

ls - used for displaying all the files inside a given directory. When no directory is specified, ls displays the files in the current working directory. Examples ls - list the content of the present working directory ls -a List all the files inside the current working directory including hidden files ls -a ~/Pictures- List all the files in a given directory ls -lR ~/Pictures cd - used for changing the current working directory is given, cd changes the current user. If you want to go to your home directory you can use the following cd cd ~ cd \$Home If you want to go to the previous current working directory you can use cd - pwd- used for displaying the current work directory.

what is a variable?

How do I use a variable? temporally store information

What is an environment variable? are used by the shell to track specific system information

What is an user defined variable? are created by the user and exist only in the script and subshell that runs the script

What the root directory? is the administrator of your system

What does "Parent Directory" mean? allows you to move forward to a subdirectory

What does "Current directory" mean? the directory you are at the moment

What is an absolute path? f Include an example full pathname absolute path always starts with the / /home/tdw/music/song.mp3

What is relative path? Include an example starts with a subdirectory partial pathname for example: music/song.mp3

What is the difference between " Your home directory" and 'The home directory'? "Your directory" is my user's and "The home directory" is located in the root.