]
57   }
58 }

```

19: Stemming from two documents with search in body



## Step 2: Search Title exact phrase from document(Query1)

```
1 GET /signal_news/_search
2 {
3   "query": {
4     "simple_query_string": {
5       "query": "Jumpshot Gives Marketers Renewed ",
6       "auto_generate_synonyms_phrase_query": false
7     }
8   }
9 }
10
```

```
1 {
2   "took": 120,
3   "timed_out": false,
4   "_shards": {
5     "total": 1,
6     "successful": 1,
7     "skipped": 0,
8     "failed": 0
9   },
10  "hits": {
11    "total": {
12      "value": 974,
13      "relation": "eq"
14    },
15    "max_score": 75.25872,
16    "hits": [
17      {
18        "_index": "signal_news",
19        "_type": "doc",
20        "_id": "1gB-b4EBcRFYsusiD9",
21        "_score": 75.25872,
22        "_source": {
23          "@timestamp": "2015-09-17T15:00:00.000Z",
24          "id": "609772bc-0672-4db5-8516-4c025cf54ca",
25          "source": "Virtualization Conference & Expo",
26          "published": "2015-09-17T15:00:00Z",
27          "title": "Jumpshot Gives Marketers Renewed Visibility Into Paid and Organic Keywords With Launch of Jumpshot Elite",
28          "media-type": "News",
29          "content": ""
30        }
31      },
32      {
33        "_index": "signal_news",
34        "_type": "doc",
35        "_id": "SAN FRANCISCO, CA -- (Marketwired) -- 09/17/15 -- Jumpshot, a marketing analytics company that uses distinctive data sources to paint a complete picture of the online customer journey, today announced the launch of Jumpshot Elite, giving marketers insight into what their customers are doing the 99% of the time they're not on your site. For years, marketers have been unable to see what organic and paid search terms users were entering, much less tie those searches to purchases. Jumpshot not only injects that user search visibility back into the market, but also makes it possible to tie those keywords to conversions -- for any web site.",
36        "source": "SAN FRANCISCO, CA -- (Marketwired) -- 09/17/15 -- Jumpshot, a marketing analytics company that uses distinctive data sources to paint a complete picture of the online customer journey, today announced the launch of Jumpshot Elite, giving marketers insight into what their customers are doing the 99% of the time they're not on your site. For years, marketers have been unable to see what organic and paid search terms users were entering, much less tie those searches to purchases. Jumpshot not only injects that user search visibility back into the market, but also makes it possible to tie those keywords to conversions -- for any web site.",
37        "published": "2015-09-17T15:00:00Z",
38        "title": "Jumpshot Gives Marketers Renewed Visibility Into Paid and Organic Keywords With Launch of Jumpshot Elite",
39        "media-type": "News",
40        "content": ""
41      }
42    ]
43  }
44 }
```

## Query 2: What pages on my document contain specific phrase?

```
1 GET /signal_news/_search
2 {
3   "query": {
4     "simple_query_string": {
5       "query": "Publish Engineers ",
6       "auto_generate_synonyms_phrase_query": false
7     }
8   }
9 }
10
```

```
1 {
2   "took": 120,
3   "timed_out": false,
4   "_shards": {
5     "total": 1,
6     "successful": 1,
7     "skipped": 0,
8     "failed": 0
9   },
10  "hits": {
11    "total": {
12      "value": 444,
13      "relation": "eq"
14    },
15    "max_score": 16.914665,
16    "hits": [
17      {
18        "_index": "signal_news",
19        "_type": "doc",
20        "_id": "SuF-b4EBcRFYsusiAAs",
21        "_score": 16.914665,
22        "_source": {
23          "@timestamp": "2015-09-04T13:34:06.000Z",
24          "id": "a3f3cf6d-bf29-4258-9c57-fb570c3ae03f",
25          "source": "Talking New Media",
26          "published": "2015-09-04T13:34:06Z",
27          "title": "Taylor & Francis Group enters agreement to publish Engineers Australia's 7 technical journals",
28          "media-type": "Blog",
29          "content": ""
30        }
31      },
32      {
33        "_index": "signal_news",
34        "_type": "doc",
35        "_id": "Milton, England - September 4, 2015 - Taylor & Francis Group and Engineers Australia are pleased to announce a new publishing partnership . Taylor & Francis will now publish and distribute Engineers Australia's seven technical journals.",
36        "source": "Milton, England - September 4, 2015 - Taylor & Francis Group and Engineers Australia are pleased to announce a new publishing partnership . Taylor & Francis will now publish and distribute Engineers Australia's seven technical journals.",
37        "published": "2015-09-04T13:34:06Z",
38        "title": "Taylor & Francis Group enters agreement to publish Engineers Australia's 7 technical journals",
39        "media-type": "Blog",
40        "content": ""
41      }
42    ]
43  }
44 }
```

## 22: Output Specific word from Title

## Query 3: What pages on document contain a specific word from a title?

