



REG710xx Buck-Boost Charge Pump with up to 60-mA Output Current

1 Features

- Wide Input Voltage Range: 1.8 V to 5.5 V
- Automatic Step-Up and Step-Down Operation
- Low Input Current Ripple
- Low Output Voltage Ripple
- Minimum Number of External Components—No Inductors
- 1-MHz Internal Oscillator Allows Small Capacitors
- Shutdown Mode
- Thermal and Current Limit Protection
- Six Fixed Output Voltages Available:
 - 2.5 V, 2.7 V, 3 V, 3.3 V, 5 V, 5.5 V

2 Applications

- White LED Driver
- Smart Card Readers
- SIM Cards
- Handheld devices
- Modems
- PCMCIA Cards
- LCD Displays
- Battery Backup Supplies

3 Description

The REG710 family of devices are switched capacitor voltage converters that generate regulated, low-ripple output voltage from an unregulated input voltage. A wide input supply voltage from 1.8 V to 5.5 V makes the REG710 family of devices ideal for a variety of battery sources, such as single-cell Li-Ion, or 2-cell and 3-cell nickel-based or alkaline-based chemistries.

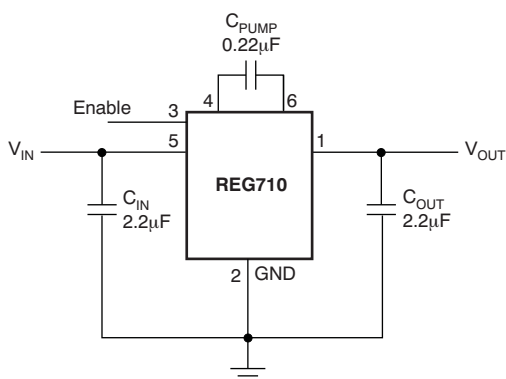
The input voltage may vary above and below the output voltage and the output remains in regulation. The device works as step-up or step-down converters without the need of an inductor, providing low EMI DC-DC conversion. The high switching frequency allows the use of small surface-mount capacitors, saving board space and reducing cost. The REG710 device is thermally protected and current limited, protecting the load and the regulator during fault conditions. Typical ground pin current (quiescent current) is 65 μ A with no load, and less than 1 μ A in shutdown mode.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

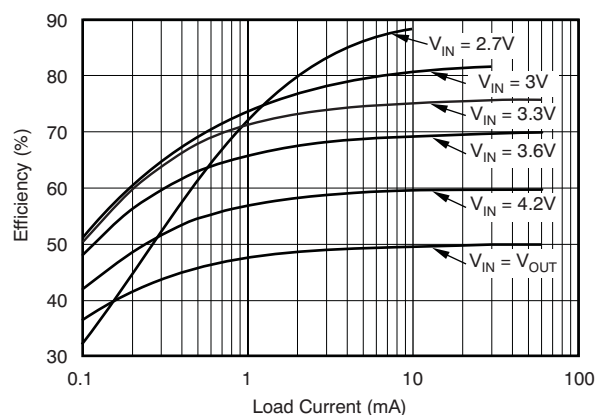
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
REG710	SOT-23 (6)	2.90 mm x 1.60 mm
REG71050	SOT (6)	2.90 mm x 1.60 mm
	SON (6)	2.00 mm x 2.00 mm
REG71055	SOT-23 (6)	2.90 mm x 1.60 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Operating Circuit



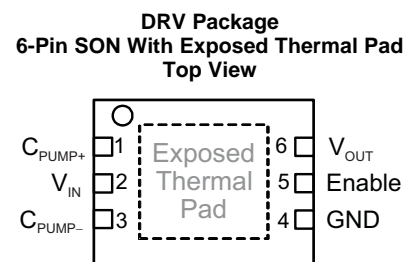
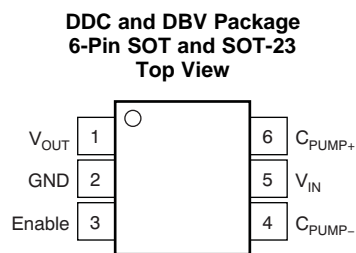
Efficiency vs Load Current



