

OPTIMIZING USER, GROUP, AND ROLE MANAGEMENT WITH ACCESS IN SERVICENOW

Submitted by

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BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the project report titled "**OPTIMIZING USER, GROUP AND ROLE MANAGEMENT WITH ACCESS IN SERVICENOW**" is the Bonafide work of **BALALOCHINI L (910022104051), TAMIL VANI T (910022104042), AMIRTHAVARSHINII S (910022104002)** who carried out the project work under my supervision in the Naan Mudhalvan Lab.

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ABSTRACT

In modern enterprise systems, efficient access management is crucial to maintaining security, accountability, and operational flow. This project, “Optimizing User, Group, and Role Management with Access Control”, focuses on implementing a structured access control mechanism within the ServiceNow platform. The objective is to establish a secure and automated environment for user management, group assignment, and task workflow operations.

The project involves creating users and groups, assigning appropriate roles to users such as Alice and Bob, and configuring application access by defining table-level permissions. To ensure data security, Access Control Lists (ACLs) are implemented to regulate read, write, and update permissions based on user roles. Additionally, a workflow (Flow) is designed using ServiceNow Flow Designer to automatically assign operated tickets to relevant groups, reducing manual intervention and enhancing efficiency.

Through these implementations, the project achieves a well-defined and role-based access control system that enhances transparency, simplifies administrative management, and strengthens organizational security. This structured approach to user and group management not only optimizes operations but also aligns with best practices for ServiceNow governance and automation.

Title: Optimizing User, Group, and Role Management with Access in ServiceNow

1. Project Overview

The project “*Optimizing User, Group, and Role Management with Access*” focuses on implementing and improving the access control structure within the **ServiceNow platform**. It aims to streamline how users, groups, and roles are created, managed, and assigned to ensure secure and efficient operations.

The project enhances platform governance by enabling **role-based access control (RBAC)**, **application access management**, and **automated ticket assignment workflows**. By defining clear user responsibilities and system permissions, this solution ensures compliance, reduces security risks, and improves operational productivity.

Through this project, the configuration of ServiceNow’s access model—including user creation, group structuring, ACL configuration, and automation through flows—is optimized for better system management, scalability, and accountability.

2. Objectives

- To design and implement a secure and scalable **role-based access control (RBAC)** model.
- To create and configure **users, groups, and roles** for effective task management and ownership.
- To enable **application-level access** by defining and assigning permissions at the table and module level.
- To develop and automate workflows using **ServiceNow Flows** for assigning tickets dynamically to appropriate groups.

- To ensure that every action performed in the system aligns with organizational policies and access governance standards.

3.Student Outcomes

- Understand and implement **ServiceNow user and role administration** principles.
- Gain hands-on experience in configuring **Access Control Lists (ACLs)** and **Flow Designer automation**.
- Learn how to manage **application-level access** and ensure proper data security in enterprise systems.
- Develop **problem-solving and process optimization** skills relevant to ITSM and enterprise workflow design.
- Strengthen collaboration and documentation abilities following real-world ServiceNow practices.

4.System Requirements

4.1 Hardware Requirements

- Computer with minimum 8 GB RAM, Intel i5 Processor or above
- Stable internet connection
- Modern web browser (Google Chrome / Edge)

4.2 Software Requirements

- ServiceNow Developer Instance (Personal Instance)
- Flow Designer
- Studio Editor for Script Configuration (if applicable)

- Access Control List (ACL) Module
- Role and Group Management Modules
- Visual Diagram Tools (for ER & Flow diagrams)

5.Skills Required

- ServiceNow Platform Administration
- Role and Group Management
- Access Control Configuration (ACLs)
- Application Access & Table Permission Management
- Workflow and Flow Designer Automation
- Basic Scripting in ServiceNow (optional)
- Documentation and Reporting

6.Project Duration

300 Hours

7. Project Phase Overview

Phase No.	Phase Name	Description	Page Nos.
1	Requirement Analysis & Planning	Understanding the business need for structured access management and defining security requirements.	8-15
2	Design Phase	Designing user, group, and role structure; defining ACL strategy and flow logic.	15-17
3	Development Phase	Creating users and groups, assigning roles (Alice, Bob), setting application access, building flows for ticket routing.	18-20
4	Testing Phase	Testing ACL rules, verifying ticket automation flow, and validating access permissions.	20-25

8. Project Main Overview

8.1 Overview

The **Optimizing User, Group, and Role Management with Access** project simplifies and secures access control management in **ServiceNow**. It addresses key challenges such as inefficient access permissions, unorganized role assignments, and lack of automation in ticket management.

By implementing **user creation, group formation, role-based permissions**, and **ACL-driven access rules**, the project enforces secure boundaries across applications. Furthermore, **Flow Designer automation** ensures that operated

tickets are dynamically assigned to the right groups—reducing manual work and ensuring accountability.

This implementation serves as a strong foundation for organizations aiming to improve **security compliance**, **workflow efficiency**, and **data governance** within their ServiceNow ecosystem.

