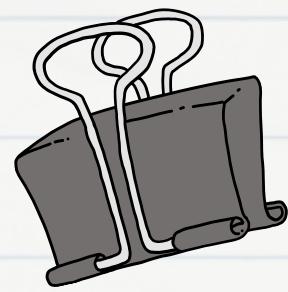


Writing Skills

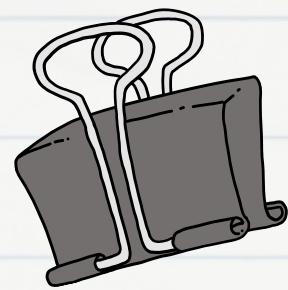
Prepared by: Miss Lalain Ehtesham

WEEK: 09



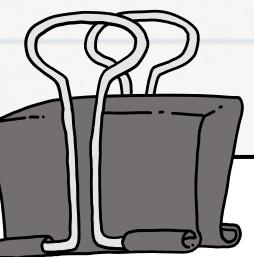
Writing Skills

- Writing is a crucial skill in learning the English language.
- Writing is an English language skill that the students must learn because writing activity can improve their thinking skills.
- As a productive language skill, writing involves some aspects of language such as words, sentences, and large chunks of writing to communicate.
- Scholars claim that improving writing skills is crucially needed because the students can express their feelings, knowledge, and ideas in a piece of writing.



Writing Skills

- Ningsih (2016) claims that writing is one activity that transfers the knowledge in the human brain into written form.
- Writing is one of the activities used by the writer to communicate with the reader.



**Task – Produce a
50-70 words
paragraph on “My
dream room”**

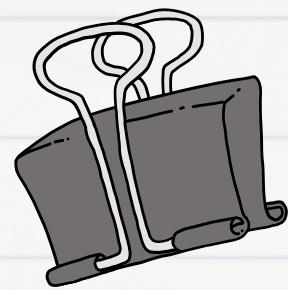


**PROCESS
OR
PRODUCT**



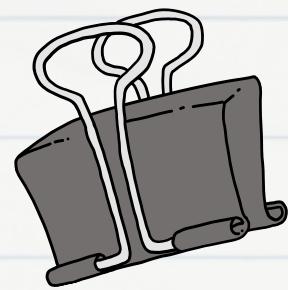
Process Writing





Process Focused Approach

- Process approach is a cyclical approach. In this approach, students are needed to move back forth while going from one stage to another stage and taking part in the writing activities.
- In this process, the focal point is the writer and the writing process. The emphasis is on the linguistic skills of learners such as planning and drafting prior to linguistic knowledge like grammar and text structure.

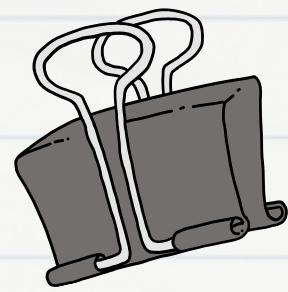


Product Focused Approach

- Product approach is one of the most practiced approaches in schools around the world.
- This writing approach encourages students to produce an end product.
- The main aim of the approach is to provide some linguistic knowledge about to language student. Writers explain that in this type of writing approach, the students are expected to have knowledge about language.

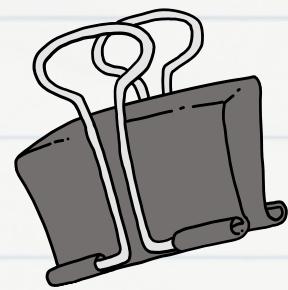
Process Focused Writing





Process Focused Writing

- There are 4 main stages of Process focused writing approach:
 1. Inventing
 2. Drafting
 3. Revising
 4. Editing
- The stages do not proceed in a straight line from start to finish. They are just set of loops where writer repeats steps as they revise.