5 Device Comparison Table

ORDER NUMBER	OUTPUT VOLTAGE
REG71055	5.5 V
REG710NA-5	5 V
REG71050	
REG710NA-3.3	3.3 V
REG710NA-3	3 V
REG710NA-2.7	2.7 V
REG710NA-2.5	2.5 V

6 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN			I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	DDC/DBV	DRV		
C _{pump-}	4	3	–	Connect to the flying capacitor
C _{pump+}	6	1	–	Connect to the flying capacitor
Enable	3	5	I	Hardware Enable/Disable pin (high=enable)
GND	2	4	–	Ground
V _{in}	5	2	I	Input supply pin. Connect the input capacitor to this pin.
V _{out}	1	6	O	Output supply. Connect the output capacitor to this pin.

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Supply voltage	−0.3	6	V
Enable	Enable input	−0.3	V _{IN}	
	Output short-circuit duration	Indefinite		
T _A	Operating ambient temperature	−55	125	°C
T _J	Operating ambient temperature	−55	150	
T _{std}	Storage temperature	−55	150	

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7.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	V
	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±500	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
INPUT VOLTAGE					
Tested Startup ⁽¹⁾	REG71055	3		5.5	V
	REG710-5	2.7		5.5	V
	All other models	1.8		5.5	V
T _A	Operating ambient temperature range	–40		85	°C

(1) See conditions under Output Voltage with a resistive load no lower than typical V_{OUT}/I_{OUT} in [Electrical Characteristics](#).

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		REG710			UNIT
		DRV	DDC	DBV	
		6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	119.1	204.6	184.4	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	110.5	50.5	124.6	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	88.7	54.3	30.6	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	7.7	0.8	22.1	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	89	52.8	30.1	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	61.8	n/a	n/a	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

T_A = –40°C to 85°C, typical values are at T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted), V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} / 2 + 0.75 V), I_{OUT} = 10 mA, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 2.2 μF, C_{PUMP} = 0.22 μF, and V_{ENABLE} = 1.3 V, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY					
V _{IN} Input voltage range. Tested Startup.					
REG71055	See conditions under Output Voltage with a resistive load no lower than typical V _{OUT} /I _{OUT} .	3		5.5	V
REG710-5		2.7		5.5	
All other models		1.8		5.5	
I _Q Operating quiescent current	I _{OUT} = 0 mA, T _A = 25°C		65	100	μA
I _{SD} Shutdown current	V _{IN} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V, Enable = 0 V, T _A = 25°C		0.01	1	μA
CONTROL SIGNALS (ENABLE)					
Logic high input voltage	V _{IN} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V	1.3		V _{IN}	V
Logic low input voltage	V _{IN} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V	–0.2		0.4	V
Logic high input current	V _{IN} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V, T _A = 25°C			100	nA
Logic low input current	V _{IN} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V, T _A = 25°C			100	nA
OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY⁽¹⁾			1		MHz

(1) The converter regulates by enabling and disabling periods of switching cycles. The switching frequency is the oscillator frequency during an active period.

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C , typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted), $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} / 2 + 0.75 \text{ V})$, $I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{PUMP} = 0.22 \mu\text{F}$, and $V_{ENABLE} = 1.3 \text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted.

