

Python Basic Programs



Agenda

- Factorial of an Integer
- Fibonacci series
- Swapping of two numbers
- Reversal of a string
- Prime number
- Armstrong number
- Call by Value and Reference
- Second largest number in a List
- Palindrome
- Pattern Programming
- Pascal triangle
- Matrix multiplication



Factorial



Factorial using Loop

Iterative Approach Logic:

```
for i in range(1,x+1):
    f = f * i
    print(f)
```



Factorial using Recursion

Function calling itself is known as Recursion.

Recursive Approach Logic:

```
def factorial(n):
   if(n==1):
     return 1
   else:
     return n * factorial(n-1)
```



Fibonacci series



Fibonacci series

next=first+second first=second second=first



Swapping of two numbers



Swapping of two numbers

c=a

a=b

b=c



Reversal of a String



Reversal of a String

```
b=string.split()
print(b)
b=b[-1::-1]
print(words)
outputstring=" ".join(b)
print(outputstring)
```



Prime number



Prime number

```
if x%i==0:
    print (" It is not a prime number " )
    break
else:
    print (" It is a prime number ")
```



Call by Value and Reference



Call by Value

```
def tech(string):
    string = "Greatlearning"
    print("Inside", string)
string = "GL"
tech(string)
print("Outside", string)
```



Call by Reference

```
def tech(set):
    set.add(56)
    print("Inside",set)
set1 = {43,57,88}
tech(set1)
print("Outside", set1)
```



Armstrong number



Armstrong number

```
digit = number % 10
sum += digit ** order
number = number // 10
```



Second largest number in a list



Second largest number in a list

Lists=[] lists.sort() lists([-2])



Palindrome



Palindrome

digit=number%10
reverse=reverse*10+digit
number=number//10



Pattern programming



Pattern Programming

```
no_of_rows = 5
for i in range(no_of_rows):
    for j in range(i):
        print(i, end=' ')
    print('')
```



Pascal triangle



Pascal triangle

```
for i in range(x):
  print(' '*(x-i), end='')
  print(' '.join(map(str, str(11**i))))
```



Matrix Multiplication



Matrix Multiplication

```
import numpy as np

a = ([1, 4, 5],[6,5, 4],[7, 6, 5])

b = ([9, 2, 8],[3, 2, 1],[1,13, 7])

c = np.dot(a,b)

print(c)
```



Summary



Thank You