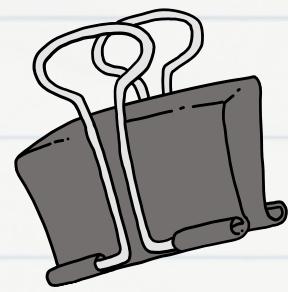


Process Focused Writing

- When it comes to writing stages there are:
 1. Global issues
 2. Local issues

GLOBAL ISSUES

- Early stages allow students to plan and develop ideas. (Higher order thinking skills – CONTENT)
- Focusing on global issues allow learners to write without worrying about writing it correctly which promotes fluency.

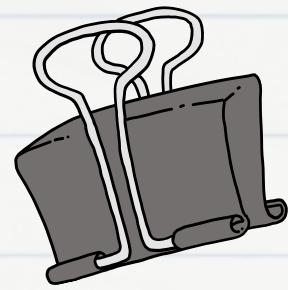


Process Focused Writing

LOCAL ISSUES

- Local issues come last.
- Early draft may contain error.
- In the early draft, sentence level issues occur and are considered as low order as they can be found by closely looking at the words and sentences.
- When you start writing, in order to promote fluency, avoid correcting local issues until later in the writing process. Brain should not be asked to perform too many tasks at the same time.

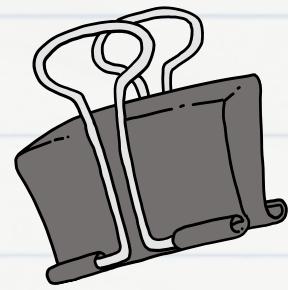
Process writing teaches **HOW** to write not **WHAT**.



Stages of Process Focused Writing

There are 4 stages of Process focused writing approach:

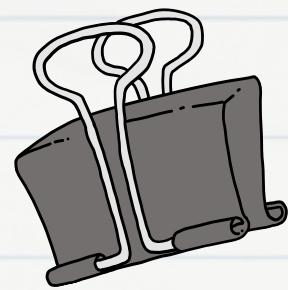
1. Inventing
2. Drafting
3. Revising
4. Editing



Stages of Process Focused Writing

1. INVENTING

- Inventing stage helps writer to understand the task and topic.
- It is stage where a writer gathers ideas through various inventing strategies.
- It helps in developing an outline and draft topic sentences.



