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| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Started on | Wednesday, 15 May 2024, 4:03 PM |
| State | Finished |
| Completed on | Saturday, 18 May 2024, 2:43 PM |
| Time taken | 2 days 22 hours |
| Marks | 5.00/5.00 |
| Grade | 50.00 out of 50.00 (100%) |
| Name | TAMILARASI R 2022-CSD-A |

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Take a complete sentence as an input and remove duplicate word in it and print (sorted order), then count all the words which have a length greater than 3 and print.

Input

we are good are we good

Output

are good we

Count = 1

For example:

| Input | Result |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| welcome to rec rec cse ece | cse ece rec to welcome Count = 1 |

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 a=input().split()
2 s=set(a)
3 unique=list(s)
4 unique.sort()
5 count=0
6 for word in unique:
7     print(word,end=" ")
8     if len(word)>3:
9         count+=1
10 print("\nCount =",count)

```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| ✓ | we are good are we good | are good we Count = 1 | are good we Count = 1 | ✓ |
| ✓ | welcome to rec rec cse ece | cse ece rec to welcome Count = 1 | cse ece rec to welcome Count = 1 | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question **2**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Check if a set is a subset of another set.

Example:

Sample Input1:

mango apple

mango orange

mango

output1:

yes

set3 is subset of set1 and set2

input2:

mango orange

banana orange

grapes

output2:

no

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 def is_subset(set1, set2, set3):
2     # Convert input strings to sets of unique words
3     set1 = set(set1.split())
4     set2 = set(set2.split())
5     set3 = set(set3.split())
6
7     # Calculate the union of set1 and set2
8     combined_set = set1.union(set2)
9
10    # Check if set3 is a subset of the combined_set
11    if set3.issubset(combined_set):
12        return "yes"
13    else:
14        return "No"
15
16    set1 = input()
17    set2 = input()
18    set3 = input()
19    result = is_subset(set1, set2, set3)
20    if result=='yes':
21        print(result)
22        print('set3 is subset of set1 and set2')
23    else:
```

| | Test | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|------|---|--|--|---|
| ✓ | 1 | mango apple mango orange mango | yes set3 is subset of set1 and set2 | yes set3 is subset of set1 and set2 | ✓ |
| ✓ | 2 | mango orange banana orange grapes | No | No | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

write a program to identify the common item present in three different set but not on the other set and display the items in the sorted order.

input:

10 50 40 60 30

40 30 70 60 30

20 50 10 75 80

output:

20 70 75 80

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 def returnlist(s1):
2     s1=s1.replace("{"," ")
3     s1=s1.replace("}"," ")
4     l=s1.split(",")
5     list1=[]
6     for ele in l:
7         list1.append(int(ele))
8     return list1
9
10 list1=input()
11 list2=input()
12 list3=input()
13 result=[]
14 list4=[]
15
16 list4.append(returnlist(list1))
17 list4.append(returnlist(list2))
18 list4.append(returnlist(list3))
19 for j in list4:
20     for i in j:
21         x=list4[0].count(i)
22         x+=list4[1].count(i)

```

| | Test | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|------|--|------------------|------------------|---|
| ✓ | 1 | {10,50,40,60,30} {40,30,70,60,65} {20,50,10,75,80} | {20,65,70,75,80} | {20,65,70,75,80} | ✓ |
| ✓ | 2 | {10,15,20,40,50} {30,20,40,10,25} {40,50,10,45,55} | {15,25,30,45,55} | {15,25,30,45,55} | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question **4**
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given a sorted linked list, delete all duplicates such that each element appear only *once*.

Example 1:

Input:
1 1 2
Output:
1 2

Example 2:

Input:
1 1 2 3 3
Output:
1 2 3

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 List=list(map(int,input().split(" ")))
2 List=list(set(List))
3 List.sort()
4 for i in List:
5     print(i,end=" ")
6
```

| | Test | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|------|-----------|----------|-------|---|
| ✓ | 1 | 1 1 2 | 1 2 | 1 2 | ✓ |
| ✓ | 2 | 1 1 2 3 3 | 1 2 3 | 1 2 3 | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given two lists, print all the common element of two lists.

Note: Sort the list before printing.

Examples:

```
Input :
1 2 3 4 5
5 6 7 8 9
Output :
5

Input :
1 2 3 4 5
6 7 8 9
Output :
No common elements

Input :
1 2 3 4 5 6
5 6 7 8 9
Output :
5 6
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 List1=list(map(int,input().split(" ")))
2 List2=list(map(int,input().split(" ")))
3 List=list(set(List1) & set(List2))
4 if List:
5     for i in List:
6         print(i,end=" ")
7 else:
8     print("No common elements")
9
```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| ✓ | 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 | 5 | 5 | ✓ |
| ✓ | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | No common elements | No common elements | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