Phase1: Requirement Analysis & Planning

1.1 Business Problem

A small project team lacked clear role definitions and a structured workflow. Tasks were not consistently assigned or tracked, and there was ambiguity about who could edit task data.

i)Objective:

The objective of this project is to enhance accountability and streamline task management within a small project team using the ServiceNow platform. The system must define clear roles, enforce access control policies, and enable a structured workflow to eliminate confusion in task assignments and progress tracking.

ii)Approach:

- Identified the key users (Project Manager and Team Member) and their responsibilities.
- Defined access levels, group memberships, and workflow dependencies.
- Determined the need for a structured task assignment flow with automatic status updates and approvals.
- Planned to utilize ServiceNow modules such as **Users, Groups, Roles, Access Control Lists (ACLs), and Flow Designer** to build the solution.

iii)Project Scope

The scope of this project, “*Optimizing User, Group, and Role Management with Access Control and Workflows*,” focuses on designing a secure and efficient

structure within the ServiceNow platform for managing user access, group assignments, and automated workflows in a project management environment.

The system is implemented for a small project team comprising a Project Manager (Alice) and a Team Member (Bob). The primary objective is to streamline access management and task workflow to ensure transparency, accountability, and efficiency in handling project tasks.

The key scope areas include:

- **User and Group Management:** Creating users and groups in ServiceNow to define project team hierarchies.
- **Role Assignment:** Assigning appropriate roles to users (e.g., Project Manager and Team Member) to control permissions and access levels.
- **Application Access Configuration:** Granting specific table and module access to roles, ensuring secure and role-based data visibility.
- **Access Control List (ACL) Implementation:** Establishing access control rules to protect sensitive information and restrict data modification based on roles.
- **Workflow Automation:** Designing a Flow in ServiceNow to automatically assign operation tickets to groups and update task status based on predefined conditions.

By defining these components, the project delivers a robust access management and task automation framework that promotes operational efficiency, data security, and controlled collaboration within ServiceNow.

1.2 Functional Requirements

- FR1: Create users for team members and define roles.
- FR2: Group users logically (project/team groups).

- FR3: Assign role-based application/table access so only authorized users view or edit records.
- FR4: Implement ACLs to restrict field-level edit permissions on task records.
- FR5: Automate assignment/approval process using Flow Designer based on task attributes.

1.3 Non-functional Requirements

- Usability: Simple UI flows for request, assignment and approval.
- Security: Role-based access and ACL enforcement.
- Reproducibility: Clear setup steps to replicate the configuration in another instance.

Phase 2: System Design

2.1 High-level Components

- **Users:** *Alice* (Project Manager), *Bob* (Team Member) — stored in *sys_user*.
- **Groups:** Project/Team group(s) — stored in *sys_user_group*.
- **Roles:** *u_project_table*, *u_task_table*, plus role labels like *Project Member* and *Team Member* — stored in *sys_user_role*.
- **Applications/Modules:** Project Table Application, Task Table2 Application (automatically created when custom tables were created).
- **Access Control:** ACLs applied to Task Table2 and its fields (Comment, Status).
- **Automation:** Flow Designer flow named **Task Table** that triggers on task creation and routes approval to Alice.

2.2 Object Schema (tables & key fields)

Below are the primary objects you worked with (ServiceNow standard + custom placeholders):

- **sys_user (Users)**
 - **user_name** — login id
 - **name** — full name (Alice / Bob)
 - **email** — user email
- **sys_user_group (Groups)**
 - **name** — group name (Project Management Team)
 - **members** — link to **sys_user**
- **sys_user_role (Roles)**
 - **name** — role name (**u_project_table**, **u_task_table**, Project Member, Team Member)
- **project_table (Custom Project table)** — auto-created with table
 - **u_project_name**, **u_owner**, **u_start_date**, **u_status**
- **task_table2 (Custom Task table)**
 - **number** — task id
 - **short_description** — summary
 - **assigned_to** — reference to **sys_user** (Bob)
 - **status** — work status (e.g., New, In Progress, Completed)

- **comments** — work comments

Note: Replace **project_table** and **task_table2** with the exact internal table names used in your instance if different.

2.3 Concepts Implemented

- **User Record (sys_user):** A standard ServiceNow record representing a person. You created Alice and Bob here.
- **Group (sys_user_group):** A container for users; simplifies assigning module or role access to many people at once. You created a project group and added members.
- **Role (sys_user_role):** A permission set that grants access to modules, tables, and actions. You created **u_project_table** and **u_task_table** and assigned them to users.
- **Application Module:** When custom tables are created, ServiceNow auto-generates an application/module. You edited module access to limit visibility based on role.
- **Access Control List (ACL):** Security records that enforce who can read, write, or create records and even field-level access. You created ACLs for Task Table2 and for specific fields **comments** and **status**.
- **Flow Designer:** A low-code automation tool. You built a flow that triggers on task record creation under specific conditions, updates status, and asks for approval from Alice.