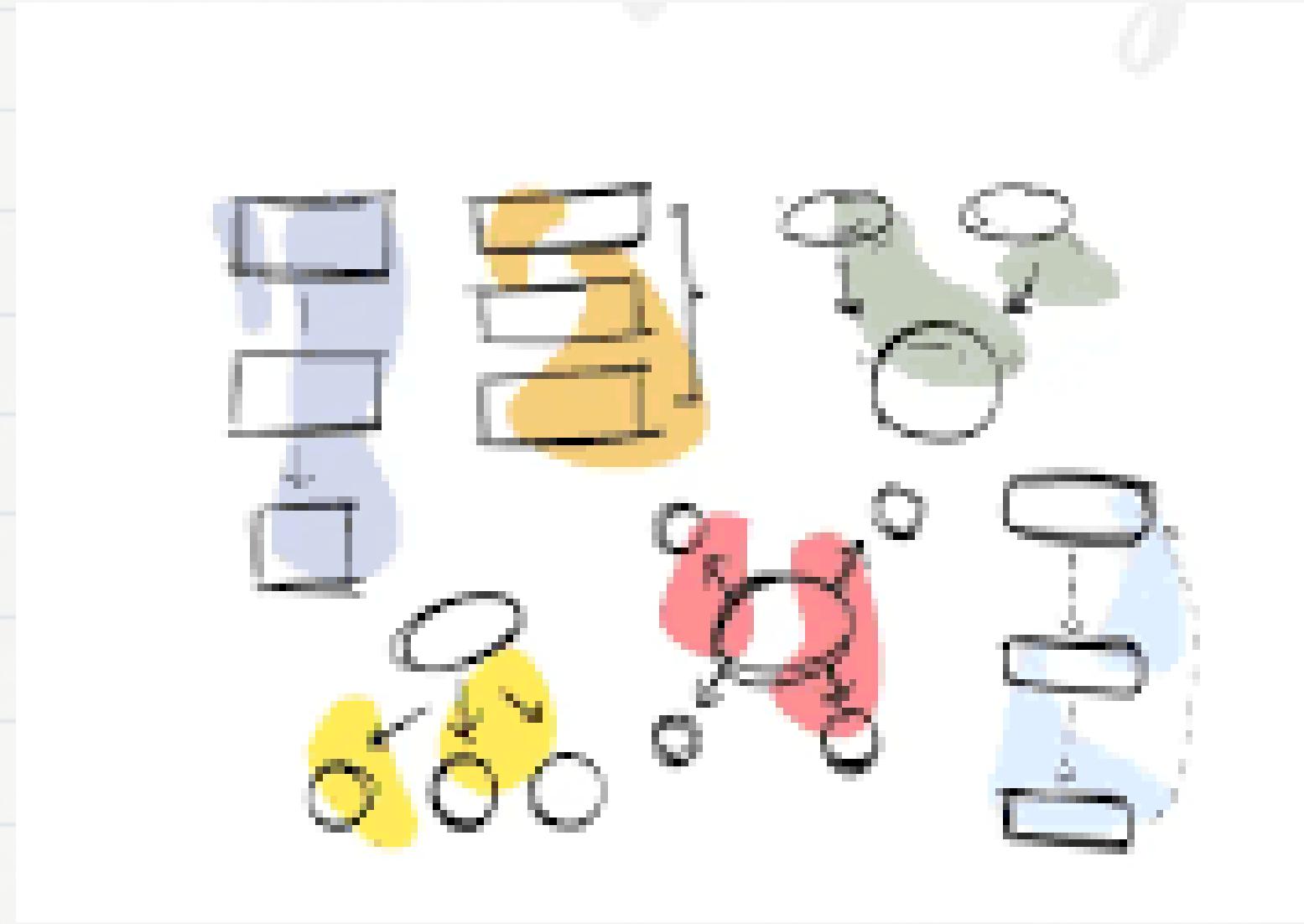
Stages of Process Focused Writing

INVENTING STRATEGIES

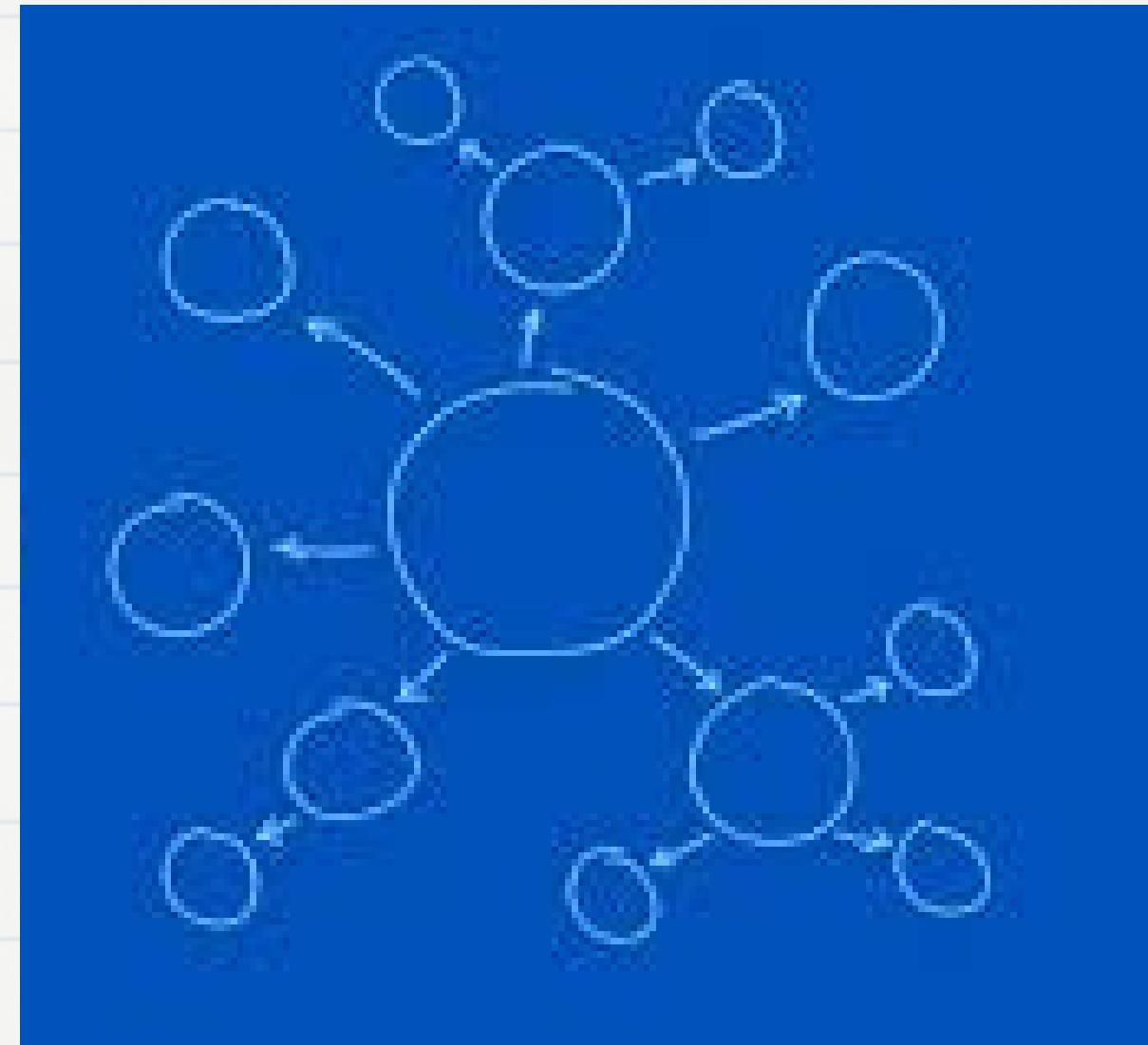
Clustering/Brainstorming – Brainstorming is a creative process where you take time to generate and list out many ideas.

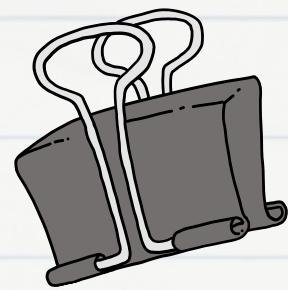
- Get creative! Generate as many ideas as you can.
- Be open to ideas and write down whatever comes to mind—even if it doesn't feel directly relevant or like it connects with your original thinking.
- Focus only on generating ideas. You can always narrow, make decisions, and figure out next steps after brainstorming.