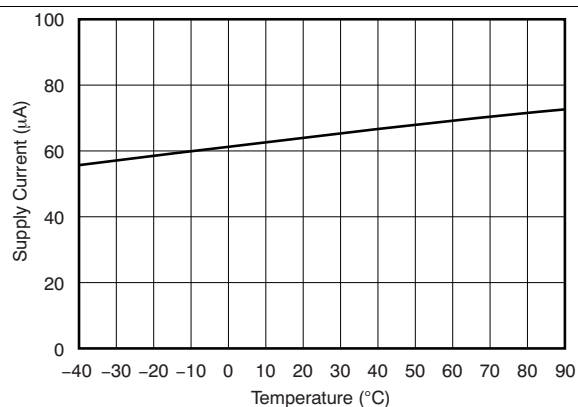
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
OUTPUT					
REG71055	$I_{OUT} \leq 10 \text{ mA}$, $3 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	5.2	5.5	5.8	V
	$I_{OUT} \leq 30 \text{ mA}$, $3.25 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	5.2	5.5	5.8	V
REG710-5, REG71050	$I_{OUT} \leq 10 \text{ mA}$, $2.7 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	5	5.3	V
	$I_{OUT} \leq 30 \text{ mA}$, $3 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.7	5	5.3	V
	$I_{OUT} \leq 60 \text{ mA}$, $3.3 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 4.2 \text{ V}$	4.6	5	5.4	V
REG710-3.3	$I_{OUT} \leq 10 \text{ mA}$, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
	$I_{OUT} \leq 30 \text{ mA}$, $2.2 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
REG710-3	$I_{OUT} \leq 10 \text{ mA}$, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.82	3	3.18	V
	$I_{OUT} \leq 30 \text{ mA}$, $2.2 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.82	3	3.18	V
REG710-2.7	$I_{OUT} \leq 10 \text{ mA}$, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.54	2.7	2.86	V
	$I_{OUT} \leq 30 \text{ mA}$, $2 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.54	2.7	2.86	V
REG710-2.5	$I_{OUT} \leq 10 \text{ mA}$, $1.8 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.35	2.5	2.65	V
	$I_{OUT} \leq 30 \text{ mA}$, $2 \text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.35	2.5	2.65	V
I_{OUT} Nominal output current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	30			mA
I_{SC} Short circuit output current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		100		mA
RIPPLE VOLTAGE ⁽²⁾	$I_{OUT} = 30 \text{ mA}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		35		mV _{PP}
EFFICIENCY ⁽³⁾	$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V}$, REG710-3.3, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		90%		
THERMAL SHUTDOWN					
Shutdown temperature			160		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Shutdown recovery			140		$^{\circ}\text{C}$

(2) Effective series resistance (ESR) of capacitors is $< 0.1 \Omega$.

(3) See efficiency curves for other V_{IN}/V_{OUT} configurations.

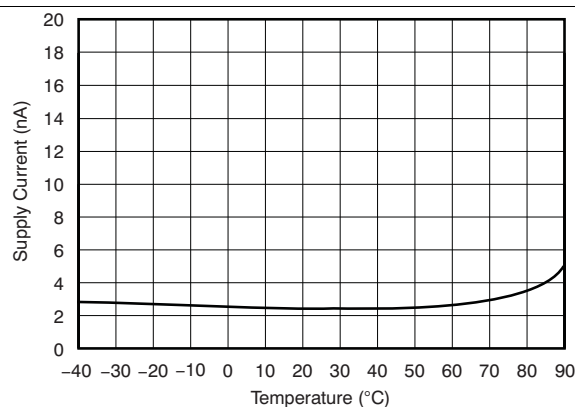
7.6 Typical Characteristics

At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} / 2 + 0.75 \text{ V})$, $I_{OUT} = 5 \text{ mA}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu\text{F}$, $C_{PUMP} = 0.22 \mu\text{F}$, and $V_{ENABLE} = 1.3 \text{ V}$, unless otherwise noted.