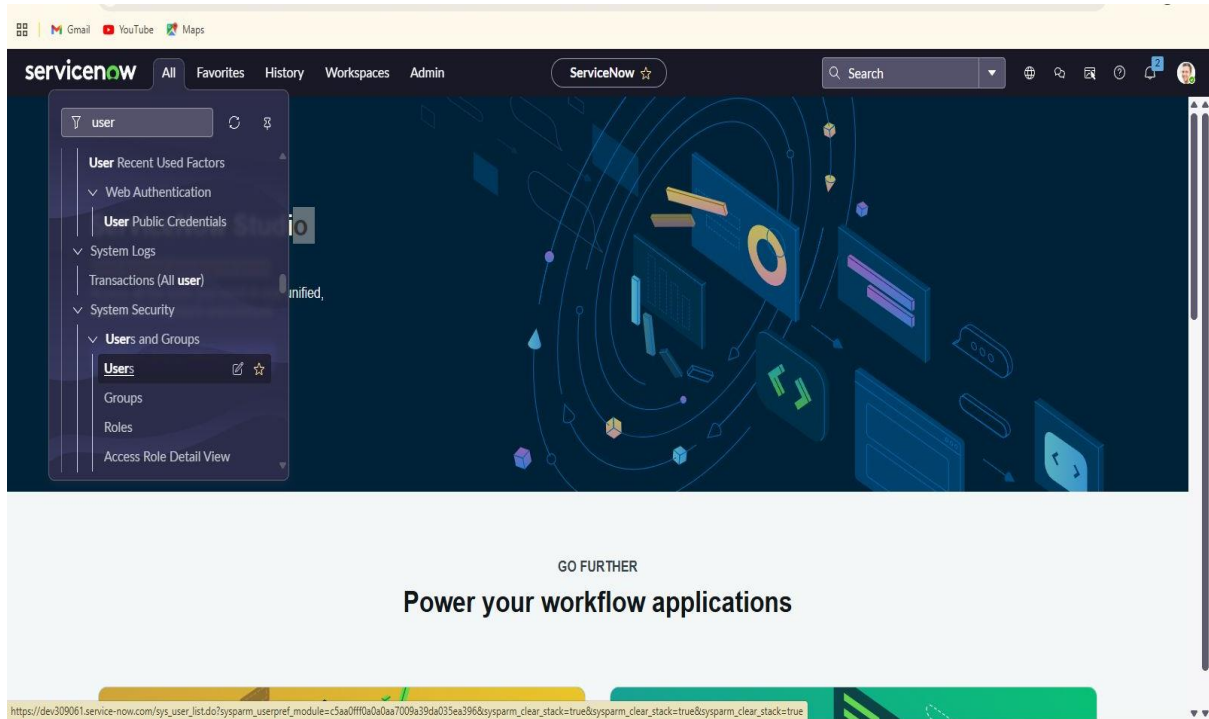
Phase 3: Development — Milestones & Activities

Milestone 1 — Users & Groups

Activity 1.1 — Create Users

- Navigated: **All** → **Users** (System Security).

- Created **Alice** (Project Manager) and **Bob** (Team Member) with required details and clicked **Submit**.



The screenshot shows the 'User - New Record' form in the ServiceNow Admin console. The top navigation bar includes 'All', 'Favorites', 'History', 'Workspaces', and 'Admin'. The breadcrumb trail shows 'User - New Record'. A blue banner at the top states: 'To set up the User's password, save the record and then click Set Password.' The form contains the following fields and options:

- User ID:
- First name:
- Last name:
- Title:
- Department:
- Password needs reset: ☐
- Locked out: ☐
- Active: ☒
- Internal Integration User: ☐
- Email:
- Identity type:
- Language:
- Calendar integration:
- Time zone:
- Date format:
- Business phone:
- Mobile phone:
- Photo: [Click to add...](#)

At the bottom left, there is a 'Submit' button and a 'Related Links' section with links to 'View linked accounts' and 'View Subscriptions'.

The screenshot shows the ServiceNow 'User' profile page for 'alice p'. The page is divided into two main sections: a left sidebar with navigation links and a main content area with form fields.

Navigation Links (Left Sidebar):

- Entitled Custom Tables
- Roles
- Groups
- Delegates
- Subscriptions
- User Client Certificates

Form Fields (Main Content Area):

- User ID:**
- First name:**
- Last name:**
- Title:**
- Department:**
- Password needs reset:** ☐
- Locked out:** ☐
- Active:** ☒
- Internal Integration User:** ☐
- Email:**
- Identity type:**
- Language:**
- Calendar integration:**
- Time zone:**
- Date format:**
- Business phone:**
- Mobile phone:**
- Photo:**

Buttons: Update, Set Password, Delete

Related Links:

- [View linked accounts](#)
- [View Subscriptions](#)
- [Reset a password](#)

Activity 1.2 — Create Groups

- Navigated: **All** → **Groups** (System Security).
- Created a group (e.g., *Project Management Team*).
- Added group description and saved.

The screenshot shows the ServiceNow 'Users' page. A sidebar menu is open, showing the navigation structure. The main table displays a list of users.

Sidebar Menu:

- Administration
 - Email Account Groups
- System Security
 - Users and Groups
 - Users
 - Groups** (highlighted)
 - Roles
 - Access Role Detail View
 - Reports
 - Groups Membership
 - Identity and Access Audit