Brainstroming



Clustering





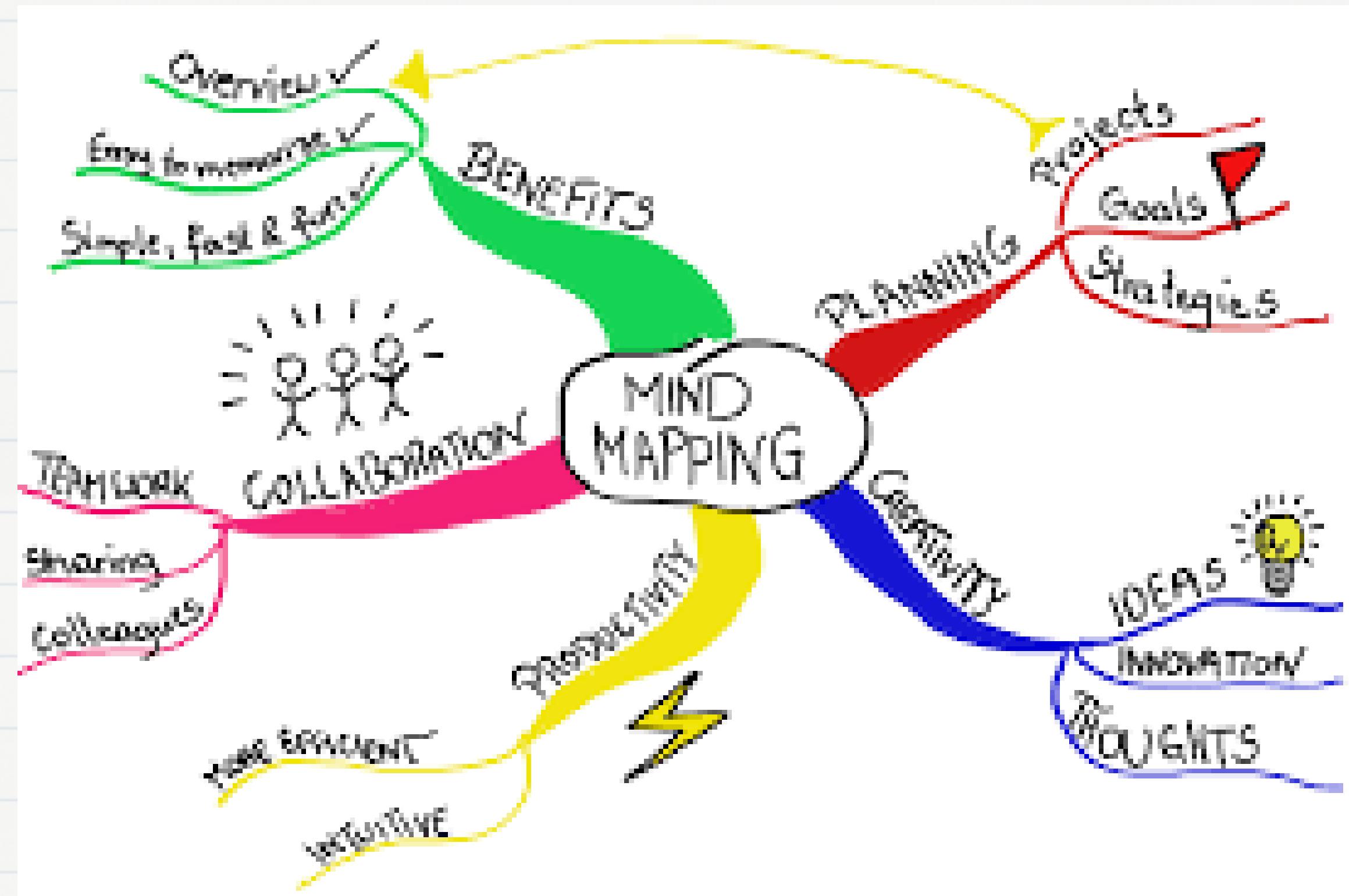
Stages of Process Focused Writing

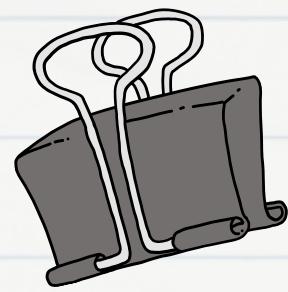
INVENTING STRATEGIES

Mind mapping – Mind mapping is a visual activity: you identify one core idea or question at the center of a page or whiteboard and then branch from there with sub-points, supporting ideas, examples, etc.

- Start broad and branch outward to more specific details or examples.
- Name connection points (lines on the mind map) between ideas.
- Use your mind-map to plan steps like making decisions about what content to include, highlight, or explain based on connections you've identified.