```
1 GET /signal_news/_search
2 {
3   "query": {
4     "simple_query_string": {
5       "query": "dating",
6       "auto_generate_synonyms_phrase_query": false
7     }
8   }
9 }
10
```

```
1 {
2   "took": 14,
3   "timed_out": false,
4   "_shards": {
5     "total": 1,
6     "successful": 1,
7     "skipped": 0,
8     "failed": 0
9   },
10  "hits": {
11    "total": {
12      "value": 14,
13      "relation": "eq"
14    },
15    "max_score": 16.830011,
16    "hits": [
17      {
18        "_index": "signal_news",
19        "_type": "doc",
20        "_id": "2wF-b4EBcRFYsusiAku",
21        "_score": 16.830011,
22        "_source": {
23          "@timestamp": "2015-09-11T00:30:00.000Z",
24          "id": "c0e693af-1950-4e89-a37c-6f90a225c1eb",
25          "source": "Los Angeles Times",
26          "published": "2015-09-11T00:30:00Z",
27          "title": "Rihanna dating Travis Scott? Well, she's definitely dating... and dating...",
28          "media-type": "News",
29          "content": ""
30        }
31      },
32      {
33        "_index": "signal_news",
34        "_type": "doc",
35        "_id": "Rihanna has a lot of friends. Guy friends. But not yet boyfriends? Does it even matter? Girlfriend has been tearing up the dating scene in recent weeks.",
36        "source": "Rihanna has a lot of friends. Guy friends. But not yet boyfriends? Does it even matter? Girlfriend has been tearing up the dating scene in recent weeks.",
37        "published": "2015-09-11T00:30:00Z",
38        "title": "Rihanna dating Travis Scott? Well, she's definitely dating... and dating...",
39        "media-type": "News",
40        "content": ""
41      }
42    ]
43  }
44 }
```

## 23: Search based on Query (Output)

## Output: General Title search query with maximum score

```
1 GET /signal_news/_search
2 {
3   "query": {
4     "simple_query_string": {
5       "query": "Jumpshot Gives Marketers Renewed ",
6       "auto_generate_synonyms_phrase_query": false
7     }
8   }
9 }
10
11 {
12   "took": 120,
13   "timed_out": false,
14   "shards": {
15     "total": 1,
16     "successful": 1,
17     "skipped": 0,
18     "failed": 0
19   },
20   "hits": {
21     "total": {
22       "value": 974,
23       "relation": "eq"
24     },
25     "max_score": 75.25872,
26     "hits": [
27       {
28         "_index": "signal_news",
29         "_type": "_doc",
30         "_id": "1g8-b4EBcRFY5usif_D9",
31         "_score": 75.25872,
32         "_source": {
33           "@timestamp": "2015-09-17T15:00:00.000Z",
34           "id": "609772bc-0672-4db5-8516-4c025cfd54ca",
35           "source": "Virtualization Conference & Expo",
36           "published": "2015-09-17T15:00:00Z",
37           "title": "Jumpshot Gives Marketers Renewed Visibility Into Paid and Organic Keywords With Launch of Jumpshot Elite",
38           "media-type": "News",
39           "content": ""
40         }
41       }
42     ]
43   }
44 }
```

### 24: Title search with maximum score

## References:

- [1] Bajer, M. (2017). Building an IoT Data Hub with Elasticsearch, Logstash and Kibana. *2017 5th International Conference on Future Internet of Things and Cloud Workshops (FiCloudW)*, (pp. 63-68).
- [2] Kononenko, O. a. (2014). Mining Modern Repositories with Elasticsearch. *Proceedings of the 11th Working Conference on Mining Software Repositories* (pp. 328–331). New York, NY, USA: Association for Computing Machinery.
- [3] <https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current/index.html>
- [4] <https://www.kibana.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/current>
- [5] <https://research.signal-ai.com/newsir16/signal-dataset.html>
- [6] Lab 1 worksheet
- [7] Lab 2 worksheet