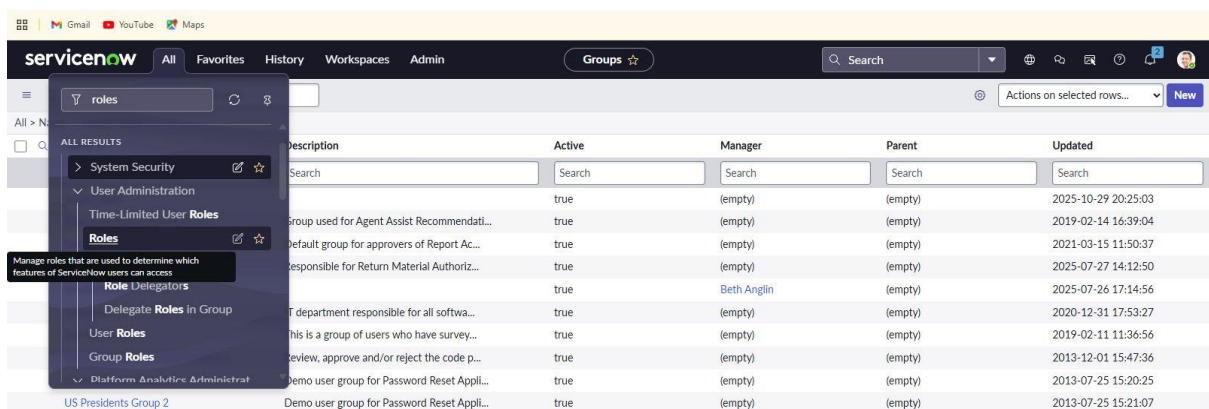
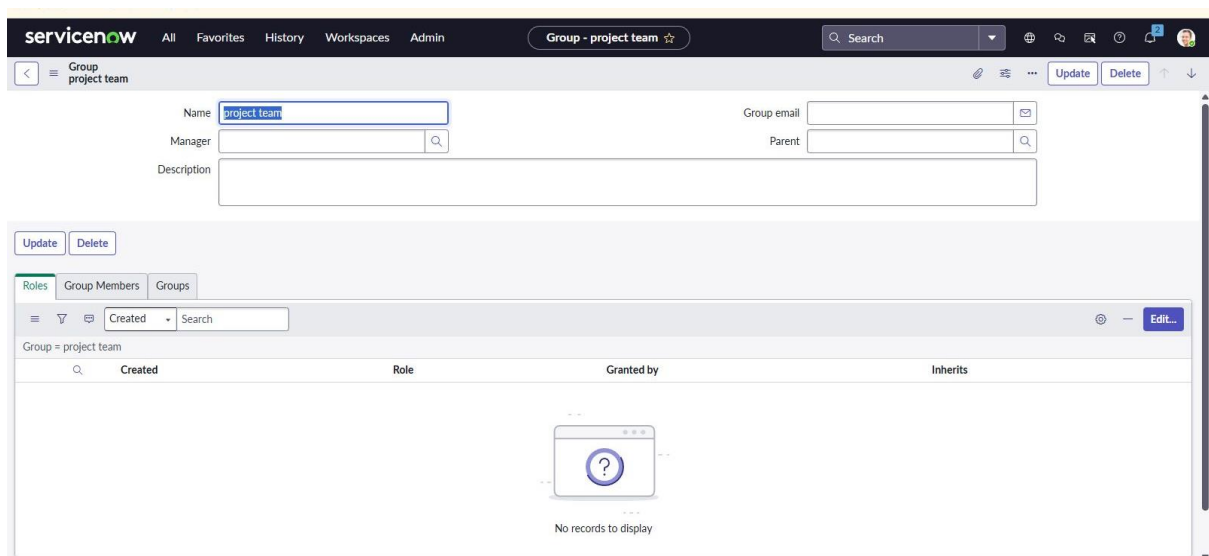
Users Table:

Email	Active	Created	Updated
abel.tuter@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:52	2025-10-28 06:27:09
abraham.lincoln@example.com	true	2013-07-23 17:15:54	2025-10-28 06:27:11
adela.cervantsz@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:50	2025-10-28 06:27:06
aleen.mottern@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:49	2025-10-28 06:27:09
alejandra.prenatt@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:52	2025-10-28 06:27:06
alejandro.mascall@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:52	2025-10-28 06:27:11
alene.rabeck@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:53	2025-10-28 06:27:12
alfonso.griglen@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:51	2025-10-28 06:27:06
alice@gmail.com	true	2025-10-29 20:20:26	2025-10-29 20:20:26
alissa.mountjoy@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:52	2025-10-28 06:27:09
allan.schwandt@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:53	2025-10-28 06:27:11
allie.pumphrey@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:52	2025-10-28 06:27:11
allyson.gillispie@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:50	2025-10-28 06:27:06
alva.pennigton@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:50	2025-10-28 06:27:13
alyssa.biasotti@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:52	2025-10-28 06:27:07
amelia.caputo@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:52	2025-10-28 06:27:11
amos.linnan@example.com	true	2012-02-17 19:04:51	2025-10-28 06:27:09

Milestone 2 — Roles & Role Assignment

Activity 2.1 — Create Roles

- Navigated: **All** → **Roles** (System Security).
- Created roles:
 - **u_project_table** — intended for users accessing project records
 - **u_task_table** — intended for users accessing task records
- Saved roles.



Activity 2.2 — Assign Roles to Users (associate to groups where required)

- For **Alice (Project Manager)**:
 - Opened Alice's user record → Roles → Edit → selected: *Project Member*, u_project_table, u_task_table. → Save/Update.
- For **Bob (Team Member)**:
 - Opened Bob's user record → Roles → Edit → selected: *Team Member*, u_task_table. → Save/Update.
- Verified roles are listed in each user's Roles tab.

Milestone 3 — Application / Table Access

Activity 3.1 — Assign Table Access to Application Modules

- Found the auto-created **Project Table Application** and edited its module properties to give access to **Project Member** role.
- Edited **Task Table2 Application** module and added **Project Member** and **Team Member** roles so users with those roles can see the application/module in the navigator.

