Object Oriented Programming - Java

Md. Mohsin Uddin

East West University mmuddin@ewubd.edu

April 22, 2019

Java Overview

- Java programming language was originally developed by Sun Microsystems.
- Initiated by James Gosling.
- Released in 1995 as core component of Sun Microsystems' Java platform (Java 1.0 [J2SE]).
- Java is guaranteed to be Write Once, Run Anywhere.

Java Overview

Java is -

- Object Oriented
- Platform Independent
- Simple and Secure
- Multithreaded and Distributed

Tools You Will Need:

- JDK 1.8
- Netbeans 8.2 full version

Java - Basic Syntax

```
public class MyFirstJavaProgram {
    /* This is my first java program.
    * This will print 'Hello World' as the output
    */
    public static void main(String [] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello_World"); // prints Hello World
    }
}
```

When the above code is compiled and executed, it produces the following result:

```
javac MyFirstJavaProgram.java
java MyFirstJavaProgram
Hello World
```

Java - Object and Classes: Part I

```
package ewu.cse;
public class Student {
    private int id:
    private String name;
    private double cgpa;
    public Student() {
    public Student(int id) {
        this.id = id;
    public Student(int id, String name, double cgpa) {
        this.id = id:
        this . name = name;
        this.cgpa = cgpa;
```

Java - Object and Classes: Part II

```
public int getId() {
    return id;
public String getName() {
    return name;
public double getCgpa() {
    return cgpa;
public void setId(int id) {
    this.id = id;
public void setName(String name) {
    this . name = name;
```

Java - Object and Classes: Part III

```
}
public void setCgpa(double cgpa) {
    this.cgpa = cgpa;
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Student s1 = new Student();
    s1.setId(1);
    s1.setName("Karim");
    s1.setCgpa(3.9);
    String sname = s1.getName();
    double scgpa = s1.getCgpa();
    System.out.println("Name: _"+sname+ " _cgpa: _"+scgpa);
    Student s2 = new Student(2, "Fatema", 3.95);
```

Java - Object and Classes: Part IV

```
sname = s2.getName();
scgpa = s2.getCgpa();
System.out.println("Name: _"+sname+ " _cgpa: _"+scgpa);
}
```

When the above code is compiled and executed, it produces the following result:

```
Name: Karim cgpa: 3.9
Name: Fatema cgpa: 3.95
```

Java - Variable Types : Part I

```
package ewu.cse;
public class Employee {
   private int empld; //Instance variable
   private String empName; //Instance variable
  // salary variable is a private static/class variable
   private static double salary;
  // DEPARTMENT is a constant
   public static final String DEPARTMENT = "CSE";
   public static void main(String args[]) {
      salary = 100000;
      Employee.salary = 200000;
      Employee e1 = new Employee();
      e1.empld = 1;
      e1.empName = "Rahim";
      String eName = e1.empName; //Local variable
```

Java - Variable Types : Part II

```
System.out.println(DEPARTMENT + "avg_salary:" + salary);
Employee e2 = new Employee();
e2.empld = 2;
e2.empName = "Karim";
System.out.println(DEPARTMENT + "avg_salary:" + salary);
}
```

When the above code is compiled and executed, it produces the following result:

```
CSE average salary:200000.0 CSE average salary:200000.0
```

References



DEITEL, Java How to Program, 11/e