Week-03-01

GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
Completed	Monday, 4 November 2024, 8:51 AM
Duration	49 days 8 hours

Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

Flag question

Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false. Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
 3 *
 4
        int a,b;
 5
        scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
 6
        a = a\%10;
 7
        b=b\%10;
 8
        if(a==b)
 9
        printf("true");
10
        else
        printf("false");
11
        return 0;
12
13
   1}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	25 53	false	false	~
~	27 77	true	true	~

Passed all tests! <

Ouestion 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

Objective

In this challenge, we're getting started with conditional statements.

Task

Given an integer, \mathbf{n} , perform the following conditional actions:

- · If **n** is odd, print Weird
- If *n* is even and in the inclusive range of 2 to 5, print *Not Weird*
- If *n* is even and in the inclusive range of **6** to **20**, print **Weird**
- If n is even and greater than 20, print Not Weird

Complete the stub code provided in your editor to print whether or not n is weird.

Input Format

A single line containing a positive integer, n.

Constraints

· 1 ≤ n ≤ 100

Output Format

Print Weird if the number is weird; otherwise, print Not Weird.

Sample Input 0

Sample Output 0

Weird

Sample Input 1

24

Sample Output 1

Not Weird

Explanation

Sample Case 0: n = 3

n is odd and odd numbers are weird, so we print Weird.

Sample Case 1: n = 24

n > 20 and n is even, so it isn't weird. Thus, we print **Not Weird**.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
2
    int main()
3 ,
    {
4
        int n;
5
        scanf("%d",&n);
6
        if(n\%2==1)
7
        printf("Weird");
        else if(n\%2==0 \&\& ((2<=n)\&\&(n<=5)))
8
        printf("Not Weird");
9
10
        else if(n%2==0 && ((6<=n)&&(n<=20)))
11
        printf("Weird");
12
        else
13 *
14
            if(n%2==0 && n>=20)
15
        printf("Not Weird");}
16
        return 0;
   }
17
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	Weird	Weird	~
~	24	Not Weird	Not Weird	~

Passed all tests! <

```
Question 3
Correct
Marked out of 7.00

Flag question
```

Three numbers form a Pythagorean triple if the sum of squares of two numbers is equal to the square of the third. For example, 3, 5 and 4 form a Pythagorean triple, since 3*3 + 4*4 = 25 = 5*5 You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no". Please note that the output message is in small letters. Sample Input 1 3 5 4 Sample Output 1 yes Sample Input 2 5 8 2 Sample Output 2 no

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
3 *
        int a,b,c;
4
5
        scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
        if((a*a+b*b==c*c) || (b*b==a*a+c*c) || (a*a==b*b+c*c))
6
7
        printf("yes");
8
        else
        printf("no");
9
10
        return 0;
   }
11
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3 5 4	yes	yes	~
~	5 8 2	no	no	~

Passed all tests! <

Finish review

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