Table - project table

A table is a collection of records in the database. Each record corresponds to a row in a table, and each field on a record corresponds to a column on that table. Applications use tables and records to manage data and processes. [More Info](#)

* Label: Application: Global

* Name: Remote Table: ☐

Columns Controls Application Access

Table Columns for text Search

Dictionary Entries

Column label	Type	Reference	Max length	Default value	Display
start date	Date	(empty)	40	false	false
Updated by	String	(empty)	40	false	false
Sys ID	Sys ID (GUID)	(empty)	32	false	false
Updates	Integer	(empty)	40	false	false
end date	Date	(empty)	40	false	false
Updated	Date/Time	(empty)	40	false	false
project manager	String	(empty)	40	false	false
description	String	(empty)	40	false	false

Table - task table 2

A table is a collection of records in the database. Each record corresponds to a row in a table, and each field on a record corresponds to a column on that table. Applications use tables and records to manage data and processes. [More Info](#)

* Label: Application: Global

* Name: Remote Table: ☐

Columns Controls Application Access

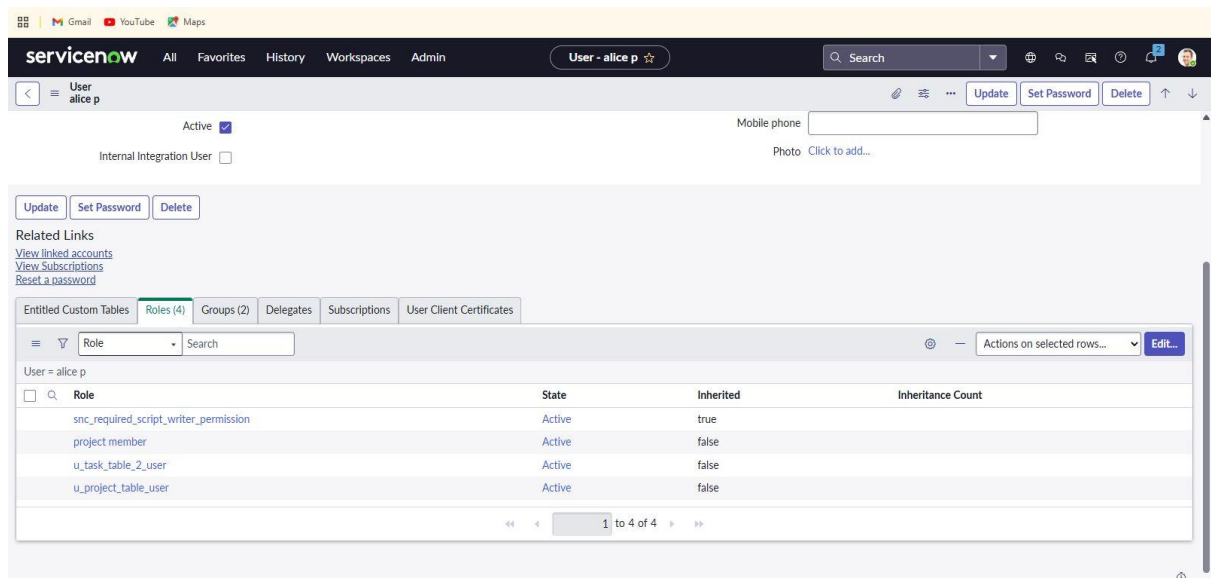
Table Columns for text Search

Dictionary Entries

Column label	Type	Reference	Max length	Default value	Display
Created by	String	(empty)	40	false	false
status	Choice	(empty)	40	false	false
Created	Date/Time	(empty)	40	false	false
Sys ID	Sys ID (GUID)	(empty)	32	false	false
Updates	Integer	(empty)	40	false	false
Updated by	String	(empty)	40	false	false
comments	String	(empty)	40	false	false

Activity 3.2 — Verification by Impersonation

- Used the **Profile** → **Impersonate User** function to impersonate Bob: confirmed Bob sees **Task Table2** module only.
- Impersonated Alice and confirmed access to both Project and Task modules.



Milestone 4 — Access Control Lists (ACLs)

Activity 4.1 — Create ACLs

- Navigated: **All** → **Access Control (ACL)** (System Security).
- Clicked **Elevate Role** to gain elevated privileges to create security records.
- Created ACL records for **Task Table2** and specific fields:
 - Table-level ACL for Task Table2 (create/read/write as needed).
 - Field-level ACLs specifying that only users with **Team Member** role can edit **comments** and **status** fields.

Activity 4.2 — ACL Validation

- Impersonated Bob and attempted to edit **comments** and **status** in Task Table2 — edits allowed per role.
- Verified that other unauthorized users (without **u_task_table** role) could not access or edit Task Table2 records.

The screenshot shows the ServiceNow 'Application Menu - project table' configuration page. The page has a dark header with the ServiceNow logo and navigation tabs: All, Favorites, History, Workspaces, Admin. The current tab is 'Application Menu - project table'. Below the header, there's a search bar and a 'Search' button. The main content area is titled 'Application Menu project table' and includes a description: 'An application menu is a group of modules in the application navigator. Choose the roles that are required to access the application and add or remove modules in the related list below. [More Info](#)'. The form fields include: 'Title' (project table), 'Application' (Global), 'Active' (checked), 'Roles' (u_project_table_user), 'Category' (Custom Applications), 'Hint', and 'Description'. At the bottom, there are 'Update' and 'Delete' buttons.