No load

Figure 1. Supply Current vs Temperature



Not enabled

Figure 2. Supply Current vs Temperature

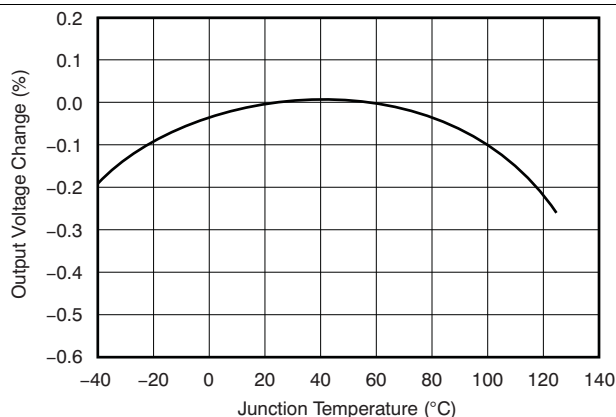


Figure 3. Output Voltage vs Temperature

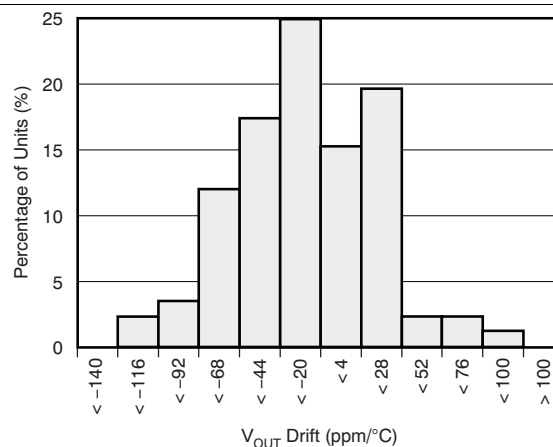


Figure 4. Output Voltage Drift Histogram

9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The REG710 is a switched capacitor voltage converter that produces a regulated, low-ripple output voltage from an unregulated input voltage range from 1.8 V to 5.5 V. The high switching frequency allows the use of small surface-mount capacitors. The following section gives guidance to choose external components to complete the power supply design. Application curves are included for the typical application shown below.

9.2 Typical Applications

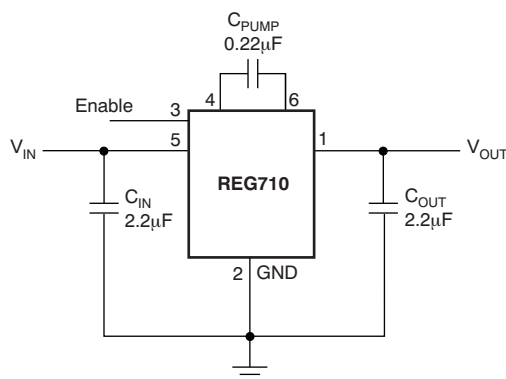


Figure 7. Typical Operating Circuit

9.2.1 Design Requirements

The REG710 family of switched capacitor voltage converters offers a variety of regulated fixed output voltages. This family supports unregulated input voltages which can have values that are lower or higher than the regulated output voltage. Only input and output capacitors as well as a pump capacitor are required to have a fully functional converter. The following design procedure is adequate for the whole V_{IN} , V_{OUT} and load current range of REG710.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

9.2.2.1 Capacitor Selection

For minimum output voltage ripple, the output capacitor C_{OUT} should be a ceramic, surface-mount type. Tantalum capacitors generally have a higher effective series resistance (ESR) and may contribute to higher output voltage ripple. Leaded capacitors also increase ripple due to the higher inductance of the package itself. To achieve best operation with low input voltage and high load current, the input and pump capacitors (C_{IN} and C_{PUMP} , respectively) should also be surface-mount ceramic types. In all cases, X7R or X5R dielectric are recommended. See the typical operating circuit shown in [Figure 7](#) for component values.

With light loads or higher input voltage, a smaller 0.1- μ F pump capacitor (C_{PUMP}) and smaller 1- μ F input and output capacitors (C_{IN} and C_{OUT} , respectively) can be used. To minimize output voltage ripple, increase the output capacitor, C_{OUT} , to 10 μ F or larger.

The capacitors listed in [Table 2](#) can be used with the REG710. This table is only a representative list of compatible parts.

