## Discussion 9

Today:

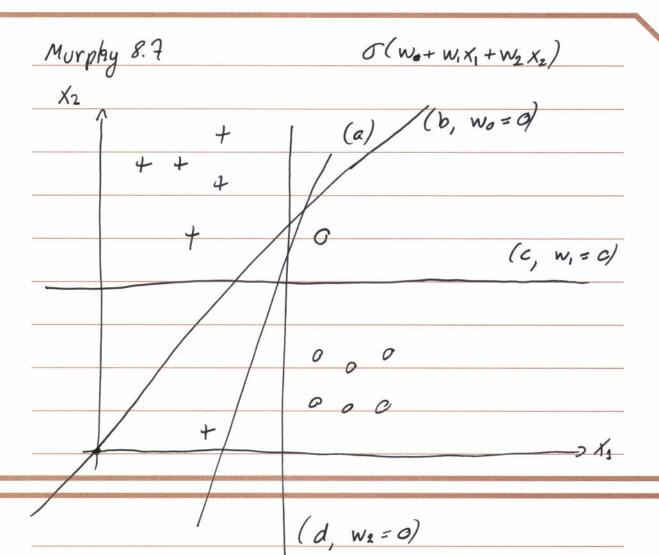
- Comment on HWS
- Midterm review:

suggested exercises: Murphy 7.2, 7.3, 8.6, 8.7, 13.7 AML Ex 2.4, Problems 2.8, 2.17, 2.18, 4.5

Pr 1 coins M=1 because there's a single hypotheses

Murphy 7:2) 
$$\hat{g} = W^{T} \phi(x)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & -2 & -1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = W^{T} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



AML. Ex. 2.4

(a) 
$$dvc \neq d+1$$

$$X_{i} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ X_{i,1} \end{bmatrix} \quad and \quad X_{i} = \begin{bmatrix} X_{i}^{T} \\ X_{i}^{T} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$X_{i}dua$$

$$X_{i}dua$$

$$X_{i}dua$$

Perceptron: h(X) = sign  $\{X, w\}$ We choose X to be nonsingular  $Xw = b \Rightarrow w = X'b$ 

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b) dvc \leq d+1

We can define one vector as:

x_{k} = \sum_{i \neq k} x_{i}

i \neq k

Perceptron: h(x_{k}) = sign(w^{T}x_{k}) = sign(\sum_{i \neq k} \alpha_{i}w^{T}x_{i})

Choose h(x_{i}) = sign(x_{i}) so all terms \alpha_{i}w^{T}x_{i} > 0

Then h(x_{k}) = 1! The dichotomy with h(x_{k}) = -1 is not possible.
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AML 4.5

(i) min h<sub>g</sub> = min E_{in}(h) s.t. w^Tw \leq C

from lecture

www-C \leq B

(iii) h<sub>g</sub> = argmin min \left[E_{in}(h) + \lambda_{c}(w^Tw - C)\right]

het \lambda_{c} \geq C

Let's change t = \lambda \leq C

h<sub>g</sub> = argmin min \left[E_{in}(h) + \lambda(w^Tw - C)\right]

he H \lambda \leq C

We choose \lambda' = -\lambda

h<sub>g</sub> = argmin min \left[E_{in}(h) + \lambda'(C - w^Tw)\right]

he H \lambda' \geq C
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