The screenshot shows the ServiceNow 'Application Menu - task table 2' configuration page. The page has a dark header with the ServiceNow logo and navigation tabs: All, Favorites, History, Workspaces, Admin. The current tab is 'Application Menu - task table 2'. Below the header, there's a search bar and a 'Search' button. The main content area is titled 'Application Menu task table 2' and includes a description: 'An application menu is a group of modules in the application navigator. Choose the roles that are required to access the application and add or remove modules in the related list below. [More Info](#)'. The form fields include: 'Title' (task table 2), 'Application' (Global), 'Active' (checked), 'Roles' (u_task_table_2_user, project member, team member), 'Category' (Custom Applications), 'Hint', and 'Description'. At the bottom, there are 'Update' and 'Delete' buttons.

The screenshot shows the ServiceNow Access Control configuration page for the record 'u_task_table_2u_task_name'. The configuration includes the following fields and values:

- * Type: record
- * Operation: write
- Decision Type: Allow If
- Application: Global
- Active: ☒
- Advanced: ☐
- Admin overrides: ☒
- Protection policy: -- None --
- * Name: task table 2 [u_task_table_2]
- Description: (empty text area)
- Applies To: (empty text area with 'Add Filter Condition' and 'Add OR Clause' buttons)

Below the configuration fields, there is a 'Conditions' section with a 'Requires role' table:

Role
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> u_task_table_2_user
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> team member

Milestone 5 — Flow Designer: Task Flow & Approval

Activity 5.1 — Create Flow

- Navigated: **All** → **Flow Designer** (Process Automation).
- Created a new Flow named **Task Table** in the Global application scope.

The screenshot shows the ServiceNow Workflow Studio 'New Flow' form. The form is titled 'Let's get the details for your flow' and includes the following fields:

- Flow name: task table
- Application: Global
- Description: Describe your flow.

Below the description field, there is a link to 'Show additional properties'. At the bottom right of the form, there are two buttons: 'Cancel' and 'Build flow'.

WorkFlow Studio

Homepage Operations Integrations

Playbooks **Flows** Subflows Triggers Actions Decision tables

Flows 87
Last refreshed just now.

Name	Application	Status	Active	Updated	Updated by
Application Intake Request Flow (Deprecated)	Application Intake	Published	false	2025-10-28 09:03:29	system
Application Intake Request V2	Application Intake	Published	true	2025-10-28 09:03:24	system
Benchmark Recommendation Evaluator	Benchmarks Spoke	Published	true	2025-07-27 16:45:49	system
Business process approval flow	Global	Published	true	2020-09-27 22:06:13	admin
Change - Cloud Infrastructure - Authorize	Global	Published	true	2020-11-11 07:08:05	admin
Change - Conflict Detection	Global	Published	true	2025-10-29 15:05:59	system
Change - Emergency - Authorize	Global	Published	true	2020-10-06 05:39:49	admin
Change - Emergency - Implement	Global	Published	true	2020-09-23 05:06:26	admin
Change - Emergency - Review	Global	Published	true	2020-10-27 04:18:08	admin
Change - Normal - Assess	Global	Published	true	2020-10-06 05:37:05	admin

Pick up where you left off

- task table 2
Last updated: 1h. ago by System Administ...
- task table
Last updated: 1h. ago by System Administ...
- Multi-factor Authentication
Last updated: 4 months ago by System A...

Latest updates

- System Administrator modified task table 2
1h. ago
- System Administrator modified task table
1h. ago
- System Administrator modified Multi-factor Authentication
4 months ago
- System Administrator modified Steps
7 months ago
- System Administrator modified

Activity 5.2 — Add Trigger

- Trigger: **Record Created on Task Table2.**
- Added trigger conditions:
 - status is In Progress
 - comments is Feedback
 - assigned_to is Bob

WorkFlow Studio

task table 2 Created where (status is in progress, and comments is feedback, and assigned to is bob)

Trigger: Created

* Table: task table 2 [u_task_table_2]

Condition: All of these conditions must be met

AND

status is in progress

OR

AND

comments is feedback

OR

AND

assigned to is bob

OR

New Criteria

Advanced Options

Delete Cancel Done

Data Collapse All

Trigger - Record Created

- task table 2 Record
- task table 2 Table
- Run Start Time UTC
- Run Start Date/Time

1 - Update Record

- u_task_table_2 Record
- u_task_table_2 Table
- Action Status

2 - Ask For Approval

- Approval State
- Action Status

Action Windows

<div> <div>servicenow</div> <div> All Favorites History Workspaces Admin </div> <div>task table 2s</div> <div>Search</div> </div>						
<div> <div>task table 2s</div> <div>assigned to</div> <div>Search</div> </div>						
<div> <div>Actions on selected rows...</div> <div>New</div> </div>						
<div> <div>All</div> <div> <div>assigned to</div> <div>comments</div> <div>due date</div> <div>status</div> <div>task id</div> <div>task name</div> </div> </div>						
<div> <div>bob</div> <div></div> <div></div> <div>Completed</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>						
<div> <div>(empty)</div> <div>test approval</div> <div></div> <div>In Progress</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>						
<div> <div>bob</div> <div></div> <div></div> <div>approved</div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>						

Activity 5.3 — Add Actions

- **Action 1 — Update Record:** set **status = Completed**.
- **Action 2 — Ask for Approval:** configured approver as **Alice** (Project Manager); approval linked to the same task record.

Workflow Studio

task table

task table

Inactive

Test

Activate

1

Update task table 2 Record

Action Properties

Action

Update Record

Action Inputs

* Record

Trigger - Re... task table 2 R...