Table 2. Suggested Capacitors

MANUFACTURER	PART NUMBER	VALUE	TOLERANCE	DIELECTRIC MATERIAL	PACKAGE SIZE	RATED WORKING VOLTAGE
Kemet	C1206C255K8RAC	2.2 μ F	$\pm 10\%$	X7R	1206	10 V
	C1206C224K8RAC	0.22 μ F	$\pm 10\%$	X7R	1206	10 V
Panasonic	ECJ-2YBOJ225K	2.2 μ F	$\pm 10\%$	X5R	805	6.3 V
	ECJ-2VBIC224K	0.22 μ F	$\pm 10\%$	X7R	805	16 V
	ECJ-2VBIC104	0.1 μ F	$\pm 10\%$	X7R	805	16 V
Taiyo Yuden	EMK316BJ225KL	2.2 μ F	$\pm 10\%$	X7R	1206	16 V
	TKM316BJ224KF	0.22 μ F	$\pm 10\%$	X7R	1206	25 V

9.2.3 Application Curves

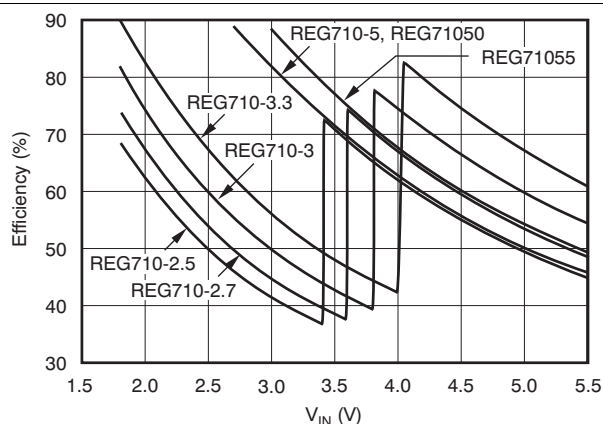
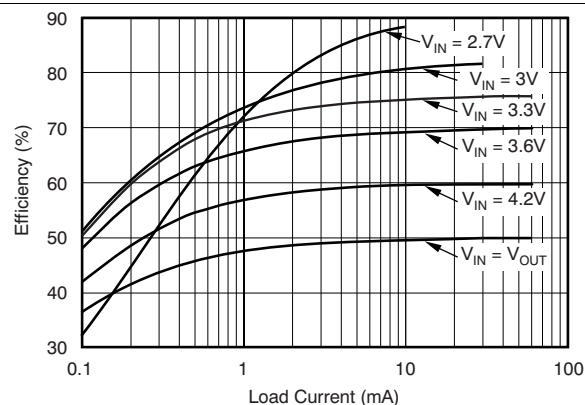
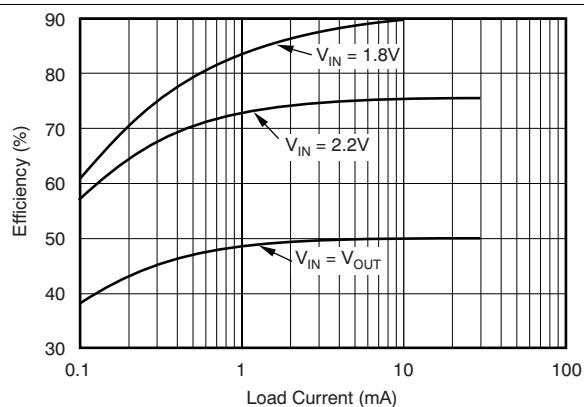