Mind Mapping





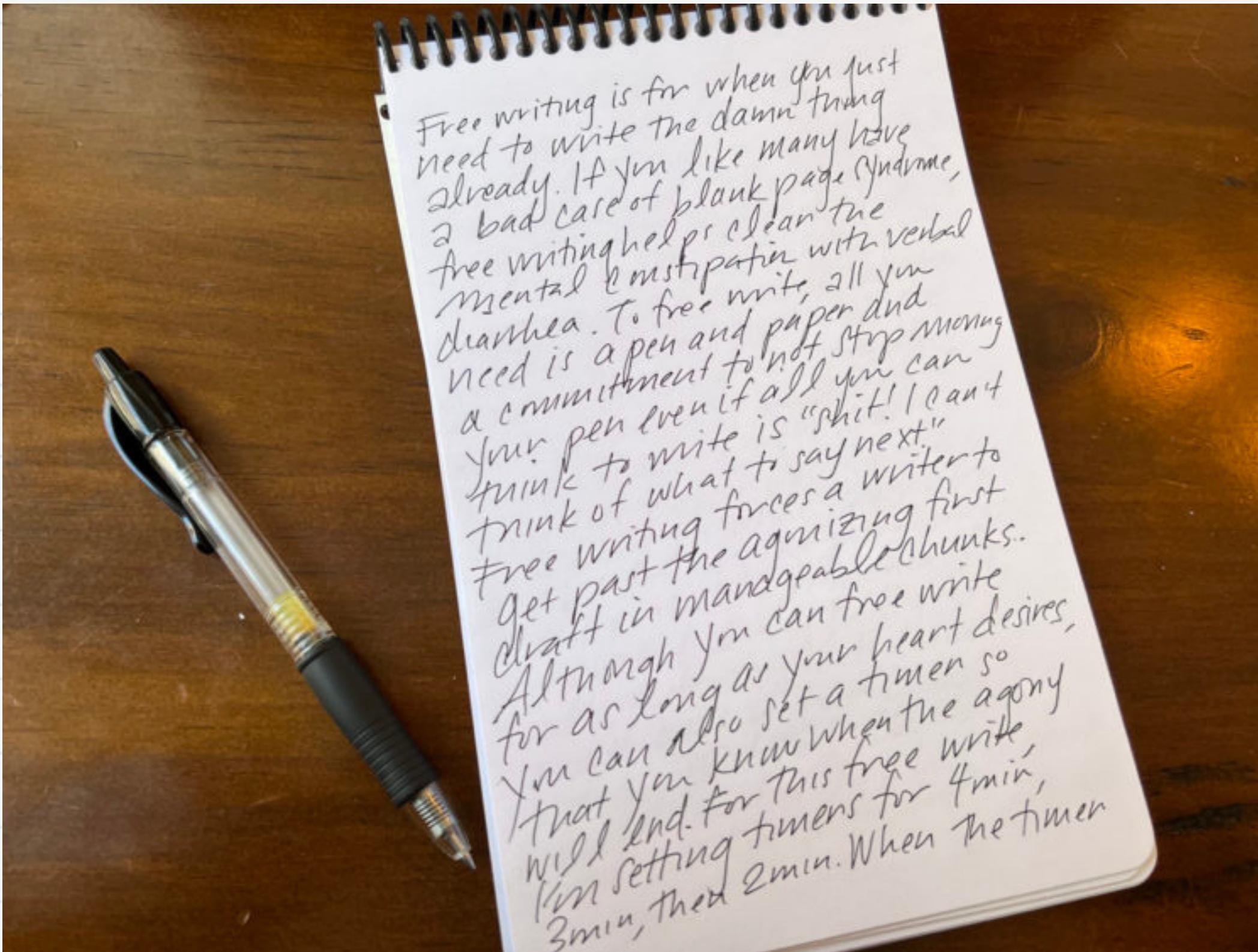
Stages of Process Focused Writing

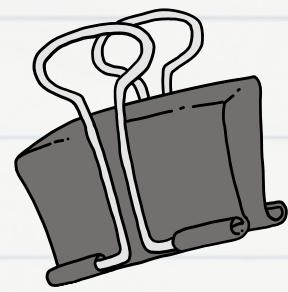
INVENTING STRATEGIES

Free Writing - Free writing is open-ended, exploratory writing – you go wherever your writing takes you.