* Table

task table 2 [u_task_table_2]

* Fields

status

Completed

+ Add field value

Delete

Cancel

Done

Data

Collapse All

Flow Variables

Trigger - Record Created

task table 2 Record

Record

task table 2 Table

Table

Run Start Time UTC

Date/Time

Run Start Date/Time

Date/Time

1 - Update Record

task table 2 Record

Record

task table 2 Table

Table

Action Status

Object

2 - Ask For Approval

Approval State

Choice

Action Status

Object

23

task table

Test Run - Completed

Open flow Open context record

Run as: System Administrator Open flow logs

State: Completed Start time: 2025-10-30 03:31:31

367ms

TRIGGER

task table 2 Created Open current record

ACTIONS

Step	Action	Status	Start time	Duration
1	Update Record	Completed	2025-10-30 03:31:31	23ms
2	Ask For Approval	Completed	2025-10-30 03:31:31	344ms

ERROR HANDLER

Activity 5.4 — Flow Testing

- Created a task with conditions that match the trigger and assigned it to Bob.
- Verified Flow updated **status** to **Completed**.
- Verified Alice received approval request under **My Approvals** and could approve the task.

servicenow Approvals

All > Sys ID = NULL, or: Approver = alice p

State	Approver	Comments	Approval for	Created
Requested	alice p		(empty)	2025-10-30 04:12:42
Requested	alice p		(empty)	2025-10-30 04:12:38
Approved	alice p		(empty)	2025-10-30 03:31:31

1 to 3 of 3

Phase 4: Testing

4.1 Test Strategy

- **Role Assignment Tests** — verify users have proper roles listed in their records.
- **Impersonation Tests** — verify visibility and edit rights from a user's perspective.
- **ACL Tests** — verify field-level and table-level ACLs restrict/allow access correctly.
- **Flow Execution Tests** — validate Flow triggers only when conditions match and actions complete successfully.
- **End-to-End Scenario** — create a record in Task Table2 → assign to Bob → Flow updates status → Alice receives approval → Alice approves.

5.2 Sample Test Cases

ID	Test Case	Expected Result	Status
TC1	Create Alice & Bob	Users created successfully	Pass
TC2	Assign roles to Alice/Bob	Roles listed in user record	Pass
TC3	Impersonate Bob	Bob sees Task Table2 only	Pass
TC4	Field-level ACL on comments/status	Bob can edit; others cannot	Pass
TC5	Flow trigger conditions met	Flow updates status & sends approval	Pass

Phase 5: Deployment & Setup Instructions

Follow these exact steps to reproduce the configuration on another ServiceNow instance:

5.1 Pre-requisites

- Admin or equivalent rights on target instance (to create users, roles, groups, ACLs, and flows).
- Have target custom tables **project_table** and **task_table2** created (or create them via Table Builder).

5.2 Step-by-step Setup

1. Create Users

- Navigate: **All** → **Users** → **New** → fill fields for Alice and Bob → **Submit**.

2. Create Group

- **All** → **Groups** → **New** → Name: *Project Management Team* → **Submit**.

3. Create Roles

- **All** → **Roles** → **New** → Create **u_project_table** and **u_task_table** → **Submit**.

4. Assign Roles to Users

- Open Alice → Roles → **Edit** → add **u_project_table**, **u_task_table**, Project Member → **Save**.
- Open Bob → Roles → **Edit** → add **u_task_table**, Team Member → **Save**.

5. Configure Application Module Access

- Locate Project and Task application modules → Edit module → Add **Project Member/Team Member** roles to **Roles** field → **Save**.

6. Create ACLs

- **All** → **Access Control (ACL)** → **New** → Select table: **task_table2** → define read/write/create as per policy → in **Requires role** add **Team Member** for field-level ACLs like **comments** and **status** → **Submit**.

7. Create Flow in Flow Designer

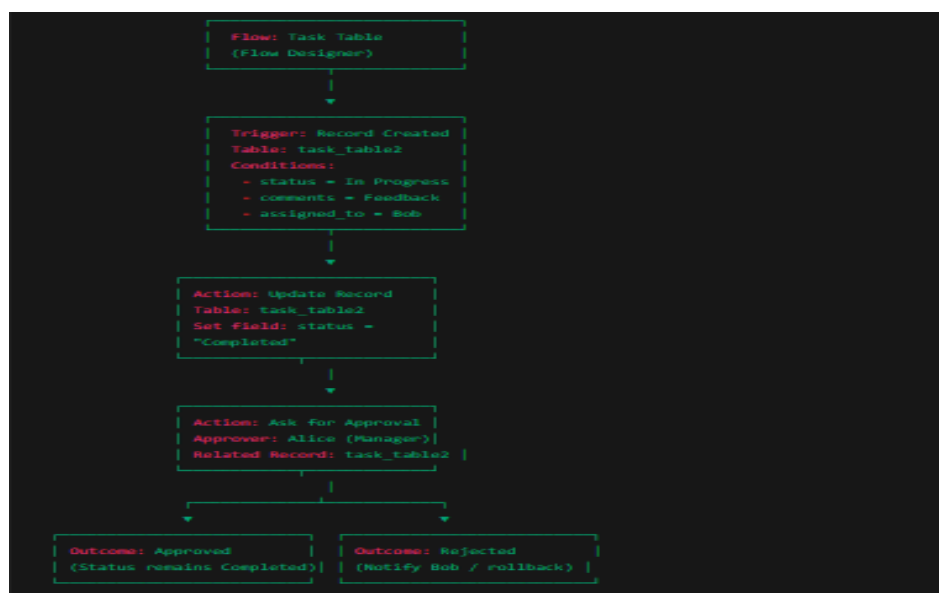
- **All** → **Flow Designer** → **New Flow** named *Task Table* → Add **Trigger: Record Created** on **task_table2** → set conditions (status, comments, assigned_to) → Add **Update Record** action (set status = Completed) → Add **Ask for Approval** (approver = Alice) → **Activate** flow.