Figure 8. Efficiency vs V_{IN}



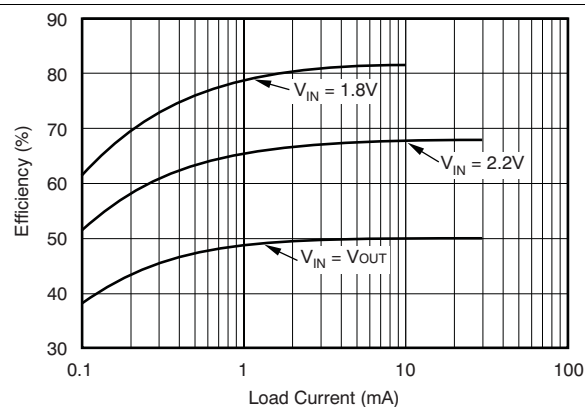
REG710-5V,
REG71050

Figure 9. Efficiency vs Load Current



REG710-3.3V

Figure 10. Efficiency vs Load Current

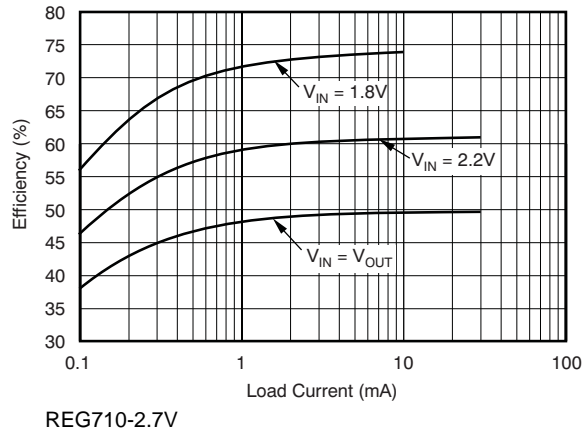
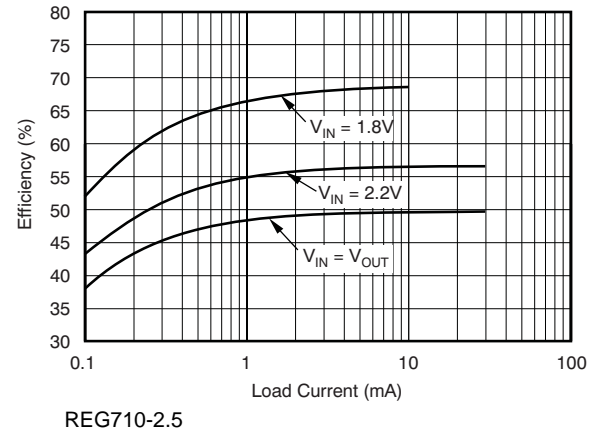
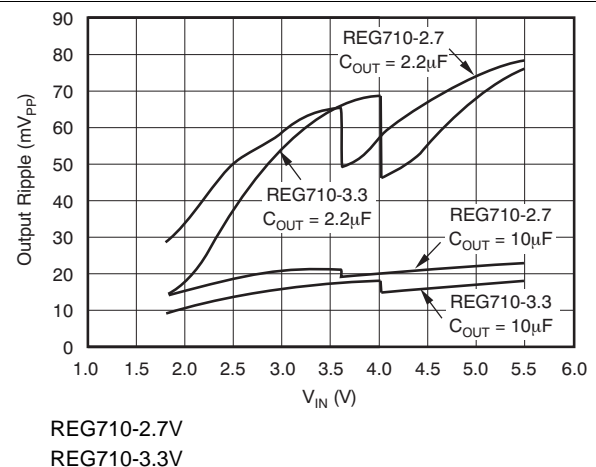
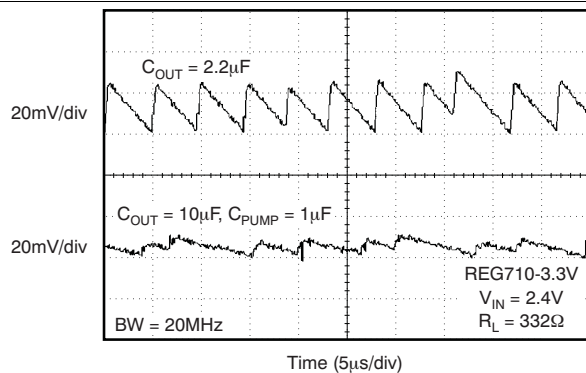
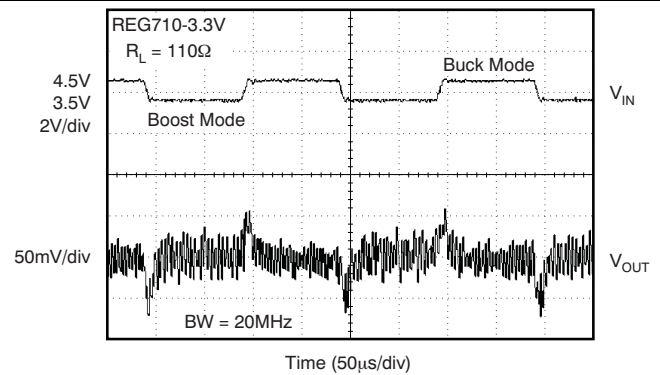
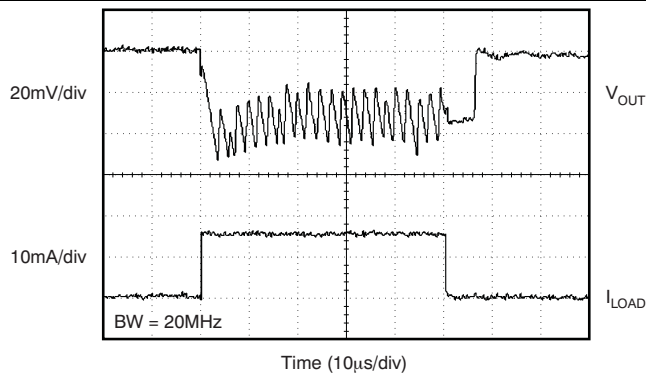