- Give yourself permission for open-ended, messy writing. This can help relieve pressure around getting the “right” ideas out.
- Focus on getting words flowing and developing momentum on a topic, question, or area of confusion.
- Write for 10 minutes where your only rule is to keep writing.

Free Writing





Stages of Process Focused Writing

INVENTING STRATEGIES

Outlining – Outlining is the road map for the write-up. Critical thinkers use outlines to organize their ideas and check the organization of their drafts throughout the writing process. As the “road map” of the write-up, outlines should do the following:

- Provide the thesis and most important details of the write-up.
- Demonstrate a clear, logical organization of main ideas and supporting details.

Outlining

Thesis:

I. (Main Idea 1)

A. (Supporting Detail 1)

1. Sub-detail 1
2. Sub-detail 2

B. (Supporting Detail 2)

1. Sub-detail 1

II. (Main Idea 2)

A. (Supporting Detail 1)

1. Sub-detail 1
2. Sub-detail 2

B. (Supporting Detail 2)

1. Sub-detail 1
2. Sub-detail 2

III. (Main Idea 3)

A. (Supporting Detail 1)

1. Sub-detail 1
2. Sub-detail 2

B. (Supporting Detail 2)

1. Sub-detail 1
2. Sub-detail 2

IV. (Main Idea 4)

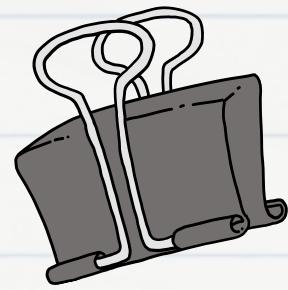
A. (Supporting Detail 1)

1. Sub-detail 1
2. Sub-detail 2

B. (Supporting Detail 2)

1. Sub-detail 1
2. Sub-detail 2

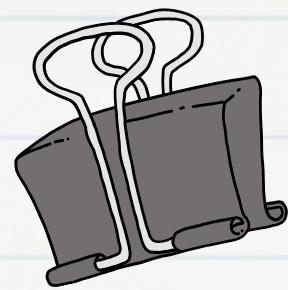




Stages of Process Focused Writing

INVENTING STRATEGIES

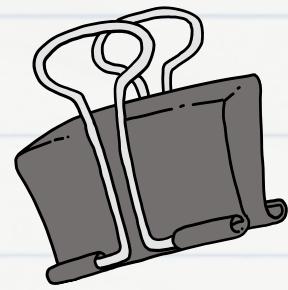
Looping - Looping is when a writer re-read written text and generate new ideas.



Stages of Process Focused Writing

2. DRAFTING

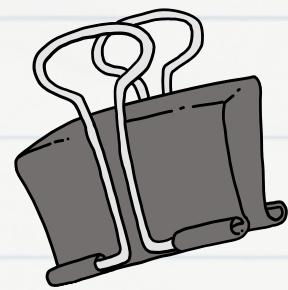
- Drafting is a kind of practice exercise for the final draft.
- A draft is based on the planned ideas made in prewriting activity.
- In drafting, the writer elaborates our ideas in complete sentences and paragraphs. If the first draft is not a perfect so the writer need to do revision.



Stages of Process Focused Writing

3. REVISING

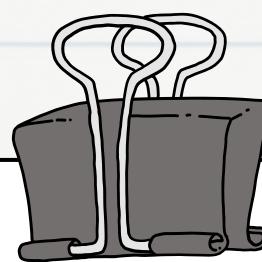
- Revising means evaluation of the draft that has been made.
- In revising, the draft may decide to move, delete, or add words, sentences, paragraphs, that will complete and improve the content writing.



Stages of Process Focused Writing

4. EDITING

- Editing can be done systematically which means the writer pays attention to the correct grammar, spelling, punctuation, capitalization.
- Also, this activity is time consuming and need patience to identify the mechanical errors.



Write Quick Response

- 1.Which stage of the writing process have you used the most in your writing?

- 2.Which aspect of the process based approach may be the most challenging for you to do?



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Thank You