8. Validate

- Create a task that meets trigger conditions and follow the approval step as Alice.

8.2 Flow Diagram

The process flow diagram illustrates how user access and ticket assignment flow within the ServiceNow environment. It covers user creation, group assignment, role mapping, ACL enforcement, and automated ticket assignment via Flow Designer.



Steps:

1. **User Creation:** Admin creates users such as Alice and Bob.
2. **Group Assignment:** Users are added to specific groups (e.g., IT Support, Service Desk).
3. **Role Assignment:** Appropriate roles are assigned to users/groups to define access privileges.
4. **Application Access Configuration:** Access to applications and tables is controlled based on assigned roles.
5. **ACL Creation:** Access Control Lists are configured to secure table-level and record-level access.
6. **Flow Design:** Automated flow assigns operated tickets to the correct group based on role and group mapping.
7. **Ticket Operation:** The assigned group operates and resolves tickets based on permissions granted.

9. Diagrams

9.1 ER Diagram

The ER diagram represents the relationships between the main entities in the ServiceNow Access Control project. It focuses on Users, Groups, Roles, Applications, and Access Control Lists (ACLs). The relationships define how users are assigned to groups, groups have roles, and roles determine access permissions for applications and tables.



Entities:

- **User:** Represents individual users (e.g., Alice, Bob) who access the

ServiceNow platform.

- **Group:** A collection of users with common responsibilities or privileges.
- **Role:** Defines the permissions assigned to a user or group (e.g., itil, admin).
- **Application:** Represents the specific ServiceNow application to which access is granted.
- **ACL (Access Control List):** Defines security rules for tables and records.

Relationships:

- A User can belong to one or more Groups.
- A Group can have multiple Roles.
- Roles determine access rights to Applications.
- ACLs restrict or permit access to data within Applications.

9.2 Flow Diagram

The process flow diagram illustrates how user access and ticket assignment flow within the ServiceNow environment. It covers user creation, group assignment, role mapping, ACL enforcement, and automated ticket assignment via Flow Designer.



Steps:

1. **User Creation:** Admin creates users such as Alice and Bob.
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7. **Ticket Operation:** The assigned group operates and resolves tickets based on permissions granted.

10. Validation Rules**10.1 Validation Rules Implemented / Recommended**

- **Implemented (by configuration):**
 - Role membership controlled via Roles tab in user records (manual assignment).
 - Application visibility restricted by module Roles (configured).
 - ACLs enforcing field-level restrictions for **comments** and **status**.
- **Recommended (not scripted in your run — optional future work):**
 - Validate **assigned_to** is not empty on active tasks (UI Policy or Client Script).
 - Ensure **status** transitions follow allowed states (e.g., only **In Progress** → **Completed** via flow) — can be enforced via Business Rule or UI Action if needed.

- Prevent overlapping assignments for the same task (if multiple assignment logic arises).

11. User Guide

11.1 For Project Manager (Alice)

- **View tasks:** Use navigator → *Task Table2* (visible because of `u_project_table` / Project Member role).
- **Approve tasks:** Go to **My Approvals** → view pending approvals → right-click and **Approve**.
- **Manage team:** Open **Groups** and **Users** (requires elevation) to review memberships.

11.2 For Team Member (Bob)

- **View and edit tasks:** Use navigator → *Task Table2*. You can edit `comments` and update `status` if ACL allows.
- **Work on tasks:** Update `comments` field to give status or progress notes.

11.3 For Admin (Replication / Maintenance)

- Use the **Roles** tab in user records to assign/unassign roles.
- Use **Flow Designer** to edit/activate/deactivate the Task Table flow.
- Modify ACLs under **All** → **Access Control (ACL)** if permission changes are required.

12. Limitations

- All role assignments were done manually through the User record — there is no self-service role request form implemented in this iteration.

- No time-based automatic revocation of roles (temporary elevation) was implemented.
- Validation rules that restrict advanced state transitions were not implemented as Business Rules; these are left as recommendations.
- No custom logging/audit table was created as part of this project (only standard platform logs are available).

13. Future Enhancements

- Add a **Service Catalog** item for self-service role requests and approval flows.
- Implement **temporary role elevation** with automatic expiry and email notifications.
- Add stricter **state transition validation** for tasks via Business Rules.
- Add a small **dashboard** summarizing tasks by status, pending approvals, and role-based access statistics.

14. Conclusion

This project implements a practical, minimal-but-complete ServiceNow configuration to manage users, groups, roles, ACLs, and an automated task assignment/approval flow between Alice (Project Manager) and Bob (Team Member). The implementation improves accountability, reduces confusion about access rights, and demonstrates how ServiceNow constructs (Users, Groups, Roles, ACLs, Flow Designer) work together to create a governance-backed task management process.