REG710-3.3V

Figure 11. Efficiency vs Load Current

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Figure 12. Efficiency vs Load Current

Figure 13. Efficiency vs Load Current

Figure 17. Output Ripple Voltage vs V_{IN}

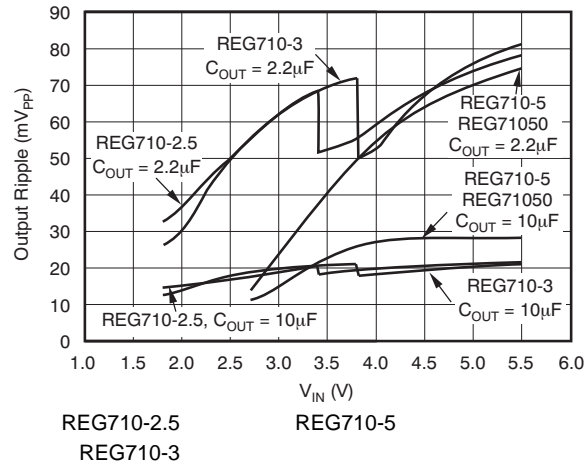


Figure 18. Output Ripple Voltage vs V_{IN}

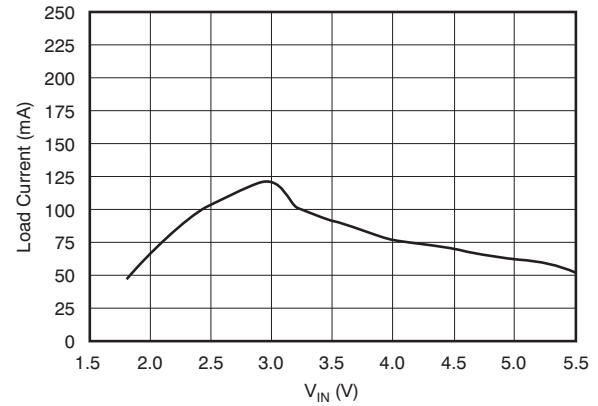


Figure 19. Short-Circuit Load Current vs V_{IN}

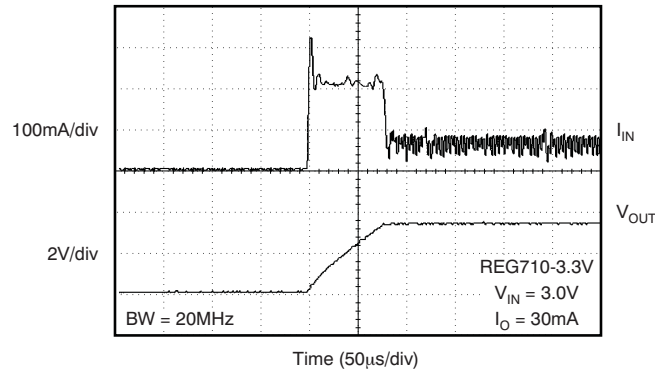


Figure 20. Input Current at Turn-On